



Bwrdd Iechyd Prifysgol Bae Abertawe Swansea Bay University Health Board



Meeting Date	26 <sup>th</sup> October 2021	Agenda Item	2.1
Report Title			
Report Author	Meghann Protheroe, Head of Performance		
Report Sponsor	Darren Griffiths, Director of Fin	ance and Performar	nce
Presented by	Darren Griffiths, Director of Fin	ance and Performar	nce
Freedom of	Open		
Information			
Purpose of the	The purpose of this report is to	provide an update	on the current
Report	performance of the Health Boa		
	reporting window (August		
	performance measures as well		sures outlined
	in the NHS Wales Delivery Fra	mework.	
Key Issues	The Integrated Performance provides an overview of how against the National Delivery m safety measures. The traditio identifying actions where per national or local targets as well long terms risks to delivery. Historically Welsh Governmen Delivery Framework on an anno Outcomes Framework for Heal published however, developmendue to the COVID19 pandemic. Framework measures have be 2021-22, the Delivery Framework set of outcomes measures, re- single integrated outcomes fra integrated framework measure and populations are better off the allowing a different balance action The Health Board continues to plan and develop recovery traj of unscheduled care and cancel	the Health Board neasures and key loc nal format for the re- formance is not c as highlighting both s nt publish a revised ual basis. In 2021/22 th and Social Care v ent of the framework. As a result, the 202 ork will be redevelop effecting the current mework. The intenti as is to demonstrate nough the delivery o ross our traditional s o refine the organisa ectories. Trajectorie	is performing cal quality and eport includes ompliant with short term and d NHS Wales 2 a new Single was due to be a was delayed 20/21 Delivery 21/22. During ed to create a t work on the on of the new how patients f services and ervices.
	September 2021 Performance and Finance Committee and these now feature in this report. The performance against the trajectories is subject to test and challenge at weekly escalation meetings and routinely through Management Board.		

Kow issues to highlight this month are as follows:
Key issues to highlight this month are as follows:
<b>2021/22 Delivery Framework</b> <b>COVID19-</b> The number of new cases of COVID19 has seen an increase in September 2021, with 12,839 new cases being reported in-month. The occupancy rate of confirmed COVID patients in general medical and critical care beds remains at a low rate, however figures are slowly increasing.
<b>Unscheduled Care</b> - Demand for emergency department care within Swansea Bay University (SBU) Health Board has steadily increased since January 2021. Attendances have been decreasing since July 2021, however in September 2021, there were 11,157 A&E attendances. The Health Board's performance against the 4-hour measure deteriorated from 75.04% in August 2021 to 73.09% in September 2021 and the number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E continues to increase.
<b>Planned Care</b> - September 2021 saw a slight in-month increase in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment. In September 2021, there was 35,711 patients waiting over 36 weeks which is a 0.8% in-month decrease from August 2021. The waiting list for stage 1 patients continues to increase, and September 2021 saw an increase in the number of referrals received by secondary care. Therapy waiting times have increase in September 2021, however some therapy services have maintained a nil breach position (i.e. Occupational Therapy and Audiology).
<b>Cancer</b> - September 2021 (draft data) has seen a slight deterioration in performance against the Single Cancer Pathway measure of patients receiving definitive treatment within 62 days. The backlog of patients waiting over 63 days decreased in September 2021. September's figures are in the process of being validated at the time of writing this report.
<b>Mental Health</b> - performance against the Mental Health Measures continues to be maintained. All Welsh Government targets were achieved in September 2021. Psychological therapies within 26 weeks continue to be maintained at 100%.
<b>Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)</b> - Access times for crisis performance has improved to 100% in August 2021 following several months of poor performance against the 100% target. Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) access times within 26 weeks continues to be a challenge, with performance decreasing in August 27% in August 2021 against a target of 80%.

Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval
Required	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	
Recommendations	Members are as	ked to:		
		ealth Board pe	erformance against k	key measures
	and targets.	tiona haina tak	on to improve perfer	
			en to improve perfor non recurrent fundir	
			or outpatients in pres	•
	sites			
	<ul> <li>Busine</li> </ul>	ess case for p	ancreatic cancer ca	re developed
	for co	onsideration w	ithin Health Board	governance
	syster			
	0		elsh Government	
			0.056m and £0.682 Noticities to the terminal termi	
			ay to reconfigure the	
	0		reduce admissions	
			e for patients outsid	
		gency Departm		
		<b>U</b> 1	and clinical service	
			7 days of the week	
			eloped for patients t can come back to	
		ext day	I CAIL COME DACK TO	a scheduled
			ual wards as part	of integrated
	frailty system			
	<ul> <li>Both UEC and cancer performance remain</li> </ul>			
	escalation as part of the Health Board's performance		performance	
	escala	ation framework	κ.	

# INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window in delivering key performance measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework and local quality & safety measures.

#### 2. BACKGROUND

In 2021/22, a Single Outcomes Framework for Health and Social Care was due to be published but was delayed due to the COVID19 pandemic. Welsh Government has confirmed that during 2021/22 the Single Outcomes Framework will be developed for adoption in 2022/23 and that the 2020/21 measures will be rolled over into 2021/22.

The NHS Wales Delivery Framework sets out measures under the quadruple aims which the performance of the Health Board is measured. The aims within the NHS Delivery Framework are:

- **Quadruple Aim 1**: People in Wales have improved health and well-being with better prevention and self-management
- Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement
- **Quadruple Aim 3**: The health and social care workforce in Wales is motivated and sustainable
- Quadruple Aim 4: Wales has a higher value health and social care system that has demonstrated rapid improvement and innovation, enabled by data and focused on outcomes

The Health Board's performance reports have traditionally been structured according to the aims within the NHS Delivery Framework however, the focus for NHS Wales reporting has shifted to harm management as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. In order to improve the Health Board's visibility of measuring and managing harm, the structure of this report has been aligned with the four quadrants of harm as set out in the NHS Wales COVID-19 Operating Framework. The harm quadrants are illustrated in the following diagram.

Harm from Covid itself	Harm from overwhelmed NHS and social care system	
Harm from reduction in non-	Harm from wider societal	
Covid activity	actions/lockdown	

**Appendix 1** provides an overview of the Health Board's latest performance against the Delivery Framework measures along with key local quality and safety

measures. A number of local COVID-19 specific measures have been included in this iteration of the performance report.

The traditional format for the report includes identifying actions where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this performance report until operational pressures significantly ease. Despite a reduction in the narrative contained within this report, considerable work has been undertaken to include additional measures that aid in describing how the healthcare systems has changed as a result of the pandemic.

#### 3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

**Appendix 1** of this report provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local measures. Mitigating actions are listed where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery.

#### 4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

#### 5. RECOMMENDATION

Members are asked to:

- **NOTE** the Health Board performance against key measures and targets.
- NOTE the actions being taken to improve performance: -
  - Allocation of £98k non recurrent funding to support additional capacity for outpatients in pressured tumour sites
  - Business case for pancreatic cancer care developed for consideration within Health Board governance systems
  - Agreement with Welsh Government of additional recovery monies, £1.056m and £0.682m for cellular pathology and laboratory medicine additional capacity
  - Urgent work underway to reconfigure the front door of Morriston hospital to reduce admissions and provide swift emergency care for patients outside of the main Emergency Department
  - Extending therapies and clinical services costs to be more consistent over 7 days of the week
  - Hot clinic slots developed for patients who require care/assessment but can come back to a scheduled slot next day
  - Development of virtual wards as part of integrated frailty system
  - Both UEC and cancer performance remain under escalation as part of the Health Board's performance escalation framework

Governance an	nd Assurance			
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively prome	oting and		
Enabling	empowering people to live well in resilient communities			
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing			
please Co-Production and Health Literacy				
choose)	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing			
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services	S		
	achieving the outcomes that matter most to people			
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	$\boxtimes$		
	Partnerships for Care	$\boxtimes$		
	Excellent Staff	$\boxtimes$		
	Digitally Enabled Care	$\boxtimes$		
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	$\boxtimes$		
Health and Car	re Standards	<u> </u>		
(please	Staying Healthy	$\boxtimes$		
choose)	Safe Care	$\boxtimes$		
	Effective Care	$\boxtimes$		
	Dignified Care			
	Timely Care			
	Individual Care			
	Staff and Resources			
Quality Safety	and Patient Experience			
patient experience are central principles underpinning the National Delivery Framework and this report is aligned to the domains within that framework. There are no directly related Equality and Diversity implications as a result of this report.				
<b>Financial Implications</b> At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's				
financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.				
	ons (including equality and diversity assessment)			
A number of in Health Measure	dicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the	ne Mental		
Staffing Implic	ations			
A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to Workforce, such as Sickness and Personal Development Review rates. Specific issues relating to staffing are also addressed individually in this report.				

# Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)

The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:

- Long term Actions within this report are both long and short term in order to balance the immediate service issues with long term objectives.
- **Prevention** the NHS Wales Delivery framework provides a measureable mechanism to evidence how the NHS is positively influencing the health and wellbeing of the citizens of Wales with a particular focus upon maximising people's physical and mental well-being.
- Integration this integrated performance report brings together key performance measures across the seven domains of the NHS Wales Delivery Framework, which identify the priority areas that patients, clinicians and stakeholders wanted the NHS to be measured against. The framework covers a wide spectrum of measures that are aligned with the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- **Collaboration** in order to manage performance, the Corporate Functions within the Health Board liaise with leads from the Service Groups as well as key individuals from partner organisations including the Local Authorities, Welsh Ambulance Services Trust, Public Health Wales and external Health Boards.
- **Involvement** Corporate and Service Group leads are key in identifying performance issues and identifying actions to take forward.

Report History	The last iteration of the Integrated Performance Report was presented to Performance & Finance Committee in August 2021. This is a routine monthly report.	
Appendices	Appendix 1: Integrated Performance Report	



# Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report October 2021



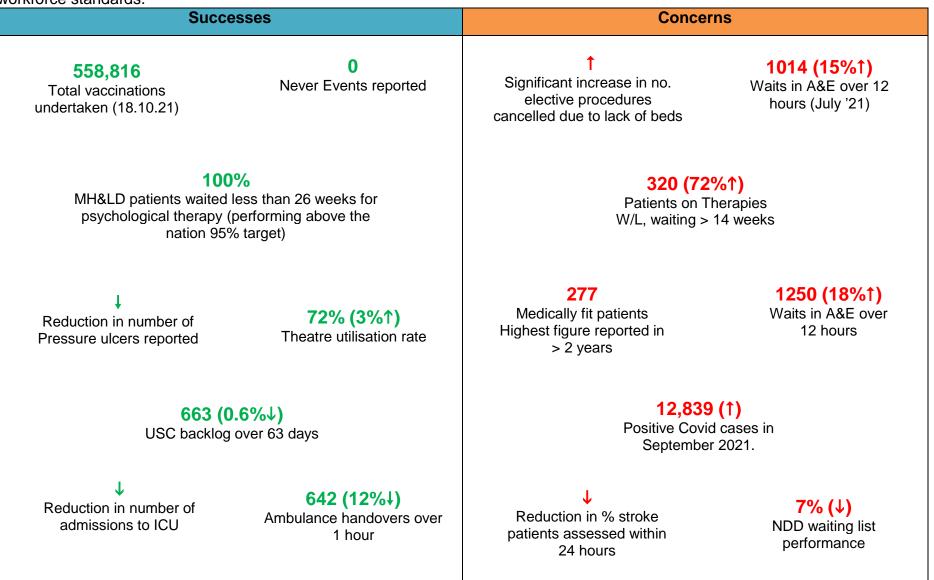
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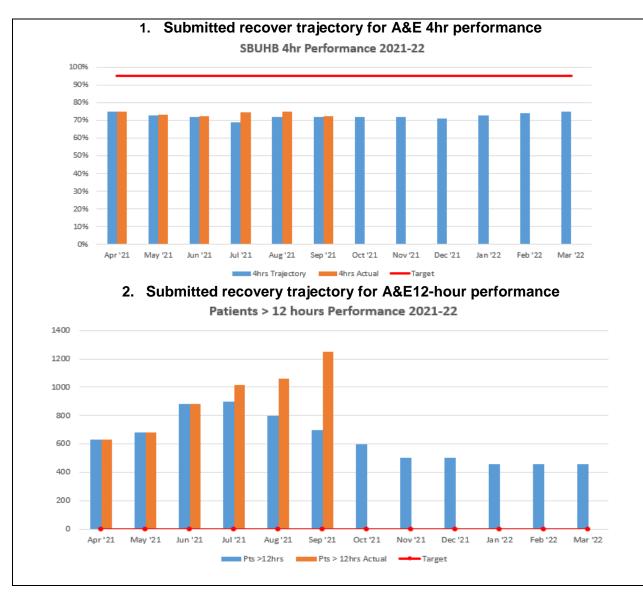
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# 1. OVERVIEW

The following summarises the key successes, along with the priorities, risks and threats to achievement of the quality, access and workforce standards.



### HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM UNSCHEDULED CARE – PERFORMANCE ESCALATION UPDATES



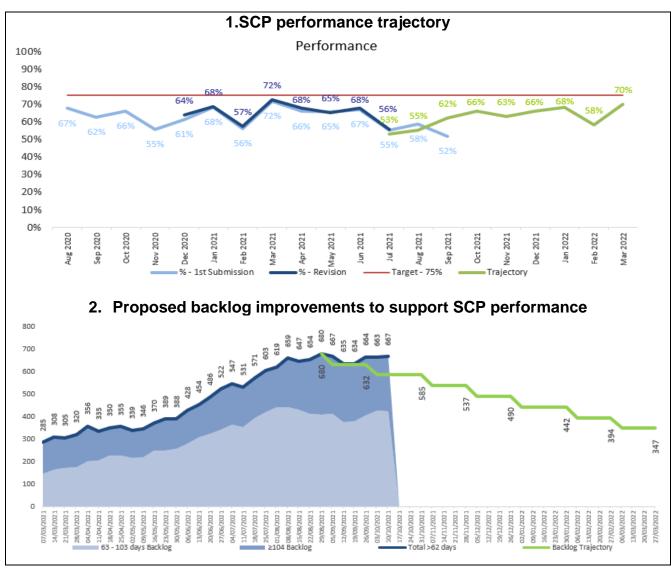
1. As outlined, proposed recovery trajectories have been submitted for unscheduled care in line with the requirements of the health Board Performance escalation framework.

The current A&E four-hour performance for September 2021 is 72.2%, which is above the outlined trajectory.

2. The proposed 12-hour performance trajectory shows a consistent reduction in patients in the coming months, however 12-hour performance continues to decline.

A detailed recovery plan outlining key actions was shared in the September 2021 PFC agenda.

## HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY CANCER SERVICES – PERFORMANCE ESCALATION UPDATES



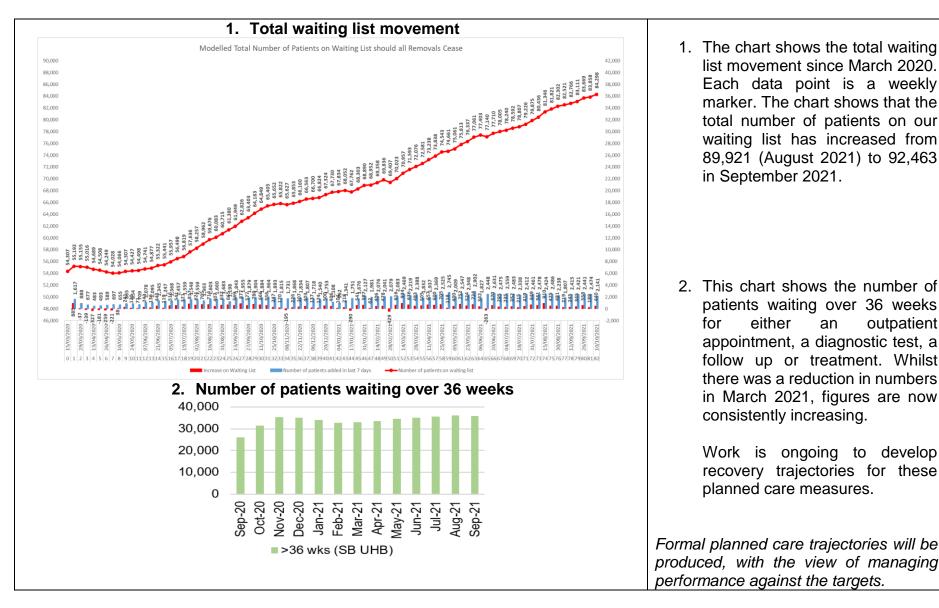
1. The Cancer team has submitted the proposed recovery trajectory for the SCP performance. Graph 1 shows the planned profile to March 2022. A verbal update will be provided on the September performance as this continues to be clinically validated until the end of the following month.

SCP performance in August 2021 reported above the proposed trajectories

2. Shows the weekly breakdown of the backlog reduction against the proposed trajectories. There are a few key service areas who are off target against their trajectories, detailed recovery plans are being explored to recover the position.

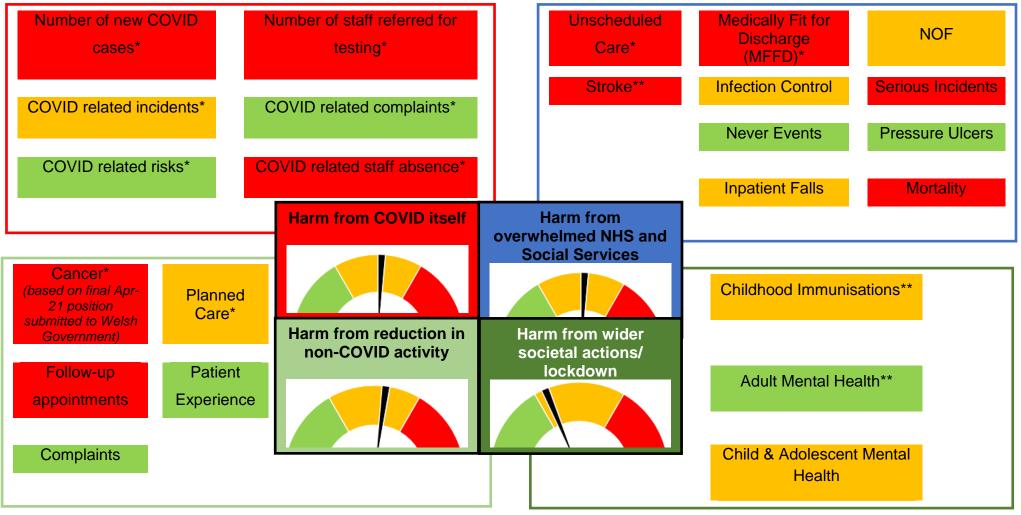
A detailed recovery plan outlining key actions was shared in the September 2021 PFC agenda.

# HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY PLANNED CARE

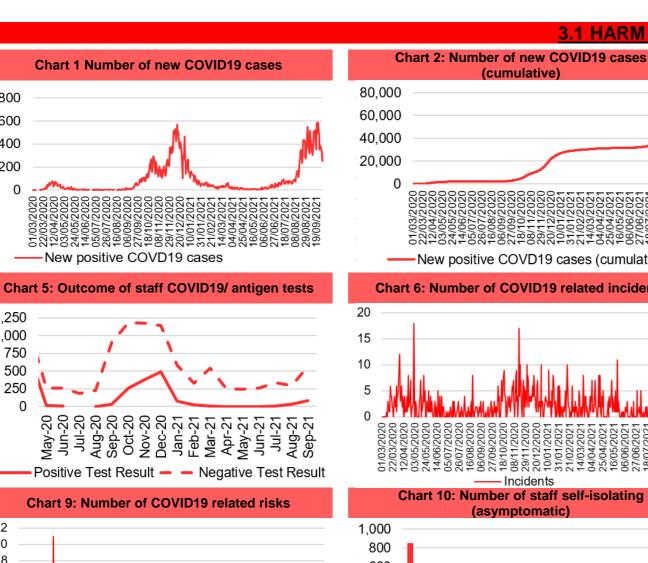


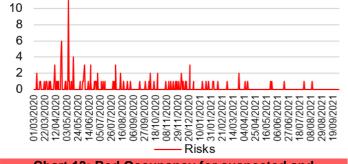
# **1. QUADRANTS OF HARM SUMMARY**

The following is a summary of all the key performance indicators included in this report.



*NB- RAG status is against national or local target* \*\* Data not available \*RAG status based on in-month movement in the absence of local profiles





800

600

400

200

1,250

1,000

750

500

250

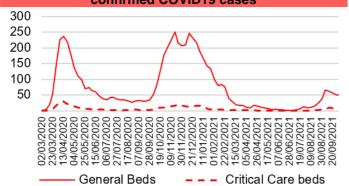
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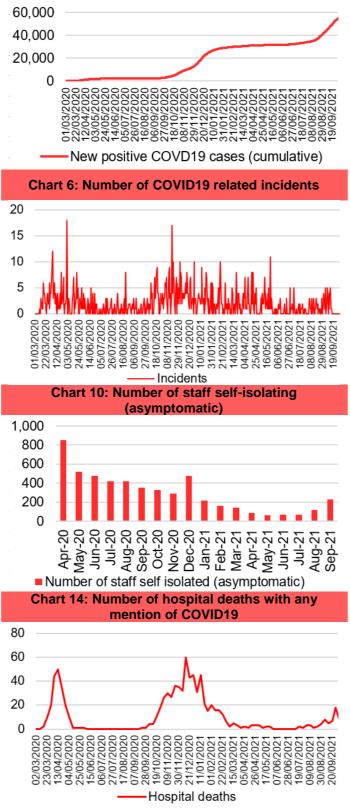
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May

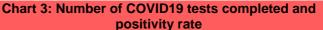
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Chart 13: Bed Occupancy for suspected and confirmed COVID19 cases



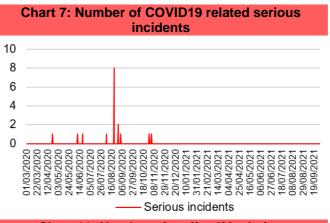


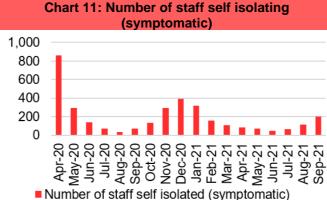
# **3.1 HARM FROM COVID ITSELF**



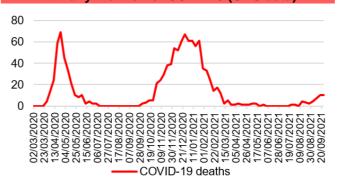


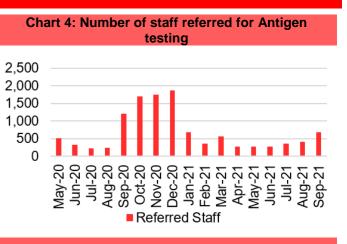
Testing Episodes --- Positivity rate (in-month)

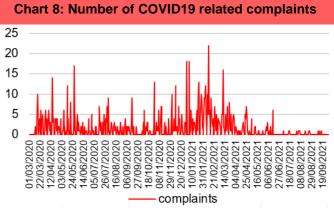


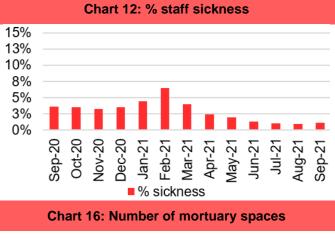


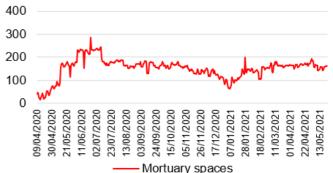
#### Chart 15: Number of weekly registered deaths with any mention of COVID19 (ONS data)











# 3.1 Updates on key measures

	COVID TESTIN	IG
Description	Current Performance	Trend
1. Number of new COVID19 cases in Swansea Bay population area	<b>1. Number of new COVID cases</b> In September 2021, there were an additional 12,839 positive cases recorded bringing the cumulative total to 54,189 in Swansea Bay since March 2020.	1.Number of new COVID19 cases for Swansea Bay population 15,000 10,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 2
2. Number of staff referred for Antigen testing	<b>3. Staff referred for Antigen testing</b> The cumulative number of staff referred for COVID testing between March 2020 and August 2021 is 13,951 of which 16% have been positive (Cumulative total).	<ul> <li>New positive COVD19 cases</li> <li>2.Outcome of staff referred for Antigen testing</li> <li>2,500</li> <li>2,000</li> <li>1,500</li> <li>1,500</li> <li>0,02,1nr</li> <li>0,02,1nr&lt;</li></ul>

**Current Performance** 

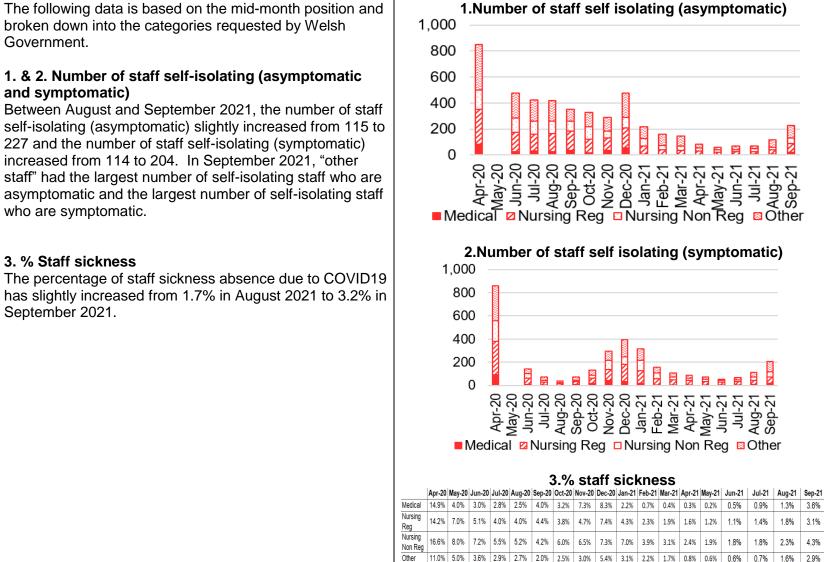
Government.

and symptomatic)

who are symptomatic.

3. % Staff sickness

September 2021.



13.2% 6.0% 4.5% 3.6% 3.5% 3.2% 3.5% 4.4% 6.5% 4.0% 2.4% 1.9% 1.3% 1.0%

Δ

Trend

#### Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report

**Description** 

due to COVID19

Staff absence

1.Number of

(asymptomatic)

2.Number of

(symptomatic)

staff self-

isolating

staff self isolating

3.% staff

sickness

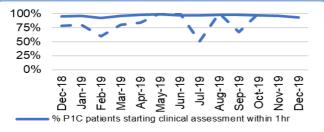
0.9%

0.7%

1.1% 1.7% 3.2%

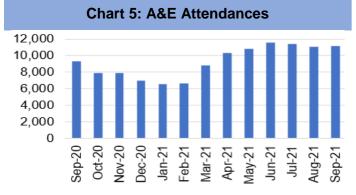
### HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM 4.1 Unscheduled Care- Overview

Chart 1: GP Out of Hours/ 111



% P1F2F patients requiring a PCC based appointment seen within 1hr of clinical assessn

Service continues to experience issues with data reporting. It is anticipated that up to date accurate data will be available shortly.



Total A&E Attendances (SBU HB) Chart 9: Elective procedures cancelled due to

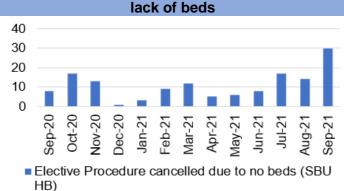
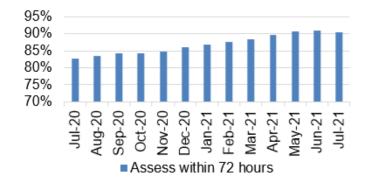
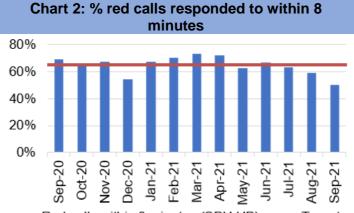


Chart 12: % of patients (> 60 years) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours





Red calls within 8 minutes (SBU HB) — Target

Chart 6: % patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E

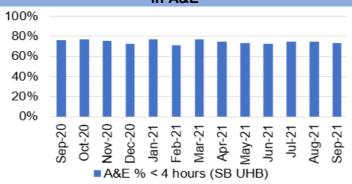


Chart 10: Number of Medically Fit For Discharge (MFFD) patients

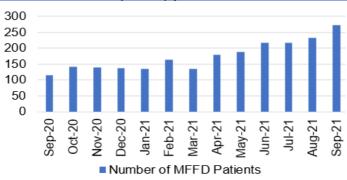
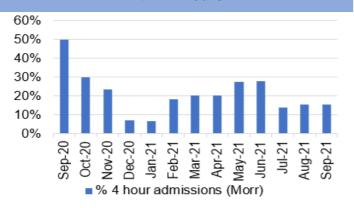


Chart 13: Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit within 4 hours



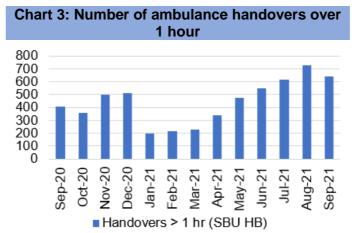


Chart 7: Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E

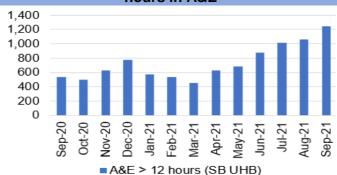
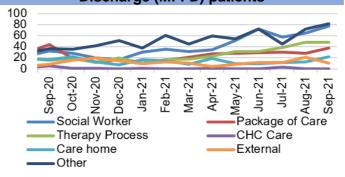
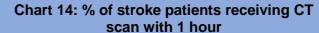
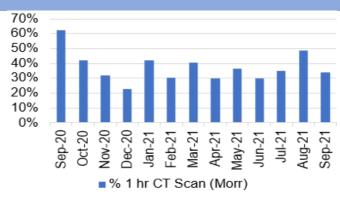
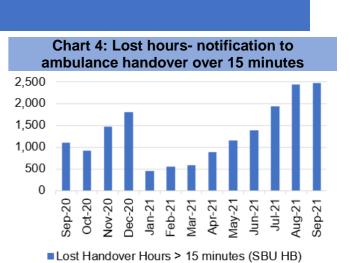


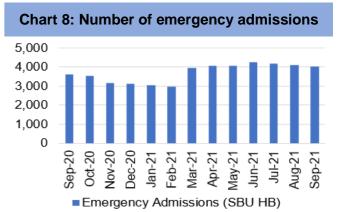
Chart 11: Delay reason for Medically Fit For **Discharge (MFFD) patients** 

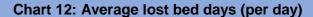


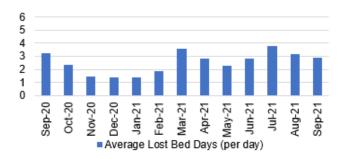


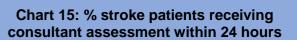


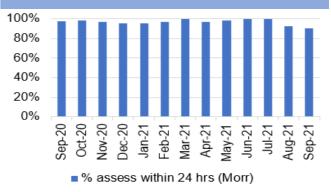












#### **Unscheduled Care Overview (September 2021)**

#### **Primary Care Access**

#### 97% (→)

GP practices open during daily core hours

#### 93% (3%**↓**)

% of Out of Hours (OoH)/111 patients prioritised as P1CH that started their definitive clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being answered (*July-19*)

#### 88% (→) GP practices offering appointments between 5pm-6:30pm

# **100% (33%**†)

% of Out of Hours (OOH)/111 patients prioritised as P1F2F requiring a Primary Care Centre (PCC) based appointment seen within 1 hour following completion of their definitive clinical assessment (Oct-19)

## Ambulance

50.4% (9%)

Red calls responded to

with 8 minutes

642 (12%<sup>↓</sup>)

Ambulance handovers over

1 hour

3,772 (→)

Amber calls

546 (11%1)

Red calls

#### **Emergency Department**

**11,157 (1%†)** A&E attendances

**73.09% (2%↓)** Waits in A&E under 4 hours

#### **1250 (18%†)** Waits in A&E over 12 hours

# **1,893 (1%↓)** Patients admitted from A&E

#### **Emergency Activity**

**4,025 (2%↓)** Emergency Inpatient Admissions

**309 (-14%↓)**(*Jun-21*) Emergency Theatre Cases

**368 (15%1)** (Jun-21) Trauma theatre cases

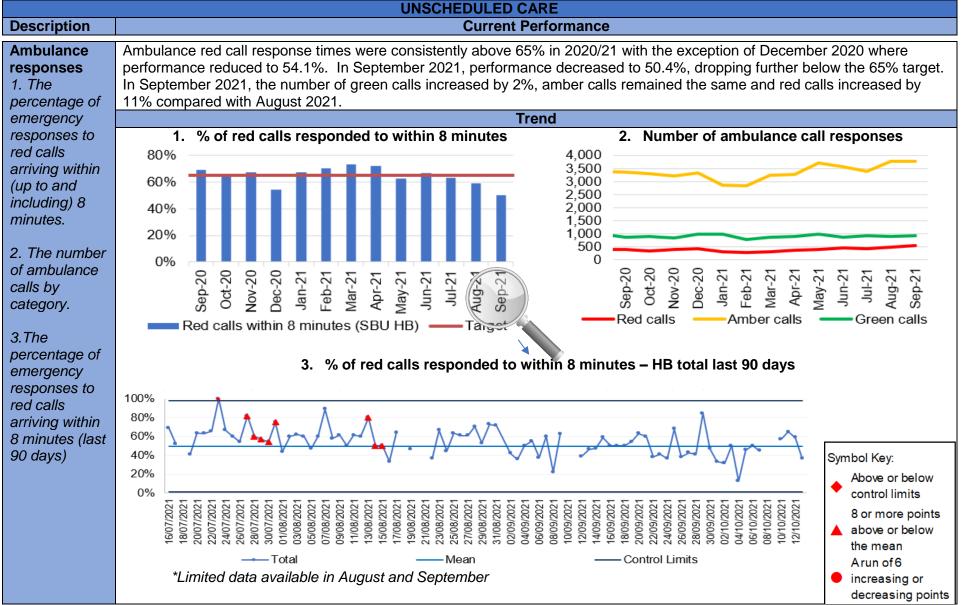
14 (18%↓) Elective procedures cancelled due to no beds **Patient Flow** 

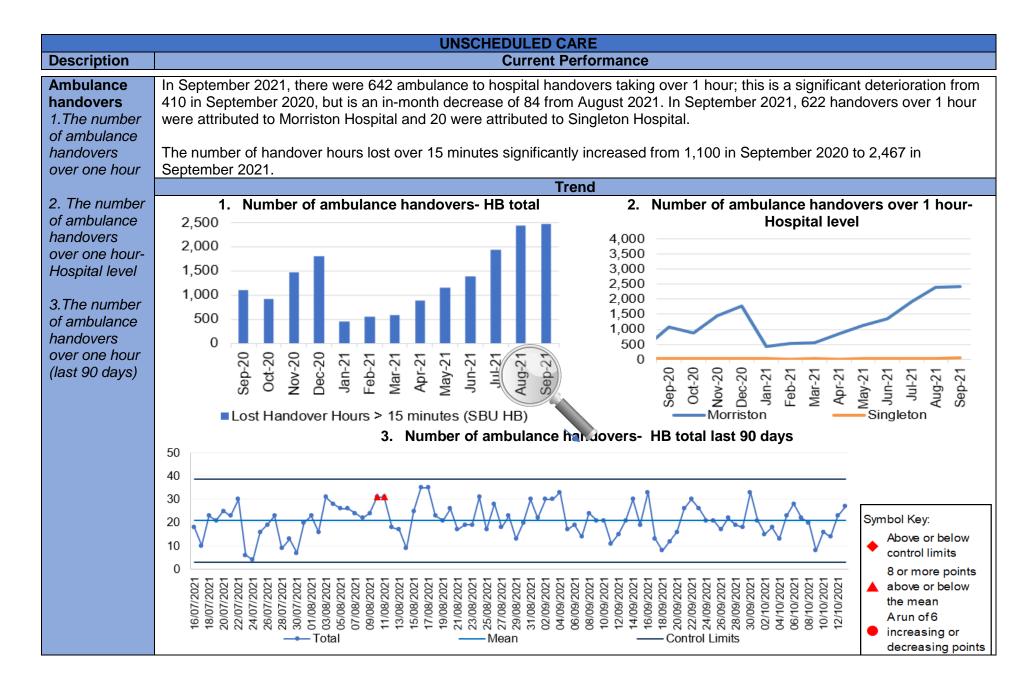
13 (19%↓) (Mar-20) Mental Health DTOCs \* Data collection temporarily suspended 60 (13%↓) (Mar-20) Non-Mental Health DTOCs \* Data collection temporarily suspended

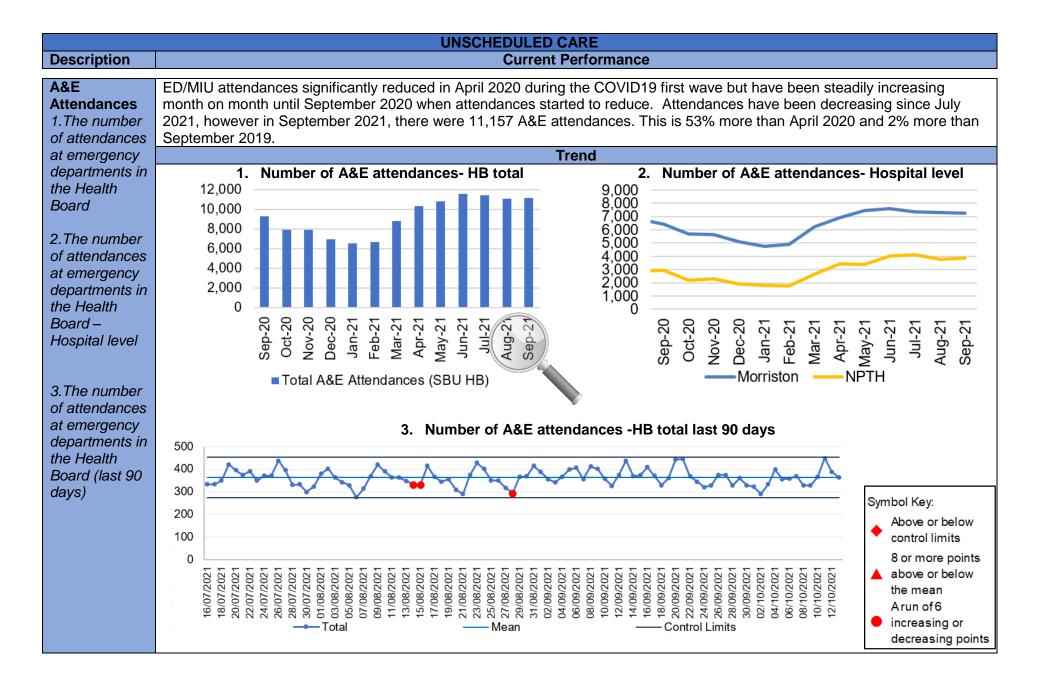
#### **277 (17%†)** Medically fit patients

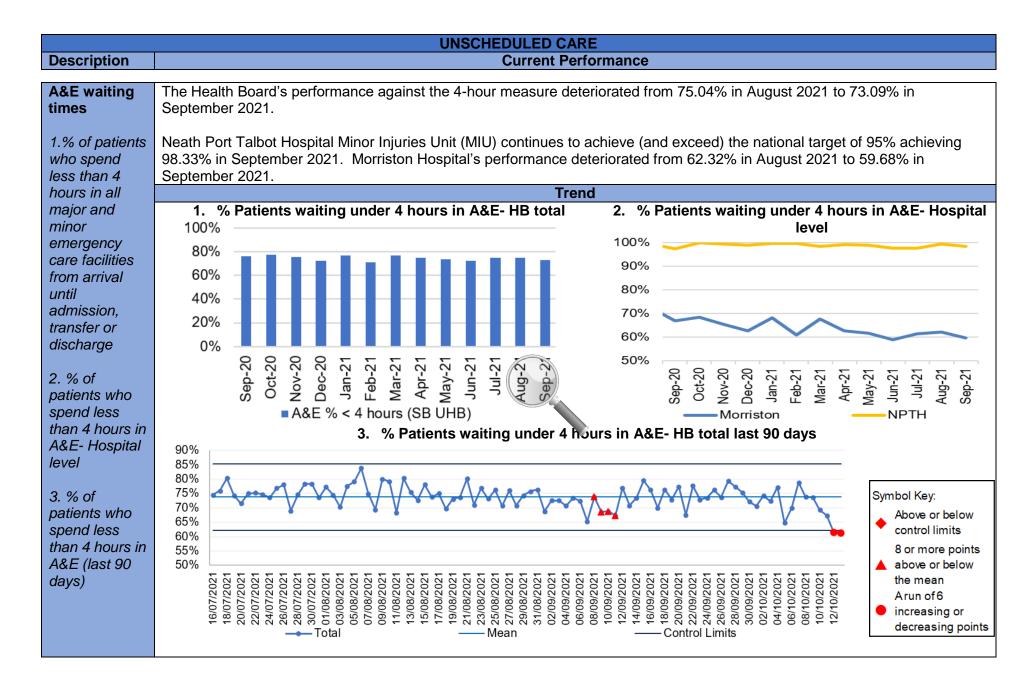
\*RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

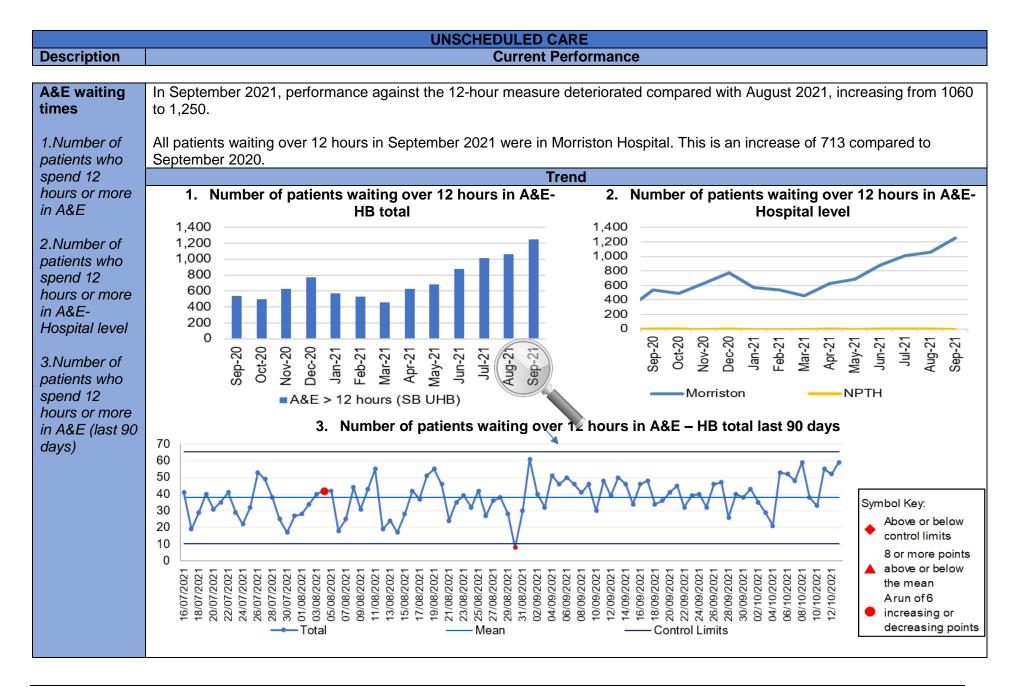
#### 4.2 Updates on key measures

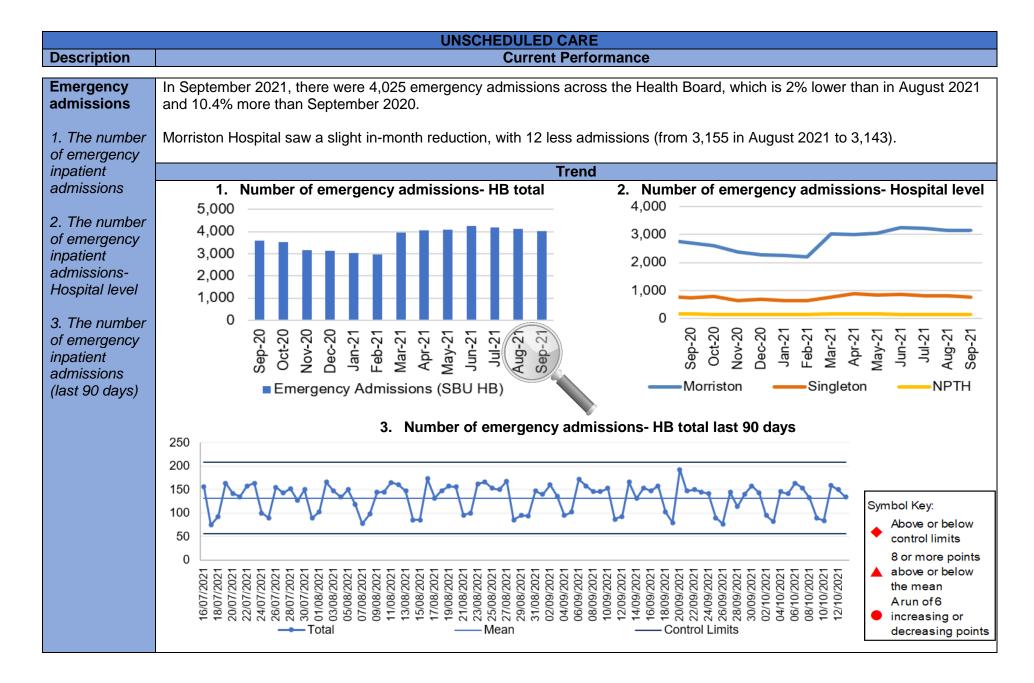


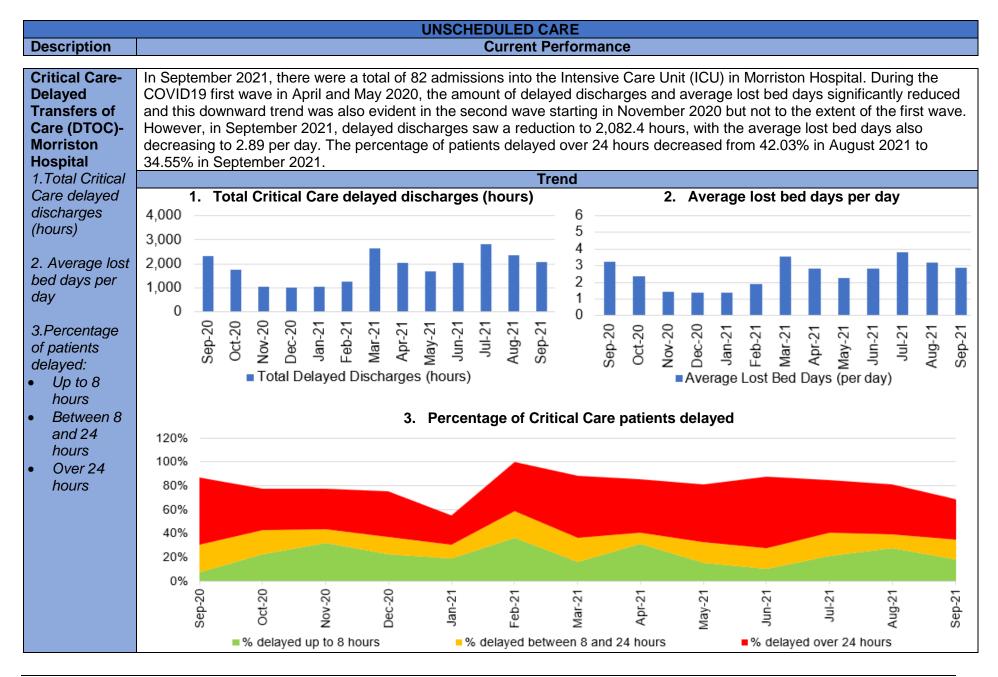












	UNSCHEDULED	CARE
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Medically Fit The number of patients waiting at each site in the Health Board that are deemed discharge/ medically fit	In September 2021, there were on average 272 patients who were deemed medically/discharge fit, but were still occupying a bed in one of the Health Board's Hospitals. The number of medically/ discharge fit patients returned to the average that was seen in quarter 3 for 2021/21 in March 2021, after a significant increase in February 2021. It began increasing again in May 2021, with September 2021 (272) now seeing the highest number of medically/ discharge fit patients in over two years. In September 2021, Morriston Hospital had the largest proportion of medically/ discharge fit patients with 105, followed by Neath Port Talbot Hospital with 84.	The number of discharge/ medically fit patients by site
Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds The number of elective procedure cancelled across the hospital where the main cancellation reasons was lack of beds	In September 2021, there were 30 elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds on the day of surgery. This is 22 more cancellations than in September 2020 and 16 more than August 2021. All of the cancelled procedures were attributed to Morriston Hospital.	Total number of elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 20 15 10 5 20 5 20 15 10 5 20 10 5 20 10 5 20 10 5 20 10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

	FRACTURED NECK OF FEMUR (#NOF)		
Description	Current Performance	Trend	
Fractured Neck of Femur (#NOF) 1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- % patients receiving an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours of presentation	1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- In August 2021, 88.2% of patients in Morriston hospital received an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours. This is 4.6% more than in August 2020.	1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment	
2. Prompt surgery - % patients undergoing surgery the day following presentation with hip fracture	2. Prompt surgery- In August 2021, 59.4% of patients had surgery the day following presentation with a hip fracture. This is an improvement from August 2020 which was 53.3%	80% 60% 60% 40% 60% 40% 60% 50% 40% 60% 50% 40% 60% 50% 40% 60% 50% 60% 50% 40% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 60% 50% 70% 60% 50% 70% 70% 70% 70% 70% 70% 70% 7	
3. NICE compliant surgery - % of operations consistent with the recommendations of NICE CG124	<b>3.</b> NICE compliant surgery- 69.8% of operations were consistent with the NICE recommendations in August 2021. This is 0.5% less than in August 2020. In August 2021, Morriston was below the all-Wales average of 71.9%.	80% 70% 60% 50% 0°, °°, °°, °°, °°, °°, °°, °°, °°, °°,	
4. Prompt mobilisation after surgery - % patients out of bed (standing or hoisted) by the day after operation	<ul> <li>Prompt mobilisation- In August 2021, 74.4% of patients were out of bed the day after surgery. This is 1.2% less than in August 2020.</li> </ul>	4. Prompt mobilisation 90% 80% 70% 60% 90% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 1	

			FRACTURED NECK OF F	EMU	R (#NOF)
D	escription	Οι	urrent Performance		Trend
5.	Not delirious when tested- % patients (<4 on 4AT test) when tested in the week after operation	5.	<b>Not delirious when tested-</b> 77.7% of patients were not delirious in the week after their operation in August 2021. This is an improvement of 11% compared with August 2020.	80' 60' 40' 20'	Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21
6.	Return to original residence- % patients discharged back to original residence, or in that residence at 120 day follow-up	6.	<b>Return to original residence</b> - 68.4% of patients in July 2021 were discharged back to their original residence. This is 8.8% less that in July 2020.	80' 70' 60'	%
7.	30 day mortality rate	,	<b>30 day mortality rate</b> - In January 2021 the morality rate for Morriston Hospital was 7.5% which is 0.5% less than January 2020. The mortality rate in Morriston Hospital in January 2021 is higher than the all-Wales average of 6.9% but lower than the national average of 7.6%. <sup>4</sup> Updated data is currently not available, but is being reviewed.		7. 30 day mortality rate

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	d inf	ECT	ION	S										
Description	Current Performance							Tre	nd						
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI) - E.coli bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases	<ul> <li>21 cases of <i>E. coli</i> bacteraemia were identified in September 2021, of which 9 were hospital acquired and 25 were community acquired.</li> <li>Cumulative cases from August 2021 to September 2021 are 16% lower than the equivalent period in 2020/21. (129 in 2021/22 compared with 150 in 2020/21).</li> </ul>	Nt 40 30 20 10 0	Sep-20	Oct-20	heal	thcal Dec-50 ■ Nu	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	i bac May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21

<ul> <li>Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- S.aureus bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed S.aureus bacteraemias</li> <li>There were 17 cases of Staph. aureus bacteraemia in September 2021, of which 13 were hospital acquired and 3 were community acquired.</li> <li>Cumulative cases from August 2021 to September 2021 are 8.9% lower than the equivalent period in 2020/21 (56 in 2021/22 compared with 61 in 2020/21).</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired S.aureus bacteraemia case 20 15 10 5
(MRSA & MSSA) cases	Sep-20 Sep-20 Jun-21 Jun-21 Aug-21 Sep-20 Jun-21 Jun-21 Aug-21 Sep-20 Jun-21 Jun-21 Aug-21

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	DINFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- C.difficile- Number of Iaboratory confirmed C.difficile cases	<ul> <li>There were 14 <i>Clostridium difficile</i> toxin positive cases in September 2021, of which 9 were hospital acquired and 5 were community acquired.</li> <li>Cumulative cases from August 2021 to September 2021 are 28.4% more than the equivalent period of 2020/21 (74 in 2021/22 compared with 53 in 2020/21).</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired C.difficile cases
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Klebsiella sp- Number of Iaboratory confirmed Klebsiella sp cases	<ul> <li>There were 11 cases of Klebsiella sp in September 2021, of which 8 were hospital acquired and 3 were community acquired.</li> <li>Cumulative cases from August 2021 to September 2021 are 4.7% lower than the equivalent period in 2020/21 (43 in 2021/22 compared with 45 in 2020/21).</li> </ul>	Number of Klebsiella cases (SBU)

HEALTHCARE ACQUIRED INFECTIONS					
Description	Current Performance	Trend			
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Aeruginosa- Number of Iaboratory confirmed Aeruginosa cases	<ul> <li>There were 2 cases of <i>P.Aerginosa</i> bacteraemia reported in September 2021.</li> <li>Cumulative cases from August 2021 to September 2021 are 80% more than the equivalent period in 2020/21.</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired Pseudomonas cases			

	PRESSURE ULC	CERS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Number of pressure ulcers1. Total number of pressure ulcers developed in hospital and in the community2. Rate of pressure ulcers per 100,000 admissions	<ol> <li>In August 2021 there were 87 cases of healthcare acquired pressure ulcers, 34 of which were community acquired and 53 were hospital acquired.</li> <li>There were 10 grade 3+ pressure ulcers in August 2021, of which 8 were community acquired and 2 were hospital acquired.</li> <li>The rate per 100,000 admissions decreased from 853 in August 2021 to 767 in September 2021.</li> </ol>	Total number of hospital and community acquired Pressure Ulcers (PU) and rate per 100,000 admissions
		Pressure Orders (Hospital)

	SERIOUS INCID	ENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Serious Incidents- 1. The number of serious incidents	<ol> <li>The Health Board reported 5 Serious Incidents for the month of September 2021 to Welsh Government. The breakdown of incidents in September 2021 are set out below:         <ul> <li>Morriston – 2</li> <li>Neath port Talbot – 1</li> <li>Singleton - 2</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	1. and 2. Number of serious incidents and never events 30 25 20 20 25 20 20 25 20 20 25 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
2. The number of Never Events	<ol> <li>There were no new Never Event's reported in September 2021.</li> </ol>	S S Z B S L Z Z S S S ■ Number of Serious Incidents ■ Number of never events 3. % of serious incidents closed within 60 days
3. Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the percentage which were assured within the agreed timescales	3. In September 2021, performance against the 80% target of submitting closure forms within 60 working days cannot be reported as there were no of the closure forms due to be submitted to Welsh Government.	100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 30% 20% 10% 0% 00 ct 50 00 20% 10% 0% 0 ct 50 0 20% 10% 0% 0 ct 50 0 20% 10% 0% 0 ct 50 0 20% 10% 0% 0 ct 50 0 20% 10% 0% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0 20% 10% 0% 0% 10% 0% 0% 10% 0% 0% 0% 10% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0

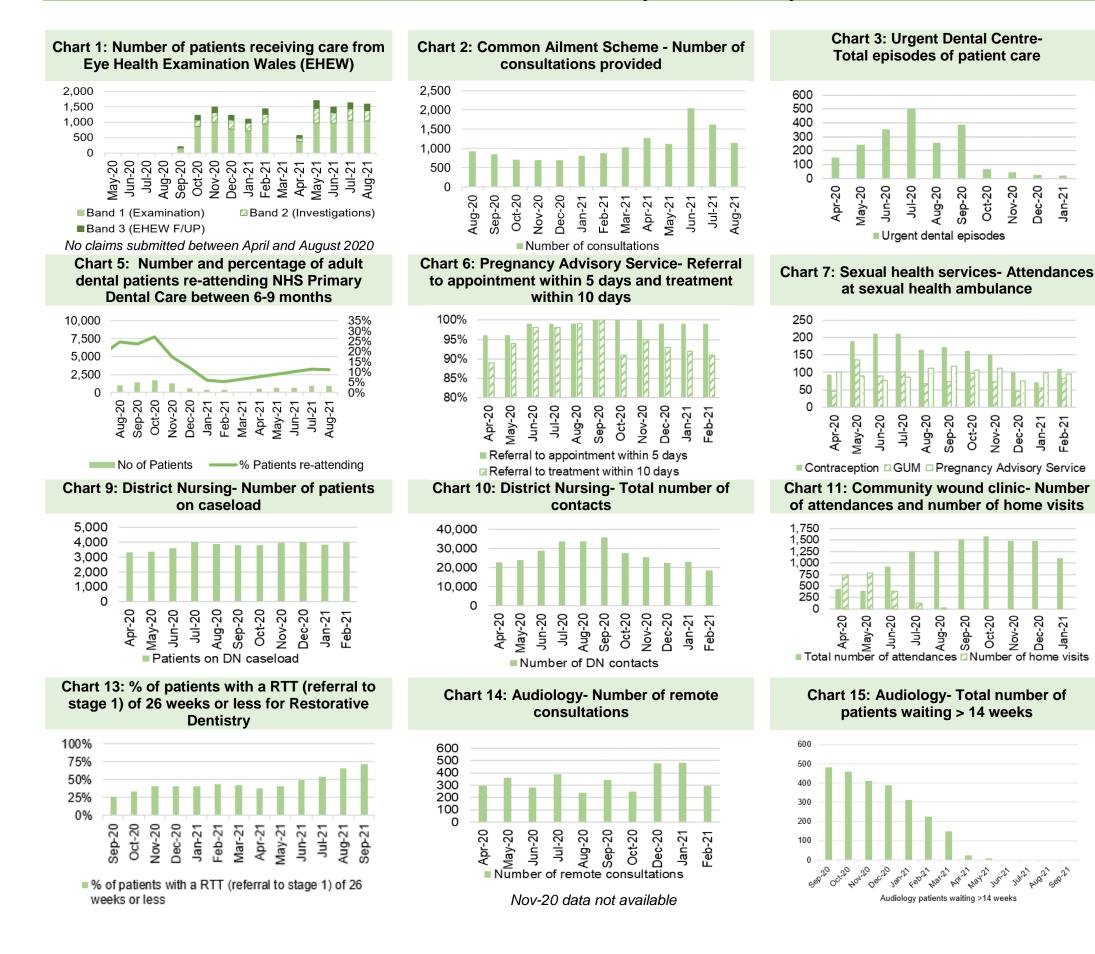
	INPATIENT FALLS					
Description	Current Performance	Trend				
<b>Inpatient Falls</b> The total number of inpatient falls	<ul> <li>The number of Falls reported via Datix web for Swansea Bay UHB was 207 in September 2021. This is 5.8% less than September 2020 where 219 falls were recorded.</li> </ul>	Number of inpatient Falls				

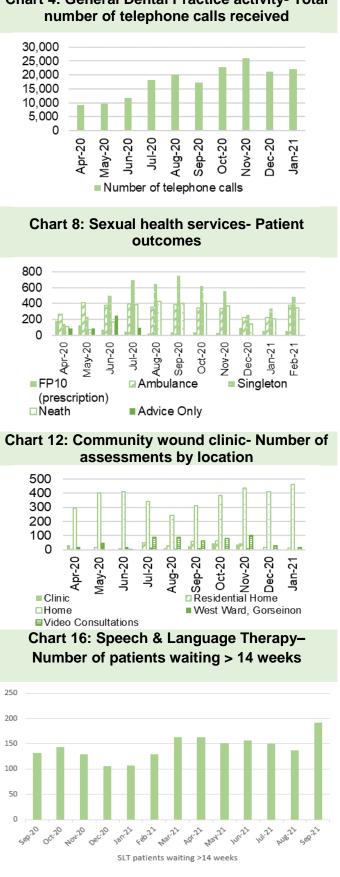
	DISCHARGE SUM	MARIES
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Discharge Summaries Percentage of discharge summaries approved and sent to patients' doctor following discharge	The latest data shows that in September 2021, the percentage of completed discharge summaries was 68%. In September 2021, compliance ranged from 61% in Singleton Hospital to 86% in Mental Health & Learning Disabilities.	% discharge summaries approved and sent % discharge summaries approved and se

	CRUDE MORTA	LITY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crude Mortality Rate	August 2021 reports the crude mortality rate for the Health Board at 1.02% compared with 1.03% in July 2021. A breakdown by Hospital for August 2021: • Morriston – 1.7% • Singleton – 0.53% • NPT – 0.23%	Crude hospital mortality rate by Hospital (74 years of age or less) 2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.0% 0.5% 0.0% 0.5% 0.0% Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital

		W	ORKFOR	CE										
Description	Current Performance							Tr	end					
Staff sickness rates- Percentage of sickness absence rate of staff	<ul> <li>Our in-month performance 7.34% in July 2021 to 7.59</li> <li>The 12-month rolling perfor deteriorated from 6.99% in August 2021.</li> <li>The following table provide reasons by full time equiva July 2021.</li> <li>*August 2021 data not availab publishing*</li> </ul>	9% in August 2 ormance slight a July 2021 to es the top 5 al alent (FTE) da	2021. tly 7.11% in bsence ays lost in	% of 11% 10% 9% 8% 7% 6% 5% 4%		time ec ence (								iess
	Absence Reason	FTE Days Lost	%	3%										
	Anxiety/ stress/ depression/ other psychiatric illnesses	8,861.76	37.1%	2% 1% 0%										
	Other musculoskeletal problems	2,658.4	11.1%		Aug-20	Sep-20 Oct-20	Nov-20	)ec-20	Jan-21 Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	/ay-21	Jun-21	Jul-21 Aug-21
	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	1,930.22	8.1%		_	—% s	sickn	ess r	ate (1	12 mo	onth	rollii		4
	Chest & respiratory problems	1,803.94	7.6%											
	Gastrointestinal problems	1,341.68	5.6%											
		1	I											

## HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY **5.1 Primary and Community Care Overview**





**Chart 4: General Dental Practice activity- Total** 

## Harm from reduction in non-Covid activity **5.2 Planned Care Overview**

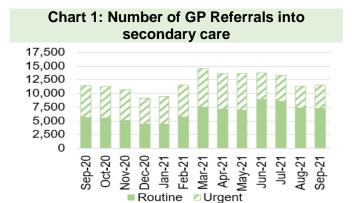


Chart 5: Number of patients waiting for reportable diagnostics over 8 weeks

Routine

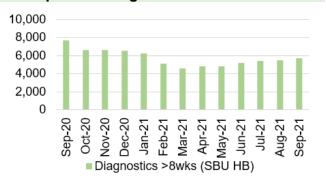


Chart 9: Single Cancer Pathway-% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion

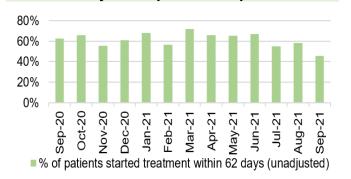


Chart 13: Number of patients without a documented clinical review date

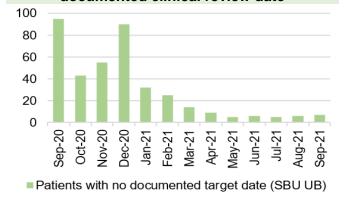


Chart 2: Number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment

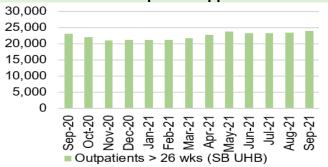


Chart 6: Number of patients waiting for reportable Cardiac diagnostics over 8 weeks

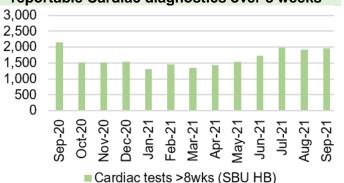
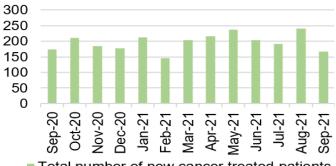
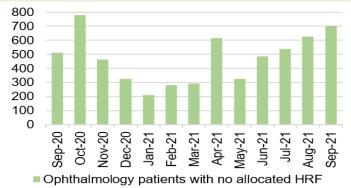


Chart 10: Number of new cancer patients starting definitive treatment



Total number of new cancer treated patients

Chart 14: Ophthalmology patients without an allocated health risk factor



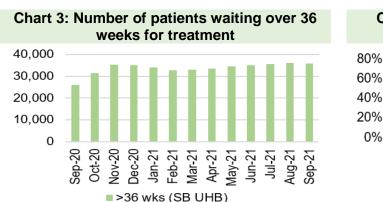


Chart 7: Number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for Therapies

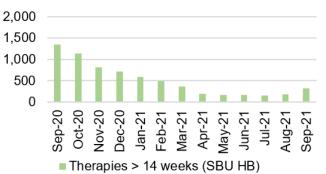


Chart 11: Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days

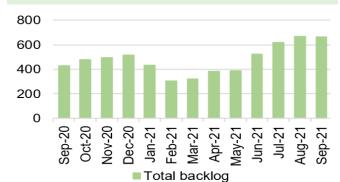
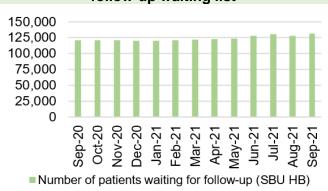
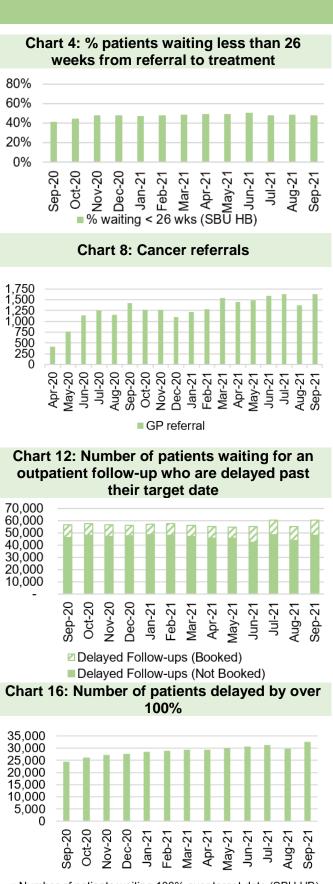


Chart 15: Total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list



1,750 1,500 1,250 1,000 750 500 250

Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report



Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)

## Planned Care- Overview (September 2021)

**11,516 (2%↑)** Total GP referrals

Demand

7,292 (1%↓) Routine GP referrals

**3,963 (7%↑)** Urgent GP referrals

## 23,997 (2%1)

Patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment

## **48.1% (0.5%**↓**)**

Patients waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment

320 (72%↑) Patients waiting over 14 weeks for reportable therapies

## Waiting Times

**35,999 (0.8%↓)** Patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment

### **5,732 (4%↑)** Patients waiting over

8 weeks for all reportable diagnostics

## 130,963 (2.8%↑)

Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment

# **26,659 (3%**↑)

Patients waiting over 52 weeks for treatment

## 1,967 (2.5%↑)

Patients waiting over 8 weeks for Cardiac diagnostics only

## 32,574 (9.4%↑)

Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100%

## Cancer

1,885 (13.3%↑) Number of USC referrals received **663 (0.6%↓)** USC backlog over 63 days

### **52% (10.4%↓)** *draft Sept '21* Patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days

\*RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

## Theatre Efficiencies

**72% (3%↑)** Theatre utilisation rate

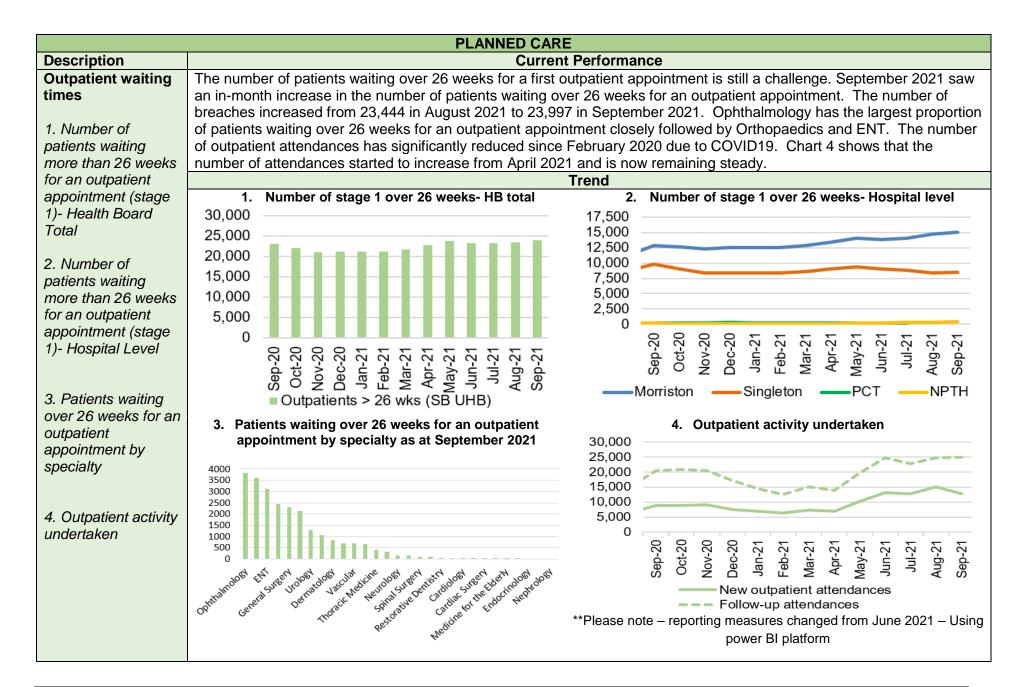
**42% (2%↓)** % of theatres sessions starting late 46% (→) % of theatres sessions finishing early

# 29 (4%↑)

Operations cancelled on the day

## 5.3 Updates on key measures

·	PLANNED CARE					
Description	Current Performance					
Referrals and shape of the waiting list	The number of GP referrals and additions to the outpatient waiting list has increased each month since May 2020, this is reflected in the reduction in the size of the waiting list in April 2020 and subsequent increase every month since May 2020. September 2021 has seen a further decrease in referral figures. Since September 2020 the number of referrals and additions appeared to stabilise but then started to increase again from January 2021. Chart 4 shows the shape of the current waiting list and chart 3 shows the waiting list as at December 2019 as this reflects a typical monthly snapshot					
1. GP Referrals	of the waiting list prior to the COVID19 pandemic.					
The number of	Trend					
Stage 1 additions per week	1. Number of GP referrals received by SBU Health Board       2. Number of stage 1 additions per week         3,000       3,000					
2. Stage 1 additions The number of new patients that have been added to the	10,000 5,000 5,000 2,000 1,500 1,000 500					
outpatient waiting list 3. Size of the waiting list Total number of	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					
<ul> <li>patients on the waiting list by stage as at December 2019</li> <li><b>4. Size of the waiting list</b> Total number of patients on the waiting list by stage as at June 2021</li> </ul>	3. Total size of the waiting list and movement (December 2019) 3,000 2,500 1,500 1,500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500					



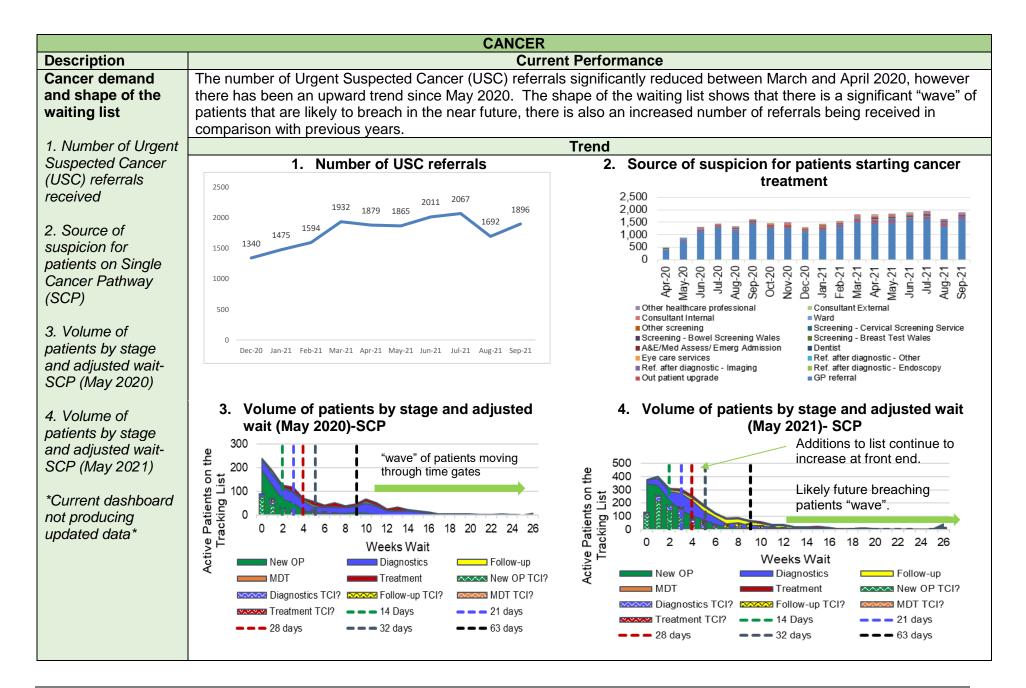
	PLANNED CARE					
Description	Current Performance					
Patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment 1. Number of patients waiting	The number of patients waiting longer than 36 weeks from referral to treatment has increased every month since the first wave of COVID19 in March 2020. December 2020 was the first month in 2020 that saw an in-month reduction and this trend continued into January and February 2021 however, the number of breaches increased again from March 2021. In September 2021, there was 35,711 patients waiting over 36 weeks which is a 0.8% in-month decrease from August 2021. 26,659 of the 35,711 were waiting over 52 weeks in September 2021.					
more than 36 weeks	Trend					
more than 36 weeks for treatment and the number of elective patients admitted for treatment- Health Board Total 2. Number of patients waiting more than 36 weeks for treatment and the number of elective patients admitted for treatment- Hospital level 3. Number of elective admissions	<ul> <li>1. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- HB total</li> <li>40,000</li> <li>30,000</li> <li>20,000</li> <li>10,000</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li></ul>					
	6,000 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 1,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					

	PLANNED CAR	E						
Description	Curren	rent Performance						
<b>Total waiting times</b> <i>Percentage of</i> <i>patients waiting less</i> <i>than 26 weeks from</i> <i>referral to treatment</i>	<ul> <li>Throughout 2019/20 the overall percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment ranged between 80% and 88%. Whereas, throughout the Covid19 pandemic in 2020/21 the percentage ranged between 41% and 72%.</li> <li>In September 2021, 48.1% of patients were waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment, which is an decrease from August 2021.</li> </ul>	Percentage of patient waiting less than 26 weeks						
<b>Ophthalmology</b> <b>waiting times</b> <i>Percentage of</i> <i>ophthalmology R1</i> <i>patients who are</i> <i>waiting within their</i> <i>clinical target date or</i> <i>within 25% in excess</i> <i>of their clinical target</i> <i>date for their care or</i> <i>treatments</i>	In September 2021, 47.9% of Ophthalmology R1 patients were waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% of the target date. There was an upward trend in performance in 2019/20 however, there was a continuous downward trend in performance in 2020/21 and this appears to be continuing into 2021/22.	Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments						

	THEATRE EFFICIE	ENCY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
<ul> <li>Theatre Efficiency</li> <li>1. Theatre Utilisation Rates</li> <li>2. % of theatre sessions starting late</li> <li>3. % of theatre sessions finishing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In September 2021 the Theatre Utilisation rate was 72%. This is an in-month increase of 3% and a 3% decrease compared to September 2020.</li> <li>42% of theatre sessions started late in September 2021. This is an improvement from 49% in September 2020.</li> <li>In September 2021, 46% of theatre sessions finished early. These are the same figures which were seen in</li> </ul>	Trend         1. Theatre Utilisation Rates         100%         80%         60%         40%         20%         0%
<ul> <li>early</li> <li>4. % of theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (&lt;28 days)</li> <li>5. % of operations cancelled on the day</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>August 2021 but is 7% more than in September 2020.</li> <li>6% of theatre sessions were cancelled at short notice in September 2021 (61 sessions). This is a decrease of 6% from August 2021 and is 1% more than in August 2021.</li> <li>Of the operations cancelled in September 2021, 43% of them were cancelled on the day. This is an increase from 40% in August 2021 and an increase of 7% from September 2020.</li> </ul>	20% 0% 0% 02-boo 02-boo 02-boo 12-ter 1
		80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0 Cc-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Mar-21 Aug-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Sep-21 Sep-20

	PLANNED CARI	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Diagnostics waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 8 weeks for specified	In September 2021, there was an increase in the number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for specified diagnostics. It increased from 5,523 in August 2021 to 5,732 in September 2021. The following is a breakdown for the 8-week breaches by diagnostic test for September 2021: • Endoscopy= 2,204 • Cardiac tests= 1,967 • Cystoscopy= 17	Number of patients waiting longer than 8 weeks for diagnostics 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 0 Var. 5, 1 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 0 2,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Therapy waiting times	In September 2021 there were 320 patients waiting over 14 weeks for specified Therapies.	Number of patients waiting longer than 14 weeks for therapies
The number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for specified therapies	<ul> <li>The breakdown for the breaches in September 2021 are:</li> <li>Speech &amp; Language Therapy= 191</li> <li>Podiatry = 111</li> <li>Dietetics = 18</li> </ul>	2,000 1,500 1,000 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0



			CANCER	
Description	Current Performance	ce		Trend
Single Cancer Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless	September 2021 figu October 2021. Draft figures indicate of patients starting tr suspicion of cancer f pathway). The numb September 2021 is c (draft figures).	a possible achieve eatment within 62 o irst being raised (un per of patients treat	ement of 52% days of the nadjusted ed in	Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route) 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40%
of the referral route)	Tumour Site Bread	ches Tumour Site	Breaches	30%
	Urological	19 Upper GI	9	20%
	Head and Neck	7 Gynaecological	7	10%
	Lower GI	14 Haematological		
	Lung	12 Sarcoma	1	Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jul-21 Sep-21 Sep-21
	Breast	10 Brain/CNS	0	Sel Ju Va Sel
	Skin	6		
				MorristonSingletonNPTH
Single Cancer	Beginning of Octobe	r 2021 backlog by t	umour site:	Number of patients with a wait status of more than 53 days
Pathway backlog	Tumour Site	63 - 103 days	≥104 days	800
The number of	Acute Leukaemia	0	0	800
patients with an active	Brain/CNS	0	0	600
wait status of more	Breast	28	13	
than 63 days	Children's cancer	0	0	400 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
-	Gynaecological	38	13	
	Haematological	7	5	200
	Head and neck	26	6	
	Lower Gastrointestina	al <u>196</u> 6	128 8	
	Lung Other	3	8	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	Sarcoma	2	4	Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Jan-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Sep-21
	Skin(c)	11	4	S O Z O C E E E F O C O S
	Upper Gastrointestina		17	■63-103 days
	Urological	66	40	
	Grand Total	422	245	*Backlog breakdown not available prior to July 2020

		CANCER						
Description	Current Performance				Trend	k		
USC First Outpatient Appointments	To date, early October 2021 fig		number of patie nent (by total d					
The number of	attributed to a change in the data recording following			FIRST OPA	03-Oct	10-Oct	% change	
patients at first outpatient appointment stage by days waiting	attributed to a change in the data recording following the introduction of a new category of patients who are first reviewed in a 'diagnostic one stop' outpatient appointment.			Acute Leukaemia Brain/CNS Breast Children's Cancer Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower GI Lung Other Sarcoma Skin Upper GI Urological	0 1 76 0 71 5 79 362 14 35 6 155 85 85 84 973	0 0 111 54 5 74 290 12 37 8 114 72 38 715	0% -100% -86% 0% -24% 0% -6% -20% -14% 6% 33% -26% -15% -55% -27%	
Radiotherapy waiting times The percentage of	Radiotherapy waiting times are the provision of emergency rad 2 days has been maintained a COVID19 outbreak.	diotherapy within 1 and	100% 90% 80% 70%	Radioth	erapy w	aiting ti	mes	
patients receiving radiotherapy treatment	MeasureScheduled (21 Day Target)Scheduled (28 Day Target)Urgent SC (7 Day Target)Urgent SC (14 Day Target)Emergency (within 1 day)Emergency (within 2 days)Elective Delay (21 Day Target)Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	TargetAugust-2180%58%100%89%80%22%100%76%80%100%100%81%80%97%		07-092 07-092 Scheduled (21 Day Targe Urgent SC (7 Day Targe Emergency (within 1 day Elective Delay (21 Day T	et) t) ')	Sch Urg Emé	LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-LZ-L	arget) days)

	FOLLOW-UP APPOIN	ITMENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Follow-up appointments 1. The total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list 2. The number of patients waiting 100% over target for a follow-up appointment	In September 2021, the overall size of the follow-up waiting list increased by 3,572 patients compared with July 2021 (from 127,391 to 130,963). In September 2021, there was a total of 60,340 patients waiting for a follow-up past their target date. This is an in-month increase of 9.7% (from 54,993 in August 2021 to 60,340 in September 2021). Of the 60,340 delayed follow-ups in September 2021, 12,364 had appointment dates and 47,976 were still waiting for an appointment. In addition, 32,574 patients were waiting 100%+ over target date in September 2021. In compared with August 2021.	<ul> <li>1. Total number of patients waiting for a follow-up</li> <li>150,000</li> <li>125,000</li> <li>100,000</li> <li>75,000</li> <li>25,000</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li></ul>

Description       Current Performance         Patient experience       • Health Board Friends & Family patient satisfaction level in September 2021 was 92% and 2,025	Trend
•	
<ol> <li>Number of friends and family surveys completed</li> <li>Singleton/ Neath Port Talbot Hospitals Service Group completed 1,452 surveys in September 2021, with a recommended score of 90%.</li> <li>Morriston Hospital completed 995 surveys in September 2021, with a recommended score of 93%.</li> <li>Primary &amp; Community Care completed 213 surveys for September 2021, with a recommended score of 90%.</li> <li>The Mental Health Service Group completed 18 surveys for September 2021, with a recommended score of 94%.</li> </ol>	1. Number of friends and family surveys completed 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 0,02,02 0

		COMPLAINT	5
Description	Current Performance		Trend
Patient concerns 1. Number of formal complaints received	1. In July 2021, the Health E complaints; this is lower tha 2021 (159).		1. Number of formal complaints received         80         60
	Since the COVID19 outbreat the monthly number of comp significantly low. The numb increased each month and of the pre-COVID levels.	plaints received has been ers have gradually	40 20 0 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jul-21
	*Updated August 2021 figures were not available when publishing this report*		MH & LD Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital PCCS Singleton Hospital
2. Percentage of concerns that have received a final reply or an interim reply up to and including 30 working days from the date the	2. The overall Health Board concerns within 30 working 2021, against the Welsh Go and Health Board target of 8 Below is a breakdown of pe day response target:	days was 69% in July vernment target of 75% 30%.	2. Response rate for concerns within 30 days 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40%
concern was first		30 day response rate	30%
received by the organisation	Neath Port Talbot Hospital	100%	20%
	Morriston Hospital	76%	0%
	Mental Health & Learning Disabilities	58%	
	Primary, Community and Therapies	54%	Jul-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jun-21
	Singleton Hospital	54%	Health Board Total HB Profile

## HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

#### 6.1 Vaccinations and Immunisations

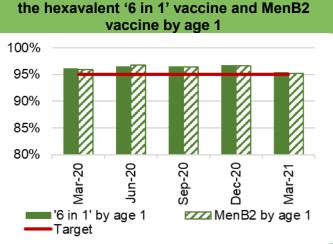


Chart 1: % children who received 3 doses of

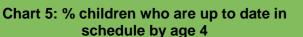
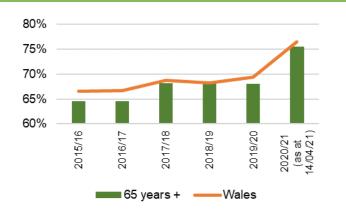




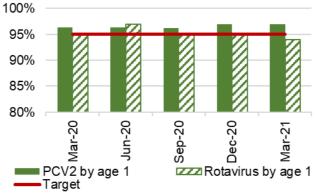


Chart 9: Influenza uptake for amongst 65 year olds and over



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board

Chart 2: % children who received PCV2 vaccine and Rotavirus vaccine by age 1



#### Chart 6: % children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine and 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5

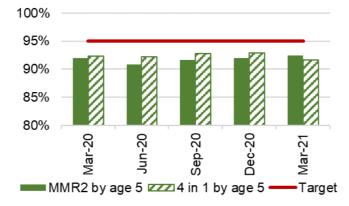
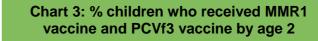
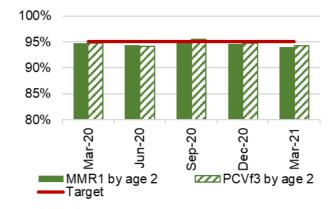


Chart 10: Influenza uptake for amongst under 65s in risk groups

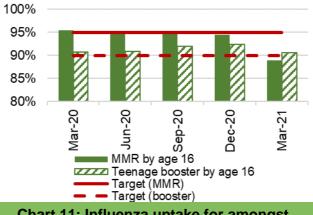


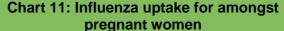
Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board

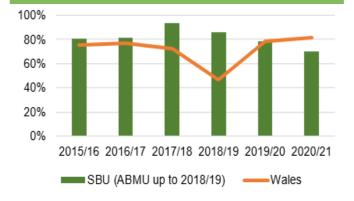




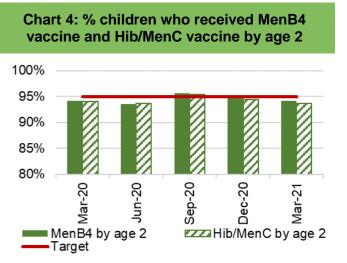
#### Chart 7: % children who received MMR vaccine and teenage booster by age 16

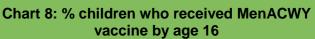






Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2020/21 data not available





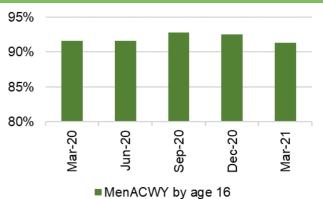
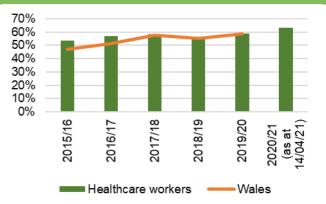
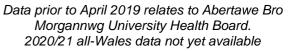
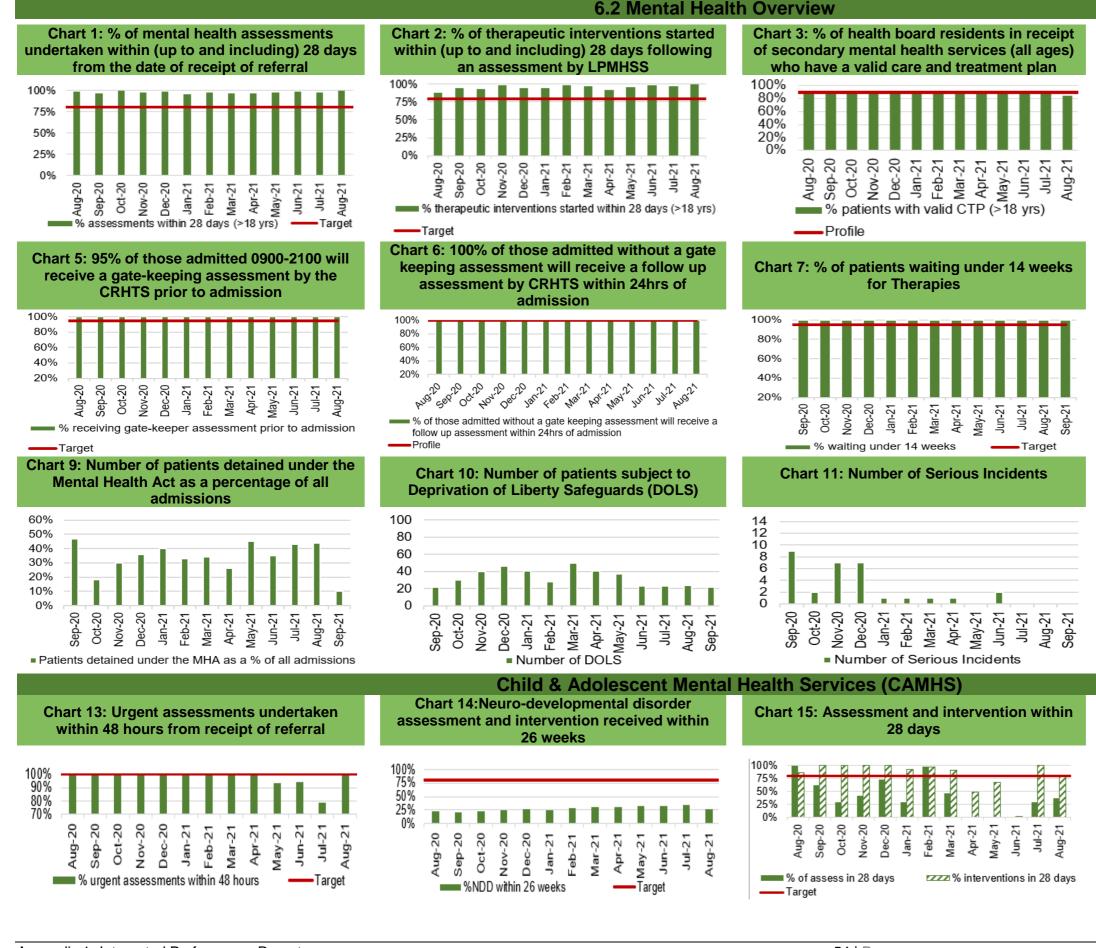


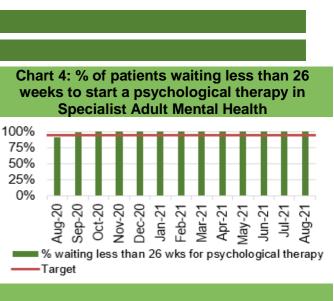
Chart 12: Influenza uptake for amongst healthcare workers

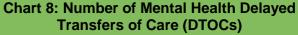


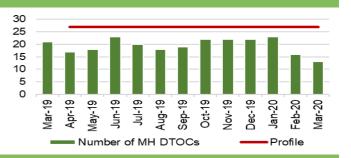


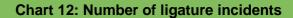
# HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

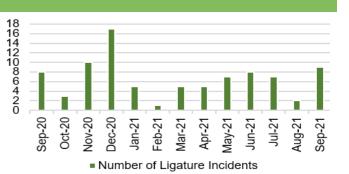


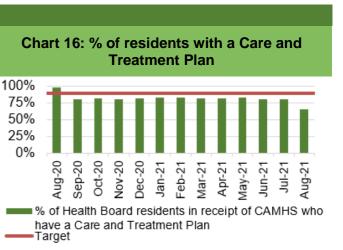












# 6.3 Updates on key measures

	ADULT MENTAL H	EALTH
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Adult Mental Health Measures: 1. % of MH	1. In August 2021, 100% of assessments were	1. % Mental Health assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral
assessments undertaken within 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (18 years and over)	undertaken within 28 days of referral for patients 18 years and over.	75% 50% 25% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 00 0 7 0% 0 0 7 0% 0 0 0 0
2. % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (18 years and over)	2. In August 2021, the percentage of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by the Local Primary Mental Health Support Service (LPMHSS) was 100%.	2. % Mental Health therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following LPMHSS assessment 100% 75% 0% 02-00 25% 0% 0% 02-00 0% 000-07-00 0% 000-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-
<ul> <li>3. % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services who have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP) (18 years and over)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>84% of residents in receipt of secondary care mental health services had a valid Care and Treatment Plan in August 2021.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>% therapeutic interventions started within 28 days (&gt;18 yrs) — Target</li> <li>% residents with a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)</li> <li>% residents with a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)</li> <li>% 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</li></ul>
4. % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	4. In August 2021, 100% of patients waited less than 26 weeks for psychological therapy. This was above the national target of 95%.	4. % waiting less than 26 weeks for Psychology Therapy

Description	CHILD & ADOLESCENT MENTA	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
1. Crisis - % Urgent Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 48 Hours from receipt of referral	<ol> <li>In August 2021, 100% of CAMHS patients received an assessment within 48 hours.</li> </ol>	Aug-20 Sep-20 Jan-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Apr-21 Apr-20 May-21 Aug-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Aug-20 Sep-20 Se
2. Primary CAMHS (P- CAMHS) - % Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from	<ol> <li>37% of routine assessments were undertaken within 28 days from referral in August 2021 against a target of 80%.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>% urgent assessments within 48 hours — Target</li> <li>2. and 3. P-CAMHS % assessments and therapeutic interventions within 28 days</li> <li>100% 75%</li> </ul>
receipt of referral 3. Primary CAMHS (P- CAMHS) - % Therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	<ol> <li>82% of therapeutic interventions were started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS in August 2021.</li> </ol>	50% 25% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
4. NDD - % Neurodevelopmental Disorder patients receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	<ol> <li>27% of NDD patients received a diagnostic assessment within 26 weeks in August 2021 against a target of 80%.</li> </ol>	100% 75% 76% 76% 76% 76% 76% 76% 76% 76
5. Specialist CAMHS (S-CAMHS) - %	5. 37% of routine assessments by SCAMHS were undertaken within 28 days in August	5. S-CAMHS % assessments within 28 days
Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	2021.	Aug-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jug-20 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jug-21 Jun-21 Ju

**8. FINANCE UPDATES** This section of the report provides further detail on key workforce measures.

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Revenue Financial Position – expenditure incurred against revenue resource limit	<ul> <li>The Health Board's annual plan produces a forecast deficit for 2021/22 of £42.077m. This includes £17.672m impact on savings delivery from 2020/21.</li> <li>The £42.077m forecast deficit equates to an expected monthly overspend of £3.506m.</li> <li>The Health Board was advised by WG to anticipate non-recurrent funding to support the 2020/21 savings impact and this reduces the HB forecast to £24.405m, which equates to an expected monthly overspend of £2.034m.</li> <li>This was reflected in the May position.</li> <li>The Health Board has reported a cumulative overspend of £12.002m.</li> </ul>	НЕАLTH BOARD FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2021/22 4,000 4,000 3,500 3,500 2,500 0 2,500 1,500 1,000 1,976-1,973-2,131 1,821 500 564 0 Operational Position Target Overspend

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Capital Financial Position – expenditure incurred against capital resource limit	<ul> <li>The forecast outturn capital position for 2021/22 is an overspend of £8.906m. Allocations are anticipated from WG which will balance this position. These include a new COVID recovery allocation of £8.340m.</li> <li>The reported forecast outturn position assumes that £0.552m of disposal income will be received.</li> </ul>	Capital - Cumulative Performance to Plan
Workforce Spend – workforce expenditure profile	<ul> <li>The pay budgets are underspent by £4.3m after 6 months. This is after funding has been allocated to support additional costs associated with COVID, funding of the overtime holiday pay arrears which were paid in August and the application of funding for the 2021/22 pay award, which was implemented with arrears in September.</li> <li>Variable pay remains high, this reflects operational pressures, increasing sickness levels and recovery actions, however it should be notes that medical and dental variable pay reduced in September.</li> <li>The Health Board is incurring around £3m of additional pay costs per month related to COVID response and recovery, in addition to the TTP and vaccination costs.</li> </ul>	Variable Pay Expenditure

Description	Current Performance	Trend
<b>PSPP</b> – pay 95% of Non-NHS invoices within 30 days of receipt of goods or valid invoice	<ul> <li>The Health Board failed to deliver this target in 2020/21, with the target only being met on three of the twelve months.</li> <li>It is positive to note that the target has been met in each month to date this financial year, with a cumulative achievement of 96.07% for the first six months.</li> <li>It should be highlighted that there are some risks on maintaining this level of performance in forthcoming months, due to volumes of nurse agency invoices to be processed and also the impact of the Oracle system upgrade.</li> <li>The main reason for the failure to meet this target is delay in the receipting of goods and services, which prevent invoices being processed for payment and non-</li> </ul>	Percentage of non-NHS invoices paid within 30 days of receipt of goods or valid invoioce PSPP Target 97.50% 96.50% 96.00% 95.50% 94.50%
	<ul> <li>compliance with no PO no Pay policy.</li> <li>Whilst performance is positive for non-NHS invoices, the NHS position is less favourable. A workplan to improve the NHS position is being developed as part of the All Wales Accounts Payable group.</li> </ul>	94.00% M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10 M11 M12 PSPP In Month PSPP Cumulative

# **APPENDIX 2: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD**

	Harm from Covid itself																						
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21
(0	Number of new COVID19 cases	Local	Sep-21	12,839		Reduce		Total		~	787	4,664	5,525	11,976	3,759	1,208	907	406	189	708	1,946	7,177	12,839
ĕ	Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing	Local	Sep-21	13,951		Reduce					4,765	6,460	8,201	10.065	10,749	11,115	11,683	11.957	12,224	12,505	12,872	13,278	
leasu	Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test	Local	Sep-21	0		Reduce					38 (as at 10/10/20)	21 (as at 06/11/20)	41 (as at 06/12/20)	99 (as at 05/01/21)	78 (as at 07/02/21)	69 (as at 06/03/21)	2 (as at 11/04/21)	0	0	0	0	0	0
÷	Number of COVID19 related incidents	Local	Sep-21	36		Reduce				$\sim$	30	87	141	127	84	63	53	74	67	23	24	36	36
ate	Number of COVID19 related serious incidents	Local	Sep-21	0		Reduce				- <u> </u>	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Number of COVID19 related complaints	Local	Sep-21	3		Reduce				<u> </u>	30	37	50	83	106	131	98	38	13	16	4	6	3
6	Number of COVID19 related risks	Local	Sep-21	0		Reduce				$\sim$	2	6	7	10	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	0
물	Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)	Local	Sep-21	227		Reduce				$\sim$	353	329	291	475	218	160	145	84	71	70	71	115	227
<u> </u>	Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)	Local	Sep-21	204		Reduce				<u> </u>	72	132	294	394	316	156	108	87	71	50	67	114	204
0	% sickness	Local	Sep-21	0		Reduce				- <u> </u>	3.2%	3.5%	4.4%	6.5%	4.0%	2.4%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	0.9%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%
					Harm fro	m overwhein	ned NHS	and socia	I care syste	em			· · · ·			1				1			<u> </u>
		National or	Demant	Current	National	Annual Plan/	Profile	Welsh	SBU's all-														
Sub Domain	Measure	Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	Target	Local Profile	Status	Average/ Total	Wales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	National	Sep-21	50%	65%	65%	×	61% (Apr-21)	1st (Apr-21)	$\sim$	69%	66%	67%	54%	67%	70%	73%	72%	62%	67%	64%	59%	50%
Care	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	Sep-21	642	0			3,124 (Apr-21)	4th (Apr-21)	$\sim$	410	355	500	510	195	219	231	337	477	547	616	726	642
eg	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	Sep-21	2467						$\sim$	1,100	916	1,474	1,804	455	550	583	877	1,154	1,386	1,937	2,443	2,467
schedul	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Sep-21	73%	95%			75.7% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21)	$\mathcal{M}$	76.4%	77.2%	75.4%	72.6%	77%	71%	77%	75%	73%	72%	75%	75%	73%
5	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until	National	Sep-21	1250	0			4,317 (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	~	537	494	626	776	570	534	457	631	684	880	1,014	1,060	1,250
	admission, transfer or discharge % of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	National	Feb-21	70.7%	12 month ↑			82.0% (Feb-21)	5th (Feb-21)	7	89.4%	90.0%	67.9%	68.0%	65.3%	70.7%							
NOF	% of patients (age 60 years and over) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours	National	Feb-21	88.0%	12 month 🛧			60% (Feb-21)	2nd (Feb-21)	~	84.0%	84.0%	85.0%	86.0%	87.0%	88.0%		!     					
	Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit (<4 hrs)	National	Sep-21	15%	54.0%			22.6% (Mar-21	4th out of 6 organisations (Mar-21)	$\overline{\}$	50.0%	29.8%	23.7%	7.1%	6.8%	18.2%	20.4%	20.3%	27.5%	28.3%	13.5%	15.4%	15.4%
	CT Scan (<1 hrs) (local	Local	Sep-21	34%						$\sim \sim \sim \sim$	62.5%	42.1%	31.7%	22.7%	42.2%	30.6%	40.8%	29.7%	36.5%	29.6%	34.6%	48.7%	34.1%
Ð	Assessed by a Stroke Specialist Consultant Physician (< 24 hrs)	National	Sep-21	90%	85.3%			87.6% (Mar-21)	1st (Mar-21)	$\sim\sim\sim$	97.5%	98.2%	96.7%	95.5%	95.6%	97.2%	100.0%	96.9%	98.1%	100.0%	100.0%	92.3%	90.2%
ž	Thrombolysis door to needle <= 45 mins	Local	Sep-21	0%	12 month 🛧					~~~	12.5%	11.1%	28.6%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	55.6%	25.0%	0.0%	33.3%	28.6%	20.0%	0.0%
ಹ	% compliance against the therapy target of an average of 16.1 minutes if speech and language therapist input per stroke patient	National	Sep-21	59%	12 month ↑			46.8% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	1	80.1%	86.5%	65.1%	63.4%	65.7%	61.2%	55.9%	47.1%	39.7%	41.9%	45.4%	58.9%	58.6%
	% of stroke patients who receive a 6 month follow-up assessment	National	Q3 19/20	49.6%	Qtr on qtr ↑			62.2% (Q3 19./20)	5th out of 6 organisations (Q3 19/20)	~						1							
	Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	13	12 month 🗸	27	1						D	TOC reportin	g temporaril	y suspended	1						
DTOCs	Number of non-mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	60	12 month 🗸	50	×						D	TOC reportin	g temporaril	y suspended	1						
01005	% critical care bed days lost to delayed transfer of care	National	Q1 20/21	26.2%	Quarter on quarter 🗸			5.3% (Q1 20/21)	2nd (Q1 20/21)									i					

					Harm fro	om overwhelr	ned NHS	and social	care system	m													
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Planł Local Profile		¥elsh Averageł Total	SBU's all- Vales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21
	Cumulative cases of E.coli bacteraemias per 100k pop		Sep-21	86.4	<67		×	77.95 (Apr-21)	5th (Apr-21)		64.0	65.7	63.8	60.7	60.0	59.8	61.9	99.8	88.9	89.4	89.4	90.5	86.4
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Hospital)			3				(npinai)	(opinal)	$\sim$	7	14	5	5	6	6	3	12	"	5	8	3	3
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Community)	1	Sep-21	12.0							16	11	11	7	12	"	19	20	15	23	15	25	12
	Total number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases	1		21						~~~~	23	25	16	12	18	17	28	32	26	28	23	34	21
	Cumulative cases of S.aureus bacteraemias per 100k pop		Sep-21	38.3	<20		×	27.01 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)	$\sim$	30.7	31.5	32.7	31.7	31.6	31.4	31.6	40.5	44.5	37.0	36.0	35.5	38.3
	Number of Saureus bacteraemias cases (Hospital)			13						~~~	7	6	7	8	5	7	4	i 4	5	5	7	8	13
	Number of Saureus bacteraemias cases (Community)		Sep-21	4.0						~~~	7	6	6	3	4	2	7	3	10	2	4	4	4
	Total number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases			17					<b>A</b> .1	~~~	14	12	13	9	9	9	11	13	15	7	11	12	17
Te te	Cumulative cases of C.difficile per 100k pop		Sep-21	53.2	<26		×	28.94 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)	$\sim \mathcal{N}$	51.2	50.4	48.4	45.7	42.0	41.5	41.1	62.3	49.1	46.2	52.0	55.0	53.2
8	Number of C.difficile cases (Hospital)	National		3						~~~~	12	12	8	8	3	3	7	15	7	8	16	20	3
<u>e</u> i	Number of C difficile cases (Community)	-	Sep-21	5.0							8	3	2	3	0	2	5	5	5	8	7	2	5
i fe	Total number of C.difficile cases		0	14							18	15	10	9	3	11	12	20	12	12	23	22	14
	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop		Sep-21	24.5 &							21.0	21.9	23.4	24.9 8	26.4	25.8	26.2	28.1	21.5	26.7 5	0.0	22.6	24.5 8
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)			3.0						$\sim \sim \sim$	•	<u> </u>	4	8	8 5	4	3			7	2	4	3
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Community)		Sep-21					38	6th		2	2		-				<u>5</u>	2			7	<u> </u>
	Total number of Klebsiella cases Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop		C 01	//				(Apr-21)	(Apr-21)		5	9 5.7	11 5.8	12 5.5	13	6	10	9 9.4	5 6.1	12	3	8 5.5	11
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital)	4	Sep-21	5.6								0.7	0.8	0.0 /	5.2 Ø	5.1	4.9	3.4	6.1	6.2	0.0	0.0 /	5.6
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital) Number of Aeruginosa cases (Community)			0.0						$\sim$	0	· /		0	1	1	1		1		"		0
	Total number of Aeruginosa cases		Sep-21	2				21 (Apr-21)	Joint 3rd (Apr-21)	$\sim$	0	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	2	2
	Hand Hygiene Audits- compliance with WHO 5 moments	Local	Sep-21	95.0%		95%	4	((()))	(oprei)	~~~	96%	97%	97%	96%	95%	93%	97%	96%	98%	96%	95%	95%	96%
P	Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the % which were				0.001/		-			Ň													
S S S	assured within the agreed timescales	National	Sep-21	0.0%	90%	80%	×			$\sim\sim\sim$	20%	0%	0%	4%	0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Seriou: sidents risks	Number of new Never Events	National	Sep-21	0.00 33.00	0	0	<u></u>			$\sim$	0	1	138	0 146	0	0	0	0 40	0 41	1	0	0	0
10,00	Number of risks with a score greater than 20 Number of risks with a score greater than 16	Local Local	5ep-21	56.00		12 month 🕹 12 month 🕹	X				206	130	224	238	148 242	140 233	142 230	40 54	58	32	30 50	31 52	33 56
m	Number of pressure ulcers acquired in hospital		Aug-21	53.00		12 month 🕹	×			~~~	44	59	42	61	5/	48	.36	59	53	53	58	53	
Leo	Number of pressure ulcers developed in the community			34.00		12 month 🤸	1			$\sim \sim \sim$	21	.34	29	28	25	24	28	31	20	21	.33	.34	
	Total number of pressure ulcers Number of grade 34 pressure ulcers acquired in hospital	Local	Aug-21	87.00		12 month ↓ 12 month ↓	<u>×</u>			~~~~~	65 0	93	71	87	76	72	62	90 4	73	74	91 .7	87	
ressur	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in nocylital Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in community	2003	Aug-21	8.00		12 month 🕹	4			M	5	"	5	7	5	4	2	10	2	4	2	8	
<u> </u>	Total number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers	1	Aug-21	10.00		12 month 🕹	×			$\sim \sim \sim$	5	15	9	10	7	7	3	14	3	6	5	10	
Inpatient Falls	Number of Inpatient Falls	Local	Sep-21	207		12 month 🕹	4			$\sim \sim$	219	187	247	247	203	177	171	176	228	174	193	198	207
	% of universal mortality reviews (UMRs) undertaken within 28 days of a death	Local	Sep-21	98%	95%	95%	4			$\sim\sim\sim$	99.2%	100.0%	98.1%	99.0%	100.0%	100.0%	97.6%	99.3%	98.0%	98.6%	97.6%	93.0%	98.0%
	Stage 2 mortality reviews required	Local	Sep-21	10			**			~~~~	11	9	17	12	19	6	11	5	18	12	7	17	10
Mortality	% stage 2 mortality reviews completed Crude hospital mortality rate (74 years of age or less)	Local National	Aug-21 Aug-21	0.00%	12 month 🕹	100%	×	1.56%	4th	$\sim$	54.5% 0.93%	33.3%	35.7%	75.0%	36.8% 1.14%	1.17%	1.17%	1.04%		25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
	% of deaths scrutinised by a medical examiner		3					(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	/ _													
NEWS	% patients with completed NEWS scores & appropriate	National Local	Sep-21	92%	Qtr on qtr 🛧	98%	4			<u>~~</u>	93.6%	93.9%	94.6%	Vew measure 98.5%	95.0%	96.3%	93.5%	97.4%	98.9%	95.0%	89.7%	91.7%	91.6%
Coding	responses actioned % of episodes clinically coded within 1 month of discharge	Local	Aug-21	94%	95%	95%	~				96%	95%	93%	93%	95%	96%	96%	96%	96%	89%	90%	94%	0%
E-TOC	% of completed discharge summaries (total signed and sent)	Local	Sep-21	68%		100%	×			$\sim \sim$	70%	68%	66%	59%	67%	63%	64%	63%	67%	69%	62%	62%	68%
0	% of headcount by organisation who have had a PADR/medical appraisal in the previous 12 months (excluding doctors and dentists in training)		Sep-21	85%	85%	85%	x	61.0% (Oct-20)	7th out of 10 organisations (Aug-20)	$\sim$	58%	58%	56%	54%	52%	51%	53%	57%	60%	65%	60%	85%	85%
Workforce	% compliance for all completed Level 1 competency with the Core Skills and Training Framework	National	Sep-21	80%	85%	85%	×	79.4% (Oct-20)	5th out of 10 organisations (Aug-20)	$\sim \sqrt{1}$	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	81%	81%	81%	80%
	X workforce sickness absence (12 month rolling)	National	Aug-21	7.11%	12 month 🕹			5.87% (Oct-20)	10th out of 10 organisations (Oct-20)	$ \land $	7.03%	7.07%	7.23%	7.48%	7.57%	7.56%	7.44%	7.12%	6.93%	6.91%	6.99%	7.11%	

					На	rm from redu	iction in	non-Covid	activity														
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Planł Local Profile		Velsh Averageł Total	SBU's all- ∀ales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21
Cancer	% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (without adjustments)	National	Sep-21(Draft)	58.4%	12 month 🛧			67.1% (Mar-21)	2nd out of 6 organisations (Mar-21)	M	62.4%	65.9%	55.4%	61.0%	67.9%	56.4%	71.6%	65.7%	65.4%	65.4%	66.8%	55.0%	58.4%
S	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	Local	Sep-21	58%	80%		×		0.000	~~~~	60%	75%	58%	71%	45%	35%	42%	37%	40%	31%	60%	57%	58%
ŧ	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	Local	Sep-21	89%	100%		×			~~~~~	86%	90%	85%	88%	82%	80%	85%	77%	87%	70%	84%	91%	89%
iti	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	Local	Sep-21	22%	80%		×			$\sim$	54%	43%	31%	50%	50%	23%	41%	38%	50%	45%	46%	55%	22%
8	Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	Local	Sep-21	76%	100%		×			~~~~	92%	86%	100%	85%	94%	91%	90%	83%	86%	87%	77%	95%	76%
e de	Emergency (within 1 day)	Local	Sep-21	100%	80%		1				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	91%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
the	Emergency (within 2 days)	Local	Sep-21	100%	100%		1				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
adic	Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	Local	Sep-21	81%	80%					{	58%	58%	56%	71%	69%	61%	86%	82%	81%	91%	90%	94%	81%
œ	Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	Local	Sep-21	97%	100%		×	44.000	~ 1	~~~~	60%	75%	73%	88%	89%	75%	93%	92%	84%	95%	97%	97%	97%
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified diagnostics	National	Sep-21	5732	0			41,693 (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	$\sum$	7,666	6,645	6,610	6,579	6,239	5,087	4,554	4,804	4,842	5,230	5,425	5,523	5,732
	Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified therapy	National	Sep-21	320	0			4,066 (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	$\searrow$	1,350	1,135	817	708	584	491	369	201	166	171	151	186	320
	% of patients waiting < 26 weeks for treatment	National	Sep-21	48%	95%			52.5% (Mar-21)	6th (Mar-21)	<u> </u>	41.0%	44.8%	47.6%	48.0%	47.0%	47.9%	48.8%	49.1%	49.1%	50.7%	47.8%	48.3%	48.1%
d Car	Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient appointment	Local	Sep-21	23997	0			240 440	2.4	$\searrow$	23,069	22,050	21,005	21,179	21,208	21,225	21,750	22,752	23,700	23,279	23,225	23,444	23,997
Janne	Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment	National	Sep-21	35711	0			216,418 (Mar-21) 747,792	3rd (Mar-21) 5th	/~	26,046	31,508	35,387	35,126	33,991	32,719	32,874	33,395	34,447	35,040	35,583	35,999	35,711
-	The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients	National	Sep-21	130963	HB target TBC			747,782 (Mar-21) 194,689	(Mar-21) 5th		120,962	120,968	120,874	119,963	119,999	120,882	121,403	122,303	123,088	127,444	130,208	127,391	130,963
	appointment who are delayed over 100%	National	Sep-21	32574				(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	~	24,472	26,217	27,156	27,641	28,419	28,862	29,316	29,334	30,062	30,550	31,316	29,770	32,574
	% of R1 ophthalmology patient pathways waiting within target date or within 25% beyond target date for an outpatient appointment	National	Sep-21	48%	95%			44.8% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	$\sqrt{\sim}$ $\checkmark$	47.7%	45.2%	48.4%	47.3%	46.7%	47.4%	47.7%	47.2%		46.7%	46.3%	46.1%	47.9%
Hepatitis C	Number of patients with Hepatitis C who have successfully completed their course of treatment in the reporting year	National			HB target TBC								1	Vew measure	for 2020/21-	awaiting data	a 				<u> </u>		
SA/NO	% of patients who did not attend a new outpatient appointment	Local	Sep-21	7.2%	12 month 🕹					$\sim \sim$	6.4%	6.0%	6.6%	7.7%	7.1%	6.2%	5.6%	5.3%	5.7%	6.5%	6.5%	6.4%	7.2%
ā	% of patients who did not attend a follow-up outpatient appointment	Local	Sep-21	7.6%	12 month 🕹					$\sim\sim\sim$	6.9%	6.5%	7.2%	8.2%	7.1%	6.2%	6.7%	6.1%	6.9%	5.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.6%
Theatre	Theatre Utilisation rates	Local	Sep-21	72.0%		90%	×			$\sim$	75%	75%	74%	59%	65%	73%	75%	80%	78%	77%	72%	69%	72%
Efficiencies	% of theatre sessions starting late	Local	Sep-21	42.0%		<25%	*			$\sim \sim \sim$	49%	44%	39%	45%	40%	42%	40%	38%	43%	43%	44%	44%	42%
	% of theatre sessions finishing early	Local	Sep-21	46.0%		<20%	×	E 000	0.1	<u>-</u> ~~~~	39%	38%	50%	47%	44%	44%	48%	41%	45%	43%	48%	46%	46%
Postponed operations	Number of procedures postponed either on the day or the day before for specified non-clinical reasons	National	Jan-21	1,200	> 5% annual 🕹			5,398 (Jan-21)	6th (Jan-21)	· · · .	2,090	1,888	1,677	1,509	1,200			i					
Treatment Fund	All new medicines must be made available no later than 2 months after NICE and AWMSG appraisals	National	Q2 20721	98.8%	100%	100%	×	98.3% (Q2 20/21)	3rd out of 6 organisations (Q2 20/21)		98.8%												
	Total antibacterial items per 1,000 STAR-PUs	National	Q3 20/21	258.8	4 quarter 🕹			241.96 (Q3 20/21)	6th (Q3 20/21)		249.9			258.8									
, E	Patients aged 65 years or over prescribed an antipsychotic	National	Q2 20/21	1,511	Quarter on quarter 🕹			10,205 (Q2 20/21)	5th (Q2 20/21)		1,511							i I					
rescrib	Number of women of child bearing age prescribed valproate as a % of all women of child bearing age	National	Q2 20/21	0.23%	Quarter on quarter 🕹			0.16% (Q2 20/21)	7th (Q2 20/21)		0.23%							 					
ā	Opioid average daily quantities per 1,000 patients	National	Q2 20/21	4,369	4 quarter 🕹			4,390.4 (Q2 20/21)	3rd (Q2 20/21)		4,369							 					
	Biosimilar medicines prescribed as % of total 'reference' product plus biosimilar	National	Q2 20/21	78.6%	Quarter on quarter 🛧			82.6% (Q2 20/21)	4th (Q2 20/21)		78.6%												
= <sup>2</sup>	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	Sep-21	2,025		12 month 🛧	×			$\sim \sim$	2,804	1,047	787	584	678	798	1,050		4,590	3,297	1,912	2,075	2,025
Patient xperienc	% of who would recommend and highly recommend % of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 out 10 on overall satisfaction	Local Local	Sep-21 Sep-21	92%		90% 90%	× ~			$\sim$	93% 84%	82% 79%	84% 85%	77% 65%	79% 81%	85% 94%	87% 93%		96% 92%	97% 96%	92% 95%	92% 92%	92% 96%
ŭ	Number of new formal complaints received	Local	Jul-21	139		12 month ↓	*			$\sim$	107	121	103	83	78	94	117	100	115	159	139	0	0
plaints	% concerns that had final reply (Reg 24)/interim reply (Reg 26)	National	Jun-21	0	75%	trend 80%	*	71.9%	2nd	$\sim$	82%	75%	82%	80%	71%	80%	81%					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Com	within 30 working days of concern received % of acknowledgements sent within 2 working days	Local	Sep-21	100%		100%	*	(Q3 20/21)	(Q3 20/21)		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	l	1	1		I		-	l	I	I													

					Harm fro	om wider soci	ietal acti	ions/lockdo	own														
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan <del>/</del> Local Profile		Velsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- ∀ales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21
	% of babies who are exclusively breastfed at 10 days old	National	2019/20	34.2%	Annual 🛧			35.3% (2019/20)	5th (2019/20)									i I	l				
Early years measures	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent 46 in 12 vaccine by age 1	National	Q4 20/21	95.4%	95%			95.3% (Q3 20/21)	1st (Q3 20/21)	· ·	96.5%			96.7%			95.4%						
	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	Q4 20/21	92.4%	95%			92.1% (Q3 20/21)	3rdh (Q3 20/21)		91.7%			92.0%			92.4%						
Smoking cessation	% of adult smokers who make a quit attempt via smoking cessation services	National	Q1-Q3 20/21	2.25%	5% annual target			2.39% (Q1-3 20/21)	4th (Q1-3 20/21)		1.66%			2.25%				1					
Alested.	European age standardised rate of alcohol attributed hospital admissions for individuals resident in Wales	National	Q3 20/21	308.8	4 quarter 🕹			349.6 (Q3 20/21)	2nd (Q3 20/21)	•	331.7			308.8				1					
Alcohol	X of people who have been referred to health board services who have completed treatment for alcohol abuse	National	Q4 20/21	45.5%	4 quarter 🛧			67.2% (Q4 20/21)	6th (Q4 20/21)		23.2%			39.5%			45.5%						
	% uptake of influenza among 65 year olds and over	National	Mar-21	75.5%	75%			76.5% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21)			65.6%	72.4%	74.8%	75.2%	75.4%	75.5%	i					
	% uptake of influenza among under 65s in risk groups	National	Mar-21	49.4%	55%			51.07% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)		Data	34.4%	42.8%	47.2%	48.7%	49.4%	49.4%	ļ					
Influenza	% uptake of influenza among pregnant women	National	2019/20	78.2%	75%			78.5% (2019/20)	5th out of 10 organisations (2019/20)		collection restarts October			Data not	available	_			tion restarts ber 2021				
-	% uptake of influenza among children 2 to 3 years old	Local	Mar-21	53.4%	50%			56.3% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)		2020	35.7%	48.8%	52.5%	53.2%	53.4%	53.4%	i					
	% uptake of influenza among healthcare workers	National	Mar-21	63.4%	60%			58.7% (2019/20)	7th out of 10 organisations (2019/20)			56.2%	62.9%	63.0%	63.4%	63.4%	63.4%						
	Uptake of screening for bowel cancer	National	2018/19	57.0%	60%			57.3% (2018/19)	4th (2018/19)									 					
Screening services	Uptake of screening for breast cancer	National	2018/19	73.6%	70%			72.8% (2018/19)	2nd (2018/19)									i					
	Uptake of screening for cervical cancer	National	2018/19	72.1%	80%			73.2% (2018/19)	5th (2018/19)									 					
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral (Crisis)	Local	Aug-21	100%		100%	4			$ \checkmark$	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		94%	79%	100%	
	% Patients with Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	National	Aug-21	27%	80%	80%	×	32.2% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)	~^ ^	21%	22%	24%	26%	24%	28%	30%	30%		32%	34%	27%	
	% Patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient appointment for CAMHS	National	Aug-21	48%	80%	80%	×	75.8% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	$\sim$ $\sim$	98%	90%	88%	61%	53%	66%	63%	60%		58%	41%	48%	
CAMHS	P-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	National	Aug-21	37%		80%	×	62.3% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21)	$\sim \sim$	62%	29%	41%	73%	29%	97%	46%	0%		0%	29%	37%	
	P-CAMHS - % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	National	Aug-21	82%		80%	×	80.5% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	$\frown$	100%	100%	100%	100%	93%	97%	91%	49%		1%	100%	82%	
	S-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	Local	Aug-21	32%		80%	×			<u>`                                    </u>	98%	79%	62%	58%	60%	56%	53%	48%		44%	29%	32%	
	% residents in receipt of CAMHS to have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)	National	Aug-21	65%		90%	×	84.6% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)	_ ٦	81%	82%	81%	82%	83%	84%	82%	82%		81%	81%	65%	
	% of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (over 18 years of age)	National	Aug-21	100%	80%	80%	*	73.9% (Mar-21)	1st (Mar-21)	M~ √	97%	99.5%	98%	99%	96%	98%	97%	97%		99%	98%	100%	
Mental Health	X of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (over 18 years of age)	National	Aug-21	100%	80%	80%	4	81.0% (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	$\mathcal{M}_{\wedge}$	94%	93%	98%	95%	95%	98%	97%	92%		99%	97%	100%	
	% patients waiting < 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	National	Aug-21	100%	95%	95%	4	61.3% (Mar-21)	1st (Mar-21)	/	99%	99.7%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%	
	% residents in receipt of secondary MH services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)	National	Aug-21	84%	90%	90%	4	85.3% (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	90%	91%	91%	89%	91%	91%	91%	91%		88%	88%	84%	
Self harm	Rate of hospital admissions with any mention of intentional self-harm of children and young people (aged 10-24 years)	National	2019/20	3.29	Annual 🕹			3.97 (2019/20)	4th (2019/20)														
Dementia	% of people with dementia in Wales age 65 years or over who are diagnosed (registered on a GP QOF register)	National	2019/20	56.3%	Annual 🛧			53.1% (2019/20)	2nd (2019/20)														