





	25 <sup>th</sup> April 2023	Agenda Item	2.1
Report Title	Integrated Performance Report		
Report Author	Meghann Protheroe, Head of Health Board Performance		
Report Sponsor	Darren Griffiths, Director of Fin	ance and Performar	nce
Presented by	Darren Griffiths, Director of Fin	ance and Performar	nce
Freedom of	Open		
Information			
Purpose of the	The purpose of this report is to	provide an update	on the current
Report	performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting period (March 2023) in delivering key local performance measures as well as the national measures outlined in the 2022/23 NHS Wales Performance Framework.		
Key Issues	The Integrated Performance Report is a routine report that provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local quality and safety measures.		
	The Performance Delivery Framework 2022/23 was published in July 2022, and the measures have been updated accordingly in line with current data availability.		
	The report format has been altered to align with key areas of focus within the Performance and Finance Committee		
	Key high level issues to highlight this month are as follows:		
	<ul> <li>COVID19         <ul> <li>The number of new cases of COVID19 has saw a slight increase in March 2023 to 378, compared with 249 in February 2023.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	Unscheduled Care  - Emergency Department in March 2023 to 11,211  - Performance against the the outlined trajectory performance has decre 73.72% from 76.03% in - Performance against the month and it is current trajectory. The number of	I from 9,699 in Februe 4-hour access is considered in March 2023, ased by 2.31% in Narehouse February 2023. The 12-hour wait has detay performing above	uary 2023. urrently below ED 4-hour March 2023 to eteriorated in- ethe outlined

- ED increased to 1,395 in March 2023 from 1,125 in February 2023.
- Internal flow activities to support reduced occupancy and to improve flow throughout the day are being implemented, these include; Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) GP delivered services, Frailty SDEC services and scoping is currently being undertaken with Welsh Ambulance Service NHS Trust (WAST) colleagues to implement further pathways.
- The number of emergency admissions has increased in March 2023 to 4,408 from 3,954 in February 2023.

#### **Planned Care**

- March 2023 saw a 11% in-month reduction in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment.
- Additionally, the number of patients waiting over 36 weeks decreased by 5.5% to 28,353.
- We continue to outperform the trajectory for the number of patients waiting over 104 weeks for treatment, with 6,015 patients waiting at this point in March 2023.
- In March, there was a further reduction in the number of patients waiting over 52 weeks at Stage 1, with 3,895 patients waiting at this stage.
- As a Health Board, we are outperforming the Ministerial Priority recovery trajectory for the number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment and for the percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment.
- Therapy waiting times have deteriorated, there are 193 patients waiting over 14 weeks in March 2023 compared with 157 in February 2023.
- The number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for an Endoscopy has slightly increased in March 2023 to 4,546 from 4,387 in February 2023.

#### Cancer

- February 2023 saw 44% performance against the Single Cancer Pathway measure of patients receiving definitive treatment within 62 days (measure reported a month in arrears).
- The total backlog at 09/04/2023 was 437. The updated approved backlog trajectory has been included for 2023/24.

#### **Mental Health**

- Performance against the Mental Health Measures continues to be maintained. All but one Welsh Government target were achieved in February 2023.

In February 2023, 88.1% of patients waited less than 26 weeks for Psychological Therapy. This was below the national target of 95%. Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) Access times for crisis performance has been maintained at 100% February 2023. Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) access times within 26 weeks continues to be a challenge, the performance has deteriorated slightly to 29% in February 2023 against a target of 80%. **Specific Action** Information Discussion Assurance **Approval** Required Recommendations Members are asked to: **NOTE** the Health Board performance against key measures and targets. NOTE: production of updated planned care recovery trajectories (>104 weeks and Stage 1 >52 weeks) to be produced in April 2023 to align with the Welsh Government updated timelines **NOTE:** the review of admission avoidance and length of stay reduction plans and the impact on future Emergency Department performance **NOTE:** the development and implementation of Tumour site specific recovery plans to support Single Cancer Pathway performance recovery NOTE the inclusion of the submitted Ministerial Priority performance trajectories **NOTE** the actions being taken to improve performance: o A detailed review has been undertaken of the Cancer Performance reporting function, with a specific focus on the impact of previously implemented action plans o Detailed plans being developed to maximise the productivity and efficiency of planned care capacity to maintain improvements in planned care access The Endoscopy team have implemented several actions to support future improvement, which include; administrative validation, along with an increase in endoscopist sessions which will increase weekly capacity COO to work with relevant service group directors to agree plans for improved 4-hour ED performance and reduced 12 hour waits to produce new trajectories for 2023/24 A new outpatient dashboard has recently been developed which provides the ability to monitor planned care progress at specialty level, with specific focus on all Ministerial priority areas o Focussed work is currently being placed on Treat in Turn

rates.

- As part of the plan to increase Orthopaedics activity, templates are consistently under review to support maximising capacity.
- Plans currently being developed to inform revised trajectories for 2023/24 and will be produced in April 2023 for: -
  - Cancer
  - o UEC
  - o Planned care
  - Endoscopy
- Both UEC and cancer performance remain under escalation as part of the Health Board's performance escalation framework.

#### INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window in delivering key performance measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework and local quality & safety measures.

#### 2. BACKGROUND

In 2021/22, a Single Outcomes Framework for Health and Social Care was due to be published but was delayed due to the COVID19 pandemic. Welsh Government has confirmed that the Single Outcomes Framework will be developed for adoption in 2022/23.

The NHS Wales Delivery Framework sets out measures under the quadruple aims which the performance of the Health Board is measured. The aims within the NHS Delivery Framework are:

- Quadruple Aim 1: People in Wales have improved health and well-being with better prevention and self-management
- Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement
- Quadruple Aim 3: The health and social care workforce in Wales is motivated and sustainable
- Quadruple Aim 4: Wales has a higher value health and social care system that has demonstrated rapid improvement and innovation, enabled by data and focused on outcomes

The traditional format for the report includes identifying actions where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this performance report until operational pressures significantly ease. Despite a reduction in the narrative contained within this report, considerable work has been undertaken to include additional measures that aid in describing how the healthcare systems has changed as a result of the pandemic.

#### 3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

**Appendix 1** of this report provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local measures. Mitigating actions are listed where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery.

#### 4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

#### 5. RECOMMENDATION:

Members are asked to:

- NOTE the Health Board performance against key measures and targets.
- NOTE: production of updated planned care recovery trajectories (>104 weeks and Stage 1 >52 weeks) to be produced in April 2023 to align with the Welsh Government updated timelines
- NOTE: the review of admission avoidance and length of stay reduction plans and the impact on future Emergency Department performance
- **NOTE:** the development and implementation of Tumour site specific recovery plans to support Single Cancer Pathway performance recovery
- NOTE the inclusion of the submitted Ministerial Priority performance trajectories
- NOTE the actions being taken to improve performance: -
  - A detailed review has been undertaken of the Cancer Performance reporting function, with a specific focus on the impact of previously implemented action plans
  - Detailed plans being developed to maximise the productivity and efficiency of planned care capacity to maintain improvements in planned care access
  - The Endoscopy team have implemented several actions to support future improvement, which include; administrative validation, along with an increase in endoscopist sessions which will increase weekly capacity
  - COO to work with relevant service group directors to agree plans for improved 4-hour ED performance and reduced 12 hour waits to produce new trajectories for 2023/24
  - A new outpatient dashboard has recently been developed which provides the ability to monitor planned care progress at specialty level, with specific focus on all Ministerial priority areas
  - o Focussed work is currently being placed on Treat in Turn rates.
  - As part of the plan to increase Orthopaedics activity, templates are consistently under review to support maximising capacity.
  - Plans currently being developed to inform revised trajectories for 2023/24 and will be produced in April 2023 for:
    - o Cancer
    - o UEC
    - Planned care
    - Endoscopy
  - Both UEC and cancer performance remain under escalation as part of the Health Board's performance escalation framework.

Governance and Assurance			
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting and		
Enabling empowering people to live well in resilient communities			
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	$\boxtimes$	
(please	Co-Production and Health Literacy	$\boxtimes$	
choose)	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	$\boxtimes$	
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services	S	
	achieving the outcomes that matter most to people		
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Partnerships for Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Excellent Staff	$\boxtimes$	
	Digitally Enabled Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	$\boxtimes$	
Health and Care Standards			
(please	Staying Healthy	$\boxtimes$	
choose)	Safe Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Effective Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Dignified Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Timely Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Individual Care	$\boxtimes$	
	Staff and Resources	$\boxtimes$	

#### **Quality, Safety and Patient Experience**

The performance report outlines performance over the domains of quality and safety and patient experience, and outlines areas and actions for improvement. Quality, safety and patient experience are central principles underpinning the National Delivery Framework and this report is aligned to the domains within that framework.

There are no directly related Equality and Diversity implications as a result of this report.

#### **Financial Implications**

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

#### Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the Mental Health Measure.

#### **Staffing Implications**

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to Workforce, such as Sickness and Personal Development Review rates. Specific issues relating to staffing are also addressed individually in this report.

## Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)

The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:

- **Long term** Actions within this report are both long and short term in order to balance the immediate service issues with long term objectives.
- **Prevention** the NHS Wales Delivery framework provides a measurable mechanism to evidence how the NHS is positively influencing the health and well-being of the

- citizens of Wales with a particular focus upon maximising people's physical and mental well-being.
- Integration this integrated performance report brings together key performance measures across the seven domains of the NHS Wales Delivery Framework, which identify the priority areas that patients, clinicians and stakeholders wanted the NHS to be measured against. The framework covers a wide spectrum of measures that are aligned with the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- **Collaboration** in order to manage performance, the Corporate Functions within the Health Board liaise with leads from the Service Groups as well as key individuals from partner organisations including the Local Authorities, Welsh Ambulance Services Trust, Public Health Wales and external Health Boards.
- **Involvement** Corporate and Service Group leads are key in identifying performance issues and identifying actions to take forward.

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Report History	The last iteration of the Integrated Performance Report was	
	presented to Performance & Finance Committee in March 2023.	
	This is a routine monthly report.	
Appendices	Appendix 1: Integrated Performance Report	







# Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report April 2023



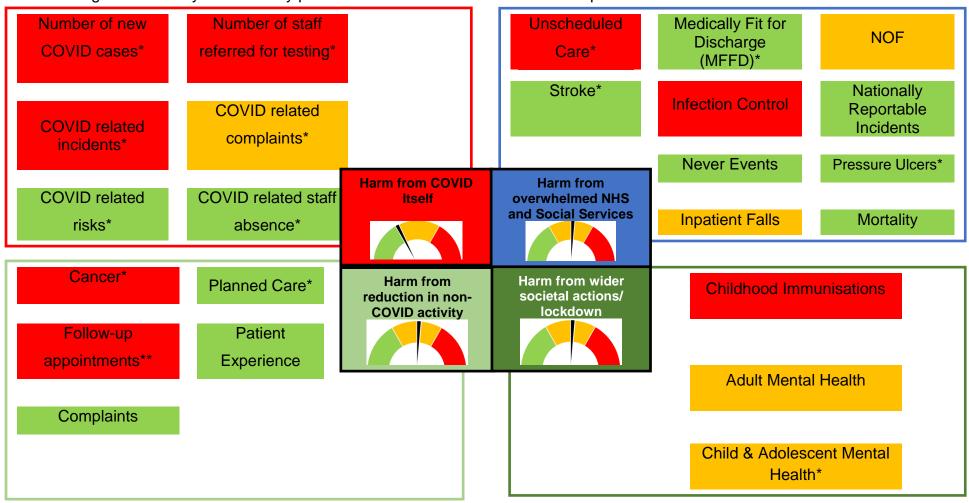
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#### 1. QUADRANTS OF HARM SUMMARY

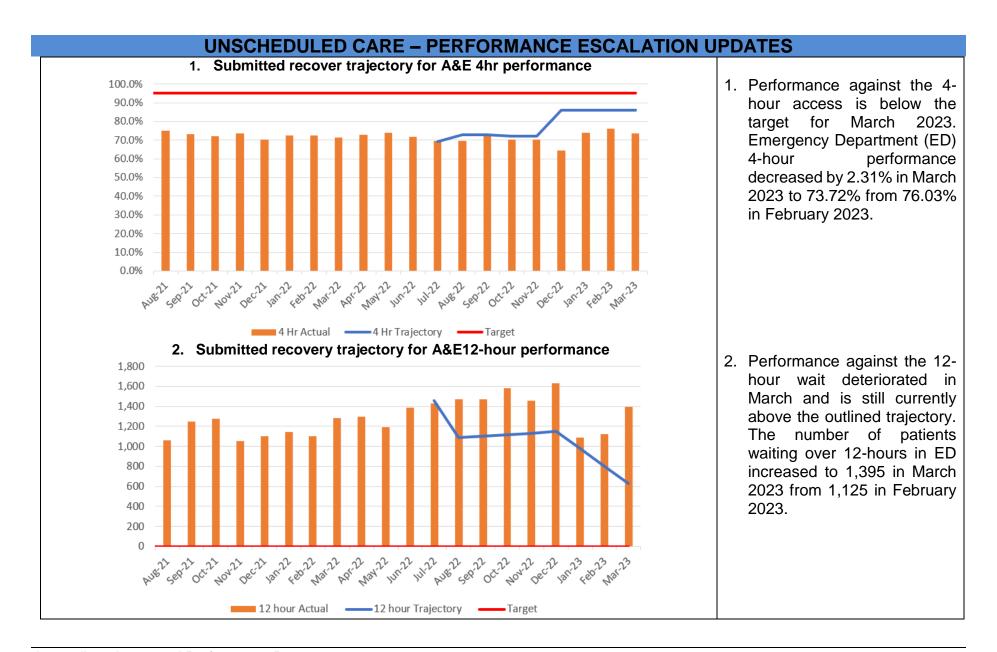
The following is a summary of all the key performance indicators included in this report.

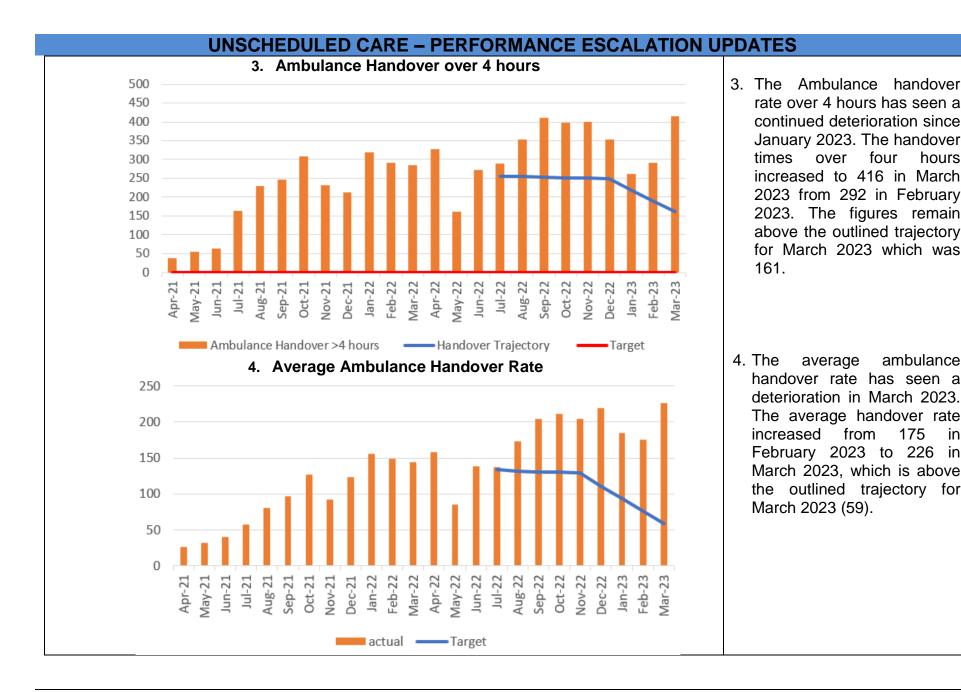


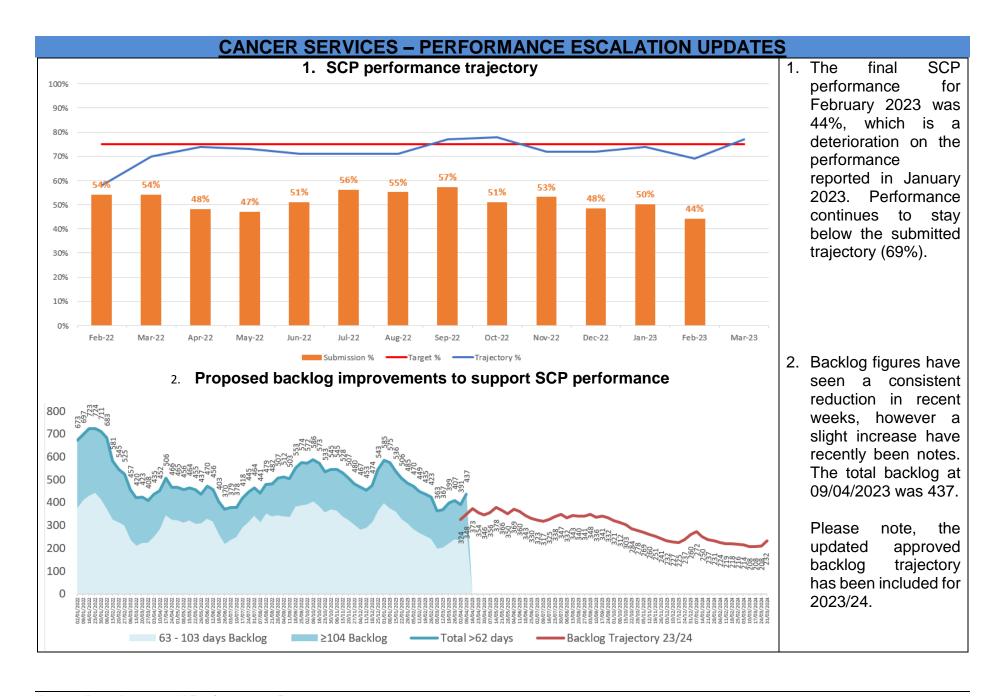
NB- RAG status is against national or local target
\*\* Data not available

\*RAG status based on in-month movement in the absence of local profiles

2. ESCALATED SERVICE UPDATE TRAJECTORIES



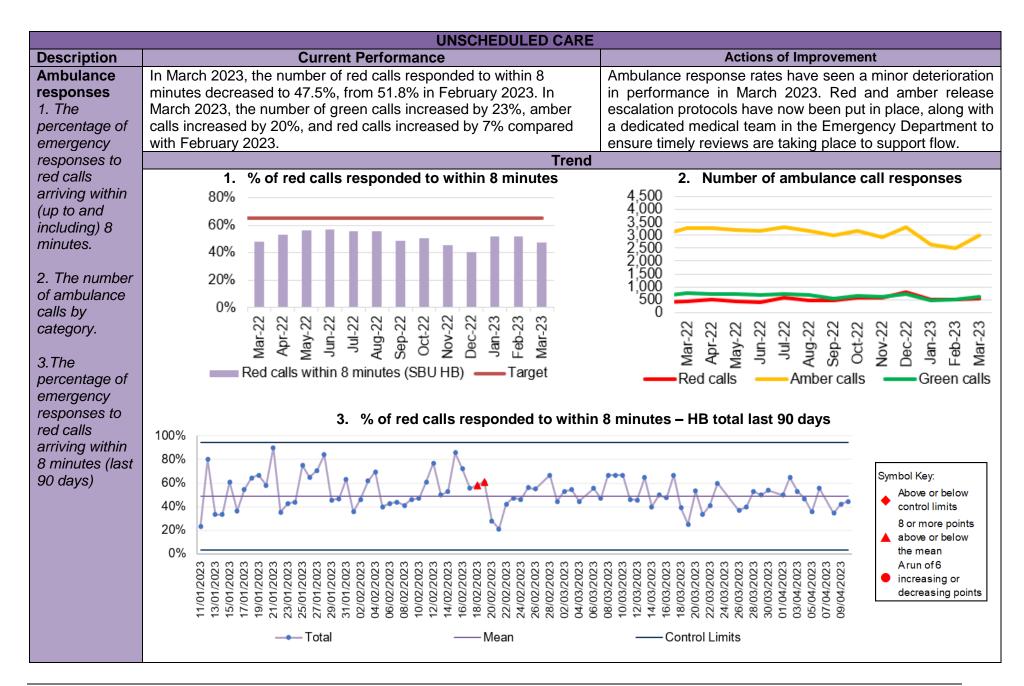


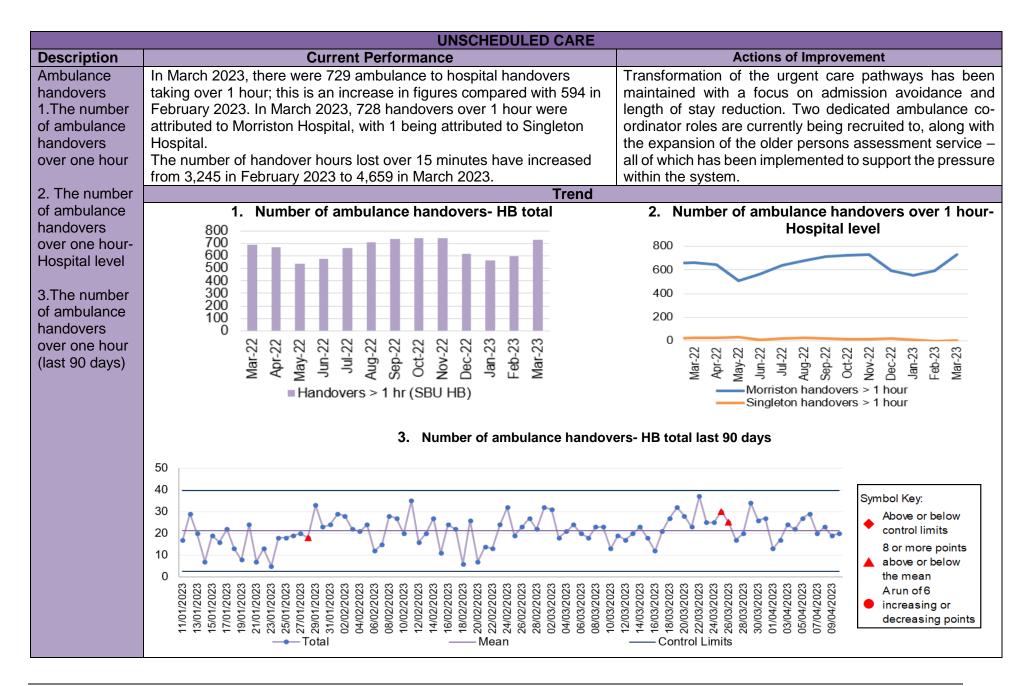


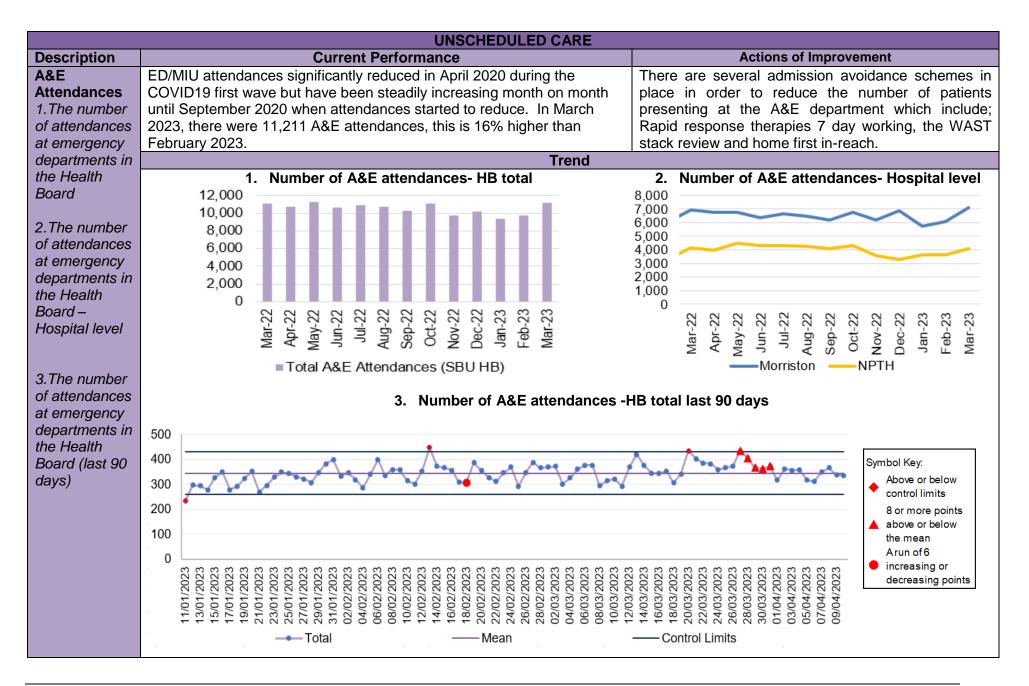
3. UPDATES ON KEY SERVICE AREAS	

	COVID Data		
Description	Current Performance	Trend	
1. Number of new COVID19 cases in Swansea Bay population area	Number of new COVID cases In March 2023, there were an additional 378 positive cases recorded bringing the cumulative total to 120,106 in Swansea Bay since March 2020.	Number of new COVID19 cases for Swansea Bay population  20,000  15,000  10,000  5,000  0  10,000  10,0	
2. Number of staff referred for Antigen testing	Staff referred for Antigen testing The cumulative number of staff referred for COVID testing between March 2020 and March 2023 is 18,230 of which 19% have been positive (Cumulative total).	Outcome of staff referred for Antigen testing  2,500  2,000  1,500  1,000  1,000  2	

COVID RELATED STAFF ABSENCE				
Description	Current Performance	Trend		
Staff absence due to COVID19  1.Number of staff self- isolating (asymptomat ic)  2.Number of staff self isolating (symptomatic )	The following data is based on the mid-month position and broken down into the categories requested by Welsh Government.  1. & 2. Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic and symptomatic)  Between February 2023 and March 2023, the number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic) remained at 0 and the number of staff self-isolating (symptomatic) decreased from 63 to 57. In March 2023, the registered nursing staff group had the largest number of self-isolating staff who were symptomatic.	1.Number of staff self isolating (asymptomatic)  1,000  800  400  200  0  1,000  1,000  400  200  0  1,000		
		■Medical ☑Nursing Reg □Nursing Non Reg ☑Other		
3.% staff	% Staff sickness	% staff sickness		
sickness	The percentage of staff sickness	Mar-22   Apr-22   May-22   Jun-22   Jul-22   Aug-22   Sep-22   Oct-22   Nov-22   Dec-22   Jan-23   Feb-23   Mar-23   Medical   4.6%   4.1%   1.8%   3.5%   4.9%   1.8%   0.2%   1.1%   0.7%   1.2%   0.5%   0.3%   0.1%		
	absence due to COVID19 in March 2023 has reduced to 0.4% from 0.5%	Nursing Reg         3.1%         2.4%         1.1%         2.8%         2.4%         1.3%         1.1%         1.2%         0.9%         1.1%         0.7%         0.6%         0.7%		
	in February 2023.	Non Reg 3.7% 3.2% 2.1% 2.1% 2.1% 1.2% 1.1% 1.3% 1.0% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.5%		
		Other         2.6%         1.8%         0.8%         1.8%         0.5%         0.6%         0.6%         0.7%         0.9%         0.4%         0.4%         0.2%           All         3.1%         2.3%         1.2%         2.4%         2.2%         1.0%         0.8%         0.9%         0.9%         1.1%         0.5%         0.5%         0.4%		

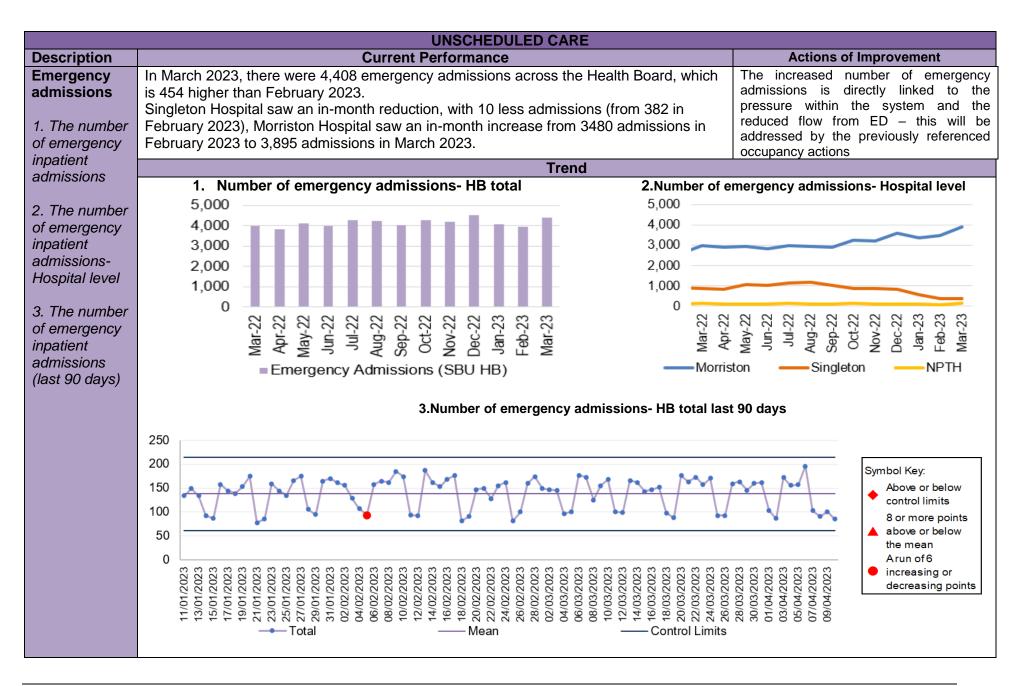


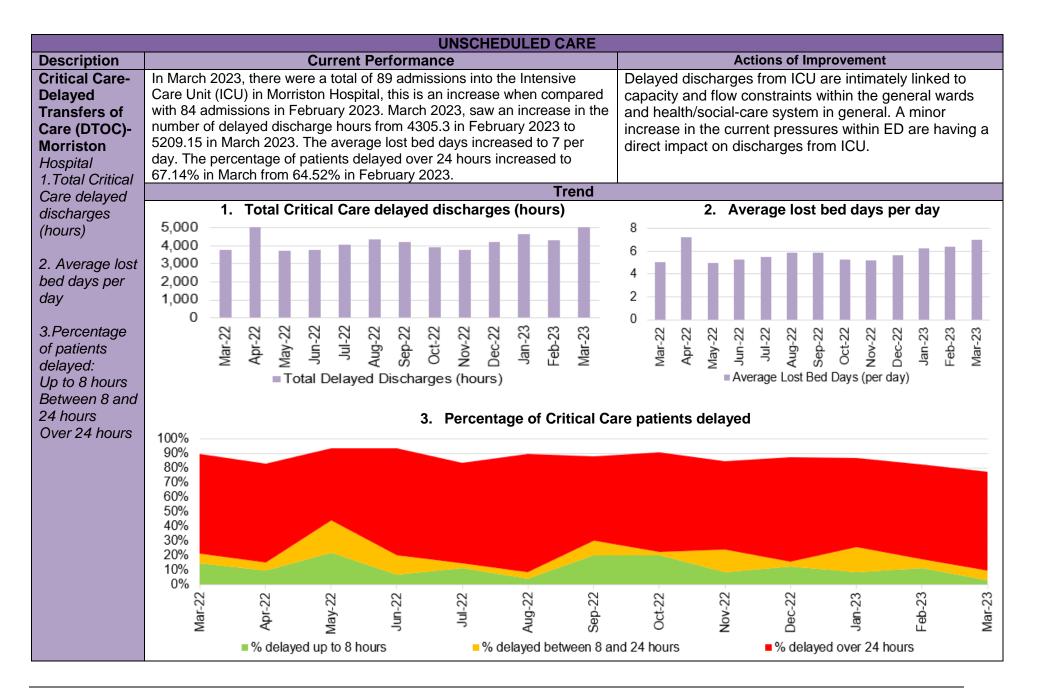




	UNSCHEDULED CARE		
Description	Current Performance	Actions of Improvement	
A&E waiting times  1.% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all	The Health Board's performance against the 4-hour measure deteriorated 76.03% in February 2023 to 73.72% in March 2023.  Neath Port Talbot Hospital Minor Injuries Unit (MIU) has remained above the national target of 95% achieving 97.78% in March 2023.  Morriston Hospital's performance deteriorated between February 2023 and March, achieving 59.30% against the target.	Internal flow activities to support reduced occupancy and to improve flow throughout the day are being put in place, these include; Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) GP delivered services, Frailty SDEC services and scoping is currently being undertaken with WAST colleagues to implement further pathways.	
hours in all major and minor emergency care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge  2. % of patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E- Hospital level  3. % of patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E (last 90 days)	1. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total  100%  80%  60%  20%  0%  A&E % < 4 hours (SB UHB)  Trajectory  3. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total  100%  80%  A&E % < 4 hours (SB UHB)	2. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E-Hospital level  100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% Eep-72 Rep-72 Rep-73 Morriston Morriston  In A&E- HB total last 90 days	
	11/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 13/01/2023 14/02/	Symbol Key:  Above or below control limits  8 or more points  10,037,503, 80 or more points	

	UNSCHEDULED CARE	
Description	Current Performance	Actions of Improvement
A&E waiting times  1.Number of patients who spend 12	In March 2023, performance against the 12-hour measure deteriorated when compared with February 2023, increasing from 1,125 to 1,395. This is an increase of 270 compared to February 2023. All of the patients waiting over 12 hours in March 2023 were attributed to Morriston Hospital.	A total of 8 virtual wards are now fully operational and the benefits of these are being experienced. The additional flow provided by the virtual wards and community engagement will support the flow from the ED department and the next stage includes NOF pathway changes and extended virtual wards.
hours or more	Trend	
in A&E	1. Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E- HB total	Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in     A&E- Hospital level
2.Number of	1,400	2,000
patients who spend 12	1,200 1,000 800	1,500
hours or more in A&E-	600	1,000
Hospital level	400 200	500
	3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6	
3.Number of patients who	Mar-22 Apr-22 May-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Jan-23 Feb-23 Mar-23	Mar-22 Apr-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Jan-23 Feb-23
spend 12 hours or more	A&E > 12 hours (SB UHB) ——Trajectory	MorristonNPTH
in A&E (last 90 days)	3. Number of patients waiting over 12 hor	urs in A&E – HB total last 90 days
,	100	
	80	Symbol Key:
	60	Above or below
	40	control limits
	20	8 or more points  above or below
		the mean
	1/01/2023 3/01/2023 3/01/2023 7/01/2023 9/01/2023 3/01/2023 3/01/2023 3/01/2023 6/02/2023 6/02/2023 8/02/2023 8/02/2023 8/02/2023 8/02/2023 8/02/2023 8/02/2023 8/02/2023 8/02/2023	Arun of 6  14/03/2023 14/03/2023 14/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023 18/03/2023
	11/01/202 13/01/202 15/01/202 21/01/202 23/01/202 25/01/202 25/01/202 25/01/202 25/01/202 25/01/202 25/02/202 16/02/202 16/02/202 22/03/202 22/03/202	14/03/2022 14/03/2022 18/03/2022 22/03/2022 22/03/2022 26/03/2022
	→ Total — Mean	—— Control Limits





	UNSCHEDULED CA	RE
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Clinically Optimised The number of patients waiting at each site in the Health Board that are clinically optimised	In March 2023, there were on average 291 patients who were deemed clinically optimised but were still occupying a bed in one of the Health Board's Hospitals.  In March 2023, Morriston Hospital had the largest proportion of clinically optimised patients with 110, closely followed by Singleton Hospital with 94.  Actions of Improvement; Continued work is underway to implement opportunities to reduce the number of Clinically Optimised Patients in the Hospital, recent implementing of the AMSR programme will also encourage a reduction in the figures.	The number of clinically optimised patients by site  160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0  Nov-22 Nov-22 Nov-23 Nep-23 War-23 War-23 Morriston Singleton NPTH Gorseinon
Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds The number of elective procedure cancelled across the hospital where the main cancellation reasons was lack of beds	In March 2023, there were 25 elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds on the day of surgery. This is 12 less cancellations than those seen in February 2023.  Of the cancelled procedures, all were attributed to Morriston Hospital in March 2023.	Total number of elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds  80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0  Mar-52 Ang-52

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRED			
Description	Current Performance	Trend		
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI) - E.coli bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases	<ul> <li>19 cases of <i>E. coli</i> bacteraemia were identified in March 2023, of which 9 were hospital acquired and 10 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently below the Welsh Government Profile target of 20 cases for March 2023.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement; Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired E.coli bacteraemia cases  40  30  20  10  O  Apr-22  Ang-22  Ang-22  Nov-22  Number E. Coli cases (SBU)  Trajectory		
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- S.aureus bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed S.aureus bacteraemias (MRSA & MSSA) cases	<ul> <li>There were 10 cases of Staph. aureus bacteraemia in March 2023, of which 5 were hospital acquired and 5 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 5 cases for March 2023.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;</li> <li>Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired S.aureus bacteraemia case  20  15  10  5  Cotros  Number of S.Aureus cases (SBU)  Number of S.Aureus cases (SBU)  Trajectory		

Description	HEALTHCARE ACQUIREI Current Performance	D INFECTIONS Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- C.difficile- Number of laboratory confirmed C.difficile cases	<ul> <li>There were 19 Clostridium difficile toxin positive cases in March 2023, of which 13 were hospital acquired and 6 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 7 cases for March 2023.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;</li> <li>Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired C.difficile cases  25  20  15  10  2 - 27  Aug-22  Nov-22  Nov-22  Nov-23  Reb-23  Mar-23  Mar-23
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Klebsiella sp- Number of laboratory confirmed Klebsiella sp cases	<ul> <li>There were 11 cases of Klebsiella sp in March 2023, of which 4 were hospital acquired and 7 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 5 cases for March 2023.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;</li> <li>Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates</li> </ul>	Number of C. diff cases (SBU) — Trajectory  Number of healthcare acquired Klebsiella cases  Number of healthcare acquired Klebsiella cases  Number of healthcare acquired Klebsiella cases  Number of Klebsiella cases (SBU) — Trajectory  Number of Klebsiella cases (SBU) — Trajectory

HEALTHCARE ACQUIRED INFECTIONS				
Description	Current Performance	ance Trend		
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Aeruginosa- Number of laboratory confirmed Aeruginosa cases	<ul> <li>There were 4 cases of <i>P.Aerginosa</i> in March 2023, both of which 2 were hospital acquired and 2 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 1 cumulative case for March 2023.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;         Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates     </li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired Pseudomonas cases  Mar-22  May-25  A  Mor-27  Number of Pseudomonas cases (SBU)  Number of Pseudomonas cases (SBU)  Trajectory		

	PLANNED C	ARE	
Description	Current Performance		Actions of Improvement
Referrals and shape of the waiting list  1. GP Referrals	March 2023 has seen an increase in referral figures comp 2023 (12,347). Referral rates have continued to rise slowl 2021, with 14,220 received in March 2023. Chart 4 shows current waiting list. Chart 3 shows the waiting list as at De reflects a typical monthly snapshot of the waiting list prior pandemic.	y since December s the shape of the cember 2019 as this	The number of referrals received has remained steady in recent months, and is now showing a consistent pattern of demand.
The number of	paridornio.	Trend	
Stage 1 additions per week	Number of GP referrals received by SBU Health     Board		umber of stage 1 additions per week
2. Stage 1 additions The number of new patients that have been added to the outpatient waiting list  3. Size of the waiting list Total number of patients on the waiting list by stage as at December 2019  4. Size of the waiting list Total number of patients on the waiting list Total number of patients on the waiting list by stage as at March 2023	17,500 15,000 12,500 10,000 7,500 5,000 2,500  0  27-Idy  ■ Routine □ Urgent  3. Total size of the waiting list and movement (December 2019)  3500 3500 3500 3500 3500 3500 3500 35	Addition  4. Total size of the	### #################################

	PLANNED (	CARE	
Description	Current Performance		Actions of Improvement
Outpatient waiting times  1. Number of patients waiting more than 26 weeks for an outpatient	The number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a first of a challenge. However, March 2023 saw an in-month redu of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appoin breaches decreased from 17,257 in February 2023 to 15, Orthopaedics has the largest proportion of patients waitin outpatient appointment, closely followed by Ophthalmolog shows that the number of attendances has remained stead	Administrative validation is currently taking place to further cleanse the waiting list position and reduce the number of patients on the waiting list inappropriately.  Service Group specific recovery trajectories have been developed to further support recovery	
appointment		Trend	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(stage 1)- Health	1. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- HB total		age 1 over 26 weeks- Hospital level
Board Total  2. Number of patients waiting more than 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment (stage 1)-Hospital Level	30,000 25,000 10,000 10,000 0 0ct-52 1 Jan-53 War-72 War-73 War-73 War-75 War-75 War-75 War-75 War-75 War-75 Way-75 War-75 Wa	22,500 0,000 17,500 15,000 15,000 10,000 7,500 2,500 War-22 Way-22	Jun-22 Jul-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Nov-22 Dec-22 HAdN Feb-23
3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment by specialty  4. Outpatient activity undertaken	Outhopsedics Outho	Mar-22 May-22 O May-22 N May-22 N May-22 N May-22 N May-23 N May-23 N May-24 N May-25 N M May-25 N M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	ient activity undertaken  Jul-22 Jul-22 Jul-22 Jul-22 Jul-22 Jul-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Mar-23 Mar-23  n

	PLANNED CAR	RE	
Description	Current Performance		Actions of Improvement
Patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment  1. Number of patients waiting more than 36 weeks	The number of patients waiting longer than 36 weeks from treatment has increased every month since the first wave o March 2020. In March 2023, there were 28,353 patients waveeks which is a 5.5% in-month reduction from February 2 the 28,353 were waiting over 52 weeks in March 2023. In March 2023, there were 6,015 patients waiting over 104 weeks for treatment a 10% reduction from February 2023.	of COVID19 in aiting over 36 023. 18,181 of March 2023,	Detailed demand and capacity work is ongoing to support the reduction of Stage 1 patients waiting for an outpatient appointment. Currently implementing planned care efficiency measures which include; over-booking clinics, improving treat in turn rates, increasing capacity, validation of pathways and internal administrative and clinical validation
for treatment and the number of elective		Trend	
patients admitted for	1. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- HB	2. Numbe	r of patients waiting over 52 weeks at Stage 1-
treatment- Health	total		HB total
Board Total	50,000	20	,000
	40,000	15	,000
2. Number of	30,000	10	,000
patients waiting	20,000		
more than 52 weeks	10,000	5	,000
for treatment at	0		
Stage 1	Feb-22 Mar-22 Apr-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 Oct-22 Oct-22 Jan-23 Feb-23		Mar-22 Apr-22 May-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 Oct-22 Oct-22 Jan-23 Mar-23
O Nivershau of	May Jur Sep Jur Nov Sep Jar Man		
3. Number of	>36 wks (SB UHB) — Trajectory		■Outpatients >52 wks (SB UHB)
elective admissions	Ministerial Target = 0 by 2026		Ministerial Target = 0 by June 2023
4. Number of			
patients waiting	3. Number of elective admissions	4. Nur	mber of patients waiting over 104 weeks- HB total
more than 104	6,000	1	5000
weeks for treatment	5,000	1	10000
	4,000 3,000		
	2,000		5000
	1,000 ————		0
	0		•
	Mar-22 Apr-22 May-22 Jul-22 Jul-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Jan-23 Mar-23		Mar-22 Apr-22 May-22 Jul-22 Jul-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Dec-22 Heb-23 Mar-23
	May Aug Sep Oc Oc Oc May		
	——Admitted elective patients		> 104 weeks — Trajectory
	r		Ministerial Target = 0 by 2024

	PLANNED CARI	E
Description	Curren	t Performance
Total waiting times Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment	Throughout 2019/20 the overall percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment ranged between 80% and 88%. Whereas, throughout the Covid19 pandemic in 2020/21 the percentage ranged between 41% and 72%.  In March 2023, 58.4% of patients were waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment, which is 1.5% more than those seen in February 2023.	Percentage of patient waiting less than 26 weeks  80% 60% 40% 20% 0%  Rep-72 Apr-72 Ap
Ophthalmology waiting times Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments	In March 2023, 59.4% of Ophthalmology R1 patients were waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% of the target date.  Actions of Improvement; A detailed Ophthalmology action plan is currently being executed which focusses on performance improvement schemes using insourcing and outsourcing resources, administrative validation and active recruitment to fill any current vacancies impacting capacity	Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments  100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0%  % of ophthalmology R1 appointments attended which were within their clinical target date or within 25% beyond their clinical target date.  — Target

	PLANNED CARE	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Diagnostics waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 8 weeks for specified diagnostics	In March 2023, there was a reduction in the number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for specified diagnostics. It increased from 6,116 in February 2023 to 6,514.  The following is a breakdown for the 8-week breaches by diagnostic test for March 2023:  • Endoscopy= 4,56 ^ • Cardiac tests= 392 • Other Diagnostics = 1,568 ^	Number of patients waiting longer than 8 weeks for Endoscopy  5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000
	Actions of Improvement; Endoscopy waits have increased slightly this month and the figures remain above the submitted trajectory. The Endoscopy team have implemented several actions to support future improvement, which include; administrative validation, along with an increase in endoscopist sessions which will increase weekly capacity	Endoscopy >8wks (SBU HB) — Trajectory  May-22 Apr-22  May-23  May-24  May-23  May-24  May-24  May-25  May-24  May-25  May-25
Therapy waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for specified therapies	In March 2023 there were 193 patients waiting over 14 weeks for specified Therapies.  The breakdown for breaches in March 2023 are:  Speech & Language Therapy= 148 ^  Dietetics = 44 ^  Physiotherapy = 1 ^  Actions of Improvement; The Service Group have already identified the previous declining position in Dietetics and SLT and have developed detailed recovery trajectories in both areas.	Number of patients waiting longer than 14 weeks for therapies  2,000  1,500  1,000  1,000  Occ Therapy/ LD (MH) Occ Therapy (exc. MH) Audiology Speech & Language

CANCER						
Description Current		Performance		Trend		
Single Cancer	February 2023 backlog by	February 2023 backlog by tumour site:		Number of patients with a wait status of more than 62 days		
Pathway backlog	Tumour Site	63 - 103 days	≥104 days	800		
The number of	Acute Leukaemia	0	0			
patients with an	Brain/CNS	1	0	600		
active wait status of	Breast	9	2			
more than 63 days	Children's cancer	0	0	400 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
more than ee daye	Gynaecological	80	44			
	Haematological	11	10			
	Head and neck	23	5	200		
	Lower Gastrointestinal	51	31			
	Lung	21	7	0		
	Other	2	7	Mar-22 Apr-22 May-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 Oct-22 Dec-22 Jan-23 Feb-23		
	Sarcoma	4	4	Mar-2; Apr-2; May-2; Jun-2; Aug-2; Sep-2; Oct-2; Dec-2; Feb-2; Mar-2;		
	Skin(c)	16	7			
	Upper Gastrointestinal	31	18			
	Urological	30	23	■63-103 days		
	Grand Total	279	158			
Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days	February 2023 saw a reduction in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction;  - Individual meetings have taken place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog  - Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable Endoscopy plan  - Targeted work is being undertaken to focus on reducing the number of patients waiting >104 days as a priority  - Increased USC activity in Radiology has improved access and reduced waiting times  - An updated backlog trajectory has been developed ready for the new financial year (2023/24)		ctions have be blace with tumous rk to support entaken with to a sustainable ken to focus at swaiting >1.  Radiology has be only has be	within 62 days from point of suspicion  SCP Performance  SCP Performance		

			CANCER													
Description	Current Performance				Trend											
USC First Outpatient Appointments	To date, early April 2023 figures show total wait volumes for first outpatient appointment have			The number of patients waiting for a first outpatient appointment (by total days waiting) – Early April 2023							3					
The number of	increased by 27% when comp			-	•		FIRST			02-A		09-Ap		•		
patients at first	week.		•				Acute	e Leukae	mia		0		0			
outpatient						L	Brain	/CNS			0		0			
appointment stage by	Of the total number of patient	,	_			- 1	Breas				10		0			
days waiting	outpatient appointment, 51%		•			- 1		ren's Car			1		0			
	which is lower than figures se	en in the	previous			- 1		ecologic			102		148			
	months' performance.					- 1		natologic			2		9			
							Lowe	and Ned	K		60 53		63 46			
						-	Lung	i Gi			10		46			
						- 1	Othe	r			171		296			
					ı	Sarco				0		0				
							Skin				80		45			
							Uppe	r Gl			30		37			
							Urolo	ogical			27		46			
										ļ	546	(	694			
Radiotherapy	Radiotherapy waiting times a	re challer	ging however				Ra	adioth	erapy	/ wai	ting	times	<b>S</b>			
waiting times	the provision of emergency ra	adiotherap	by within 1 and	120%												
	2 days has been maintained a	at 100%		100%					_							
The percentage of				80%									_			
patients receiving	Measure	Target	March-23		$\Rightarrow$						W		<b>/</b>			
radiotherapy	Scheduled (14 Day Target)	80%	32%	60%				_	~							
treatment	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	100%	81%	40%				_/		_/						
	Urgent SC (2 Day Target)	80%	30%	20%		$\sim$		~				<b>&gt;</b>				
	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	100%	84%	0%							-		61	~		~
	Emergency (within 1 day)	80%	91%		Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22 Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
	Emergency (within 2 days)	100%	100%		Š	Ą	Š	7 -	, A	Se	Ŏ	ž	ă	- E	Ā.	Š
	Elective Delay (7 Day Target)	80%	94%					14 Day Ta 2 Day Tar				duled (2 nt SC (7		_	:)	
	Elective Delay (14 Day Target)	100%	100%			-		within 1			_	rgency (			5)	
					_	<b>−</b> Electi	ive Del	ay (7 Day	Target	) <del></del>	<b>−</b> Elect	ive Dela	ay (14	Day Ta	rget)	

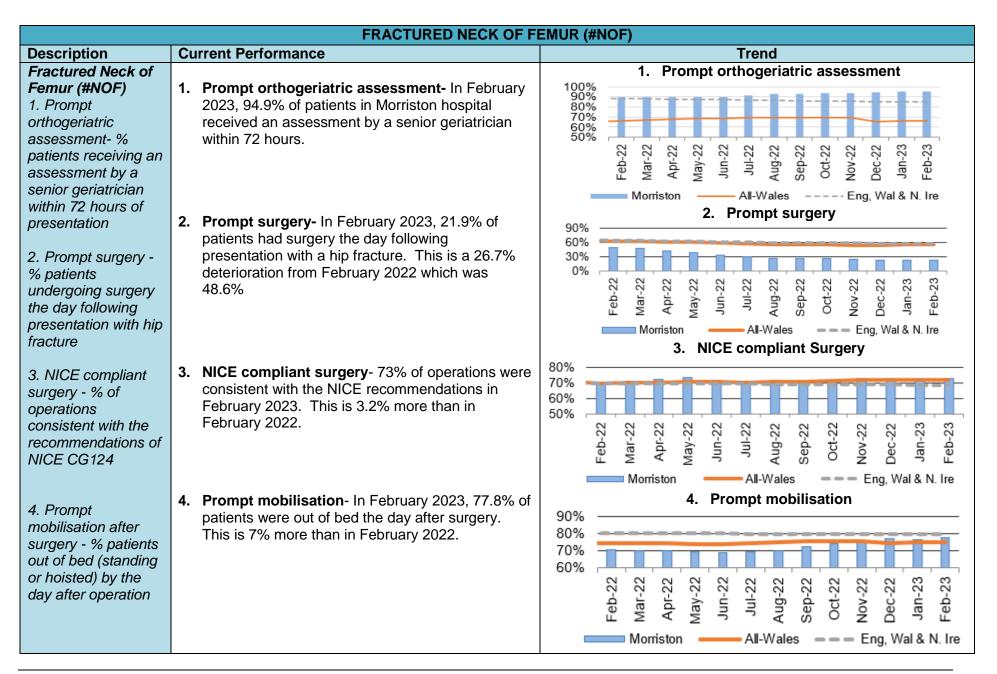
	FOLLOW-UP APPOIN	ITMENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Follow-up appointments  1. The total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list  2. The number of patients waiting 100% over target for a follow-up appointment	In February 2023, the overall size of the follow-up waiting list increased by 1,438 patients compared with January 2023 (from 146,632 to 148,070).  In February 2023, there was a total of 69,333 patients waiting for a follow-up past their target date. This is a slight in-month increase of 3.3% (from 67,125 in January 2023 to 69,333).  Of the 69,333 delayed follow-ups in February 2023, 12,381 had appointment dates and 56,952 were still waiting for an appointment.	1. Total number of patients waiting for a follow-up 150,000 125,000 100,000 75,000 50,000 20,
	In addition, 40,146 patients were waiting 100%+ over target date in February 2023. This is a 2.8% increase when compared with January 2023.  Actions of Improvement; An internal SBUHB validation is in place to support validation work. Alongside this, Welsh Government has facilitated a pan-Wales contract with HBSUK to undertake more in-depth validation which focuses on direct contact with patients and a more "clinical-triage" approach. This work has begun and is focussing on services with the longest waits  *Final data not available at the time of publishing*	Number of patients waiting for follow-up (SBU HB)  2. Delayed follow-ups: Number of patients waiting 100% over target  45,000  15,000
		Mar-22 Sep-22 Sep-23 Sep-23 Jul-22 Jul-23 Mar-23 Jul-23 Ju

	STROKE	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Stroke Measures  1. % of patients who have a direct admission to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours	In March 2023, 12% of patients had a direct admission to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours. This is an improvement on the performance in February 2023 (11%).	1. % of patients who have a direct admission to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours  60%  40%  20%
2. % of patients who received a CT Scan within 1 hour	2. In March 2023, 45% of patients received a CT scan within 1 hour of being admitted, this is 3% lower than February 2023	### A hour admissions (Morr)  2. % of patients who received a CT Scan within 1 hour  80%  40%
3. % of patients who are assessed by a stroke specialist consultant physician within 24 hours	3. 98% of patients were assessed by a stroke specialist consultant physician within 24 hours in March 2023, which is a slight improvement of 1.3% from February 2023.	20%  0%  Matril
4. % of thrombolysed stroke patients with a door to door needle time of less than or equal to 45 minutes	<ul> <li>4. In March 2023, 10% of patients were thrombolysed in a time of less than or equal to 45 minutes.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;         The lack of ring fenced beds on all wards across the hospital sites is challenging as bed capacity is limited by the pressures of unscheduled care demand. The lack of dedicated stroke beds is directly impacting the stroke related performance measures. Work is underway to focus on future stroke performance improvement.     </li> </ul>	100%  100%

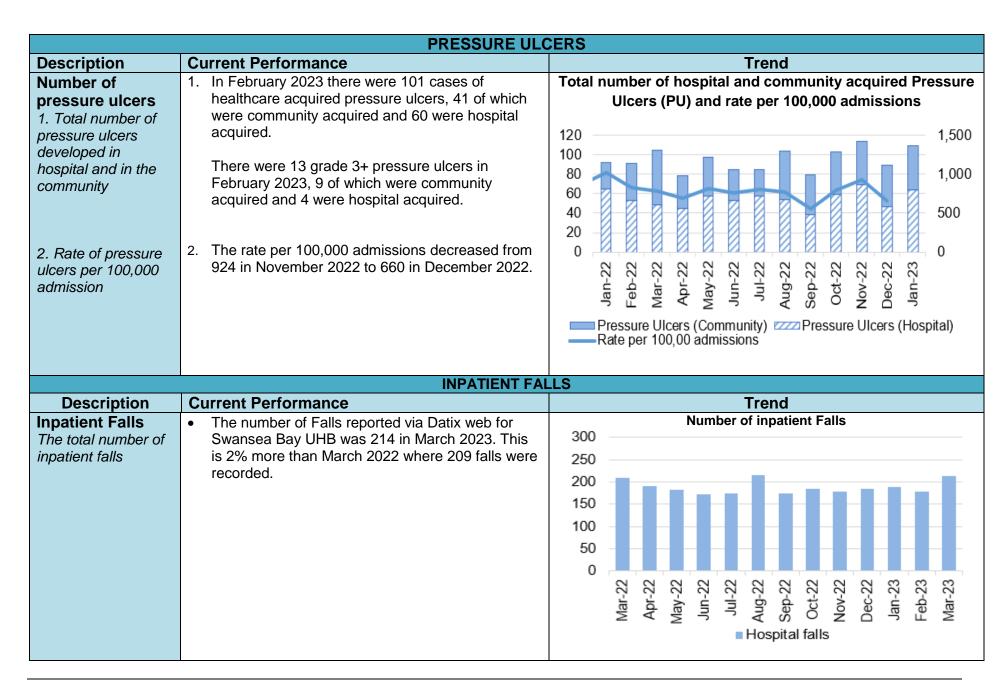
	ADULT MENTAL H	IEALTH
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Adult Mental Health Measures: 1. % of MH assessments undertaken within 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (18 years and over)	In February 2023, 95% of assessments were undertaken within 28 days of referral for patients 18 years and over.	1. % Mental Health assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral  100% 75% 50% 25% 0%  27- 27- 27- 27- 27- 27- 27- 27- 27- 27-
2. % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (18 years and over)	2. In February 2023, the percentage of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by the Local Primary Mental Health Support Service (LPMHSS) was 100%.	2. % Mental Health therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following LPMHSS assessment  100% 75% 50% 25% 0%  27-day War Ar
3. % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services who have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP) (18 years and over)	3. 89% of residents in receipt of secondary care mental health services had a valid Care and Treatment Plan in February 2023.	3. % residents with a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)  100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 2
4. % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	4. In February 2023, 88.1% of patients waited less than 26 weeks for psychological therapy. This was below the national target of 95%.	% patients with valid CTP (>18 yrs) — Profile  4. % waiting less than 26 weeks for Psychology Therapy  100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-2

	CHILD & ADOLESCENT MENTA	L HEALTH (CAMHS)
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crisis - % Urgent     Assessment by     CAMHS undertaken     within 48 Hours from     receipt of referral	In February 2023, 100% of CAMHS patients received an assessment within 48 hours.	1. Crisis- assessment within 48 hours  100% 90% 80% 70%
2. Primary CAMHS (P-CAMHS) - % Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	2. 64% of routine assessments were undertaken within 28 days from referral in February 2023 against a target of 80%.	W urgent assessments within 48 hours  Wor-52 30 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
3. Primary CAMHS (P-CAMHS) - % Therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	3. 26% of therapeutic interventions were started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS in February 2023.	100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-27-2
4. NDD - % Neurodevelopmental Disorder patients receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	4. 29% of NDD patients received a diagnostic assessment within 26 weeks in February 2023 against a target of 80%.	Target  4. NDD- assessment within 26 weeks  100% 75% 20ct-22 Nov-22 Nov-22 Seb-23 Pec-23 Pec-
5. Specialist CAMHS (S-CAMHS) - % Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	5. 82% of routine assessments by SCAMHS were undertaken within 28 days in February 2023.	**NDD within 26 weeks — Target  5. S-CAMHS % assessments within 28 days  **Target**  5. S-CAMHS % assessments within 28 days  **Target**

# 4. NHS DELIVERY FRAMEWORK MEASURES & MINISTERIAL PRIORITY TRAJECTORIES



	FRACTURED NECK OF F	EMUR (#NOF)
Description	Current Performance	Trend
5. Not delirious when tested- % patients (<4 on 4AT test) when tested in the week after operation	5. Not delirious when tested- 74.8% of patients were not delirious in the week after their operation in February 2023.	5. Not delirious when tested  80%  60%  40%  20%  All-Wales  September 23 All-Wales  Fig. 3.2 All-Wales  F
6. Return to original residence- % patients discharged back to original residence, or in that residence at 120 day follow-up	in February 2023 were discharged back to their original residence. This is 1.5% less than in January 2023.	6. Return to original residence  Mai-22 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 2
7. 30 day mortality rate	<ul> <li>7. 30 day mortality rate- In January 2021 the morality rate for Morriston Hospital was 7.5% which is 0.5% less than January 2020. The mortality rate in Morriston Hospital in January 2021 is higher than the all-Wales average of 6.9% but lower than the national average of 7.6%.</li> <li>* Updated data is currently not available, but is being reviewed.</li> </ul>	7. 30 day mortality rate  9% 8% 7% 6% 5%  Morriston  7. 30 day mortality rate  7. 30 day mortality rate  9% 8% 7% 6% 5%  All-Wales  Eng, Wal & N. Ire

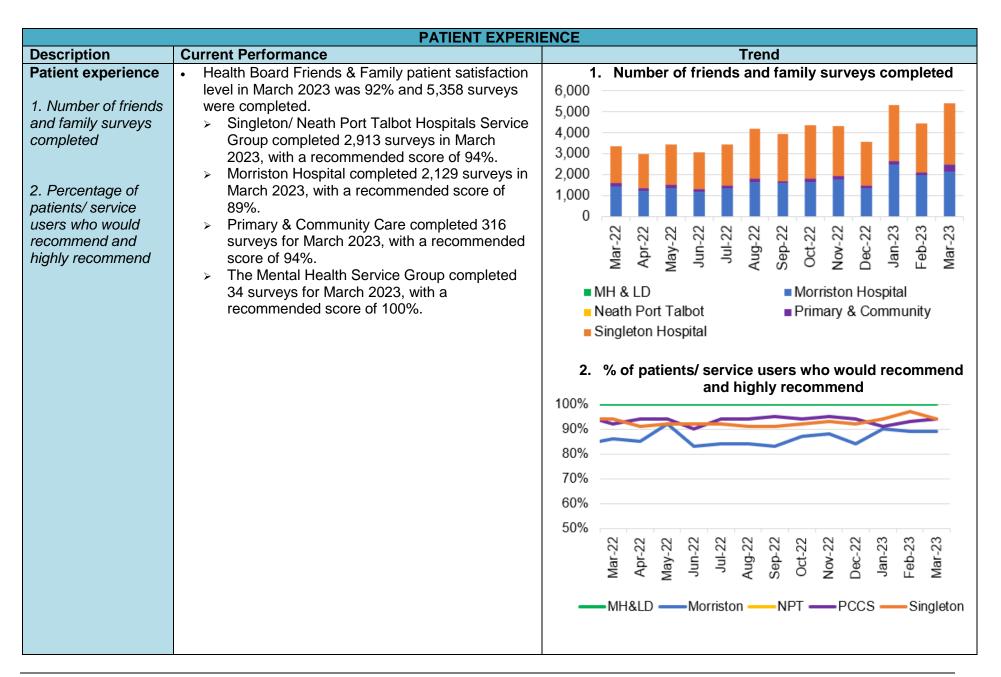


	NATIONALLY REPORTAB	LE INCIDENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Nationally Reportable Incidents (NRI's)-  1. The number of Nationally reportable incidents	<ol> <li>The Health Board reported 9 Nationally Reportable Incidents for the month of March 2023 to Welsh Government. The Service Group breakdown is as follows;</li> <li>Morriston – 6</li> <li>MH&amp;LD – 1</li> <li>Singleton – 1</li> <li>Primary Care - 1</li> </ol>	1. and 2. Number of nationally reportable incidents and never events  30 25 20 15 10 5
2. The number of Never Events	There were no new Never Events reported in March 2023.	Mar-22 Value of Nationally Reports  Nov-22 Value of Nationally Reports  Nationally Reports  Nationally Reports
3. Of the nationally reportable incidents due for assurance, the percentage which were assured within the agreed timescales	3. In March 2023, performance against the 80% target of submitting closure forms to WG within agreed timescales was 83%. There were 6 NRI's due for closure in March 2023, five of which were closed within the required target date.	3. % of nationally reportable incidents closed within the agreed timescales  100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 10% 0% NRI's assured  War-22 Very Mar-23 Very Coct-25 Very Mar-27 Very M

	DISCHARGE SUM	MARIES
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Discharge Summaries Percentage of discharge summaries approved and sent to patients' doctor following discharge	The latest data shows that in March 2023, the percentage of completed discharge summaries was 62%.  In March 2023, compliance ranged from 43% in Singleton Hospital to 71% in Morriston Hospital.	## War-23    War-23
	CRUDE MORTA	LITY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crude Mortality Rate	February 2023 reports the crude mortality rate for the Health Board at 0.73%, which is the same figure reported January 2023.  A breakdown by Hospital for February 2023:  Morriston – 1.31% Singleton – 0.44% NPT – 0.11%	Crude hospital mortality rate by Hospital (74 years of age or less)  2.5%  2.0%  1.5%  1.0%  0.5%  Oct-72  Value County Apr-72  And County Cou

		W	ORKFOR	RCE
Description	<b>Current Performance</b>			Trend
Staff sickness rates- Percentage of sickness absence rate of staff	<ul> <li>Our in-month sickness per 7.46% in January 2023 to 2023.</li> <li>The 12-month rolling perfor slightly from 7.89% in January 2023.</li> <li>The following table provide reasons by full time equivare February 2023.</li> </ul>	6.69% in Feb ormance impro uary 2023 to 7 es the top 5 a	oved 7.78% in bsence	absence (12 month rolling and in-month)  11% 10% 9% 8% 7% 6% 5% 4% 3%
	Absence Reason	FTE Days Lost	%	2% — 1% — 0% —
	Anxiety/ stress/ depression/ other psychiatric illnesses	6620.61	29.2%	% Sickness rate (12 month rolling) → % sickness rate (in-month)
	Other musculoskeletal problems	1968.94	8.7%	Trajectory (12 month rolling)
	Other known causes – not elsewhere classified	1882.87	8.3%	
	Infectious diseases	1597.82	7.1%	
	Gastrointestinal problems	1527.57	6.7%	

	THEATRE EFFICI	ENCY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Theatre Efficiency 1. Theatre Utilisation Rates	In March 2023 the Theatre Utilisation rate was 71%. This is an in-month improvement of 1% and are similar to the rates seen in March 2022 (72%).	1. Theatre Utilisation Rates  100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0%
2. % of theatre sessions starting late	33% of theatre sessions started late in March 2023. This is a 6% improvement on performance seen in February 2023 (39%).	Theatre Utilisation Rate (SBU HB)  2. And 3. % theatre sessions starting late/finishing  80%
3. % of theatre sessions finishing early	In March 2023, 49% of theatre sessions finished early. This is 4% higher than figures seen in February 2023 and 4% higher than those seen in March 2022	60% 40% 20%
4. % of theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (<28 days)	8% of theatre sessions were cancelled at short notice in March 2023. This is 4% lower than the figure reported in February 2023 and is 1% higher than figures seen in March 2022.	4. % theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (<28 days)    100%
5. % of operations cancelled on the day	Of the operations cancelled in March 2023, 37% of them were cancelled on the day. This is the same 3% higher than figures reported in February 2023.	40% 20% 0%  The state of the st
		Mar-22 Ang-22 Ang-23 An



	COMPLAINT	'S
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Patient concerns  1. Number of formal complaints received	In January 2023, the Health Board received 127 formal complaints; this is a 2% increase on the number seen in December 2022.  Since the COVID19 outbreak began in March 2020, the monthly number of complaints received has been significantly low. The numbers have gradually increased each month and numbers are now consistent with those seen pre-Covid.	1. Number of formal complaints received  80  60  40  20  Aug-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Nov-22 Dec-22 Jan-23  ■MH & LD ■Morriston Hospital ■PCCS ■Singleton Hospital
2. Percentage of concerns that have received a final reply or an interim reply up to and including 30 working days from the date the concern was first received by the organisation	2. The overall Health Board rate for responding to concerns within 30 working days was 78% in January 2023, against the Welsh Government target of 75% and Health Board target of 80%.  Below is a breakdown of performance against the 30-day response target:    30 day response rate	2. Response rate for concerns within 30 days  90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% Health Board Total  2. Response rate for concerns within 30 days  PCCS Singleton Hospital  PCCS Singleton Hospital  Augustian  PCCS Singleton Hospital  PCCS Singleton Hospital  Augustian  PCCS Singleton Hospital  Health Board Total  HB Profile

### FINANCE UPDATES

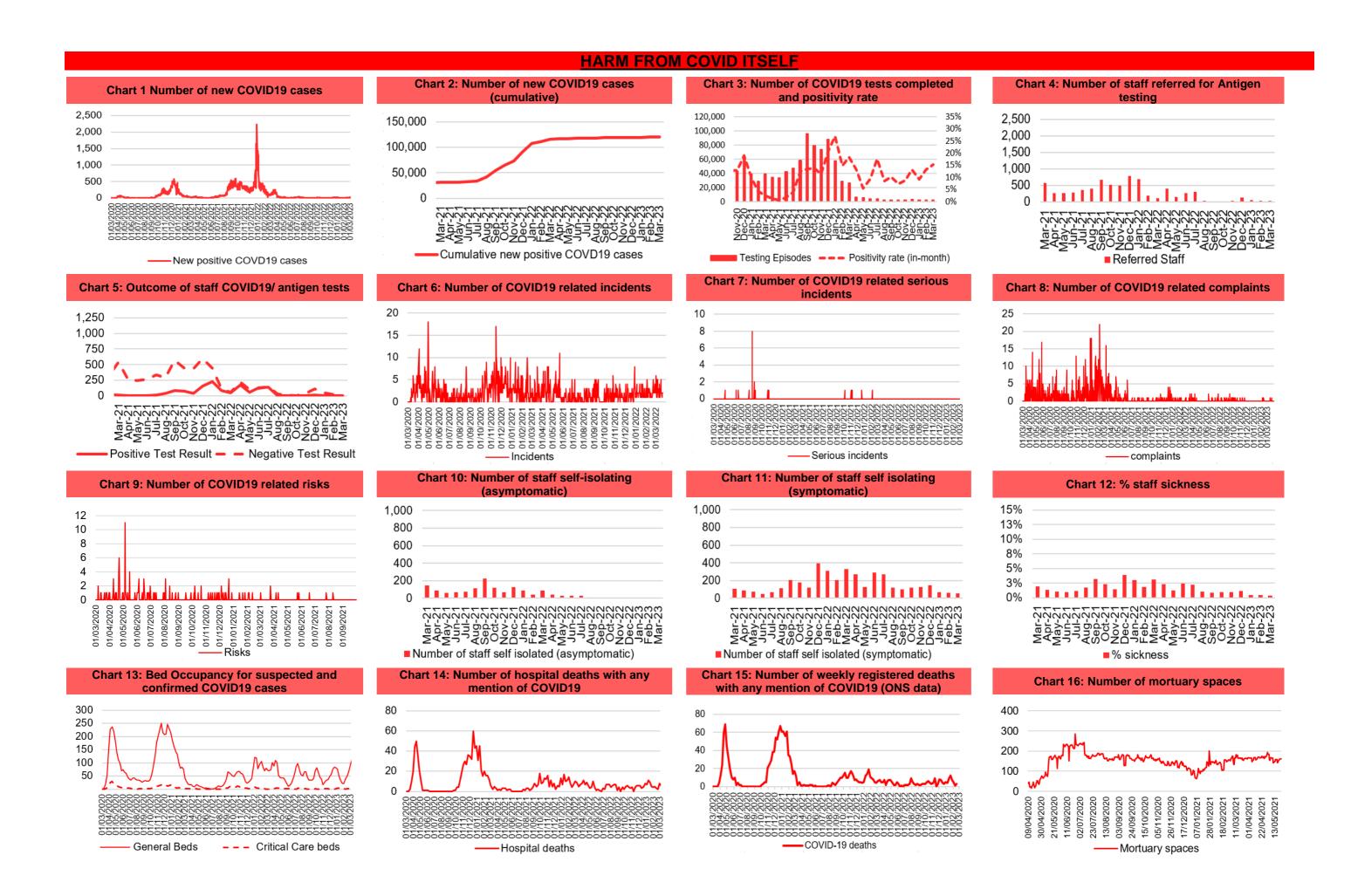
This section of the report provides further detail on key workforce measures.

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Revenue Financial Position – expenditure incurred against revenue resource limit	<ul> <li>The Health Board now has a balanced annual plan with a forecast breakeven position for 2022/23, following receipt of the previously detailed £24.4m deficit. This comprised of the following assumptions:</li> <li>Underlying Deficit b/f of £42.1m</li> <li>Increased WG Funding 22/23 of £22.1m</li> <li>Savings Requirement of £27m</li> <li>Recognised growth &amp; investment of £31.4m</li> <li>Covid transition funding and extraordinary pressures (utilities, real living wage &amp; National insurance) will be fully funded by WG.</li> <li>The Health Board will finish the financial year approximately £400k underspent (please note the ledger has not closed at the point of writing this report and the figure will be also subject to audit scrutiny).</li> </ul>	HEALTH BOARD FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2022/23  1,500  2,500  1,500  2,247 2,387 2,573  500  661 692 512 404 201  -2,09  -1,735  -2,757  -2,500  -4,500  Health Board Position  Forecast Position  Target Overspend

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Capital Financial Position – expenditure incurred against capital resource limit	The outturn capital position for 2022/23 is a small closing underspend of £0.039m.	Capital - Cumulative Performance to Plan  40,000 35,000 30,000 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000  April Mart June Jun Auß Gert Oct Mod Der Jan Ger Marth  Forecast Actual/Revised Forecast
PSPP – pay 95% of Non-NHS invoices within 30 days of receipt of goods or valid invoice	<ul> <li>The cumulative PSPP compliance has decreased slightly this month and is now just below target at 94.69%, meaning we didn't hit our target of 95% for the year. In March the compliance decreased and now stands below target at 93.90% (Feb – 95.95%).</li> <li>There remains issues with delays in receipting and nurse bank.</li> </ul>	Percentage of non-NHS invoices paid within 30 days of receipt of goods or valid invoice  PSPP Target  98.00% 97.00% 96.00% 95.00% 91.00% 90.00% 90.00% 89.00%  M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10 M11 M12  PSPP In Month PSPP Cumulative PSPP Target

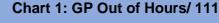
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Agency spend as a of the total pay bill	The agency spend as a percentage of the total pay bill is slightly above the outlined ministerial priority trajectory with 5.2% of the total pay bill being attributed to agency spend in March 2023.  The agency spend as a percentage of the total pay bill is slightly above the outlined ministerial priority trajectory with 5.2% of the total pay bill being attributed to agency spend in March 2023.	Agency spend as a percentage of the total pay bill  8.0%  7.0%  6.0%  5.0%  4.0%  1.0%  1.0%  Actual  Trajectory

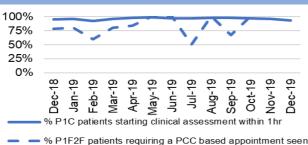
## **5. TABLE OF ALL MEASURES**



#### HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM

#### **Unscheduled Care- Overview**





Service continues to experience issues with data reporting. It is anticipated that up to date accurate data will be available

shortly.

Chart 5: A&E Attendances

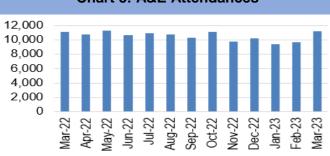
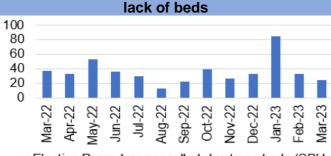


Chart 9: Elective procedures cancelled due to

■ Total A&E Attendances (SBU HB)



Elective Procedure cancelled due to no beds (SBU HB)

Chart 13; % of thrombolysed stroke patients with a door to door needle time of less than or equal to 45 minutes

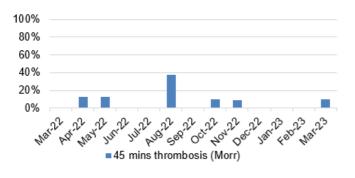


Chart 2: % red calls responded to within 8 minutes

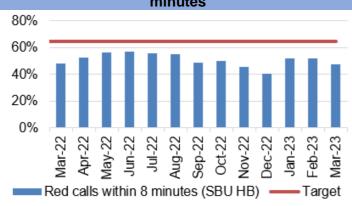


Chart 6: % patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E



Chart 10: Number of clinically optimised patients



Chart 14: Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit within 4 hours

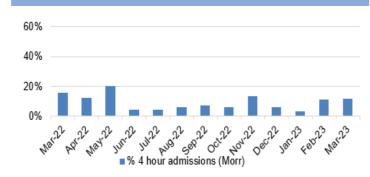


Chart 3: Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour



Chart 7: Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E

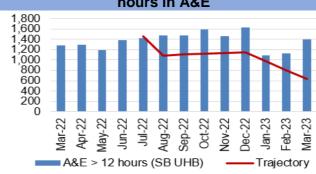


Chart 11: Delay reason for clinically optimised patients



Chart 15: % of stroke patients receiving CT scan with 1 hour

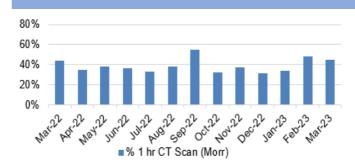
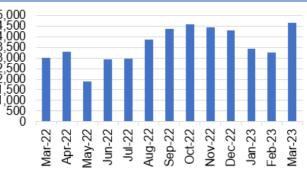


Chart 4: Lost hours- notification to ambulance handover over 15 minutes



■ Lost Handover Hours > 15 minutes (SBU HB)

**Chart 8: Number of emergency admissions** 

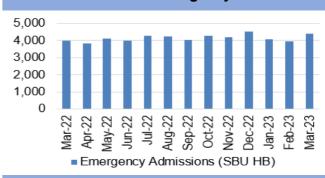


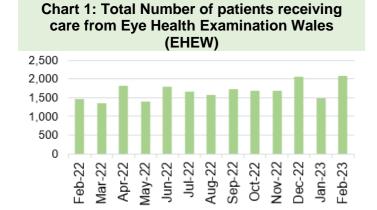
Chart 12: Average lost bed days (per day)



Chart 16: % stroke patients receiving consultant assessment within 24 hours



# HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY Primary and Community Care Overview





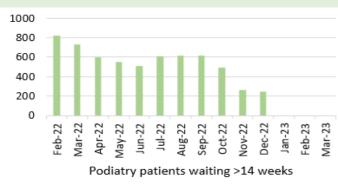
■ Total number of patients receiving care from EHEW



Chart 9: Optometry Activity - low vision care



Chart 13: Podiatry - Total number of patients waiting > 14 weeks



**Chart 2: GMS - Escalation Levels** 



Chart 6: General Dental Services - New



Chart 10: Community Pharmacy – Escalation levels



Chart 14: Dietetics - Total number of patients waiting > 14 weeks



Chart 3: GMS - Sustainability



Chart 7: General Dental Services - ACORNS/FV

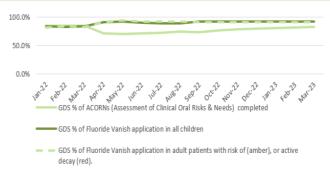


Chart 11: Common Ailment Scheme – No. consultations provided



Chart 15: Audiology- Total number of patients waiting > 14 weeks

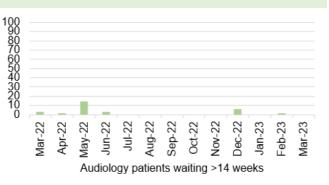


Chart 4: Number and percentage of adult dental patients re-attending NHS Primary Dental Care between 6-9 months



**Chart 8: Optometry Activity – sight tests** 

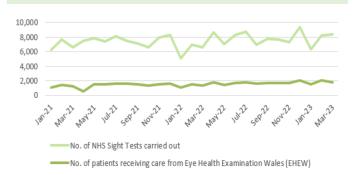
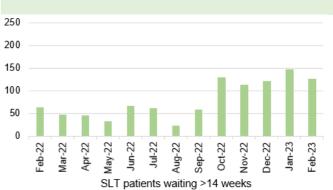


Chart 12: % of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less for Restorative Dentistry

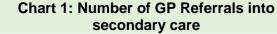


% of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less

Chart 16: Speech & Language Therapy– Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks



## Harm from reduction in non-Covid activity Planned Care Overview



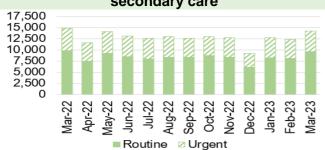


Chart 5: Number of patients waiting for reportable diagnostics over 8 weeks

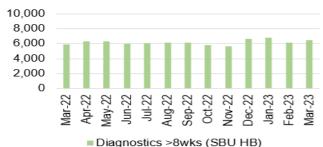


Chart 9: Single Cancer Pathway- % of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion



■ % of patients started treatment within 62 days (unadjusted)

Chart 13: Number of patients without a documented clinical review date

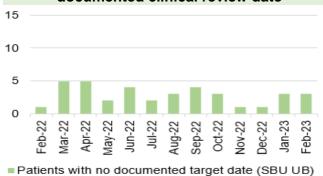


Chart 2: Number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment



Chart 6: Number of patients waiting for reportable Cardiac diagnostics over 8 weeks

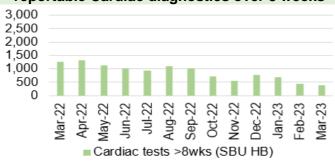


Chart 10: Number of new cancer patients starting definitive treatment

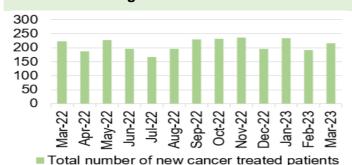


Chart 14: Ophthalmology patients without an allocated health risk factor

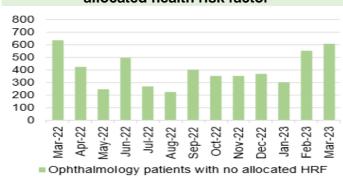


Chart 3: Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment



Chart 7: Number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for Therapies



Chart 11: Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days

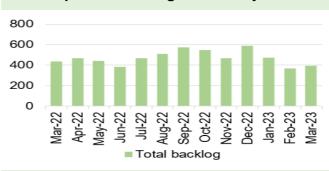
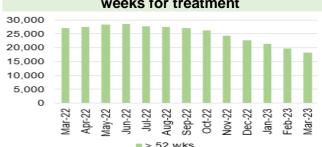


Chart 15: Total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list



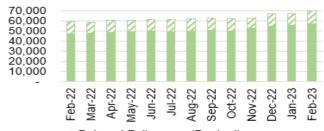
Chart 4: Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks for treatment



**Chart 8: Cancer referrals** 



Chart 12: Number of patients waiting for an outpatient follow-up who are delayed past their target date



☑ Delayed Follow-ups (Booked)
■ Delayed Follow-ups (Not Booked)

## Chart 16: Number of patients delayed by over 100%



Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)
 Trajectory

#### HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

#### **Vaccinations and Immunisations**

#### Chart 1: % children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine and MenB2 vaccine by age 1

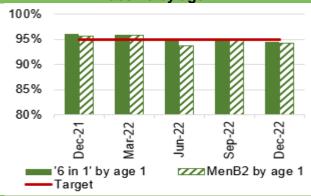
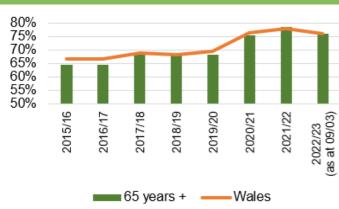


Chart 5: % children who are up to date in schedule by age 4



Chart 9: Influenza uptake for amongst 65 year olds and over



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board

Chart 2: % children who received PCV2 vaccine and Rotavirus vaccine by age 1

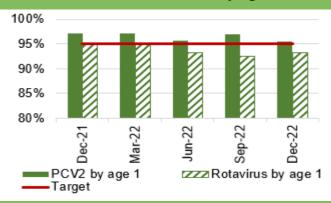
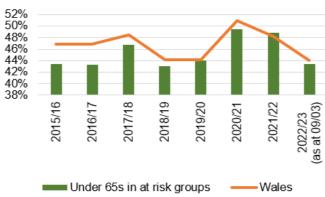


Chart 6: % children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine and 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5



Chart 10: Influenza uptake for amongst under 65s in risk groups



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board

Chart 3: % children who received MMR1 vaccine and PCVf3 vaccine by age 2

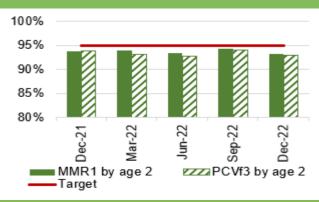


Chart 7: % children who received MMR vaccine and teenage booster by age 16

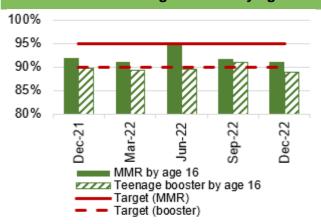
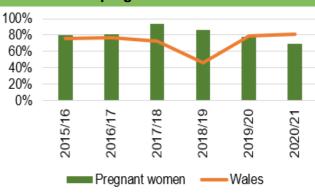


Chart 11: Influenza uptake for amongst pregnant women



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2021/22 data not available

Chart 4: % children who received MenB4 vaccine and Hib/MenC vaccine by age 2



Chart 8: % children who received MenACWY vaccine by age 16

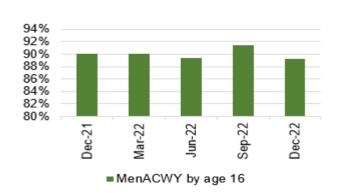
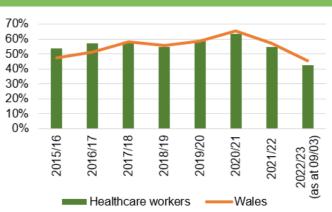


Chart 12: Influenza uptake for amongst healthcare workers



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board.

#### HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

#### **Mental Health Overview**

Chart 1: % of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral

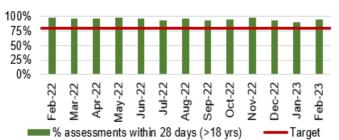
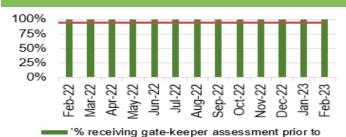
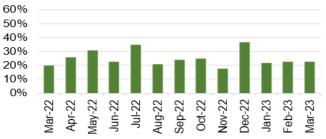


Chart 5: 95% of those admitted 0900-2100 will receive a gate-keeping assessment by the **CRHTS** prior to admission



admission Chart 9: Number of patients detained under the

Mental Health Act as a percentage of all admissions



■ Patients detained under the MHA as a % of all admissions

Chart 2: % of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS

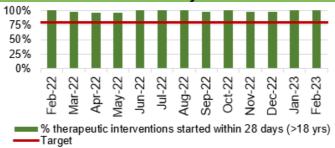
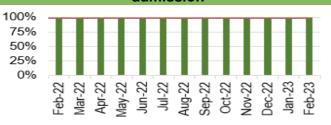


Chart 6: 100% of those admitted without a gate keeping assessment will receive a follow up assessment by CRHTS within 24hrs of admission



'% of those admitted without a gate keeping assessment will receive a follow up assessment.

#### Chart 10: Number of patients subject to **Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DOLS)**

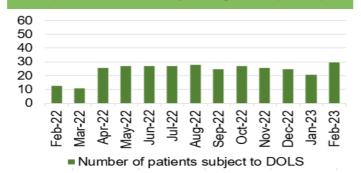


Chart 3: % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan

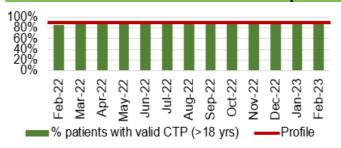


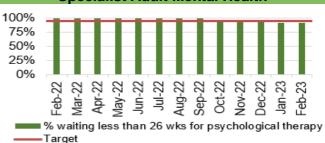
Chart 7: % of patients waiting under 14 weeks for Therapies



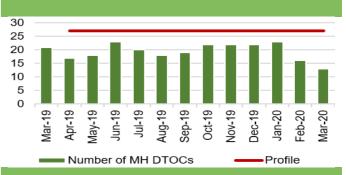
**Chart 11: Number of Nationally Reportable** Incidents



Chart 4: % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in **Specialist Adult Mental Health** 



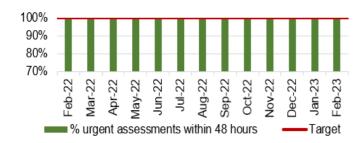
**Chart 8: Number of Mental Health Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOCs)** 



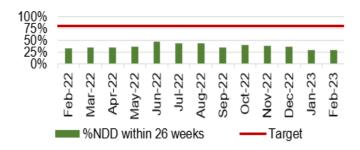
**Chart 12: Number of ligature incidents** 



Chart 13: Urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral



Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) Chart 14:Neuro-developmental disorder assessment and intervention received within



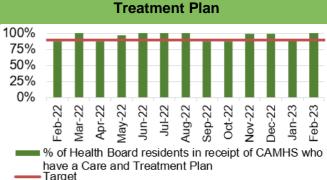
26 weeks

**Chart 15: Assessment and intervention within** 

28 days

100% 75% 50% 25% May-22 Jun-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Jul-22 Oct-22 Nov-22 -22 % of assess in 28 days % interventions in 28 days Target

Chart 16: % of residents with a Care and



#### **APPENDIX 1: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD**

			Uarm fra	m Could itself																			
		National or		m Covid itself				Welsh				_											
Sub Domain	Measure	Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile		Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Маг-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
w	Number of new COVID19 cases	Local	Mar-23	378		Reduce					4,749	835	286	372	600	217	218	171	171	395	230	249	378
Ě	Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing	Local	Mar-23	18,230		Reduce					16,756	17,158	17,315	17,579	17,878	17,916	17,926	17,934	17,981	18,108	18,157	18,187	18,230
neast	Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test	Local	Mar-23	0		Reduce					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u> </u>	Number of COVID19 related incidents	Local	Mar-23	57		Reduce				~~~	57	83	39	52	91	46	84	61	51	61	34	33	57
<u>ğ</u>	Number of COVID19 related serious incidents	Local	Mar-23	0		Reduce					0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Number of COVID19 related complaints	Local	Mar-23	2		Reduce				\ \	10	6	0	4	5	6	11	3	3	0	0	2	2
1 2	Number of COVID19 related risks	Local	Oct-21	0		Reduce																	
5	Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)	Local	Mar-23	0		Reduce					87	42	29	28	26	8	5	1	0	0	0	1	0
8	Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)	Local	Mar-23	57		Reduce				}	326	270	125	287	272	121	100	121	124	144	70	63	57
	% sickness	Local	Mar-23	0.4%		Reduce				$\sim$	3.1%	2.3%	1.2%	2.4%	2.2%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%	0.9%	1.1%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%
		Harm from o	verwhelme	d NHS and socia	l care syste	m																	
Sub		National or	Report	Current	National	Annual Plan/	Profile	Welsh	SBU's all-	Performance		i											
Domain	Measure	Local Target	Period	Performance	Target	Local Profile	Status	Average/ Total	Wales rank	Trend	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	National	Mar-23	48%	65%	65%	×	39.5% (Dec-22)	3rd (Dec-22)	$\sim$	48%	53%	56%	57%	56%	55%	49%	50%	46%	41%	52%	52%	48%
Care	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	Mar-23	729	0			6,798 (Dec-22)	1st (Dec-22)		687	671	538	578	659	705	732	739	744	614	561	594	729
, p	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	Mar-23	4659				(000-22)	(000-22)		3,023	3,286	1,892	2,920	2,976	3,870	4,378	4,599	4,456	4,289	3,440	3,245	4,659
풀	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major	Lucai	mai-23	4033						<u> </u>	3,023	3,200	1,032	2,520	2,310	3,070	4,370	4,000	4,430	4,203	3,440	3,243	4,000
nsched	and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Mar-23	0%	95%			63.1% (Dec-22)	4th (Dec-22)	$\sim$	71%	73%	74%	72%	69%	70%	73%	71%	70%	65%	74%	76%	74%
5	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Mar-23	0	0			12,099 (Dec-22)	4th (Dec-22)	~~~\	1,282	1,294	1,195	1,388	1,429	1,474	1,470	1,584	1,456	1,632	1,089	1,125	1,395
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	National	Feb-22	81.4%	12 month ↑																		
NOF	% of patients (age 60 years and over) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours	National	Sep-22	93.0%	12 month ↑			70% (Oct-22)	1st (0ct-22)		89.0%	89.0%	90.0%	89.0%	91.0%	93.0%	93.0%						
	Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit (<4 hrs)	Local	Mar-23	11%	54.0%						16.0%	12.1%	20.0%	4.5%	4.2%	6.0%	7.5%	6.2%	13.7%	5.9%	3.4%	11.1%	11.9%
	CT Scan (<1 hrs) (local	Local	Mar-23	45%							44.0%	34.5%	38.1%	36.4%	33.3%	38.0%	55.0%	32.3%	37.3%	31.4%	33.9%	48.1%	45.2%
Ş, e	Assessed by a Stroke Specialist Consultant Physician (< 24 hrs)	Local	Mar-23	98%						$\nabla$	100.0%	100.0%	90.5%	97.7%	97.9%	98.0%	92.5%	92.3%	92.2%	94.1%	96.6%	96.3%	97.6%
র্ট	Thrombolysis door to needle <= 45 mins	Local	Mar-23	10%						~~~	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%	10.0%	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
	% stroke patients who receive mechanical thrombectomy	National	Mar-23	7%	10%			2.1% (Nov-22)	4th (Nov-22)	$\neg \land \bot \land$	1.7%	1.8%	0.0%	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%
	% compliance against the therapy target of an average of 16.1 minutes if speech and language therapist input per stroke patient	National	Mar-23	64%	12 month ↑			50.7% (Nov-22)	4th (Nov-22)	2	44.3%	40.9%	34.8%	29.5%	29.1%	30.7%	35.2%	38.7%	37.9%	34.1%	43.9%	48.0%	64.3%
DTOO	Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	13	12 month ↓	27	<b>√</b>				D	TOC reporting	ng temporaril	y suspended	j								
DTOCs	Number of non-mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	60	12 month ↓	50	×						ng temporaril										
and and	Of the nationally reportable incidents due for assurance, the % which were assured within the	National	Mar-23	83.0%	90%	80%				\ \ \^	33%	25%	100%	33%	_	0%	-	75%	73%	85%	67%	67%	83%
സനാധി	agreed timescales									\													
lation sports idents risks	Number of new Never Events	Local		0		0	</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td>				0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
2 % 2	Number of risks with a score greater than 20	Local	Mar-23	148		12 month ↓	×				140	140	134	132	128	131	133	134	136	137	141	143	148
	Number of risks with a score greater than 16	Local		307		12 month <b>↓</b>	×				271	276	266	264	259	269	270	268	278	280	290	295	307

		Harm from o	verwhelme	d NHS and socia	al care svete	m						•											
Sub	Measure	National or Local	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile		Welsh Average/	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Маг-22	i I Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
Domain	Cumulative cases of E.coli bacteraemias per 100k pop	Target	Mar-23	67.5	<67	Local Profile	×	Total 67.80	3rd	A	73.7	96.5	79.6	70.8	68.9	74.5	70.4	69.4	70.0	69.6	68.7	67.9	67.5
-	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Hospital)			9			**	(Dec-22)	(Dec-22)	~~~	4	13	8	5	3	11	7	12	11	8	8	9	9
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Community)		Mar-23	10						~~	17	18	13	12	18	21	8	10	12	14	12	8	10
	Total number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases			19						~~~	21	31	21	17	21	32	15	22	23	22	20	17	19
	Cumulative cases of S.aureus bacteraemias per 100k pop		Mar-23	38.6	<20		×	27.76 (Dec-22)	6th (Dec-22)	$\wedge$	35.6	43.6	50.5	41.0	39.8	38.4	39.3	41.0	39.0	39.4	38.4	38.6	38.6
	Number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases (Hospital)			5						~~	7	6	9	7	6	6	8	13	3	10	8	9	5
	Number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases		Mar-23	5						<u></u>	4	7	9	2	6	6	6	4	5	3	2	2	5
	Total number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases			10				20.00	FIL	^~~	11	13	18	9	12	12	14	17	8	13	10	11	10
<u> </u>	Cumulative cases of C.difficile per 100k pop		Mar-23	51.4	<25		×	36.68 (Dec-22)	5th (Dec-22)		50.1	40.5	36.7	41.0	42.9	47.6	46.9	48.9	50.9	49.6	51.3	50.6	51.4
Ö	Number of C.difficile cases (Hospital)	National	W 00	13 6						~	12	11	7	7	10	16	11	15	10	8	15	10	13
E .	Number of C.difficile cases (Community) Total number of C.difficile cases		Mar-23	19						<del></del>	18	13	4 11	9 16	6 16	6 22	3 14	6 21	11 21	6 14	22	12	6 19
ਰ	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop		Mar-23	27.4						$\sim$	24.0	18.7	21.4	22.6	24.5	25.0	25.5	24.9	26.0	26.1	26.9	26.8	27.4
.⊑ E	Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)	1	mar 20	4						~~	4	4	7	6	4	4	1	3	6	5	5	7	4
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Community)		M 00	7						_~~~	3	2	1	2	7	4	9	4	5	3	6	1	7
	Total number of Klebsiella cases		Mar-23	11				63 Total (Dec-22)	2nd (Dec-22)	_^\\\	7	6	8	8	11	8	10	7	11	8	11	8	11
-	Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop		Mar-23	11.3				(Dec-22)	(Dec-22)	<u> </u>	6.1	6.2	6.1	8.2	9.2	9.2	10.2	11.3	11.9	11.5	11.6	11.2	11.3
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital)			2							0	1	1	3	2	3	4	3	5	1	2	2	2
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Community)		Mar-23	2				07.11		~~~	2	1	1	1	2	0	1	3	0	2	2	0	2
	Total number of Aeruginosa cases			4				8 Total (Dec-22)	4th (Dec-22)	_~^	2	2	2	4	4	3	5	6	5	3	4	2	4
	Hand Hygiene Audits- compliance with WHO 5 moments	Local	Mar-23	92.9%		95%	×			~~~	93%	96%	96%	98%	96%	90%	97%	96%	96%	95%	97%	95%	93%
	Number of pressure ulcers acquired in hospital		Feb-23	60		12 month ✔	×			~~~	49	45	58	53	58	54	39	59	69	47	64	60	
ω	Number of pressure ulcers developed in the			41		12 month ✔	×			\_	56	l 33	39	32	27	50	40	44	45	42	45	41	
∃	Community Total number of pressure ulcers		Feb-23	101		12 month <b>↓</b>	20				105	1 1 78	97	85	85	104	79	103	114	89	109	101	
. P	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in	Local	160-23				- **			~~~		ı									103		
Ins.	hospital	20001		4		12 month ✓	×			~\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	5	3	2	3	5	3	0	1	7	8	4	4	
<u> </u>	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in community		Feb-23	9		12 month ✔				$\bigvee\bigvee$	11	2	10	12	2	11	6	2	7	13	4	9	
	Total number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers		Feb-23	13		12 month ↓	4			~~~	16	5	12	15	7	14	6	3	14	21	8	13	
Inpatient Falls	Number of Inpatient Falls	Local	Mar-23	179		12 month <b>↓</b>				\\\-	209	190	182	172	174	216	175	184	178	184	189	179	214
NEWS	% patients with completed NEWS scores & appropriate responses actioned	Local	Feb-23	85%		98%	×			/	96.9%	95.7%	93.9%	93.7%	90.5%	86.2%	87.6%	87.5%	88.2%	97.2%	91.8%	98.3%	85.1%
Coding	% of episodes clinically coded within 1 month of discharge	Local	Feb-23	76%	95%	95%	×			V~~~	81%	44%	68%	81%	82%	77%	81%	84%	67%	78%	71%	76%	
E-TOC	% of completed discharge summaries (total signed	Local	Mar-23	62%		100%	×			M	63%	60%	66%	64%	63%	69%	70%	66%	71%	62%	64%	64%	62%
	Agency spend as a % of the total pay bill	National	Feb-23	6.20%	12 month <b>↓</b>			5.9% (Sep-22)	7th out of 12 organisations	V	6.6%	4.9%	6.3%	6.2%	6.7%	6.4%	4.9%	6.5%	6.4%	6.0%	7.4%	6.2%	
	% of headcount by organisation who have had a							63.3%	(Sep-22) 9th out of 12	_													
Workforce	PADR/medical appraisal in the previous 12 months (excluding doctors and dentists in training)	National	Mar-23	69%	85%	85%	×	(Sep-22)	organisations (Sep-22)	_/_	56%	56%	56%	55%	58%	61%	64%	67%	68%	68%	69%	69%	69%
VVor	% compliance for all completed Level 1 competency with the Core Skills and Training Framework	National	Mar-23	82%	85%	85%	×	81.8% (Sep-22)	8th out of 12 organisations (Sep-22)		80%	80%	80%	80%	81%	81%	82%	83%	84%	84%	85%	85%	82%
	% workforce sickness absence (12 month rolling)	National	Feb-23	7.78%	12 month <b>↓</b>			7.11% (Sep-22)	11th out of 12 organisations (Sep-22)	$\overline{\ \ }$	7.82%	8.11%	8.20%	8.29%	8.46%	8.44%	8.25%	8.08%	7.99%	8.02%	7.89%	7.78%	

		Harm from	m reduction	on in non-Cov	id activity																		
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Averagel Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Mar-22	   Apr-22 	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
Primary Care	% adult dental patients in the health board population re-attending NHS primary dental care between 6 and 9 months		Feb-23	9.9%							11.1%	l l 9.8% l	10.9%	11.5%	10.4%	10.0%	10.0%	9.6%	9.9%	10.9%	9.7%	9.9%	
Cancer	% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (without adjustments)	National	Mar-23	33.6%	12 month ↑			53.9% (Nov-22)	4th out of 6 organisations (Nov-22)	VM	54.3%	48.1%	46.5%	50.6%	55.9%	54.9%	57.3%	51.2%	52.9%	48.3%	50.4%	44.1%	33.6%
5	Scheduled (14 Day Target)	Local	Mar-23	32%	80%		×			~~~	13%	14%	5%	18%	2%	10%	5%	18%	19%	26%	32%	31%	32%
i E	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	Local	Mar-23	81%	100%		- X			~	70%	63%	36%	51%	29%	35%	34%	65%	82%	83%	82%	86%	81%
≤ ≥ o	Urgent SC (2 Day Target)	Local	Mar-23	30% 84%	80% 100%		- 8			~~~	9%	27% 62%	13% 44%	22% 43%	18% 64%	11%	31% 54%	33%	17% 77%	37%	31% 85%	19%	30% 84%
erapy times	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	Local Local	Mar-23 Mar-23	91%	80%		2			~~~	57% 62%	83%	83%	82%	58%	48% 65%	100%	70% 70%	100%	70% 83%	100%	69% 100%	91%
÷ ÷	Emergency (within 1 day) Emergency (within 2 days)	Local	Mar-23	100%	100%		3				85%	100%	100%	88%	92%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
윤	Elective Delay (7 Day Target)	Local	Mar-23	94%	80%		Ž			~~~	66%	82%	80%	68%	66%	91%	70%	81%	91%	85%	82%	93%	94%
œ	Elective Delay (14 Day Target)	Local	Mar-23	100%	100%		Ž				71%	93%	91%	79%	70%	98%	79%	91%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a diagnostic	National	Mar-23	4,546	0%		*	15,517	7th		4,191	4,398	4,564	4,449	4,407	4,257	4,205	4,170	4,136	4,289	4,372	4,408	4,546
	endoscopy Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified	National	Mar-23	6,514	0 /0			(Nov-22) 42,566	(Nov-22) 4th		5,863	6,308	6,306	6,012	6,032	6,108	6,177	5,833	5,627	6,607	6,829	6,116	6,514
	diagnostics Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified	National	Mar-23	193	0			(Nov-22) 9,584	(Nov-22) 2nd	~~~	820	679	614	609	714	682	755	707	441	527	194	157	193
	therapy % of patients waiting < 26 weeks for treatment	National	Mar-23	58%	95%			(Nov-22) 56%	(Nov-22) 6th		50.7%	50.4%	50.4%	50.8%	51.8%	52.0%	52.1%	53.5%	54.4%	54.2%	52.8%	56.9%	58.0%
	Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient	Local	Mar-23	15,385	0			(Nov-22)	(Nov-22)		24,728	25,601	26,459	26,826	26,811	27,019	26,065	24,112	21,400	20,174	20,288	17,257	15,385
d Care	appointment Number of patients waiting > 52 weeks for first	National	Mar-23	3,895	0			85,301	3rd		12,593	13,275	14,071	14,951	15,232	15,122	13,980	12,352	9,774	7,779	6,630	5,475	3,895
e L	outpatient appointment  Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment	National	Mar-23	28,353	0			(Nov-22) 252,779	(Nov-22) 3rd		37.820	38,799	39,403	39,760	38,888	38,583	37,095	36,121	34,207	33,321	32,031	30,017	28,353
G E	Number of patients waiting > 104 weeks for treatment	National	Mar-23	6.015	0			(Nov-22) 49,594	(Nov-22) 5th		13,587	13,083	12,670	12,064	11,400	10,960	10,623	10,090	9,048	8,066	7,331	6,656	6,015
	The number of patients waiting for a follow-up				-			(Nov-22)	(Nov-22)														0,013
	outpatient appointment The number of patients waiting for a follow-up	Local	Mar-23	148,070	HB target TBC			224,552	5th		133,772	135,471	135,879	136,435	136,982	138,736	139,989	141,643	143,899	144,780	146,632	148,070	
	outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100% % of ophthalmology R1 appointments attended which	National	Mar-23	40,146				(Nov-22) 64.9%	(Nov-22) 1st		32,936	34,003	34,568	35,114	35,659	36,037	36,144	35,968	36,769	38,252	39,056	40,146	
	were within their clinical target date or within 25% beyond their clinical target date	National	Mar-23	59%	95%			(Nov-22)	(Nov-22)	/ /	59.4%	60.8%	63.3%	63.7%	65.6%	62.4%	60.3%	65.2%	67.1%	69.9%	53.1%	64.6%	59.4%
DNAs	% of patients who did not attend a new outpatient appointment	Local	Mar-23	8.2%	12 month <b>↓</b>					~~^	6.8%	7.8%	7.5%	8.2%	8.2%	8.0%	7.8%	8.3%	9.5%	11.1%	8.9%	9.2%	8.2%
ā	% of patients who did not attend a follow-up outpatient appointment	Local	Mar-23	7.9%	12 month <b>↓</b>					~~~	6.2%	7.8%	7.3%	7.8%	7.7%	7.6%	7.8%	7.7%	8.5%	8.7%	7.8%	7.9%	7.9%
Theatre	Theatre Utilisation rates	Local	Mar-23	71.0%		90%	×			$\sim$	72%	71%	78%	81%	72%	59%	71%	77%	74%	59%	72%	70%	71%
Efficiencies	% of theatre sessions starting late	Local	Mar-23	33.0%		<25%	×			~~~	39%	39%	46%	43%	40%	36%	37%	40%	35%	39%	35%	39%	33%
	% of theatre sessions finishing early	Local	Mar-23	49.0%		<20%	×			~~~	45%	47%	43%	43%	46%	43%	48%	45%	44%	46%	44%	45%	49%
Pres cribi ng	Biosimilar medicines prescribed as % of total 'reference' product plus biosimilar	National	Q3 21/22	82.1%	Quarter on quarter ↑			83.8% (Q3 21/22)	5th (Q3 21/22)														
± 2	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	Mar-23	5,358		12 month ↑	</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3,353</td> <td>3,133</td> <td>3,550</td> <td>3,292</td> <td>3,391</td> <td>3,950</td> <td>3,914</td> <td>4,358</td> <td>4,287</td> <td>3,569</td> <td>5,073</td> <td>4,425</td> <td>5,358</td>				3,353	3,133	3,550	3,292	3,391	3,950	3,914	4,358	4,287	3,569	5,073	4,425	5,358
Patient xperienc e	% of who would recommend and highly recommend	Local	Mar-23	92%		90%	4			~~~	90%	89%	90%	88%	89%	89%	88%	90%	91%	89%	92%	92%	92%
e y	% of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 out 10 on overall satisfaction	Local	Mar-23	95%		90%	4			~~~	91%	89%	91%	91%	90%	93%	92%	93%	91%	92%	92%	95%	95%
ints	Number of new formal complaints received	Local	Jan-23	127		12 month ↓ trend				W~~	156	123	176	118	153	124	120	140	113	120	127		
omplai	% concerns that had final reply (Reg 24)/interim reply (Reg 26) within 30 working days of concern received	Local	Jan-23	78%	75%	80%	<			\~\	65%	76%	69%	65%	64%	65%	71%	71%	69%	73%	78%		
ů	% of acknowledgements sent within 2 working days	Local	Jan-23	100%		100%					100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%		

		Harm from	n wider se	cietal actions	/lookdown																		
Sub		National or				Annual	Profile	Welsh	SBU's all-	Df													
Domain	Measure	Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Plan/ Local Profile	Status	Average/ Total	Wales rank	Performance Trend	Mar-22	Apr-22 	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
	% of babies who are exclusively breastfed at 10 days old	National	2021/22	31.9%	Annual ↑			36.7% (2021/22)	5th (2021/22)		31.9%												
Early years measures	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine by age 1	National	Q3 22/23	94.6%	95%			94.7% (Q2 22/23)	2nd (Q2 22/23)		95.9%			94.9%			94.9%			94.6%			
	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	Q3 22/23	89.5%	95%			90.0%	5th (Q2 22/23)		88.0%			89.9%			89.8%			89.5%			
	European age standardised rate of alcohol attributed hospital admissions for individuals resident in Wales	National	Q1 22/23	33.5	4 quarter ↓			383.9 (Q1 22/23)	3rd (Q1 22/23)		352.2			333.5									
Alcohol	% of people who have been referred to health board	National	Q2 22/23	61.9%	4 quarter ↑			68.6% (Q2 22/23)	6th (Q2 22/23)		66.7%	i		43.6%			61.9%						
	services who have completed treatment for alcohol % uptake of influenza among 65 year olds and over	National	Mar-23	75.9%	75%			78.0% (Mar-22)	3rd (Mar-22)		78.5%	i I						62.2%	72.4%	74.4%	75.6%	76.0%	75.9%
	% uptake of influenza among under 65s in risk groups	National	Mar-23	43.8%	55%			48.2% (Mar-22)	4th (Mar-22)		48.8%	1						30.2%	37.7%	40.4%	42.1%	43.4%	43.8%
BZUS	% uptake of influenza among pregnant women	National	2020/21	69.8%	75%			81.5%	7th out of 10 organisations		ta not availa		Dete ex			0000							
Influe	0	Local	M 22	00.004	500/			(2020/21) 47.6%	(2020/21) 5th		44.007	i I	Data co	ollection rest	tarts Octob	er 2022		22.004	24.00	27.00	20.004	20.004	00.00/
	% uptake of influenza among children 2 to 3 years old	Local	Mar-23	38.8%	50%			(Mar-22)	(Mar-22) 6th out of 10		44.6%	! 1						23.6%	34.6%	37.9%	39.2%	39.3%	38.8%
	% uptake of influenza among healthcare workers	National	Mar-23	42.4%	60%			65.6% (2020/21)	organisations (2020/21)		53.6%	! !							34.4%	40.9%	40.9%	42.4%	42.4%
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral (Crisis)	Local	01/02/	100%		100%	4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% Patients with Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	National	Feb-23	29%	80%	80%	×	31.4% (Nov-22)	3rd (Nov-22)	$\sim$	35%	35%	36%	47%	44%	44%	36%	40%	39%	37%	29%	29%	
	% Patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient appointment for CAMHS	National	Feb-23	82%	80%	80%	4	83.2% (Nov-22)	5th (Nov-22)	~~\_	29%	18%	40%	33%	38%	34%	91%	91%	89%	79%	62%	82%	
CAMHS	P-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	National	Feb-23	64%		80%	×	66.8% (Nov-22)	5th (Nov-22)		36%	23%	23%	22%	42%	27%	27%	83%	65%	56%	24%	64%	
	P-CAMHS - % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	National	Feb-23	26%		80%	×	34.4% Nov-22)	4th (Nov-22)	\~~	78%	51%	51%	38%	61%	35%	43%	36%	27%	35%	40%	26%	
	S-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	Local	Feb-23	82%		80%				~~	30%	19%	41%	41%	38%	34%	91%	90%	89%	79%	62%	82%	
	% residents in receipt of CAMHS to have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP) % or mental nearth assessments undertaken within	National	Feb-23	100%		90%	4	63.8% (Nov-22)	1st (Nov-22)	$\bigvee\bigvee$	100%	87%	97%	100%	100%	100%	87%	87%	99%	99%	91%	100%	
	(up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral	National	Feb-23	95%	80%	80%	4	86.9% (Nov-22)	3rd (Nov-22)	$\sim$	96%	97%	98%	96%	94%	97%	93%	95%	98%	94%	91%	95%	
	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (over 18 years of age)	National	Feb-23	100%	80%	80%	4	73.1% (Nov-22)	2nd (Nov-22)	$\sqrt{N}$	98%	96%	97%	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	98%	98%	100%	100%	
Mental	% patients waiting < 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	National	Feb-23	88%	95%	95%	×	73.9% (Nov-22)	2nd (Nov-22)	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	97%	96%	93%	92%	92%	91%	88%	
Health	% residents in receipt of secondary MH services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)	National	Feb-23	89%	90%	90%	×	84.2% (Nov-22)	2nd (Nov-22)	~~ <u>`</u>	89%	88%	89%	89%	89%	90%	89%	90%	90%	90%	89%	89%	
	% Service Users admitted to a pyschiatric hospital between 9:00 and 21:00 hours that have received a gate-keeping assessment by the CRHTservice prior to	National	Feb-23	95%				95.8% (Nov-22)	1st (Nov-22)		100%	1 100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% service users admitted to a pyschiatric hospital who have not received a gate keeping assessment by the CHRHTS that have received a follow up assessment by the CRHTS within 24 hours of	National	Feb-23	100%				90.9% (Nov-22)	1st (Nov-22)		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	