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Bwrdd Iechyd Prifysgol  
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Swansea Bay University  
Health Board



<b>Meeting Date</b>	<b>24 November 2020</b>	<b>Agenda Item</b>	<b>4.1</b>
<b>Report Title</b>	<b>Planned Care Update Report</b>		
<b>Report Author</b>	Andrew Jones, Performance Improvement Manager Craigie Wilson, Deputy Chief Operating Officer Darren Griffiths, Acting Finance Director		
<b>Report Sponsor</b>	Chris White Chief Operating Officer		
<b>Presented by</b>	Chris White Chief Operating Officer		
<b>Freedom of Information</b>	Open		
<b>Purpose of the Report</b>	<p>The Health Board is experiencing unprecedented pressures in scheduled care as a result of covid-19. Demand in unscheduled care during the pandemic's first wave had severely limited scheduled care activity across the pathway (outpatients, diagnostics and treatment stages) as services were temporarily halted or resources redirected. Although improving monthly since April with an increase in both face-to-face and virtual working, the subsequent safety restrictions in capacity due to infection control measures continues to restrict overall scheduled care activity, thereby increasing waiting list volumes and wait times along the pathway.</p>		
<b>Key Issues</b>	<p>This report brings together a number of key activities to update the committee on the work underway to improve our scheduled care system. The key issues are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The recovery and redesign of outpatient services in line with essential services guidance and the <i>National Outpatient Strategy</i>.</li> <li>• The development and delivery of surgical services in line with Welsh Government guidelines and the Royal College of Surgeons <i>Clinical Guide to Surgical Prioritisation during the Coronavirus Pandemic</i></li> <li>• The progress in the redesign of key clinical services within scheduled care, in response to these challenges, including referral management, outpatient delivery, surgical services and risk.</li> </ul>		
<b>Specific Action Required</b>	<b>Information</b>	<b>Discussion</b>	<b>Assurance</b>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			<b>Approval</b>
			<input type="checkbox"/>

<b><i>(please choose one only)</i></b>				
<b>Recommendations</b>	<p>The Committee is asked to:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Note</b> the systemic performance changes to our planned care system</li> <li>• <b>Note</b> the actions already taking place across the system - within outpatients and surgery in particular - in line with national guidelines and best practice.</li> <li>• <b>Note</b> the progress, to date, in the redesign of key clinical services within scheduled care.</li> </ul>			

## **PLANNED CARE REPORT**

### **1. INTRODUCTION**

The Health Board is experiencing unprecedented pressures in a scheduled care system that has fundamentally changed during 2020 due to the impact covid-19.

We have seen significant changes in our referral/demand patterns into secondary care, the volume of available capacity across the pathway stages (outpatients, diagnostics, treatment, and follow up), as well as the volume and nature of the activity we are delivering within each of those stages.

Whilst demand (i.e. referrals into secondary care) continue to increase weekly to pre-covid levels, the wider planned care system remains constricted due to the impact of covid-19 and the imposition of infection-control measures. This ongoing mismatch between demand and capacity has inevitably increased both waiting times and waiting list volumes across all stages of planned care.

These unparalleled changes to the planned care system is not unique to Swansea Bay University Health Board and has been widely reported across other NHS Wales Health Boards and within the wider NHS family in the UK.

### **2. BACKGROUND**

#### **Outpatients**

The Health Board has complied with the Essential Services guidance on the recommencement of services, and - as part of its Reset and Recovery Plans - is continuing to transform outpatient services in line with the National Outpatient Strategy.

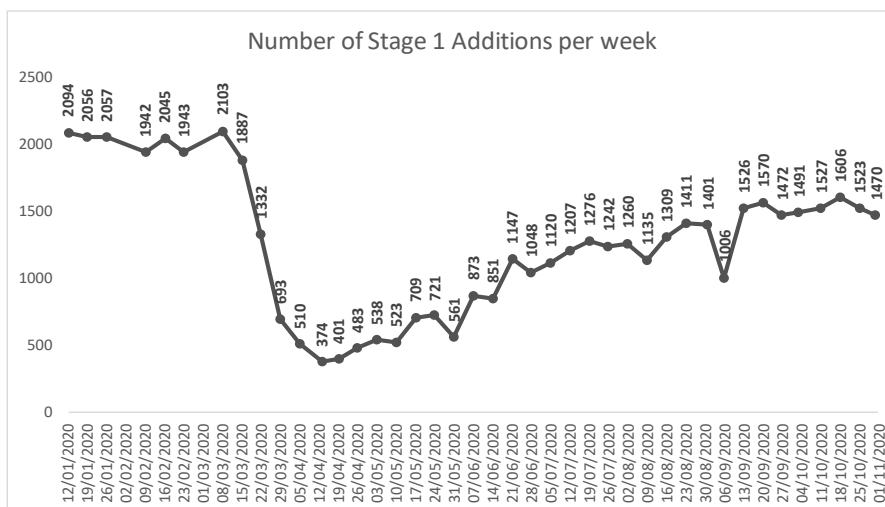
The Health Board re-established its Outpatients Clinical Redesign and Recovery Group in June 2020 with the aim to promote good practice and to develop – at scale – system wide changes such as virtual appointments, See on Symptoms (SOS), Patient Initiated Follow Up (PIFU), self-management and group consultations.

During quarter 2, the delivery unit outpatient leads implemented their plans for phase 2 recovery including the re-start of essential services in line with Welsh Government guidance on face-to-face capacity. A Quality Impact Assessment (QIA) process was set-up corporately to manage the re-start, to control footfall into sites, and to ensure the safety of patients and staff with regards to infection control measures for covid-19.

Capacity to offer patients face-to-face appointments has therefore been significantly reduced, and the level of activity is currently operating and around 60% pre-covid levels. The main contributors to this is the need to reduce footfall to enable social distancing in waiting rooms and communal spaces, and the time required between patients to ensure areas are thoroughly cleaned for infection control purposes.

Since the initial reduction in 'additions to stage 1 (OP) waiting list' in March/April 2020, we have seen a regular weekly increase towards pre-lockdown levels (see below). This increase in additions to outpatient waiting list, at the same time as the

capacity restrictions outlined above, has increased the volume of those patients waiting at outpatient stage.



Graph 1. Number of stage 1 additions to waiting list per week

Table 1 – Top 75% RTT Specialties Stage 1 26 week volumes (September 2020)

Specialty	Stage 1>26wks
Ophthalmology	3,311
ENT	2,861
Orthopaedics	2,726
Dermatology	1,957
Gastro	1,780
Gynaecology	1,649
General Surgery	1,589
OMFS	1,447
<b>Total</b>	<b>17,320</b>
HB Total	23,069
%	75%

In response to the demand and capacity gap resulting from covid-19, and the lengthening waiting times, the Health Board is responding in three thematic ways; Improving demand management; Improving activity and efficiency of existing capacity; Increasing capacity options.

The table below provides an overview of some of the work stream areas being managed at present:

**Table 2 – Health Board Outpatient Improvement Work (Overview)**

Theme	Examples
<p><b>Improving Demand Management</b> (Preventing unnecessary referral and attendance)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Increasing spread and use of DrDr and query line functions</li> <li>- Increase spread and use of Consultant Connect</li> <li>- Performance review of e-referral system</li> </ul>
<p><b>Improving Activity and Efficiency</b> (Optimise current available capacity)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Increase spread and use virtual appointments, including Attend Anywhere system</li> <li>- Improved waiting list management (ongoing clinical and administrative validation, cashing up clinics etc)</li> <li>- Improved pathway management and discharge to alternative pathways (e.g. PIFU and SOS)</li> <li>- DNA monitoring and management</li> </ul>
<p><b>Increasing Capacity</b> (Creating alternative capacity options)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Opportunities for evening and weekend working</li> <li>- Alternative accommodation options (e.g. Swansea university)</li> <li>- Group consultations options (e.g. rheumatology, diabetes)</li> <li>- Options for role-extension</li> </ul>

This work will continue to be managed through the Outpatients Clinical Redesign and Recovery Group with support from the Health Boards transformation team, planned care, and clinical leaders, in line with Welsh Governments National Outpatients Strategy.

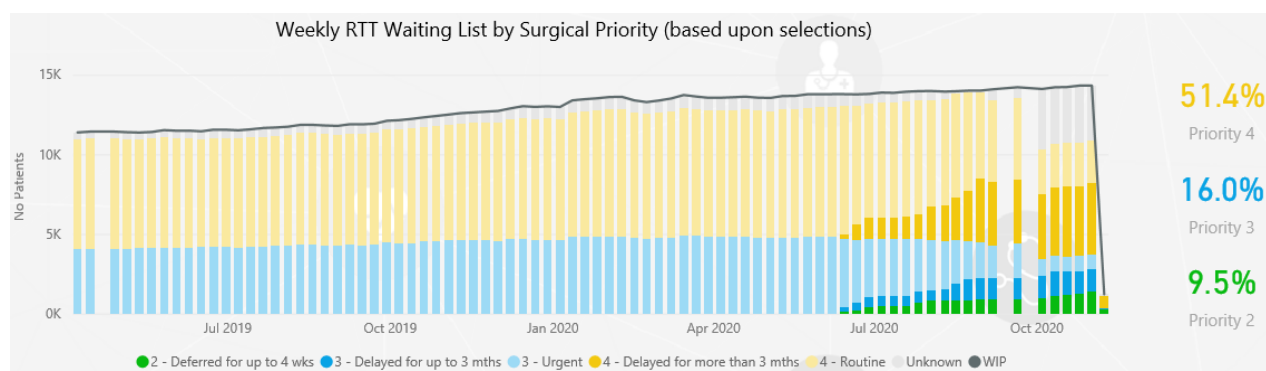
### **Surgical Services**

Due to the capacity restrictions caused by covid-19, the Health Board – as with other Health Boards in Wales – continues to deliver surgical services in line with the Royal College of Surgeons *Clinical Guide to Surgical Prioritisation during the Coronavirus Pandemic* – ensuring the restricted surgical capacity available is clinically prioritised for those identified as most clinically urgent.

These efforts are taken in conjunction with Welsh Governments ‘four harms’ principle around the impact of covid, in order to balance the direct clinical risks to our patients from covid, with the indirect clinical risk covid may have in displacing planned care activity.

Clinical prioritisation of all treatment stage RTT patients, against RCS guidelines, continues on a weekly basis by the specialty teams. New – live - monitoring mechanisms have been introduced to support this rollout using the health boards Power BI resources within Digital Intelligence (see below).

To support the transition to having all treatment stage patients assessed against these detailed guidelines, assumptions on existing RTT priority categories have been used in order to produce a temporary proxy RCS score (where an assessment has yet to occur) in order to assess likely overall waiting list demand for surgical capacity (below). Currently approximately 9.5% of all treatment-stage RTT patients are reported within Category 2 priority.



Graph 2: Treatment Stage RTT patients by Clinical Priority by week

Since the introduction of RCS prioritisation of treatment-stage patients earlier in the year, demand from Priority 2 patients has increased ahead of the available capacity. This demand has accelerated as the clinical review process described above has improved - leading to an increasing trend in those patients waiting for P2 treatment. However, booking numbers (those patients booked for treatment) continues to improve, providing a level of assurance around the reliability of service delivery in this new demand/capacity system.

By mid-September (most recent validated operational data available), of those patients waiting who had received treatment, 70% of patients had been treated within four weeks of being added to the priority list, with 171 patients booked for treatment and 313 yet to be booked, for a total of 484 patients waiting.

Lack of access to both local and regional independent hospital capacity to support category 2 workload has limited the Health Boards available capacity options to Health Board hospital sites only. Improved access to regional capacity options, including other health boards and independent hospital capacity, will need to form part of 2020/21 planning and delivery cycle.

Operationally, the surgical teams continue to manage services in line with the Essential Services Guidance and has included:

- Consolidation of the emergency and elective theatre capacity for categories 1a, 1b and 2 patients.
- Prioritising the full surgical treatment waiting list (above)

- Re-zoning of theatres and recovery areas in line with guidance and emerging evidence, which released supplementary support staff
- Progressing discussions with neighbouring Health Boards around the sharing of capacity with the independent sector (however proved unsuccessful)
- Developing additional capacity solutions through Neath Port Talbot Hospital (from September)

This work continues to be managed through operational structures within the units to ensure flexibility and rapid decision-making in light of the winter-wave of covid-19 and with reference to the ‘four harms’ principle. Work also continues through the established Surgery and Theatres planning groups along several identified work streams to support surgery including:

- Orthopaedics at Neath Port Talbot (development of business case for longer term sustainability)
- Theatre capacity and patient prioritisation
- Pre-assessment
- PACU work stream
- Emergency and Trauma Operating

**Table 2. Top 75% >36 weeks (Sept 20)**

Specialty	>36wks All Stage
Orthopaedics	5,543
Ophthalmology	3,913
ENT	2,766
General Surgery	2,400
Gynaecology	2,053
OMFS	1,654
Gastro	1,215
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,544</b>
HB Total	25,755
%	76%

**Table 3. Top 75% >52 weeks (Sept 20)**

Specialty	>52wks All Stage
Orthopaedics	3,038
Ophthalmology	1,693
General Surgery	1,072
ENT	851
Gynaecology	745
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,399</b>
HB Total	9,835
%	75%

Whilst RTT waits will continue to be calculated and recorded to ensure total waiting times are captured and understood, initial discussions with Welsh Government and the NHS Wales Health Boards around the development of a wider, more clinical risk-based, performance framework within scheduled care (not just treatment-stage patients) have begun. It is hoped these measures, based on our experiences under covid to date, may better support ongoing risk-stratification of scheduled care waiting lists and ensure appropriate prioritisation and access of our most clinically urgent patients.

### 3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

The risks associated with the delivery of RTT targets – and surgical access times more broadly - is identified as a significant risk.

Increasing waiting times for planned care carries an increased risk for patients waiting to access services, whilst increasing waiting list volumes (of those patients) increases that risk at a Health Board population level.

For patients waiting to access treatment-stage services, (i.e. surgery), this risk is mitigated through the widespread application of the Royal College of Surgeons Clinical Guide to Surgical Prioritisation – ensuring our surgical patients are prioritised by clinical need.

For patients earlier in their pathways, where there is less clinical information, such detailed prioritisation is more difficult to complete. However, there are ongoing conversations with Welsh Government to explore this issue further in order to provide a uniform approach across Wales.

#### **4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS**

There are no immediate financial implications of this report, but consideration will be made through the IMTP process for schemes which have delivered benefits during the pandemic. Assessment of the financial implications will be made once these areas are agreed.

Discussion have yet to be had regarding the financial implications of planned care around the traditional RTT 26/36 week performance framework targets.

#### **5. RECOMMENDATION**

The Committee is asked to:-

- **Note** the systemic performance changes to our planned care system
- **Note** the actions already taking place across the system - within outpatients and surgery in particular - in line with national guidelines and best practice.
- **Note** the progress, to date, in the redesign of key clinical services within scheduled care.

<b>Governance and Assurance</b>		
<b>Link to Enabling Objectives</b> <i>(please choose)</i>	<b>Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting and empowering people to live well in resilient communities</b>	
	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Co-Production and Health Literacy	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<b>Deliver better care through excellent health and care services achieving the outcomes that matter most to people</b>	
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Partnerships for Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Excellent Staff	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Digitally Enabled Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Health and Care Standards</b>		
<i>(please choose)</i>	Staying Healthy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Safe Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Effective Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Dignified Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Timely Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Individual Care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Staff and Resources	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Quality, Safety and Patient Experience</b>		
Delivery of improved scheduled care performance will decrease access times for patients, improve patient experience and resource utilisation, as well as promote increased flow through the secondary care system.		
<b>Financial Implications</b>		
<p>There are no immediate financial implications of this report, but consideration will be made through the IMTP process for schemes which have delivered benefits during the pandemic. Assessment of the financial implications will be made once these areas are agreed.</p> <p>Discussion have yet to be had regarding the financial implications of planned care missing the traditional RTT 26/36 week performance framework targets.</p>		
<b>Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)</b>		
There are currently no known legal or equality and diversity impacts. Patients are being treated based on clinical need in line with best-practice guidelines. .		
<b>Staffing Implications</b>		
As with finance, there are no immediate staffing implications (save for the possible impact of covid on staff sickness rates). Longer term development of redesigned services may require staffing development or recruitment programme in order to make services sustainable. Again, consideration would be made through the IMTP process.		
<b>Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)</b>		
The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:		

- **Long Term** – Actions within this report are for 2020/21 but are likely to have longer term impact in terms of improved access and patient experience
- **Prevention** – Some of the service modernisation mentioned within these services will help prevent health deterioration
- **Integration** – Clinical pathways are delivered across primary and secondary care.
- **Collaboration** – Clinical pathway review and redesign within scheduled care, crosses Health Board boundaries and require collaboration across the NHS system.
- **Involvement** – Partner organisations, patients, Corporate and Delivery Units are key in identifying performance issues and identifying opportunities to improve quality, safety and performance which are fit for purpose and meet the needs of our citizens.

<b>Report History</b>	Planned Care report/s received at previous 2020 Committee meeting/s.
<b>Appendices</b>	None.