





Meeting Date	04 August 20)22	Agenda Item	2.1
Report Title	Mental Healt	h Act Activity R	eport: Apr-Jun	2022
Report Author	Penny Cram – Interim Mental Health Act Manager			
Report Sponsor	Janet Williams – Service Group Director			
Presented by	Janet Williams – Service Group Director			
Freedom of	Open			
Information				
Purpose of the	The purpose	of the paper is to	present to the I	Mental Health
Report	in relation to	ommittee the Me Hospital Mana the Mental Healt ection 23.	agers' scheme	of delegated
Key Issues	The hospital managers must ensure that patients are detained only as the Act allows, that their care and treatment fully comply with it, and that patients are fully informed of, and supported in exercising their statutory rights. Hospital managers must also ensure that a patient's case is dealt with in line with other legislation which may have an impact, including the Human Rights Act 1998, Mental Capacity Act 2005 and Mental Health (Wales) Measure 2010.			
Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval
Required	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
(please choose one only)				
Recommendations	Members are	asked to:		
	Receive this r	report		

Mental Health Act Activity Report April - June 2022

1. INTRODUCTION

The report provides assurance in respect of the work that has been undertaken by Mental Health and Learning Disabilities (MHLD) Services during the quarter, that those functions of the Mental Health Act 1983 (the Act), which have been delegated to officers and staff under the policy for Hospital Managers' Scheme of Delegation, are being carried out correctly, and that the wider operation of the Act across the Health Board area is operating properly. The hospital managers must ensure that patients are detained only as the Act allows, that their care and treatment fully comply with it, and that patients are fully informed of, and supported in exercising their statutory rights. Hospital managers must also ensure that a patient's case is dealt with in line with other legislation which may have an impact, including the Human Rights Act 1998, Mental Capacity Act 2005 and Mental Health (Wales) Measure 2010.

2. BACKGROUND

Mental Health Act 1983 (as amended 2007)

An activity report, along with definitions of relevant sections of the Act is included below. This summarises key points of the use of the Act within SBU Health Board. Rates of detention under different sections of the Act typically fluctuate between each reporting period therefore, only significant points are highlighted.

KEY TO SECTIONS

Part 2 – Compulsory Admission to Hospital or Guardianship

•	Section 5(4)	Nurses Holding Power (up to 6 hours)
•	Section 5(2)	Doctors Holding Power (up to 72 hours)
•	Section 4	Emergency Admission for Assessment (up to 72 hours)
•	Section 2	Admission for Assessment (up to 28 days)
•	Section 3	Admission for Treatment (6 months, renewable)
	Section 7	Application for Guardianship (6 months, renewable)

Section 17A Community Treatment Order (6 months, renewable)

Part 3 - Patients Concerned with Criminal Proceedings or Under Sentence

•	Section 35	Remand for reports (28 days, maximum 12 weeks)
•	Section 36	Remand for treatment (28 days, maximum 12 weeks)
•	Section 38	Interim Hospital Order (Initial 12 weeks, maximum 1 year)
•	Section 47/49	Transfer of sentenced prisoner to hospital
•	Section 48/49	Transfer of un-sentenced prisoner to hospital
•	Section 37	Hospital or Guardianship Order (6 months, renewable)
•	Section 37/41	Hospital Order with restriction (Indefinite period)
•	Section 45A	Hospital Direction and Limitation Direction
•	CPI 5	Criminal Procedure (Insanity) & Unfitness to Plead
		(Indefinite period)

Part 4 & Part 4A – Concerned with medical treatment for mental disorder

Part 4 of the Act deals with people who have been detained in hospital, including those who are on section 17 leave, those who are absent without leave, and Community Treatment Order patients who have been recalled to hospital.

Part 4A of the Act deals with people who are on a Community Treatment Order

Part 10 – Miscellaneous and Supplementary

•	Section 135(1)	Warrant to enter and remove (up to 24 hours)
•	Section 135(2)	Warrant to enter and take or retake (up to 24 hours)
•	Section 136	Removal to a place of safety (up to 24 hours)

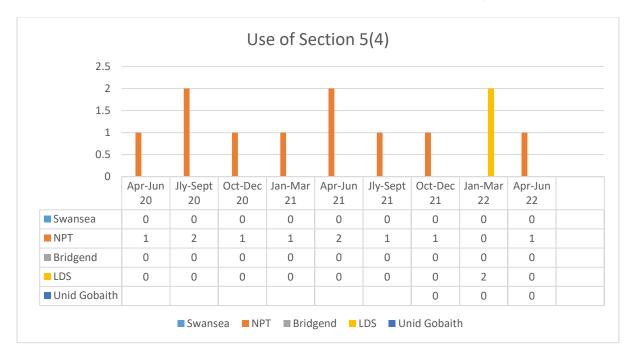
Mental Health Act 1983 - Data Collection and Exception Reporting

The data below summarises some of the key points of the use of the Mental Health Act 1983 during the reporting period, together with comparison data for the previous 2-year period:

Detention under Section 5 – Holding Powers

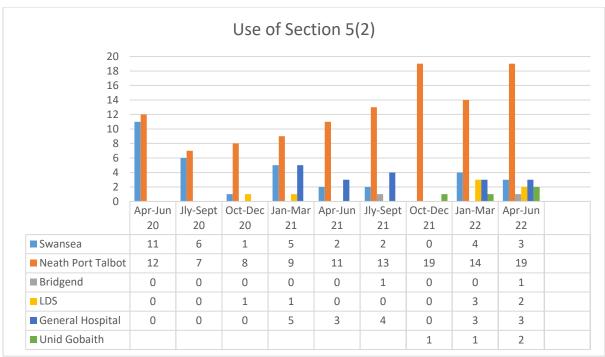
Section 5(4) is used by mental health and learning disability nurses in mental health in-patient settings for up to 6 hours to allow for a further assessment to take place.

Section 5(4) was used on 1 occasion on Ward F, Neath Port Talbot Hospital

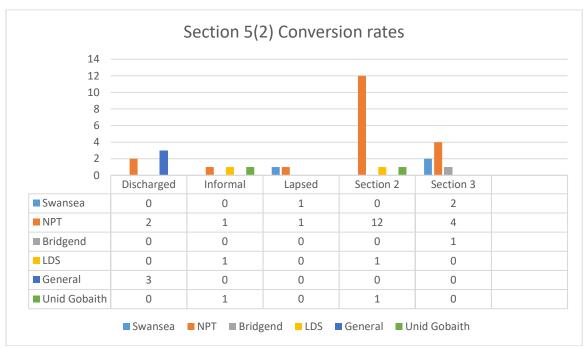


The graph above shows use of section 5(4) together with comparison data over 2 years

Section 5(2) is used by Doctors in both mental health and general hospital settings to detain an in-patient for up to 72 hours to allow for a mental health act assessment to take place. Section 5(2) was used on 30 occasions.



The graph above shows use of section 5(2) with comparison data over 2 years

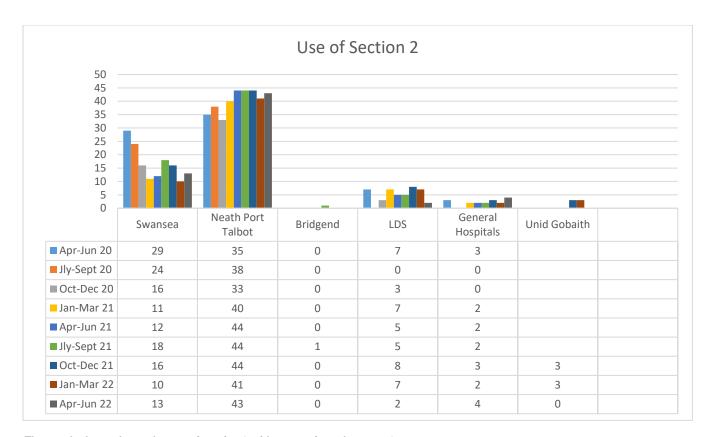


The graph shows section 5(2) conversion rates for the reporting period

Section 2 - Admission for Assessment

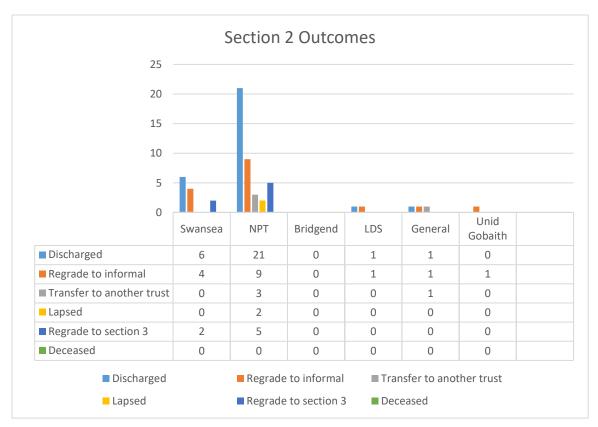
Section 2 authorises the compulsory admission of a patient to hospital for assessment (or for assessment followed by medical treatment), for mental disorder, for up to 28 days.

Section 2 was used on 62 occasions

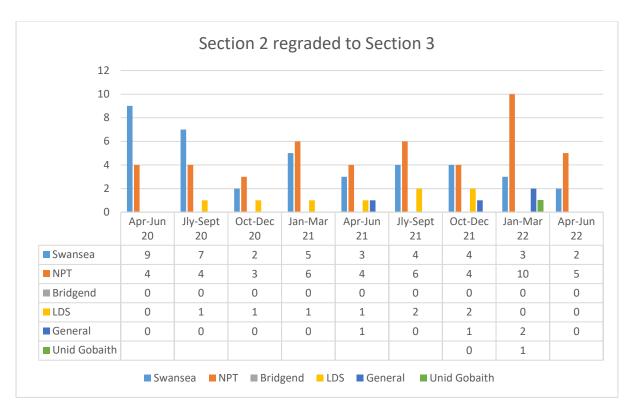


The graph above shows the use of section 2 with comparison data over 2 years

Section 2 Outcomes



The graph shows section 2 outcomes for the reporting period

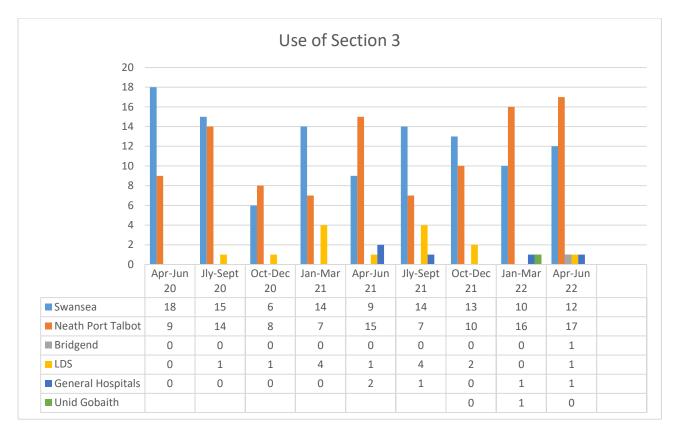


This table shows the number of section 2 detentions regraded to section 3, with comparison data from previous 2 years

Section 3 – Admission for Treatment

Section 3 provides for the compulsory admission of a patient to hospital for treatment for mental disorder. The detention can last for an initial period of six months. Then can be renewed for up to a further 6 months after review, followed by yearly renewals thereafter.

Section 3 was used on 32 occasions

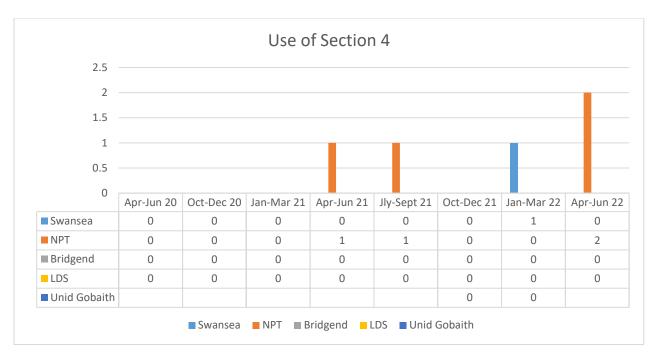


The graph above shows new section 3 with comparison data over 2 years

Section 4 – Emergency Admission for Assessment

The use of section 4 of the Mental Health Act 1983 is to enable an admission for assessment to take place in cases of urgent necessity. It should only be used to avoid an unacceptable delay and as such is infrequently used and specifically examined by Mental Health Act Managers when this is the case.

Section 4 was used twice during this reporting period.

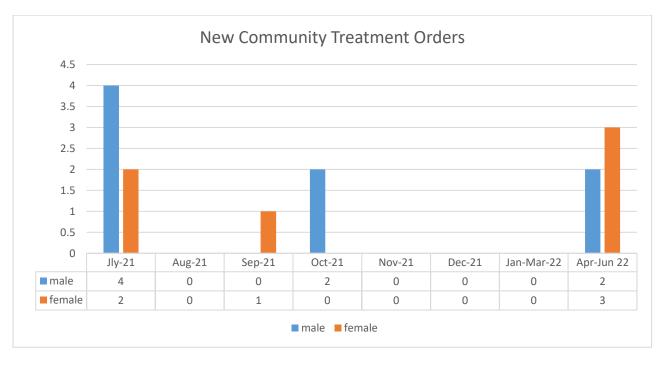


The graph above shows comparison data over 2 years

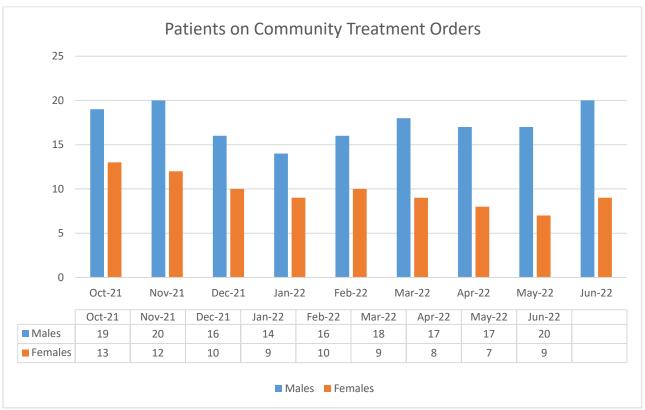
Section 17A – Community Treatment Order

This section provides a framework to treat and safely manage certain eligible patients who have been detained in hospital for treatment, in the community, whilst still being subject to powers under the Act.

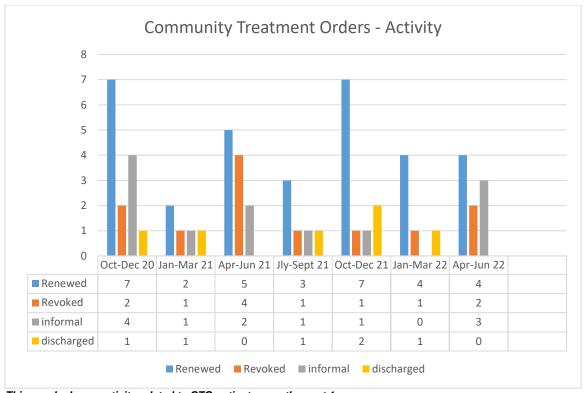
There were 5 new Community Treatment Orders during the reporting period.



This graph shows the number of new CTOs during the reporting period



This graph shows the number of patients on a CTO as of each month end in this reporting period

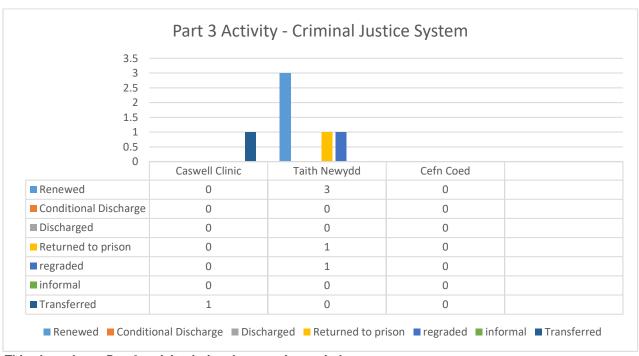


This graph shows activity related to CTO patients over the past 1 year

Part 3 Criminal Justice System Data: April – June 2022

There was 1 new Part 3 patient during this reporting period:

 Patient admitted to Penarth Ward, Caswell Clinic under section 47/49 MHA - Transfer of sentenced prisoner to hospital



This chart shows Part 3 activity during the reporting period Legal status of patients within Caswell Clinic

A query was raised by digital intelligence in terms of whether all patients at Caswell Clinic were detained patients.

This in turn has highlighted incidents whereby patients have been admitted informally to Caswell Clinic historically not recently, and whether or not this constitutes a deprivation of liberty due to the nature and environment of a medium secure unit. This type of situation has not occurred in recent years.

Further work is required to explore this issue in more detail not just for our medium secure setting but also our low secure and locked rehab services, which also have levels of restrictions in place within those care settings.

This type of scenario would not normally be accepted as being appropriate for informal admissions into those settings, but each individual case would need to be assessed in detail and all other alternative care setting eliminated prior to any decision to admit informally into those type of settings.

Will update further once a review of the extend of this is completed.

Consent to Treatment Activity 16 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 0 Chane of Patient SOAD Requests 3 Month Rule Change of RC Treatment Consenting plan ■ Bridgend 10 7 14 3 0 СТО 0 3 0 1 1 0 2 III DS 1 1 Ω General 0 Ω 0 0 0 Swansea 2 4 9 5 0 2 ■ NPT 1 0 5 2 ■ Bridgend ■ CTO ■ LDS ■ General ■ Swansea ■ NPT

Part 4: Consent to Treatment Activity April - June 2022

This chart shows consent to treatment activity during the reporting period

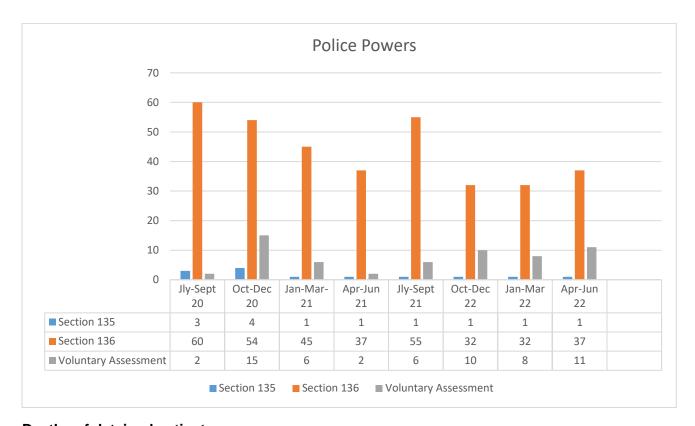
Part 10: Police powers to remove a person to a place of safety under Section 135 & 136

Section 135 (1) empowers a police officer to forcibly enter a property to look for and remove a person to a place of safety for assessment for a period of up to 72 hours. There was 1 section 135 (1) warrant executed in this reporting period.

Section 135 (2) empowers a police officer to forcibly enter a property to look for and remove a detained patient who is absent without leave (AWOL) from hospital. If it is anticipated that the person will allow entry to the property voluntarily, there was no need to obtain a warrant under section 135 (2) during this reporting period.

Section 136 empowers a constable to remove a person from a public place to a place of safety if it is considered the person is suffering from mental disorder and is in immediate need of care or control. There were 37 detentions under section 136 during this reporting period.

Voluntary attendance and assessment at place of safety occurred on 11 occasions



Deaths of detained patients

There were no in-patient deaths reported in this period

Application for Discharge to Hospital Managers and Mental Health Review Tribunal

See graphs at Appendix 2 for data

13 Mental Health Legislation Committee – Thursday, 4th August 2022 Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW) Visits to Mental Health & Learning Disabilities Units

There were no HIW inspections in the reporting period

3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

Mental Health Act Team

An interim appointment has been made to the Post of Mental Health Act Team Manager with effect 6th November 2020 and extended to end of August 2022.

Following the resignation of a member of the MHA Team, a member of staff on redeployment began a 4-week trial period in the department in April which was successful and the member of staff has become permanent member of the team. Recruitment for the substantive Mental Health Act Manager is to commence in the coming weeks.

The MHA Department has recently moved from HQ to Cefn Coed Hospital following and identified need to strengthen links between the department and clinical services. Team members continue to work in a blended fashion of home & office based working in light of current Covid-19 workplace measures. These arrangements have recently been reviewed in light of the renewed guidelines.

Quality Assurance

During Jan/Feb 2022, the MHLD Service Group ratified their Quality Assurance Framework, setting out the infrastructure for monitoring, assurance and governance.

Part of this framework are the Nurse Directors Unannounced Reviews. These reviews are coordinated by the nurse director's office of a review team of clinicians, senior leaders and relevant specialists who carry out an unannounced review on a clinical area or team.

3 reviews have been conducted since April and reported via the Quality and Safety Committee.

The Mental Health Act Team have been involved in these reviews and have focused on the filing of patients statutory MHA documentation and compliance with the Act and the Code in

terms of providing the MHA Department with sufficient information to enable the discharge of legal duties.

During this reporting period MHA training was also delivered to the following groups:

- Cefn Coed Medical Practitioners
- Learning Disabilities Consultants and medical practitioners
- Undergraduate & Postgraduate programmes
- Student Nurses
- Pharmacists

Scrutiny of Documents

Section 15 of the Act provides for certain admission documents, which are found to be incorrect or defective, to be rectified within fourteen days of the patient's admission. Rectification or correction is mainly concerned with inaccurate recording, and it cannot be used to enable a fundamentally defective application to be retrospectively validated.

Data Collection and Exception Reporting

Any exceptions highlighted in the Mental Health Act Activity Report are intended to raise awareness of matters relating to the functions of hospital managers and give assurance that the care and treatment of patients detained in Swansea Bay University Health Board, and those subject to a community treatment order is only as the Act allows.

There were 7 exceptions for this period

Please see the graphs at Appendix 1 and table below for exception data and description

There were no breaches to the Mental Health Act for in-patients admitted to Swansea Bay

UHB who are under the age of 18.

Detention without authority or Invalid Detentions

There were 2 invalid detentions which represents 1% of all detentions during this reporting period:

4. RECOMMENDATION

The Board is asked to note the report.

Governance and Assurance			
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively	promoting and	
Enabling	empowering people to live well in resilient communities	,	
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing		
(please choose)	Co-Production and Health Literacy		
, ,	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing		
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care service outcomes that matter most to people	es achieving the	
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care		
	Partnerships for Care		
	Excellent Staff		
	Digitally Enabled Care		
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning		
Health and Car	re Standards		
(please choose)	Staying Healthy		
	Safe Care		
	Effective Care		
	Dignified Care		
	Timely Care		
	Individual Care		
	Staff and Resources		
Quality, Safety	and Patient Experience		
	des assurance in respect of the work that has been undert	aken by Mental	
Health and Learr	ning Disabilities (MHLD) Services during the quarter, that the	ose functions of	
the Mental Healtl	h Act 1983 (the Act), which have been delegated to officers	and staff under	
	spital Managers' Scheme of Delegation, are being carried or		
that the wider operation of the Act across the Health Board area is operating properly.			
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Financial Impli	Financial Implications		
Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)			
Mental Health Act 1983			
110.110.110.110.110.110.110.110.110.110			
Staffing Implic	ations		
An interim appointment has been made to the Post of Mental Health Act Team Manager with effect 6 th November 2020, and extended to end August 2022.			
The MHA Department has recently moved from HQ to the MH & LD Management Centre i Cefn Coed Hospital			

Team members continue to work in a blended fashion of home & office based working in light of current lockdown measures. This is working well and has recently been reviewed in

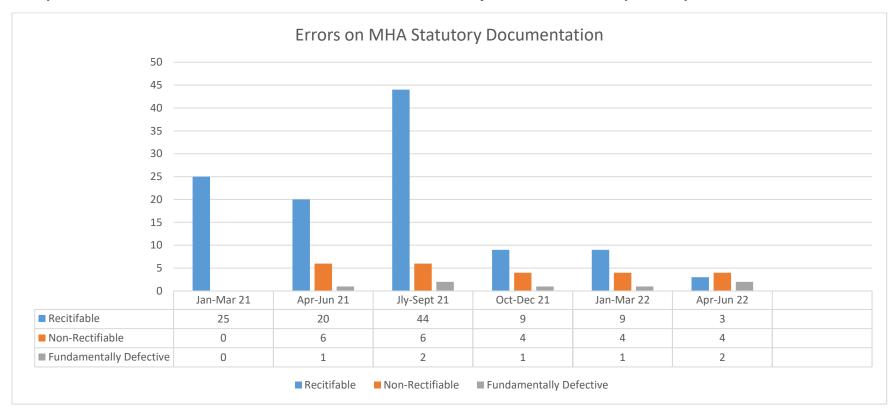
A band 4 vacancy has now been filled

light of new guidance.

Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)		
_		
Report History	The Mental Health Act Activity report is produced on a quarterly basis to inform both the MH Legislative Committee, and the Hospital Managers Power of Discharge Committee.	
	The most recent Power of Discharge Committee was held on 12 th January 2022	
	The next Power of Discharge Meeting will be held on 19 th July 2022	
	An All Wales Hospital Managers Conference took place on 11 th May 2022 in Builth Wells	
Appendices	Appendix 1: Graph showing rectifiable and non-rectifiable errors under Section 15 of the Act.	
	Appendix 2: Graphs showing activity relating the Mental Health Review Tribunals and Hospital Managers Hearings	

Appendix 1

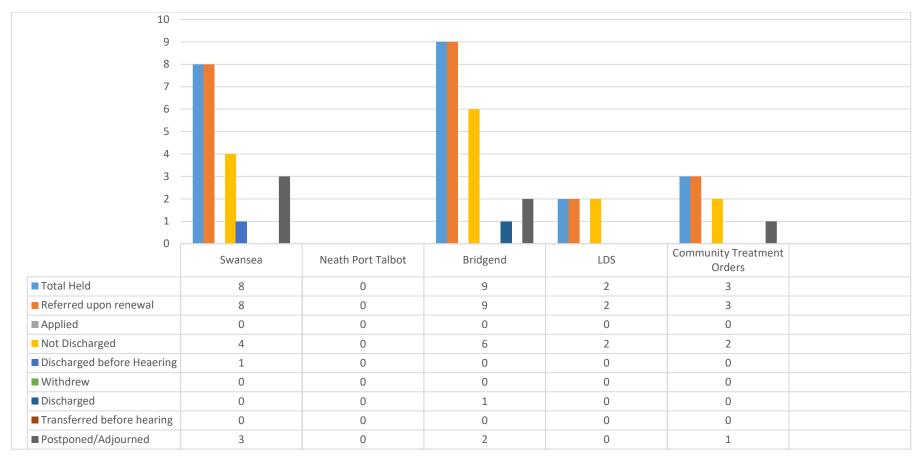
Exceptions and non-rectifiable errors on Mental Health Act statutory documents for the period April - June 2022



This graph shows exceptions that can be rectified under section 15 and those that cannot, on Mental Health Statutory Documents

Appendix 2

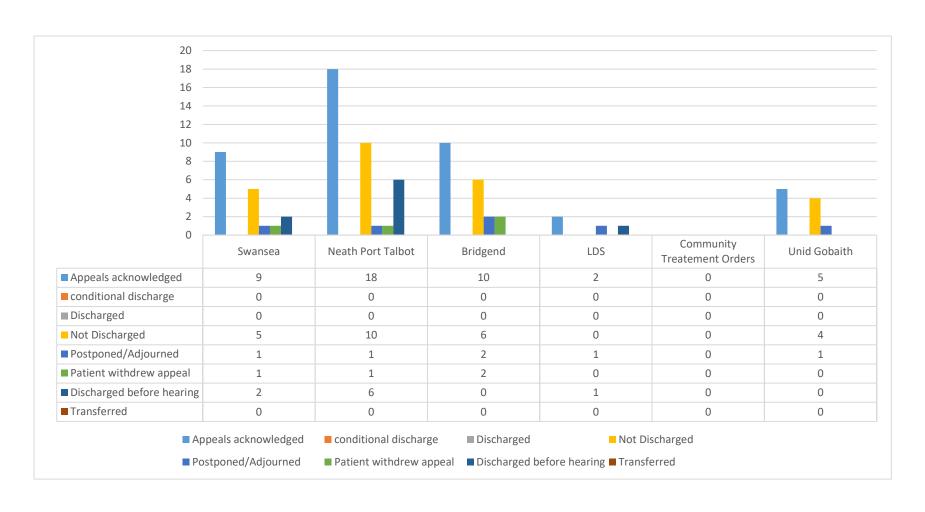




This table shows Hospital Managers Hearings activity for the reporting period

There were no occasions where a patient was discharged by the MHRTW following a recent 'not discharged' decision by Hospital Managers

Mental Health Review Tribunal for Wales Hearings April - June 2022



Timeliness of Section 3 Tribunal Hearings

Of the 22 MHRT Hearings for Section 3 patients – 57% were heard within the recommended 56 days and 43% were heard within 60 days.

Delayed hearing were mainly due to the granting of extensions for reports to be completed