





Meeting Date	28 th September 2021	Agenda Item	4.1			
Report Title	Integrated Performance Report					
Report Author	Meghann Protheroe, Head of Performance					
Report Sponsor	Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance and Performance					
Presented by	Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance and Performance					
Freedom of	Open					
Information						
Purpose of the	The purpose of this report is to	provide an update	on the current			
Report	performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window (August 2021) in delivering key local performance measures as well as the national measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework.					
Key Issues	The Integrated Performance provides an overview of how against the National Delivery measures. The tradition identifying actions where per national or local targets as well long terms risks to delivery.	the Health Board neasures and key loo nal format for the re formance is not co	is performing cal quality and eport includes ompliant with			
	Historically Welsh Government Delivery Framework on an ann Outcomes Framework for Heal published however, developmed due to the COVID19 pandemic Framework measures have be 2021-22, the Delivery Framework set of outcomes measures, resingle integrated outcomes framework measures and populations are better off the allowing a different balance action. The Health Board continues to plan and develop recovery trajectorical set the Sontombodical serior at the Sontombodical serior and an and discussion at the Sontombodical serior and an and develop recovery trajectorical serior and ser	ual basis. In 2021/22 th and Social Care want of the framework. As a result, the 202 en rolled over for 20 ork will be redevelop effecting the current mework. The intentions is to demonstrate brough the delivery or coss our traditional sectories. Trajectorie er performance are	2 a new Single was due to be a was delayed 20/21 Delivery 21/22. During ed to create a work on the on of the new how patients f services and ervices.			
	discussion at the September Committee and a verbal update the outcome of these discussions. Key high level issues to high	e will be provided to ns.	the Board on			

2021/22 Delivery Framework

COVID19- The number of new cases of COVID19 has seen an increase in August 2021, with 7,177 new cases being reported inmonth. The occupancy rate of confirmed COVID patients in general medical and critical care beds remains at a low rate, however figures are slowly increasing.

Unscheduled Care- Demand for emergency department care within Swansea Bay University (SBU) Health Board has steadily increased since January 2021, however August 2021 saw a decrease in A&E attendances. This decrease in demand has had a positive impact on the 4-hour A&E target, with the compliance level increasing in August 2021. However, the number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E continues to increase.

Planned Care- August 2021 saw a slight in-month increase in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment. The number waiting over 36 weeks for treatment has also increased further. The waiting list for stage 1 patients continues to increase, however August 2021 saw a further reduction in the number of referrals received by secondary care. Therapy waiting times have increase in August 2021, however some therapy services have maintained a nil breach position (i.e. Occupational Therapy and Audiology).

Cancer- August 2021 (draft data) saw a further deterioration in performance against the Single Cancer Pathway measure of patients receiving definitive treatment within 62 days. The backlog of patients waiting over 63 days increased in August 2021 and is now similar to the monthly position that was seen in quarters 2 and 3 for 2020/21. August's figures are in the process of being validated at the time of writing this report.

Mental Health- performance against the Mental Health Measures continues to be maintained. All Welsh Government targets were achieved in August 2021. Psychological therapies within 26 weeks continue to be maintained at 100%.

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)-Access times for routine CAMHS still continue to not meet the required targets, with crisis performance deteriorating to 79% against the 100% target. Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) access times within 26 weeks continues to be a challenge, however performance continues to increase slowly, achieving 34% in July 2021 against a target of 80%.

Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval			
Required							
Recommendations	Members are asked to:						
		ealth Board pe	rformance against l	key measures			
	and targets.						
			en to improve perfor				
			non recurrent fundir				
	sites	onal capacity ic	or outpatients in pres	ssurea turnour			
		ess case for p	ancreatic cancer ca	re developed			
		•	ithin Health Board	•			
	syster	ns		· ·			
	_		elsh Government				
		•	.056m and £0.682				
	-	•	tory medicine additions to				
	_		ay to reconfigure the reduce admissions				
		•	e for patients outsid	•			
		gency Departm		o or the main			
	1		and clinical service	s costs to be			
			7 days of the week				
			eloped for patients				
			t can come back to	a scheduled			
		ext day	-1 1	. (
		•	ual wards as part	or integrated			
	,	system	ncer performance i	romain under			
			the Health Board's				
		ation framework		Periormanoc			

INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window in delivering key performance measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework and local quality & safety measures.

2. BACKGROUND

In 2021/22, a Single Outcomes Framework for Health and Social Care was due to be published but was delayed due to the COVID19 pandemic. Welsh Government has confirmed that during 2021/22 the Single Outcomes Framework will be developed for adoption in 2022/23 and that the 2020/21 measures will be rolled over into 2021/22.

The NHS Wales Delivery Framework sets out measures under the quadruple aims which the performance of the Health Board is measured. The aims within the NHS Delivery Framework are:

- Quadruple Aim 1: People in Wales have improved health and well-being with better prevention and self-management
- Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement
- Quadruple Aim 3: The health and social care workforce in Wales is motivated and sustainable
- Quadruple Aim 4: Wales has a higher value health and social care system that
 has demonstrated rapid improvement and innovation, enabled by data and
 focused on outcomes

The Health Board's performance reports have traditionally been structured according to the aims within the NHS Delivery Framework however, the focus for NHS Wales reporting has shifted to harm management as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. In order to improve the Health Board's visibility of measuring and managing harm, the structure of this report has been aligned with the four quadrants of harm as set out in the NHS Wales COVID-19 Operating Framework. The harm quadrants are illustrated in the following diagram.

Harm from Covid itself	Harm from overwhelmed NHS and social care system
Harm from reduction in non- Covid activity	Harm from wider societal actions/lockdown

Appendix 1 provides an overview of the Health Board's latest performance against the Delivery Framework measures along with key local quality and safety measures. A number of local COVID-19 specific measures have been included in this iteration of the performance report.

The traditional format for the report includes identifying actions where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this performance report until operational pressures significantly ease. Despite a reduction in the narrative contained within this report, considerable work has been undertaken to include additional measures that aid in describing how the healthcare systems has changed as a result of the pandemic.

3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

Appendix 1 of this report provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local measures. Mitigating actions are listed where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

5. RECOMMENDATION

Members are asked to:

- **NOTE** the Health Board performance against key measures and targets.
- NOTE the actions being taken to improve performance: -
 - Allocation of £98k non recurrent funding to support additional capacity for outpatients in pressured tumour sites
 - Business case for pancreatic cancer care developed for consideration within Health Board governance systems
 - Agreement with Welsh Government of additional recovery monies, £1.056m and £0.682m for cellular pathology and laboratory medicine additional capacity
 - Urgent work underway to reconfigure the front door of Morriston hospital to reduce admissions and provide swift emergency care for patients outside of the main Emergency Department
 - Extending therapies and clinical services costs to be more consistent over
 7 days of the week
 - Hot clinic slots developed for patients who require care/assessment but can come back to a scheduled slot next day
 - o Development of virtual wards as part of integrated frailty system

0	Both UEC and cancer performance remain under escalation as part of the Health Board's performance escalation framework
Health Bo	ard – Thursday, 7 th October 2021

Governance ar	nd Assurance				
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting and				
Enabling	empowering people to live well in resilient communities				
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing				
(please	Co-Production and Health Literacy	\boxtimes			
choose)	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	\boxtimes			
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services	3			
	achieving the outcomes that matter most to people				
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	\boxtimes			
	Partnerships for Care	\boxtimes			
	Excellent Staff	\boxtimes			
	Digitally Enabled Care	\boxtimes			
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	\boxtimes			
Health and Car	e Standards				
(please	Staying Healthy	\boxtimes			
choose)	Safe Care	\boxtimes			
	Effective Care	\boxtimes			
	Dignified Care	\boxtimes			
	Timely Care	\boxtimes			
	Individual Care	\boxtimes			
	Staff and Resources	\boxtimes			

Quality, Safety and Patient Experience

The performance report outlines performance over the domains of quality and safety and patient experience, and outlines areas and actions for improvement. Quality, safety and patient experience are central principles underpinning the National Delivery Framework and this report is aligned to the domains within that framework.

There are no directly related Equality and Diversity implications as a result of this report.

Financial Implications

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the Mental Health Measure.

Staffing Implications

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to Workforce, such as Sickness and Personal Development Review rates. Specific issues relating to staffing are also addressed individually in this report.

Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)

The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:

- **Long term** Actions within this report are both long and short term in order to balance the immediate service issues with long term objectives.
- Prevention the NHS Wales Delivery framework provides a measureable mechanism to evidence how the NHS is positively influencing the health and wellbeing of the citizens of Wales with a particular focus upon maximising people's physical and mental well-being.
- Integration this integrated performance report brings together key performance measures across the seven domains of the NHS Wales Delivery Framework, which identify the priority areas that patients, clinicians and stakeholders wanted the NHS to be measured against. The framework covers a wide spectrum of measures that are aligned with the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- **Collaboration** in order to manage performance, the Corporate Functions within the Health Board liaise with leads from the Service Groups as well as key individuals from partner organisations including the Local Authorities, Welsh Ambulance Services Trust, Public Health Wales and external Health Boards.
- **Involvement** Corporate and Service Group leads are key in identifying performance issues and identifying actions to take forward.

Report History	The last iteration of the Integrated Performance Report was presented to Performance & Finance Committee in August 2021. This is a routine monthly report.
Appendices	Appendix 1: Integrated Performance Report







Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report September 2021



CONTENTS PAGE

		Page number(s):
1.	<u>OVERVIEW</u>	11-14
	Key movements	
	Areas under escalation	
2.	QUADRANTS OF HARM SUMMARY	12
3.	HARM QUADRANT- HARM FROM COVID ITSELF	15
	3.1 Updates on key measures:	4-
	COVID testing	17
	COVID related staff absence	18
1	HARM QUADRANT- HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM	
٦.	4.1 Unscheduled care overview	18-19
	4.2 Updates on key measures:	
	Unscheduled Care	00.07
	Fractured Neck of femur	20-27 29-30
	Healthcare Acquired Infections	29-30 31-33
	Pressure Ulcers	33
	Serious incidents	34
	Inpatient Falls	35
	<u>Discharge Summaries</u>	35
	Crude Mortality	36
	Workforce	37
5.	HARM QUADRANT- HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY	
	5.1 Primary and Community Care overview	38
	5.2 Planned Care Overview	39-40
	5.3 Updates on key measures:	

Planned Care
 41-46

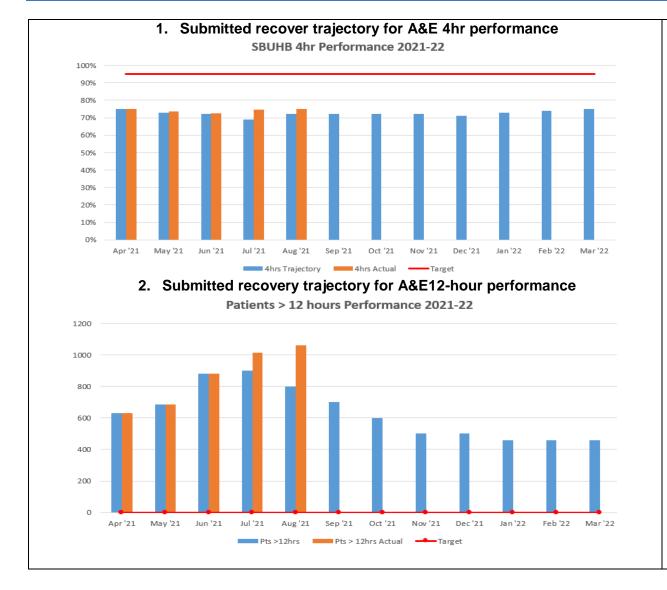
		Page number(s):
	<u>Cancer</u>	47-49
	 Follow-up appointments 	50
	Patient Experience	51
	• Complaints	52
6.	HARM QUADRANT- HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/ LOCKDOWN	
	6.1 Immunisations and Vaccinations overview	53
	6.2 Mental Health Overview	54
	6.3 Updates on key measures:	
	Adult Mental Health	55
	Child and Adolescent Mental Health	56
7.	<u>FINANCE</u>	57-59
8.	APPENDIX 2: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD	60-63

1. OVERVIEW

The following summarises the key successes, along with the priorities, risks and threats to achievement of the quality, access and workforce standards.

Suc	cesses	Concerns			
543,067 Total vaccinations undertaken (23.8.21)	11,078 (3%↓) A&E attendances – currently seeing the first reduction in attendances since January '21	21 New confirmed cases of Covid admitted (23.8.21)	1014 (15%1) Waits in A&E over 12 hours (July '21)		
100% MH&LD patients waited less than 26 weeks for psychological therapy (performing above the nation 95% target)		Variable Pay ↑ Variable pay shows a significant increase in August, however some £2.8m of the increased overtime relates to the arrears payment of the overtime holiday pay settlement, which has been funded by WG.			
0 Never Events reported	1,918 (2.9%↓) Patients waiting over 8 weeks for Cardiac diagnostics only	233 Medically fit patients Highest figure reported in > 2 years	79% CAMHS patients received assessment within 48hrs (against the 100% target)		
↓ August 2021 saw a reduction in the average lost bed days		Positive Co	77 (↑) ovid cases in st 2021.		
29,770 (14.5%↓) Patients waiting for a follow- up outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100%	176 (4%↓) Operations cancelled on the day	91 (†) Cases of healthcare acquired pressure ulcers	There has been an increase in the number of e.coli cases reported		

HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM UNSCHEDULED CARE – PERFORMANCE ESCALATION UPDATES



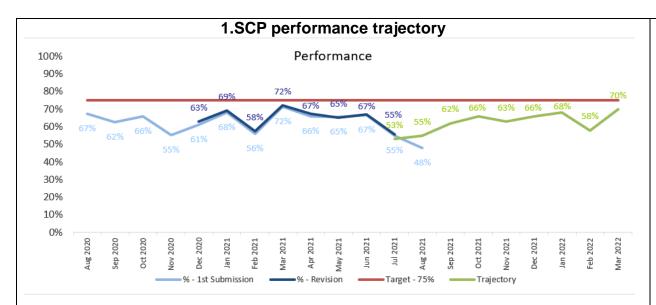
 As outlined, proposed recovery trajectories have been submitted for unscheduled care in line with the requirements of the health Board Performance escalation framework.

The current A&E four-hour performance figures for August 2021 are sitting at 75%, which is currently tracking above the outlined trajectory.

2. The proposed 12-hour performance trajectory shows a consistent reduction in patients in the coming months, however 12-hour performance continues to decline.

A detailed recovery plan outlining key actions has been included in the September PFC agenda.

HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY CANCER SERVICES – PERFORMANCE ESCALATION UPDATES



2. Proposed backlog improvements to support SCP performance

Target for PTL Backlog 7% improvement month to month	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22
Acute Leukaemia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brain/CNS	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Breast	30	28	26	24	22	20	17	15
Children's Cancer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gynaecological	38	35	33	30	27	25	22	19
Haematological	10	9	9	8	7	7	6	5
Head and Neck	26	24	22	21	19	17	15	13
Lower Gastrointestinal	360	335	310	284	259	234	209	184
Lung	26	24	22	21	19	17	15	13
Other	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	3
Sarcoma	7	7	6	6	5	5	4	4
Skin	22	20	19	17	16	14	13	11
Upper Gastrointestinal	60	56	52	47	43	39	35	31
Urological	95	88	82	75	68	62	55	48
Total	680	632	585	537	490	442	394	347

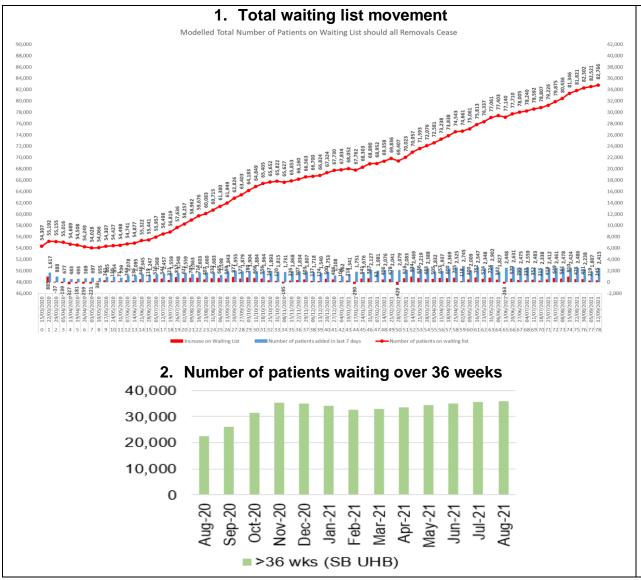
1. The Cancer team has submitted the proposed recovery trajectory for the SCP performance. Graph 1 shows that by the end of March 2022, the position will almost be recovered providing the backlog reduction can be maintained, along with the proposed activity.

Cancer services are still yet to recover fully in terms of Outpatient activity which has impacted the performance, however recent announcements regarding covid guidance will have a positive impact on this situation.

2. Shows the breakdown per specialty of the current backlog per specialty and the proposed reduction in throughout the remainder of the financial years.

A detailed recovery plan outlining key actions has been included in the September PFC agenda.

HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY PLANNED CARE



1. The chart shows the total waiting list movement since March 2020. Each data point is a weekly marker. The chart shows that the total number of patients on our waiting list has increased from 54,000 to 83,000.

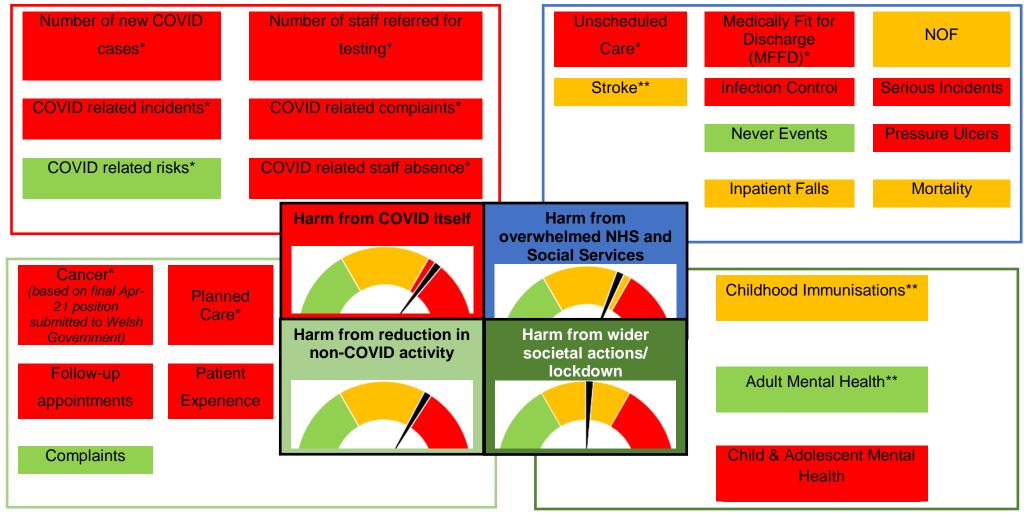
 his chart shows the number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for either an outpatient appointment, a diagnostic test, a follow up or treatment. Whilst there was a reduction in numbers in March 2021, figures are now consistently increasing.

Work is ongoing to develop recovery trajectories for these planned care measures.

Formal planned care trajectories will be produced, with the view of managing performance against the targets.

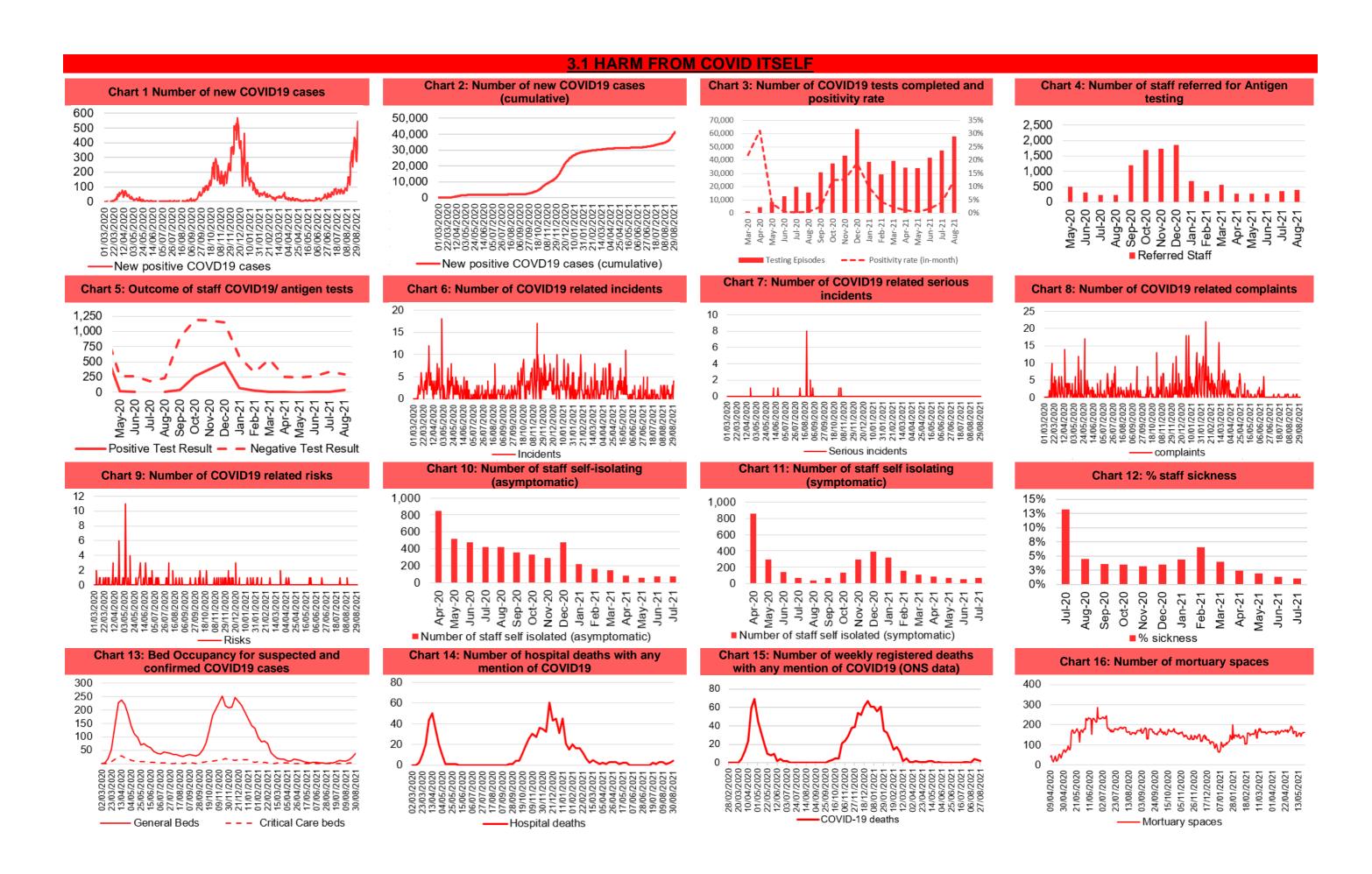
1. QUADRANTS OF HARM SUMMARY

The following is a summary of all the key performance indicators included in this report.

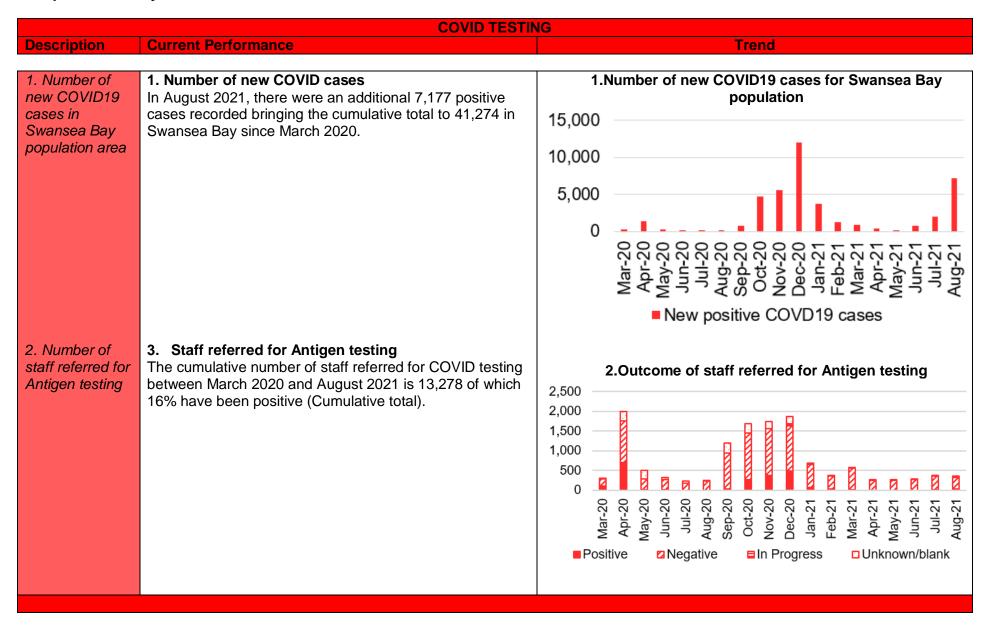


NB- RAG status is against national or local target
** Data not available

^{*}RAG status based on in-month movement in the absence of local profiles



3.1 Updates on key measures



Staff absence due to COVID19

- 1.Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic)
- 2.Number of staff self isolating (symptomatic)
- 3.% staff sickness

The following data is based on the mid-month position and broken down into the categories requested by Welsh Government.

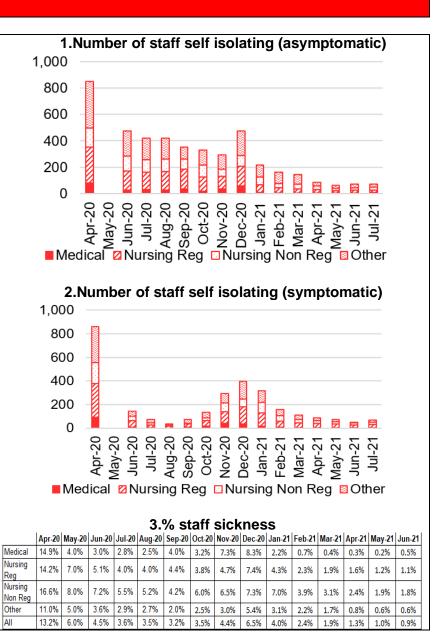
1. & 2. Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic and symptomatic)

Between April and July 2021, the number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic) slightly increased from 70 to 71 and the number of staff self-isolating (symptomatic) increased from 50 to 67. In July 2021, the "non-registered nursing staff" had the largest number of self-isolating staff who are asymptomatic and "Registered Nursing staff" had the largest number of self-isolating staff who are symptomatic.

3. % Staff sickness

The percentage of staff sickness absence due to COVID19 has slightly increased from 0.9% in June 2021 to 1.26% in July 2021.

Updated data for August 2021 not available when publishing report



HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM

4.1 Unscheduled Care- Overview



 % P1F2F patients requiring a PCC based appointment seen within 1hr of clinical assessment

Service continues to experience issues with data reporting. It is anticipated that up to date accurate data will be available shortly.

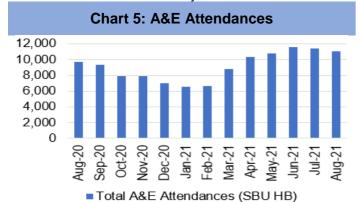


Chart 9: Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds



Chart 12: % of patients (> 60 years) who presented with a hip fracture that received an

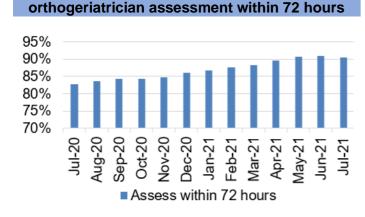


Chart 2: % red calls responded to within 8 minutes

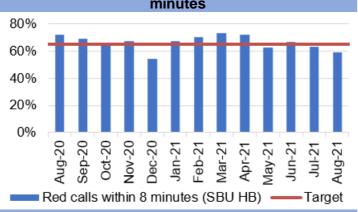


Chart 6: % patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E



Chart 10: Number of Medically Fit For Discharge (MFFD) patients

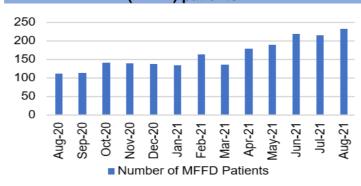


Chart 13: Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit within 4 hours

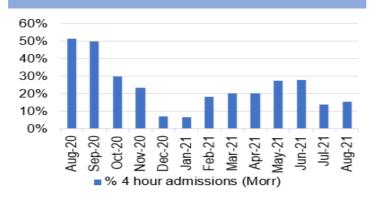


Chart 3: Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour

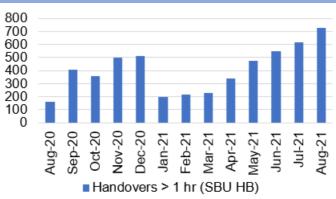


Chart 7: Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E

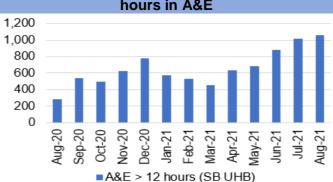


Chart 11: Delay reason for Medically Fit For Discharge (MFFD) patients

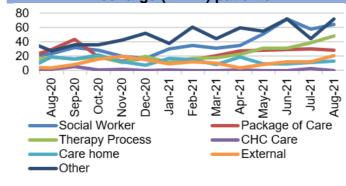


Chart 14: % of stroke patients receiving CT scan with 1 hour

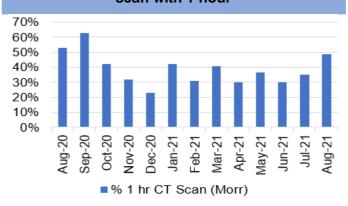
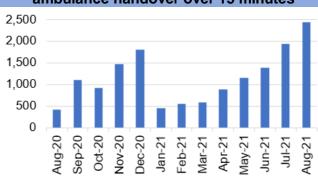
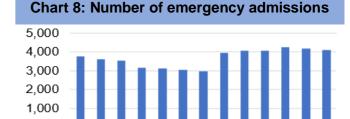


Chart 4: Lost hours- notification to ambulance handover over 15 minutes

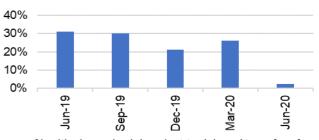


■ Lost Handover Hours > 15 minutes (SBU HB)



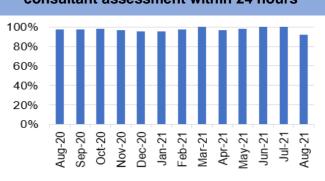
Aug-20
Sep-20
Sep-20
Oct-20
Oct-20
Aun-21
Jun-21

Chart 12: % of critical care bed days lost to delayed transfers of care



% critical care bed days lost to delayed transfer of care

Chart 15: % stroke patients receiving consultant assessment within 24 hours



% assess within 24 hrs (Morr)

Unscheduled Care Overview (August 2021)

Primary Care Access

97% (→)

GP practices open during daily core hours

93% (3%1)

% of Out of Hours (OoH)/111 patients prioritised as P1CH that started their definitive clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being answered (July-19)

88% (→)

GP practices offering appointments between 5pm-6:30pm

100% (33%1)

% of Out of Hours (OOH)/111
patients prioritised as P1F2F
requiring a Primary Care
Centre (PCC) based
appointment seen within 1
hour following completion of
their definitive clinical
assessment (Oct-19)

Ambulance

59.1 (4%1)

Red calls responded to with 8 minutes

726 (18%1)

Ambulance handovers over 1 hour

3,772 (11%1) Amber calls

491 (12%1)Red calls

Emergency Department

11,078 (3%↓) A&E attendances

75.04% (0.4%↓) Waits in A&E under 4 hours

1060 (5%1)Waits in A&E over 12 hours

1,917 (1%1)
Patients admitted
from A&E

Emergency Activity

4,110 (2%1)

Emergency Inpatient Admissions

368 (15%1) (Jun-21) Trauma theatre cases

309 (-14%↓)(Jun-21)

Emergency Theatre Cases

14 (18%1)

Elective procedures cancelled due to no beds

Patient Flow

13 (19%↓) (Mar-20)
Mental Health DTOCs
Data collection temporari

* Data collection temporarily suspended

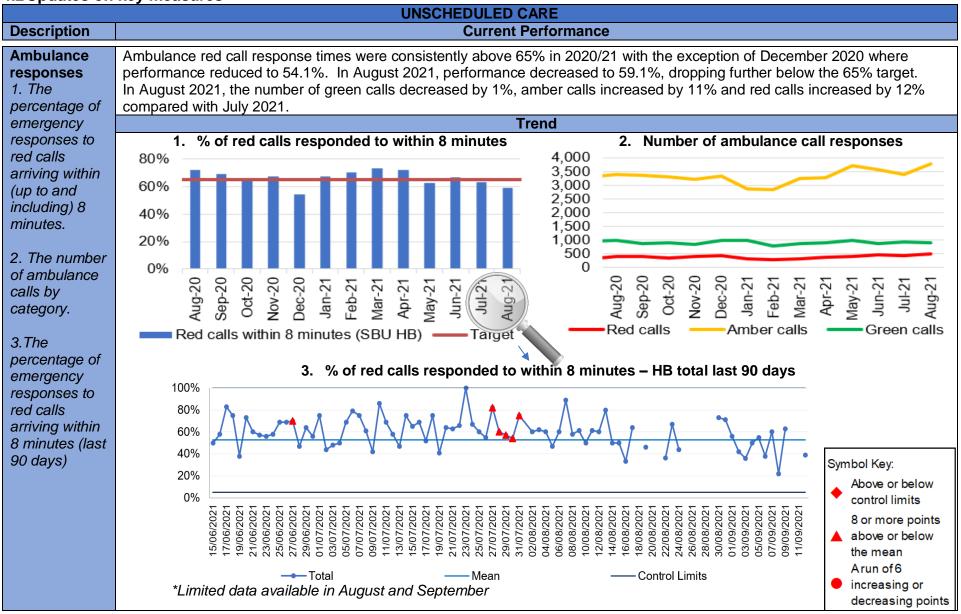
60 (13%↓) (Mar-20)
Non-Mental Health DTOCs
* Data collection temporarily
suspended

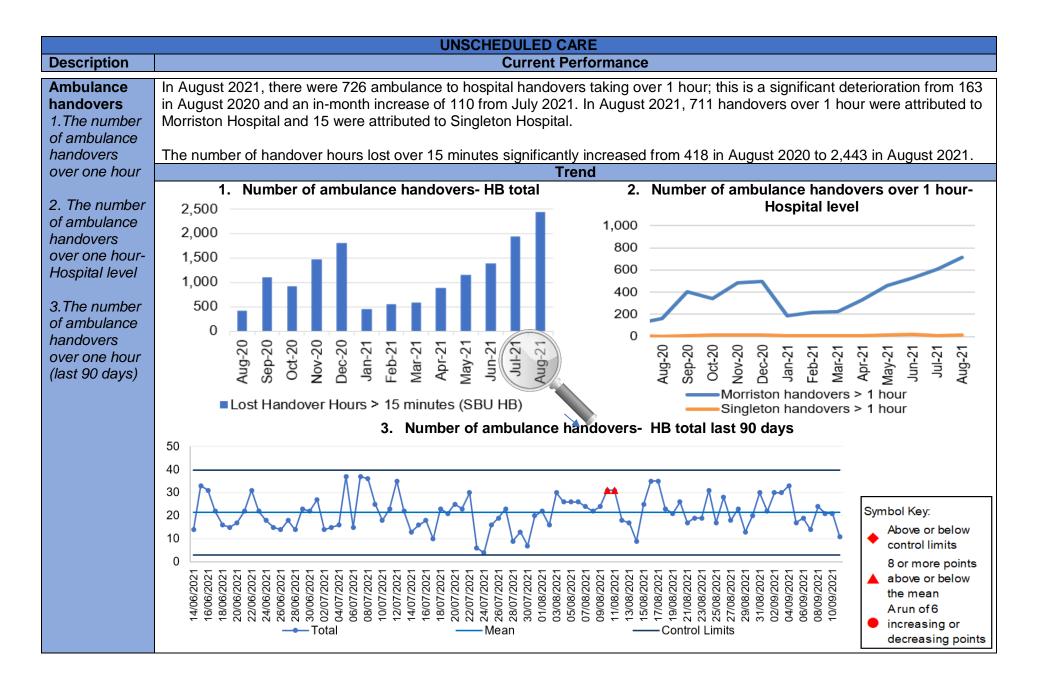
233 (8%1)

Medically fit patients

*RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

4.2 Updates on key measures





	UNSCHEDULED CARE
Description	Current Performance
A&E Attendances 1.The number of attendances at emergency	ED/MIU attendances significantly reduced in April 2020 during the COVID19 first wave but have been steadily increasing month on month until September 2020 when attendances started to reduce. Attendances have been decreasing since July 2021, and in August 2021, there were 11,078 A&E attendances. This is 52% more than April 2020 and 1.7% less than August 2019. Trend
at emergency departments in the Health Board 2. The number of attendances at emergency departments in the Health Board – Hospital level 3. The number of attendances at emergency departments in the Health Board (last 90 days)	1. Number of A&E attendances- HB total 12,000 10,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 0,000 1,000 0,000 0,000 1,000 0,000 0,000 1,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 1,000 0
	3. Number of A&E attendances -HB total last 90 days 500 400 300 200 100 0 100 0 100 100 0 100 100 100

UNSCHEDULED CARE			
Description	Current Performance		
-			
A&E waiting times 1.% of patients who spend	The Health Board's performance against the 4-hour measure improved from 74.65% in July 2021 to 75.04% in August 2021. Neath Port Talbot Hospital Minor Injuries Unit (MIU) continues to achieve (and exceed) the national target of 95% achieving 99.37% in August 2021. Morriston Hospital's performance improved from 61.54% in July 2021 to 62.32% in August 2021.		
	Trend		
less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge 2. % of patients who	1. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0		
spend less	3. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total last 90 days		
than 4 hours in A&E- Hospital level 3. % of patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E (last 90 days)	90% 85% 80% 75% 65% 60% 55% 50% 1202/90/87		
	Total —— Mean —— Control Limits —— Mean —— Control Limits		

	UNSCHEDULED CARE
Description	Current Performance
A&E waiting times	In August 2021, performance against the 12-hour measure deteriorated compared with July 2021, increasing from 1014 to 1060.
1.Number of patients who	1059 patients waiting over 12 hours in August 2021 were in Morriston Hospital, with one in Neath Port Talbot Hospital. This is an increase of 774 compared to August 2020.
spend 12	Trend
hours or more in A&E	1. Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E- HB total 1.200 — 1
2.Number of	1,200 —
patients who	800
spend 12	600
hours or more in A&E-	400
Hospital level	
3.Number of patients who	Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Jan-21 May-21 Jun-21 Aug-20 Jun-21 Aug-21
spend 12 hours or more	■A&E > 12 hours (SB UHB) ——Morriston ——NPTH
in A&E (last 90	3. Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E – HB total last 90 days
days)	80
	70
	50 40 30 30 20 Symbol Key: Above or below
	10 Control limits
	TETTTETT A show or below
	406/2021 16/06/2021 16/06/2021 16/06/2021 26/06/2021 27/06/2021 28/06/2021 28/06/2021 28/06/2021 28/07/2021 10/07/2021 11/08/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 11/08/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/07/2021 28/06/2021
	+ 2 2 2 2 4 2 8 6 2 4 2 8 6 2 4 2 8 6 2 2 4 2 8 8 6 1 6 8 6 1 6 8 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1

UNSCHEDULED CARE							
Description	Current Performance						
Emergency admissions 1. The number of emergency	In August 2021, there were 4,110 emergency admissions across the Health Board, which is 2% lower than in July 2021 and 8.8% more than August 2020. Morriston Hospital saw a in-month reduction, with 75 less admissions (from 3,213 in July 2021 to 3,155 in August 2021).						
inpatient admissions	Trend 1. Number of emergency admissions- HB total 2. Number of emergency admissions- Hospital level						
admissions	5,000 4,000						
2. The number	4,000						
of emergency inpatient	3,000						
admissions-	2,000						
Hospital level	1,000						
3. The number	0 00000						
of emergency inpatient	Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Oct-20 Jan-21 Aug-21 Jul-21 Jul-21 Jul-21 Jul-21 Aug-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 May-21 May-21 Jun-21 Aug-21						
admissions (last 90 days)	■ Emergency Admissions (SBU HB) ——Morriston ——Singleton ——NPTH						
	3. Number of emergency admissions- HB total last 90 days						
	250						
	200						
	150 may by har has her has her has her						
	100 Symbol Key:						
	50 Above or below control limits						
	0 8 or more points						
	above or below						
	14/06/2021 16/06/2021 18/06/2021 22/06/2021 22/06/2021 22/06/2021 22/06/2021 22/06/2021 22/07/2021 23/08/2021						
	Total — Mean — Control Limits — decreasing points						

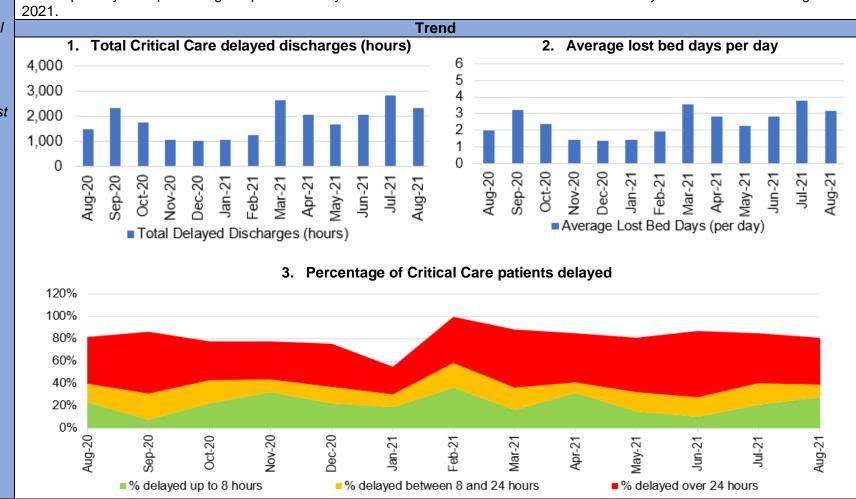
UNSCHEDULED CARE				
Description	Current Performance			

Critical Care-Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOC)-Morriston Hospital 1. Total Critical

1.Total Critica Care delayed discharges (hours)

- 2. Average lost bed days per day
- 3.Percentage of patients delayed:
- Up to 8 hours
- Between 8 and 24 hours
- Over 24
 hours

In August 2021, there were a total of 91 admissions into the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) in Morriston Hospital. During the COVID19 first wave in April and May 2020, the amount of delayed discharges and average lost bed days significantly reduced and this downward trend was also evident in the second wave starting in November 2020 but not to the extent of the first wave. However, in August 2021, delayed discharges saw a reduction to 2,348 hours, with the average lost bed days also decreasing to 3.16 per day. The percentage of patients delayed over 24 hours decreased from 44.44% in July 2021 to 42.03% in August 2021.



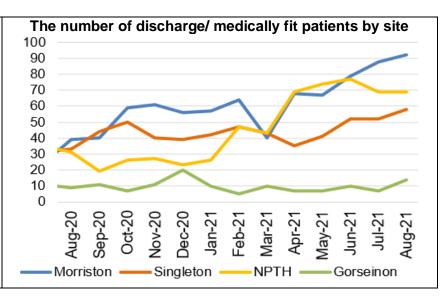
UNSCHEDULED CARE						
Description	Current Performance	Trend				

Medically Fit The number of patients waiting at each site in the Health Board that are deemed discharge/ medically fit

In August 2021, there were on average 233 patients who were deemed medically/ discharge fit but were still occupying a bed in one of the Health Board's Hospitals.

The number of medically/ discharge fit patients returned to the average that was seen in quarter 3 for 2021/21 in March 2021, after a significant increase in February 2021. It began increasing again in May 2021, with August 2021 (233) now seeing the highest number of medically/ discharge fit patients in over two years.

In August 2021, Morriston Hospital had the largest proportion of medically/ discharge fit patients with 92, followed by Neath Port Talbot Hospital with 69.

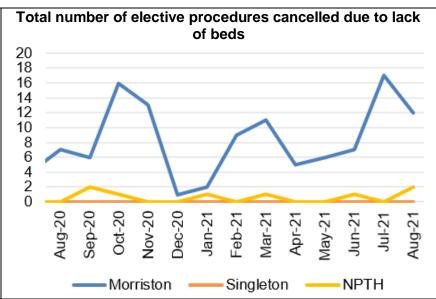


Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds

The number of elective procedure cancelled across the hospital where the main cancellation reasons was lack of beds

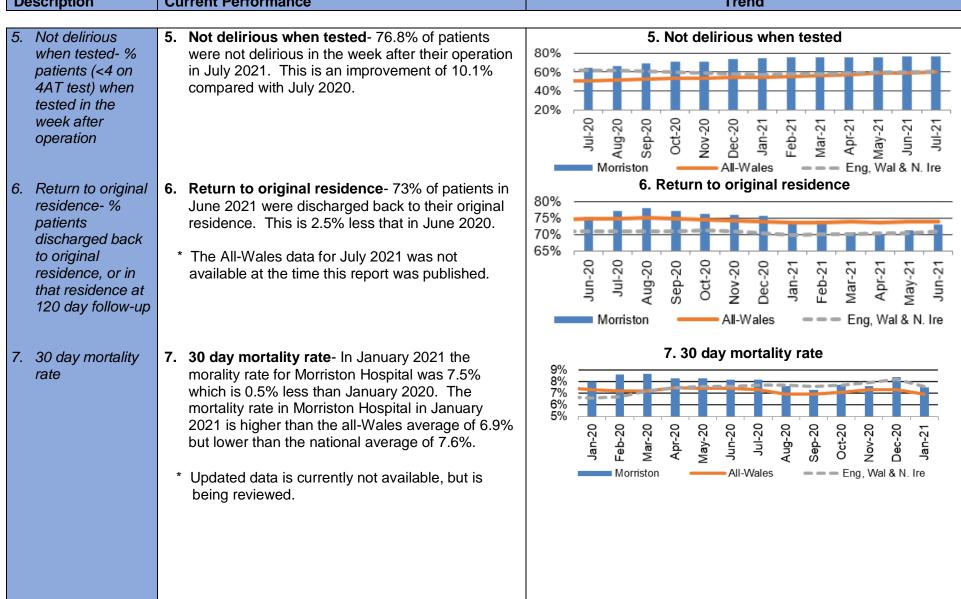
In August 2021, there were 14 elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds on the day of surgery. This is 7 more cancellations than in August 2020 and 3 less than July 2021.

12 of the cancelled procedures were attributed to Morriston Hospital, with 2 attributed to Neath Port Talbot Hospital.

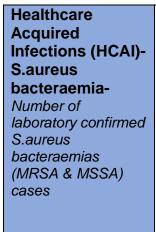


	FRACTURED NECK OF F	EMUR (#NOF)
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Fractured Neck of Femur (#NOF) 1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- % patients receiving an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours of	1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- In July 2021, 90.5% of patients in Morriston hospital received an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours. This is 11% more than in April 2020.	1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 2. Prompt surgery 1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 2. Prompt surgery 1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 2. Prompt surgery 1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 2. Prompt surgery 1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 2. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 2. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 3. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 4. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 2. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 3. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment 4. Prompt
presentation 2. Prompt surgery - % patients undergoing surgery the day following presentation with hip fracture	hip fracture. This is an improvement from July 2020 which was 53.7%	80% 70% 60% 50% 40% Nov-50 N
3. NICE compliant surgery - % of operations consistent with the recommendations of NICE CG124	3. NICE compliant surgery- 71.2% of operations were consistent with the NICE recommendations in July 2021. This is 0.1% more than in July 2020. In June 2021, Morriston was below the all-Wales average of 72.7%.	Aug-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Sep-20 Sep-20 Nov-20 Nov-20 Mar-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Jul-21 Jul-21
4. Prompt mobilisation after surgery - % patients out of bed (standing or hoisted) by the day after operation	4. Prompt mobilisation - In July 2021, 75.7% of patients were out of bed the day after surgery. This is 0.2% less than in June 2020.	4. Prompt mobilisation 90% 80% 70% 60% Morriston All-Wales Eng, Wal & N. Ire 4. Prompt mobilisation 90% Mov-50 All-Wales Eng, Wal & N. Ire 4. Prompt mobilisation 90% All-Wales Eng, Wal & N. Ire All-Wales Eng, Wal & N. Ire

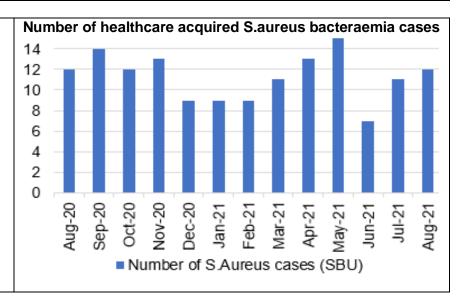
Description Current Performance Trend	FRACTURED NECK OF FEMUR (#NOF)							
Document of the market	Description	Current Performance	Trend					



	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	D INFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI) - E.coli bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases	 34 cases of <i>E. coli</i> bacteraemia were identified in August 2021, of which 9 were hospital acquired and 25 were community acquired. Cumulative cases from July 2021 to August 2021 are 22% lower than the equivalent period in 2020/21. (104 in 2021/22 compared with 127 in 2020/21). 	Number of healthcare acquired E.coli bacteraemia cases 40 30 20 10 Oct-20 Nov-20 Nov-20 Apr-21 Jun-21 Aug-21 Aug-21



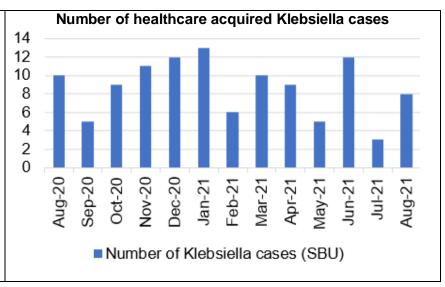
- There were 12 cases of Staph. aureus bacteraemia in August 2021, of which 8 were hospital acquired and 4 were community acquired.
- Cumulative cases from July 2021 to August 2021 are 17.8% lower than the equivalent period in 2020/21 (45 in 2021/22 compared with 53 in 2020/21).



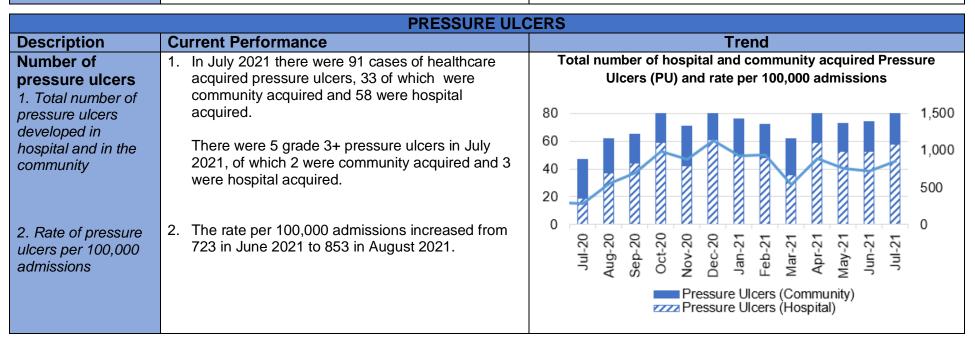
	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	ED INFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- C.difficile- Number of laboratory confirmed C.difficile cases	 There were 22 Clostridium difficile toxin positive cases in August 2021, of which 20 were hospital acquired and 2 were community acquired. Cumulative cases from July 2021 to August 2021 are 34.8% more than the equivalent period of 2020/21 (66 in 2021/22 compared with 43 in 2020/21). 	Number of healthcare acquired C.difficile cases 25 20 15 10 5 Oct-20 Nov-20 Nov-20 Number of C.difficile cases 25 Ang-21 A



- There were 8 cases of Klebsiella sp in August 2021, of which 4 were hospital acquired and 4 were community acquired.
- Cumulative cases from July 2021 to August 2021 are 5.1% more than the equivalent period in 2020/21 (38 in 2021/22 compared with 36 in 2020/21).



Description	Current Performance							Tre	end						
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Aeruginosa- Number of laboratory confirmed Aeruginosa cases	 There were 2 cases of <i>P.Aerginosa</i> bacteraemia reported in August 2021. Cumulative cases from July 2021 to August 2021 are 70% more than the equivalent period in 2020/21. 	Nu 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20		Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21



	SERIOUS INCID	ENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Serious Incidents- 1. The number of serious incidents	The Health Board reported 5 Serious Incidents for the month of August 2021 to Welsh Government. The breakdown of incidents in June 2021 are set out below:	1. and 2. Number of serious incidents and never events 30 25 20 15 10 5
2. The number of Never Events3. Of the serious incidents due for	 There were no new Never Event's reported in August 2021. In August 2021, performance against the 80% 	Number of Serious Incidents Number of never events 3. % of serious incidents closed within 60 days 100% 90%
ancidents due for assurance, the percentage which were assured within the agreed timescales	target of submitting closure forms within 60 working days was 0% as none of the closure forms due to be submitted to Welsh Government in August 2021 were submitted on time.	Aug-21 Au
		* 0% compliance in June, July, October and November 2020 and January, March, April, May and June 2021

	INPATIENT FA	LLS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Inpatient Falls The total number of inpatient falls	The number of Falls reported via Datix web for Swansea Bay UHB was 198 in August 2021. This is 12.8% less than August 2020 where 227 falls were recorded.	Sep-20

	DISCHARGE SUMI	MARIES
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Discharge Summaries Percentage of discharge summaries approved and sent to patients' doctor following discharge	The latest data shows that in August 2021, the percentage of completed discharge summaries was 62%. In August 2021, compliance ranged from 59% in Singleton Hospital to 76% in Mental Health & Learning Disabilities.	% discharge summaries approved and sent 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Image: Proposition of the propo

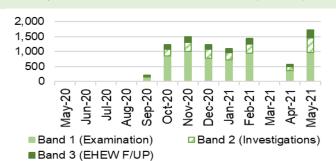
	CRUDE MORTA	LITY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crude Mortality Rate	July 2021 reports the crude mortality rate for the Health Board at 1.03% compared with 1.01% in June 2021. A breakdown by Hospital for July 2021: Morriston – 1.73% Singleton – 0.52% NPT – 0.12%	Crude hospital mortality rate by Hospital (74 years of age or less) 2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.0% 0.5% 0.0% Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital

WORKFORCE					
Description	Current Performance				Trend
Staff sickness rates- Percentage of sickness absence rate	Our in-month performance 6.81% in June 2021 to 7.3			% o	f full time equivalent (FTE) days lost to sickness absence (12 month rolling and in-month)
of staff	 The 12-month rolling performs deteriorated from 6.91% in July 2021. The following table provide reasons by full time equivariance 2021. *July 2021 data not available in the provided reasons by full time equivariance 2021. 	es the top 5 all allent (FTE) da	bsence bys lost in	11% 10% 9% 8% 7% 6%	
	Absence Reason	FTE Days Lost	%	5% 4%	
	Anxiety/ stress/ depression/ other psychiatric illnesses	8,861.76	37.1%	3% 2% 1%	
	Other musculoskeletal problems	2,658.4	11.1%	0%	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	1,930.22	8.1%		Aug-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Jan-21 Jan-21 Jun-21 Jun-21
	Chest & respiratory problems	1,803.94	7.6%		→ % sickness rate (in-month)
	Gastrointestinal problems	1,341.68	5.6%		

HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY

5.1 Primary and Community Care Overview

Chart 1: Number of patients receiving care from Eye Health Examination Wales (EHEW)



No claims submitted between April and August 2020

Chart 5: Number and percentage of adult dental patients re-attending NHS Primary Dental Care between 6-9 months



Chart 9: District Nursing- Number of patients on caseload

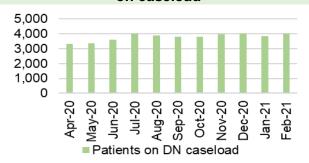


Chart 13: % of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less for Restorative Dentistry



% of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less

Chart 2: Common Ailment Scheme - Number of consultations provided

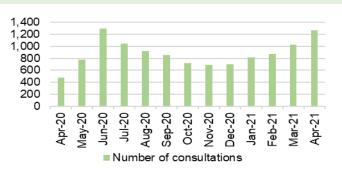


Chart 6: Pregnancy Advisory Service- Referral to appointment within 5 days and treatment within 10 days



☑ Referral to treatment within 10 days
 Chart 10: District Nursing- Total number of contacts

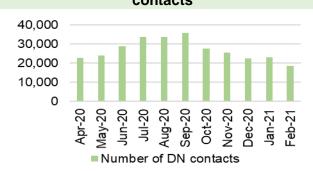
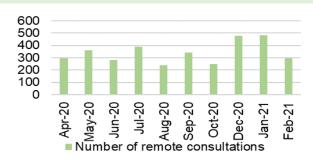


Chart 14: Audiology- Number of remote consultations



Nov-20 data not available

Chart 3: Urgent Dental Centre-Total episodes of patient care

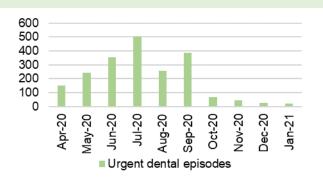


Chart 7: Sexual health services- Attendances at sexual health ambulance



Chart 11: Community wound clinic- Number of attendances and number of home visits

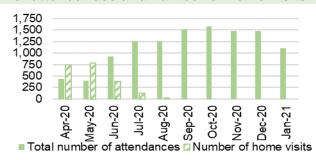


Chart 15: Audiology- Total number of patients on the waiting list

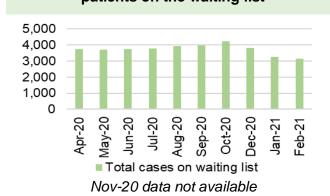


Chart 4: General Dental Practice activity- Total number of telephone calls received

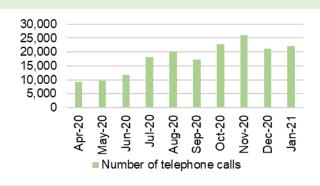


Chart 8: Sexual health services- Patient outcomes

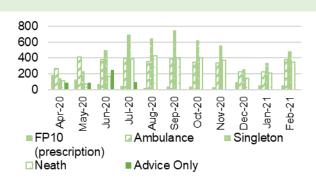


Chart 12: Community wound clinic- Number of assessments by location

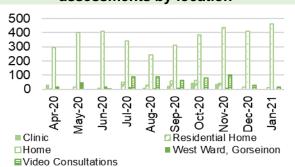
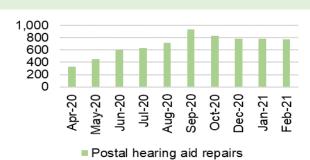


Chart 16: Audiology- Number of postal hearing aid repairs



Nov-20 data not available

Harm from reduction in non-Covid activity 5.2 Planned Care Overview



Chart 5: Number of patients waiting for reportable diagnostics over 8 weeks

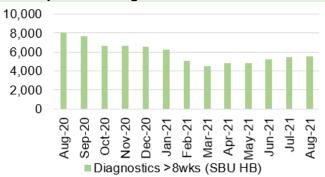


Chart 9: Single Cancer Pathway- % of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion

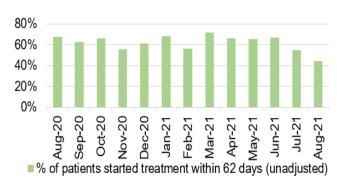


Chart 13: Number of patients without a documented clinical review date

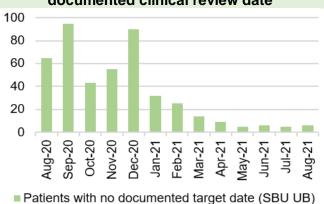


Chart 2: Number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment

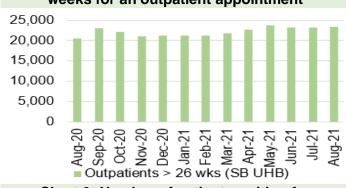


Chart 6: Number of patients waiting for reportable Cardiac diagnostics over 8 weeks

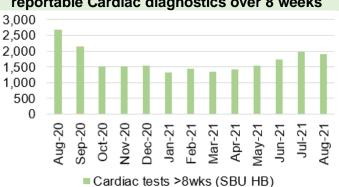


Chart 10: Number of new cancer patients starting definitive treatment

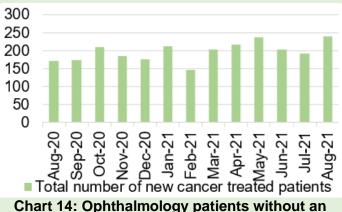


Chart 14: Ophthalmology patients without ar allocated health risk factor

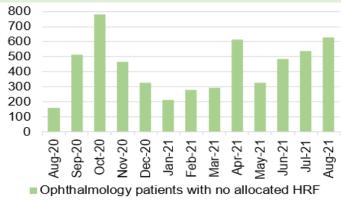


Chart 3: Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment



Chart 7: Number of patients waiting less than 14 weeks for Therapies

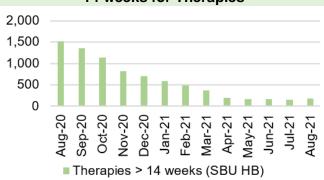


Chart 11: Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days

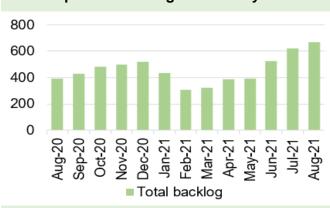


Chart 15: Total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list

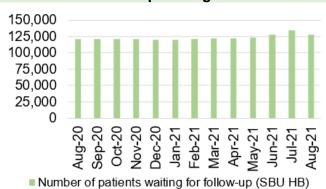


Chart 4: % patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment



Chart 8: Cancer referrals



Chart 12: Number of patients waiting for an outpatient follow-up who are delayed past their target date

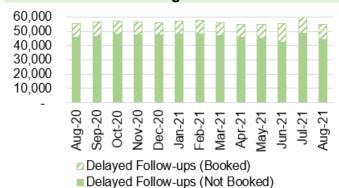


Chart 16: Number of patients delayed by over 100%



■ Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)

Planned Care- Overview (August 2021)

nned Care- Overview	(August 2021)	Weiting Times	
Demand		Waiting Times	
11,320 (15%↓) Total GP referrals	23,444 (1%↑) Patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment	35,999 (1.2%↑) Patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment	25,797 (1%1) Patients waiting over 52 weeks for treatment
7,357 (15%↓) Routine GP referrals	48.3% (0.5%↑) Patients waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment	5,523 (2%↑) Patients waiting over 8 weeks for all reportable diagnostics	1,918 (2.9%↓) Patients waiting over 8 weeks for Cardiac diagnostics only
3,963 (15%↓) Urgent GP referrals	186 (23%↑) Patients waiting over 14 weeks for reportable therapies	127,391 (5.1%↓) Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment	29,770 (14.5%↓) Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100%
(Cancer	Theatre	Efficiencies
1,634 (19.8%↓) Number of USC referrals received	667 (7.8%↑) USC backlog over 63 days	69% (3%↓) Theatre utilisation rate	46% (2%↓) % of theatres sessions finishing early

44.6% (10.4%↓**)** draft

Patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days

44% (→)

% of theatres sessions starting late

176 (4%↓)

Operations cancelled on the day

^{*}RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

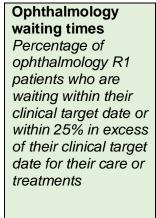
5.3 Updates on key measures

PLANNED CARE Description Current Performance Referrals and The number of GP referrals and additions to the outpatient waiting list has increased each month since May 2020, this is shape of the reflected in the reduction in the size of the waiting list in April 2020 and subsequent increase every month since May waiting list 2020. August 2021 has seen a further decrease in referral figures. Since September 2020 the number of referrals and additions appeared to stabilise but then started to increase again from January 2021. Chart 4 shows the shape of the current waiting list and chart 3 shows the waiting list as at December 2019 as this reflects a typical monthly snapshot of 1. GP Referrals the waiting list prior to the COVID19 pandemic. The number of **Trend** Stage 1 additions Number of GP referrals received by SBU Health 2. Number of stage 1 additions per week **Board** per week 10,000 3,000 2,500 2. Stage 1 8.000 2,000 additions 6,000 The number of new 1,500 4,000 1,000 patients that have 2.000 500 been added to the 0 Nov-20 outpatient waiting list Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jun-21 05/07/20 26/07/20 16/08/20 06/09/20 27/09/20 18/11/20 29/11/20 20/12/20 10/01/21 31/01/21 21/02/21 14/03/21 16/05/21 3. Size of the GP Referrals (routine) waiting list GP Referrals (urgent) Additions to outpatients (stage 1) waiting list Total number of patients on the 3. Total size of the waiting list and movement 4. Total size of the waiting list and movement waiting list by stage (August 2021) (December 2019) as at December Additions to list continue to rise 3,000 26 36 52 2019 2.500 Patients breaching 36 and 52 2500 weeks 4. Size of the 2.000 2000 waiting list wave of patients moving through time gates 1.500 1500 Total number of 1,000 1000 patients on the Breaching 36 weeks waiting list by stage 500 500 as at June 2021 12 16 20 24 ■ STAGE 1 ■ STAGE 2 ■ STAGE 3 ■ STAGE 4 ■ STAGE 5 ■ STAGE 1 ■ STAGE 2 ■ STAGE 3 ■ STAGE 4 ■ STAGE 5

PLANNED CARE Description Current Performance Outpatient waiting The number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a first outpatient appointment is still a challenge. August 2021 saw a slight in-month increase in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment. The number of times breaches increased from 23,225 in July 2021 to 23,444 in August 2021. Ophthalmology has the largest proportion of 1. Number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment closely followed by Orthopaedics and ENT. The number of outpatient attendances has significantly reduced since February 2020 due to COVID19. Chart 4 shows that the number patients waiting more than 26 weeks of attendances started to increase from April 2021. for an outpatient **Trend** appointment (stage 1. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- HB total 2. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- Hospital level 25,000 1)- Health Board 17,500 15,000 Total 20,000 12,500 10,000 15.000 2. Number of 7,500 patients waiting 10,000 5,000 more than 26 weeks 2,500 5.000 for an outpatient appointment (stage Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 May-21 Jul-21 Aug-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 Jun-21 Jan-21 1)- Hospital Level Nov-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 **May-21** Apr-21 Jun-21 Jul-21 Singleton NPTH Morriston Outpatients > 26 wks (SB UHB) 3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an 3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient 4. Outpatient activity undertaken outpatient appointment by specialty as at July 2021 30,000 appointment by 25.000 specialty 4.000 20,000 3,500 15,000 3,000 10,000 2,500 2,000 4. Outpatient activity 5,000 1,500 undertaken 1,000 Aug-20 Oct-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 May-21 Feb-21 Apr-21 Jul-21 Aug-21 Mar-21 500 Cardiologia Haematology Paediatrics date Sugery Plastic Surgery New outpatient attendances Follow-up attendances **Please note – reporting measures changed from June 2021 – Using power BI platform

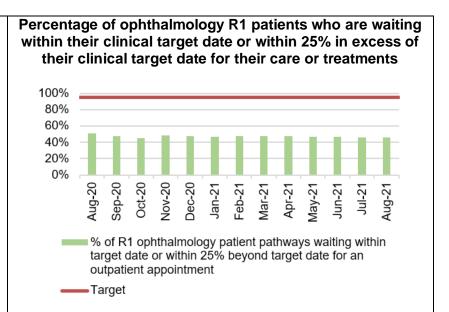
PLANNED CARE Description Current Performance Patients waiting The number of patients waiting longer than 36 weeks from referral to treatment has increased every month since the first wave of COVID19 in March 2020. December 2020 was the first month in 2020 that saw an in-month reduction and this over 36 weeks for trend continued into January and February 2021 however, the number of breaches increased again from March 2021. In treatment August 2021, there was 35,999 patients waiting over 36 weeks which is a 1.2% in-month increase from July 2021. 25,797 of the 35,999 were waiting over 52 weeks in August 2021. 1. Number of patients waiting more than 36 weeks **Trend** for treatment and the 1. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- HB 2. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- Hospital number of elective level total patients admitted for 25,000 40,000 treatment- Health 20,000 30,000 Board Total 15,000 20,000 10,000 2. Number of 10,000 patients waiting 5,000 0 more than 36 weeks Oct-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 May-21 for treatment and the Nov-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jul-21 number of elective patients admitted for ■>36 wks (SB UHB) Morriston Singleton treatment- Hospital 3. Number of elective admissions level 6.000 5,000 3. Number of elective admissions 4.000 3.000 2.000 1.000 Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Feb-21 Jan-21 Mar-21 Jul-21 Apr-21 May-21 Aug-21 Admitted elective patients

	PLANNED CARE					
Description	Curren	Current Performance				
Total waiting times Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment	Throughout 2019/20 the overall percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment ranged between 80% and 88%. Whereas, throughout the Covid19 pandemic in 2020/21 the percentage ranged between 41% and 72%. In August 2021, 48.3% of patients were waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment, which is an increase on July 2021.	Percentage of patient waiting less than 26 weeks 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Morriston Singleton PCT NPTH				



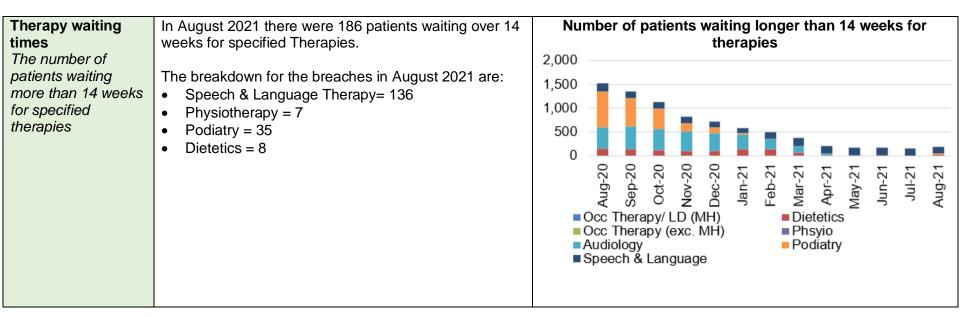
In August 2021, 46.1% of Ophthalmology R1 patients were waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% of the target date.

There was an upward trend in performance in 2019/20 however, there was a continuous downward trend in performance in 2020/21 and this appears to be continuing into 2021/22.



	THEATRE EFFICII	ENCY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Theatre Efficiency 1. Theatre Utilisation Rates	In August 2021 the Theatre Utilisation rate was 69%. This is an in-month decrease of 3% and a 31% decrease compared to August 2020.	1. Theatre Utilisation Rates 100% 80% 60% 40% 20%
2. % of theatre sessions starting late	In August 2021 there was 23 days 12 hours and 44 minutes lost due to underutilisation.	0% Octoo Octoo
3. % of theatre sessions finishing early	44% of theatre sessions started late in August 2021. This is an improvement from 46% in August 2020.	80% 60% 40% 20%
4. % of theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (<28 days)	In August 2021, 46% of theatre sessions finished early. This is an improvement from 48% in July 2021 but is 18% more than in August 2020.	4.% theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (<28 days)
5. % of operations cancelled on the day	12% of theatre sessions were cancelled at short notice in August 2021 (61 sessions). This is an increase of 6% from July 2021 and is 10% more than in August 2021.	20% 0% Now-20 Nov-20 Nov-2
	Of the operations cancelled in August 2021, 40% of them were cancelled on the day. This is a decrease from 41% in July 2021 and a decrease of 19% from August 2020.	80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0

	PLANNED CARI	E
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Diagnostics waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 8 weeks for specified diagnostics	In August 2021, there was an increase in the number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for specified diagnostics. It increased from 5,425 in July 2021 to 5,523 in August 2021. The following is a breakdown for the 8-week breaches by diagnostic test for August 2021: • Endoscopy= 1,959 • Cardiac tests= 1,918 • Cystoscopy= 9	Number of patients waiting longer than 8 weeks for diagnostics 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 Cardiac tests Endoscopy Other diagnostics (inc. radiology)



CANCER Description Current Performance The number of Urgent Suspected Cancer (USC) referrals significantly reduced between March and April 2020, however Cancer demand and shape of the there has been an upward trend since May 2020. The shape of the waiting list shows that there is a significant "wave" of waiting list patients that are likely to breach in the near future, there is also an increased number of referrals being received in comparison with previous years. Trend 1. Number of Urgent Suspected Cancer 1. Number of USC referrals 2. Source of suspicion for patients starting cancer (USC) referrals treatment 2500 received 2,500 2054 2004 2.000 1934 1877 1863 2000 1,500 2. Source of 1658 1591 1,000 1475 suspicion for 1338 500 1500 patients on Single Aug-20 Dec-20 Cancer Pathway Jan-21 Feb-2 1000 (SCP) 500 Consultant Internal 3. Volume of Screening - Cervical Screening Service Other screening patients by stage Screening - Bowel Screening Wales Screening - Breast Test Wales ■ A&E/Med Assess/ Emerg Admission ■ Dentist and adjusted wait-Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jul-21 Aug-21 Eve care services Ref. after diagnostic - Other SCP (June 2020) Ref. after diagnostic - Imaging Ref. after diagnostic - Endoscopy Out patient upgrade GP referral 4. Volume of 3. Volume of patients by stage and adjusted Volume of patients by stage and adjusted wait patients by stage wait (May 2020)-SCP (May 2021)- SCP and adjusted wait-Additions to list continue to 300 Active Patients on the Tracking List SCP (June 2021) "wave" of patients moving increase at front end. 500 200 through time gates Patients on the 400 Likely future breaching 300 **Tracking List** 200 patients "wave". 100 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 Weeks Wait Active I Weeks Wait ■ New OP Follow-up Diagnostics New OP Diagnostics Follow-up Treatment New OP TCI? New OP TCI? Diagnostics TCI? Follow-up TCI? MDT TCI? Diagnostics TCI? Follow-up TCI? MDT TCI? Treatment TCI? - - 14 Days = = 21 days ■ Treatment TCI? — — 21 davs 28 days — — 32 days — — 63 days — — 28 days — — 32 days - - 63 days

CANCER		
Description	Current Performance	Trend

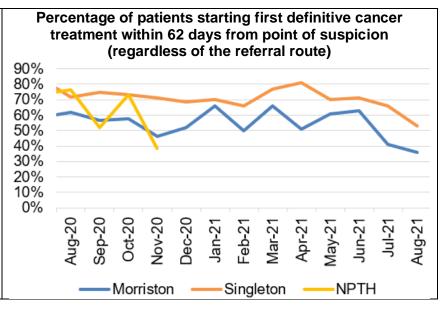
Single Cancer Pathway

Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)

August 2021 figures will be finalised on the 30th September 2021.

Draft figures indicate a possible achievement of 48% of patients starting treatment within 62 days of the suspicion of cancer first being raised (unadjusted pathway). The number of patients treated in August 2021 is outlined below by tumour site (draft figures)

Tumour Site	Breaches	Tumour Site	Breaches
Urological	25	Upper GI	11
Head and Neck	16	Gynaecological	14
Lower GI	19	Haematological	5
Lung	12	Sarcoma	2
Breast	12	Brain/CNS	1
Skin	7		



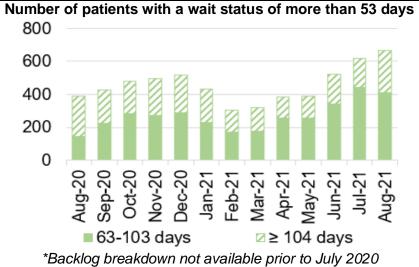
Single Cancer Pathway backlog

The number of patients with an active wait status of more than 63 days

mind of odify months	g by tarriour one	· ·
Tumour Site	63 - 103 days	≥104 days
Acute Leukaemia	0	0
Brain/CNS	0	1

End of July 2021 backlog by tumour site:

0 29 **Breast** 10 Children's cancer 0 0 32 12 Gynaecological Haematological 4 5 22 7 Head and neck Lower Gastrointestinal 168 146 9 10 Lung Other 0 1 0 3 Sarcoma 12 Skin(c) 6 Upper Gastrointestinal 37 21 Urological 60 40 373 262 **Grand Total**



CANCER		
Description	Current Performance	Trend

USC First Outpatient Appointments

The number of patients at first outpatient appointment stage by days waiting

Week to week through June 2021 the percentage of patients seen within 14 days to first appointment ranged between 8% and 15%.

*Updated data not available when publishing the report

The number of patients waiting for a first outpatient appointment (by total days waiting) - End of June 2021

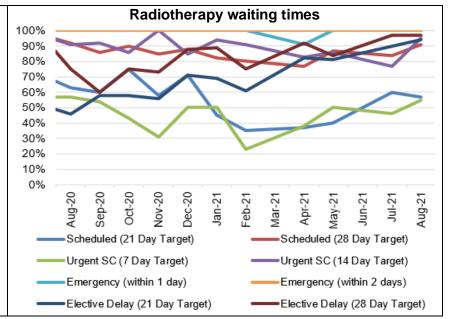
	≤10	11-20	21-30	>31	Total
Brain	0	0	0	0	0
Breast	0	5	9	93	107
Children Cancer	0	0	0	0	0
Gynaecological	5	11	21	79	126
Haematological	0	0	0	0	0
Head&Neck	8	27	19	8	62
LGI	1	1	1	31	34
Lung	1	1	0	0	2
Other	4	2	1	1	8
Sarcoma	0	1	0	0	1
Skin	7	60	76	22	165
UGI	1	2	1	3	7
Urological	2	9	11	4	26
Total	29	119	149	241	538

Radiotherapy waiting times

The percentage of patients receiving radiotherapy treatment

Radiotherapy waiting times are challenging however the provision of emergency radiotherapy within 1 and 2 days has been maintained at 100% throughout the COVID19 outbreak.

Measure	Target	August-21
Scheduled (21 Day Target)	80%	57%
Scheduled (28 Day Target)	100%	91%
Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	80%	55%
Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	100%	95%
Emergency (within 1 day)	80%	100%
Emergency (within 2 days)	100%	100%
Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	80%	94%
Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	100%	97%



	FOLLOW-UP APPOIN	TMENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend

Follow-up appointments

- 1. The total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list
- 2. The number of patients waiting 100% over target for a follow-up appointment

In August 2021, the overall size of the follow-up waiting list decreased by 6,512 patients compared with July 2021 (from 133,903 to 127,391).

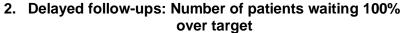
In August 2021, there was a total of 54,993 patients waiting for a follow-up past their target date. This is an in-month decrease of 9.3% (from 60,618 in July 2021 to 54,993 in August 2021).

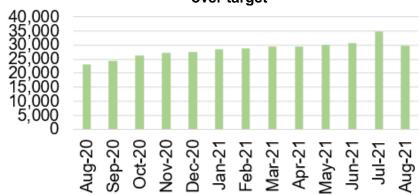
Of the 54,993 delayed follow-ups in August 2021, 11,002 had appointment dates and 43,991 were still waiting for an appointment.

In addition, 29,770 patients were waiting 100%+ over target date in August 2021. This is a 14.5% decrease when compared with July 2021.



Number of patients waiting for follow-up (SBU HB)





■ Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)

	PATIENT EXPERI	ENCE
Description	Current Performance	Trend

Health Board Friends & Family patient satisfaction 1. Number of friends and family surveys completed **Patient experience** level in August 2021 was 92% and 2,075 surveys 5,000 1. Number of friends were completed. 4,000 > Singleton/ Neath Port Talbot Hospitals Service and family surveys 3,000 Group completed 1,106 surveys in August completed 2021, with a recommended score of 92%. 2,000 Morriston Hospital completed 642 surveys in 1,000 2. Percentage of August 2021, with a recommended score of patients/ service 92%. Aug-20 Sep-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Oct-20 Primary & Community Care completed 245 Apr-21 May-21 users who would Mar-21 Jun-21 Jul-21 Jan-21 Feb-21 Aug-21 recommend and surveys for August 2021, with a recommended highly recommend score of 94%. The Mental Health Service Group completed MH & LD Morriston Hospital 59 surveys for August 2021, with a ■ Primary & Community Neath Port Talbot recommended score of 93%. Singleton Hospital 2. % of patients/ service users who would recommend and highly recommend 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Nov-20 Mar-21 May-21 Feb-21 Jan-21 MH&LD — Morriston — NPT — PCCS — Singleton * Data not available for April 2021. Neath Port Talbot included in Singleton's figures from May 2021

Description Current Performance Ti	end

Patient concerns

1. Number of formal complaints received

1. In July 2021, the Health Board received 139 formal complaints; this is lower than the number seen in June 2021 (159).

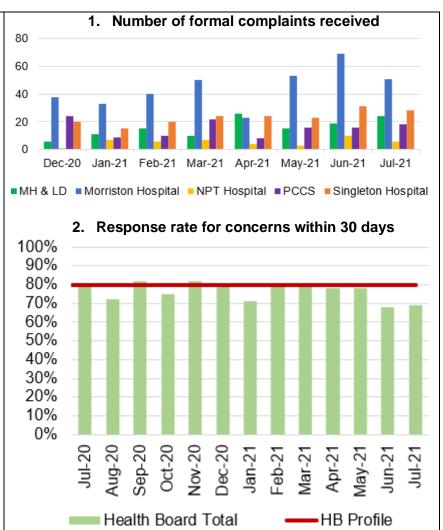
Since the COVID19 outbreak began in March 2020, the monthly number of complaints received has been significantly low. The numbers have gradually increased each month and July 2021 was higher than the pre-COVID levels.

2. Percentage of concerns that have received a final reply or an interim reply up to and including 30 working days from the date the concern was first received by the organisation

2. The overall Health Board rate for responding to concerns within 30 working days was 69% in July 2021, against the Welsh Government target of 75% and Health Board target of 80%.

Below is a breakdown of performance against the 30-day response target:

	30 day response rate
Neath Port Talbot	100%
Hospital	
Morriston Hospital	76%
Mental Health &	58%
Learning Disabilities	
Primary, Community and	54%
Therapies	
Singleton Hospital	54%



HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

6.1 Vaccinations and Immunisations

Chart 1: % children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine and MenB2 vaccine by age 1

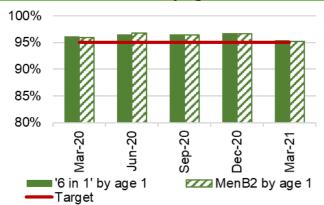


Chart 2: % children who received PCV2 vaccine and Rotavirus vaccine by age 1

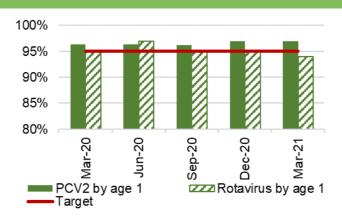


Chart 3: % children who received MMR1 vaccine and PCVf3 vaccine by age 2

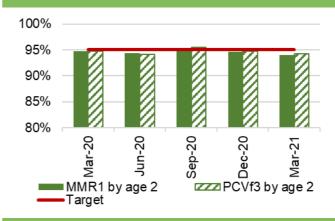


Chart 4: % children who received MenB4 vaccine and Hib/MenC vaccine by age 2

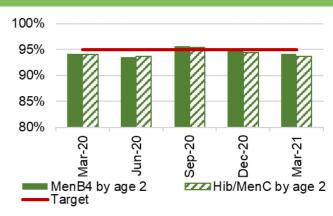


Chart 5: % children who are up to date in schedule by age 4



Chart 6: % children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine and 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5



Chart 7: % children who received MMR vaccine and teenage booster by age 16



Chart 8: % children who received MenACWY vaccine by age 16



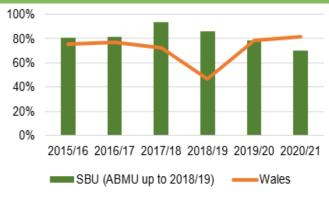
Chart 9: Influenza uptake for amongst 65 year olds and over



Chart 10: Influenza uptake for amongst under 65s in risk groups

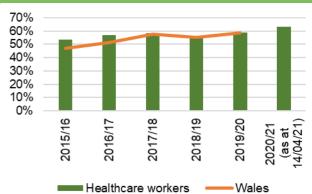


Chart 11: Influenza uptake for amongst pregnant women



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2020/21 data not available

Chart 12: Influenza uptake for amongst healthcare workers



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2020/21 all-Wales data not yet available

Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board

HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

6.2 Mental Health Overview

Chart 1: % of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral

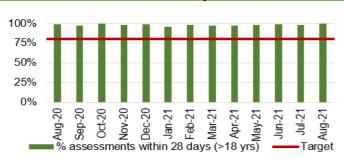
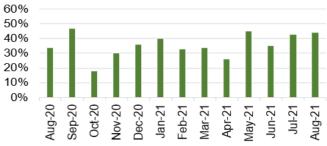


Chart 5: 95% of those admitted 0900-2100 will receive a gate-keeping assessment by the **CRHTS** prior to admission



Chart 9: Number of patients detained under the Mental Health Act as a percentage of all admissions



■ Patients detained under the MHA as a % of all admissions

Chart 13: Urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral

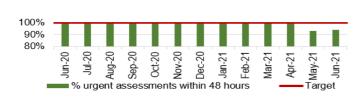


Chart 2: % of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS

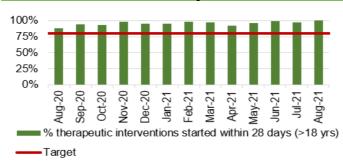


Chart 6: 100% of those admitted without a gate keeping assessment will receive a follow up assessment by CRHTS within 24hrs of admission

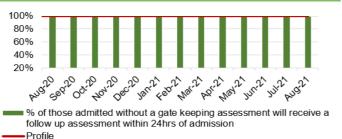


Chart 10: Number of patients subject to **Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DOLS)**

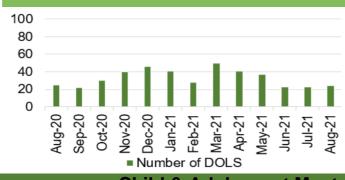


Chart 14: Neuro-developmental disorder assessment and intervention received within 26 weeks



Chart 3: % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan

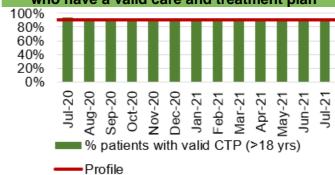
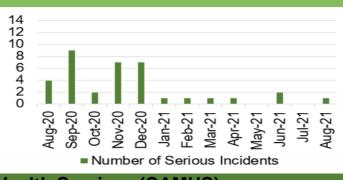


Chart 7: % of patients waiting under 14 weeks for Therapies



Chart 11: Number of Serious Incidents



Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)

Chart 15: Assessment and intervention within 28 days

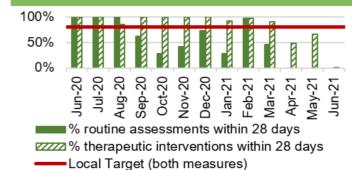


Chart 4: % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in **Specialist Adult Mental Health**

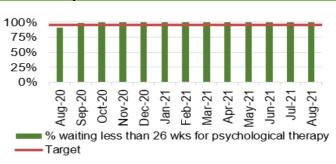


Chart 8: Number of Mental Health Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOCs)

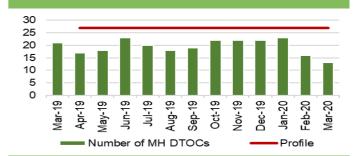
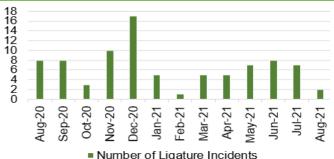


Chart 12: Number of ligature incidents



■ Number of Ligature Incidents

Chart 16: % of residents with a Care and **Treatment Plan**

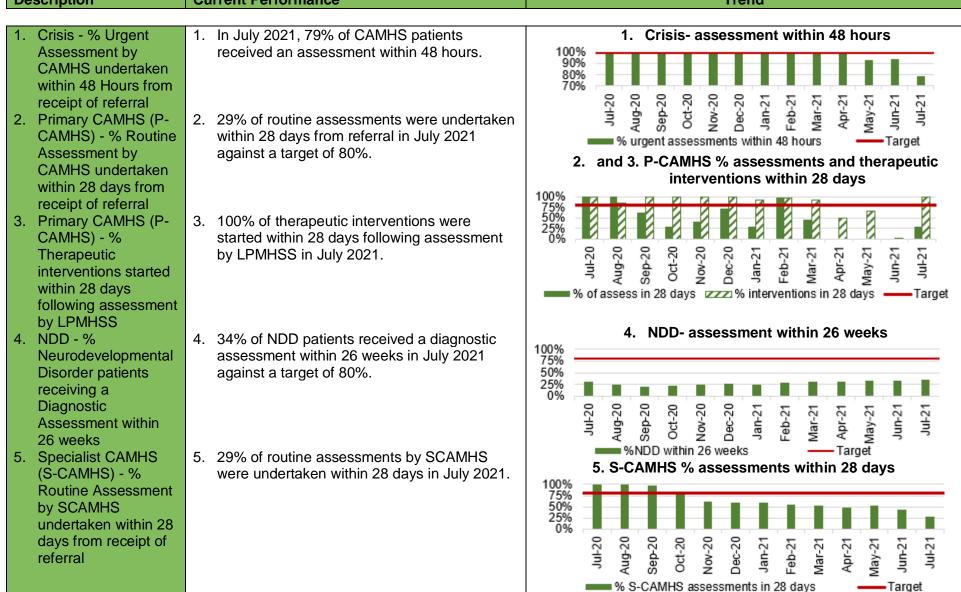


% of Health Board residents in receipt of CAMHS who have a Care and Treatment Plan Target

6.3 Updates on key measures

	ADULT MENTAL H	IEALTH
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Adult Mental Health Measures: 1. % of MH assessments undertaken within 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (18	In July 2021, 98% of assessments were undertaken within 28 days of referral for patients 18 years and over.	1. % Mental Health assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral
years and over) 2. % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (18 years	2. In July 2021, the percentage of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by the Local Primary Mental Health Support Service (LPMHSS) was 97%.	2. % Mental Health therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following LPMHSS assessment 2. % Mental Health therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following LPMHSS assessment
and over) 3. % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services who have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)	3. 88% of residents in receipt of secondary care mental health services had a valid Care and Treatment Plan in July 2021.	**Sep-20
(18 years and over)4. % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	4. In July 2021, 100% of patients waited less than 26 weeks for psychological therapy. This was above the national target of 95%.	% pateints with valid CTP Target 4. % waiting less than 26 weeks for Psychology Therapy 100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 007-D07-D08-N D07-D08-N D08-D08-N D07-D08-N D07-D08-N D07-D08-N D07-D08-N D07-D08-N D07-D08-N D08-D08-N D08-D08-D08-N D08-D08-D08-N D08-D08-N D08-D08-N D08-D08-D08-D08-D08-D08-D08-D08-D08-D08-

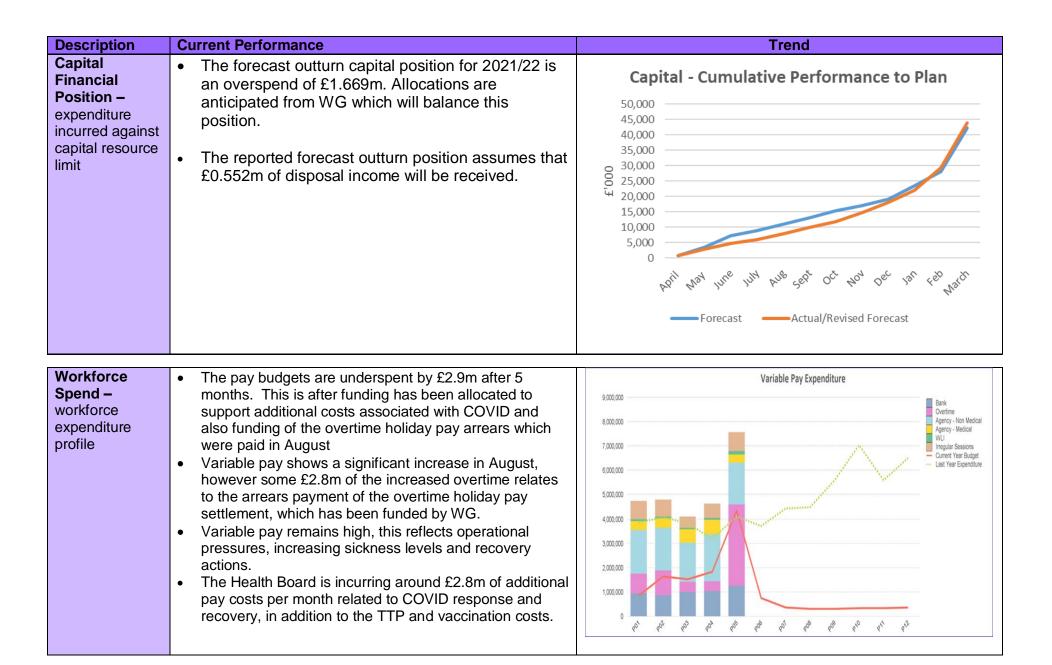
	CHILD & ADOLESCENT MENTA	L HEALTH (CAMHS)
Description	Current Performance	Trend



8. FINANCE UPDATES

This section of the report provides further detail on key workforce measures.

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Revenue Financial Position – expenditure incurred against revenue resource limit	 The Health Board's annual plan produces a forecast deficit for 2021/22 of £42.077m. This includes £17.672m impact on savings delivery from 2020/21. The £42.077m forecast deficit equates to an expected monthly overspend of £3.506m. The Health Board was advised by WG to anticipate non-recurrent funding to support the 2020/21 savings impact and this reduces the HB forecast to £24.405m, which equates to an expected monthly overspend of £2.034m. This was reflected in the May position. The Health Board has reported a cumulative overspend of £10.185m against a forecast position of £10.169m. 	HEALTH BOARD FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2021/22 4,000 3,500 2,500 1,000 1,976 1,973 2,131 500 Operational Position Target Overspend



Description Current Performance Trend PSPP – pay 95% Percentage of non-NHS invoices paid within 30 days of The Health Board failed to deliver this target in 2020/21, of Non-NHS receipt of goods or valid invoicce with the target only being met on three of the twelve invoices within 30 months. days of receipt of It is positive to note that the target has been met in each goods or valid invoice month to date this financial year, with a cumulative **PSPP Target** achievement of 95.799% for the first five months. 97.50% The main reason for the failure to meet this target is delay in the receipting of goods and services, which 97.00% prevent invoices being processed for payment and non-96.50% compliance with no PO no Pay policy. 96.00% Whilst performance is positive for non-NHS invoices, the 95.50% NHS position is less favourable. A workplan to improve 95.00% the NHS position is being developed as part of the All 94.50% Wales Accounts Payable group. 94.00% PSPP In Month ——PSPP Cumulative

APPENDIX 2: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

						Н	arm fron	n Covid its	self														
Sub		National or	Report	Current	National	Annual	Profile	Welsh	SBU's all-	Performance									ı				
Domain	Measure	Local	Period	Performance	Target	Plan/ Local	Status	Averagel	Wales rank	Trend	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21
	N. I. C. COLUDIO	Target			raiget	Profile	Ototos	Total	II dies rain		00	707	4.004	E E0E	44.070	0.750	1 200	007	400	100	700	1.040	7 477
8	Number of new COVID19 cases Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing	Local Local	Aug-21 Aug-21	7,177 13.278		Reduce Reduce					66 3,564	787 4.765	4,664 6.460	5,525 8,201	11,976 10.065	3,759 10,749	1,208	907 11.683	l 406 l 11.957	189 12.224	708 12,505	1,946 12,872	7,177 13,278
n se				,							-,	38 (as at	21(as at	41(as at	99 (as at	78 (as at	,	2 (as at	11,331	,	,		
Ĕ	Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test	Local	Aug-21	0		Reduce					0	10/10/20)	06/11/20)	06/12/20)	05/01/21)	07/02/21)	06/03/21)	11/04/21)	0	0	0	0	0
5	Number of COVID19 related incidents	Local	Aug-21	36		Reduce					39	30	87	141	127	84	63	53	74	67	23	24	36
<u> </u>	Number of COVID19 related serious incidents	Local	Aug-21	0		Reduce					11	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Number of COVID19 related complaints	Local	Aug-21	6		Reduce					27	30	37	50	83	106	131	98	38	13	16	4	6
5	Number of COVID19 related risks	Local	Aug-21	1		Reduce				~~	8	2	6	7	10	3	3	3	2	2	1	1_'	1
OVID	Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)	Local	Aug-21	0		Reduce				~_	420	353	329	291	475	218	160	145	84	71	70	71	0
8	Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)	Local	Aug-21	0		Reduce				_	36	72	132	294	394	316	156	108	87	71	50	67	0
	% sickness	Local	Aug-21	0		Reduce					3.5%	3.2%	3.5%	4.4%	6.5%	4.0%	2.4%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	0.9%	1.9%	1.9%
					Harm	from overv	vhelmed	NHS and	social care	system													
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21
	7. 111 patients prioritised as P1CH that started their definitive clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being answered	National	Jun-19	97%	90%														İ				
Care	% of emergency responses to redicalls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	National	Jun-21	67%	65%	65%	×	61% (Apr-21)	1st (Apr-21)	W/\	72%	69%	66%	67%	54%	67%	70%	73%	72%	62%	67%	64%	59%
<u> </u>	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	Jun-21	547	0			3,124 (Apr-21)	4th (Apr-21)	~~_	163	410	355	500	510	195	219	231	337	477	547	616	726
ne du	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	Jun-21	138569%				, p 7		~~	418	1,100	916	1,474	1,804	455	550	583	877	1,154	1,386	1,937	2,443
Unsch	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Jun-21	1	95%			75.7% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21)	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	80.6%	76.4%	77.2%	75.4%	72.6%	77%	71%	77%	75%.	73%	72%	75%	75%
	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Jun-21	88000%	0			4,317 (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	~~	286	537	494	626	776	570	534	457	631	684	880	1,014	1,060
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	National	Feb-21	70.7%	12 month ↑			82.0% (Feb-21)	5th (Feb-21)	7.	93.9%	89.4%	90.0%	67.9%	68.0%	65.3%	70.7%		į				
NOF	'X of patients (age 60 years and over) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours	National	Feb-21	88.0%	12 month ↑			60% (Feb-21)	2nd (Feb-21)	_~	83.0%	84.0%	84.0%	85.0%	86.0%	87.0%	88.0%		 				
	Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit (<4 hrs)	National	May-21	28%	54.0%			22.6% (Mar-21	4th out of 6 organisations (Mar-21)	\	51.4%	50.0%	29.8%	23.7%	7.1%	6.8%	18.2%	20.4%	i I 20.3% I	27.5%	28.3%	13.5%	15.4%
	CT Scan (<1hrs) (local	Local	May-21	37%						~~~	52.8%	62.5%	42.1%	31.7%	22.7%	42.2%	30.6%	40.8%	29.7%	36.5%	29.6%	34.6%	48.7%
ω	Assessed by a Stroke Specialist Consultant Physician (< 24 hrs)	National	May-21	98%	85.3%			87.6% (Mar-21)	1st (Mar-21)	~~	97.2%	97.5%	98.2%	96.7%	95.5%	95.6%	97.2%	100.0%	96.9%	98.1%	100.0%	100.0%	92.3%
Strok	Thrombolysis door to needle <= 45 mins	Local	May-21	0%	12 month ↑					~~~	0.0%	12.5%	11.1%	28.6%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	55.6%	25.0%	0.0%	33.3%	28.6%	20.0%
20	% compliance against the therapy target of an average of		,							7 ~ ~									1				
	16.1 minutes if speech and language therapist input per stroke patient	National	May-21	40%	12 month ↑			46.8% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	$^{\prime}$	61.7%	80.1%	86.5%	65.1%	63.4%	65.7%	61.2%	55.9%	47.1%	39.7%	41.9%	45.4%	58.9%
	% of stroke patients who receive a 6 month follow-up assessment	National	Q3 19/20	49.6%	Qtr on qtr ↑			62.2% (Q3 19./20)	5th out of 6 organisations (Q3 19/20)														
	Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	13	12 month ↓	27	4				DTOC reporting temporarily suspended												
DTOCs	Number of non-mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	60	12 month ↓	50	*								eporting tem								
	% critical care bed days lost to delayed transfer of care	National	Q1 20/21	26.2%	Quarter on quarter ↓			5.3% (Q120/21)	2nd (Q120/21)										l I				

					Har	m from over	whelme	d NHS and	social care	system													
Sub		National or	Report	Current	National	Annual	Profile	Velsh	SBU's all-	Performance					D 00		E 1 04		i				
Domain	Measure	Local Target	Period	Performance	Target	Plant Local Profile	Status	Average/ Total	Vales rank	Trend	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21
	Cumulative cases of E.coli bacteraemias per 100k pop		May-21	88.9	<67		30	77.95 (Apr-21)	5th (Apr-21)	\sim	62.5	64.0	65.7	63.8	60.7	60.0	59.8	61.9	99.8	88.9	89.4	89.4	90.5
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Hospital)			#					, , ,	~~~	8	7	14	5	5	6	6	3	12	"	5	8	3
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Community)		May-21	15						~~~	24	16	"	"	7	122	"	19	20	15	23	15	25
	Total number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases			26						~~~	32	23	25	16	12	18	17	28	32	26	28	23	34
	Cumulative cases of S.aureus bacteraemias per 100k pop		May-21	44.5	<20		30	27.01 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)	\sim	28.2	30.7	31.5	32.7	31.7	31.6	31.4	31.6	40.5	44.5	37.0	36.0	35.5
	Number of Staureus bacteraemias cases (Hospital)			5				<u> </u>		~~~	5	7	б	7	6	5	7	4	4	5	5	7	8
	Number of Staureus bacteraemias cases (Community)		May-21	10						~~	7	7	б	6	3	4	2	7	3	10	2	4	4
	Total number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases			15						~~	12	14	12	13	9	9	9	11	13	15	7	11	12
Ē	Cumulative cases of C.difficile per 100k pop		Jul-21	0.0	<26		ж	28.94 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)	/	50.2	51.2	50.4	48.4	45.7	42.0	41.5	41.1	62.3	49.1	46.2		55.0
ĕ	Number of C. difficile cases (Hospital)	National		16				(14.21)	(1412)	~~~	3	12	12	8	6	3	9	7	15	7	6	16	20
5	Number of C. difficile cases (Community)	144.0114	Jul-21	7.0							14	6	.7	2	3	0	2	5	5	5	6	7	2
e cti	Total number of C.difficile cases			23							23	18	15	10	9	3	11	12	20	12	12	23	22
.⊑	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop		Jul-21	0.0						~	22.1	21.0	21.9	23.4	24.9	26.4	25.8	26.2	28.1	21.5	26.7	0.0	22.6
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)			2						~~~	б	.7	7	7	8	8	4	1	. 4	,?	5	2	4
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Community)		Jul-21	1.0						~~~	4	2	2	4	4	5	2	9	5	2	7	1	4
	Total number of Klebsiella cases			,3				38 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)		10	5	9	11	12	13	6	10	9	5	12	3	8
	Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop		Jul-21	0.0				(1,0121)	(147.21)	~ <u>`</u>	6.7	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.9	9.4	6.1	6.2	0.0	5.5
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital)			0						~~~	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	,	0	7
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Community)		Jul-21	1.0						<u></u>	3	0	1	1	0	/	1	/	, ,	1	/	1	-
	Total number of Aeruginosa cases		73.2.	1				21 (Apr-21)	Joint 3rd (Apr-21)	\~_\^	3	0	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	2
	Hand Hygiene Audits- compliance with VHO 5 moments	Local	Jul-21	95.0%		95%	4	(147.21)	(1.01.21)	~~~	94%	96%	97%	97%	96%	95%	93%	97%	96%	98%	96%	95%	95%
and	Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the % which were	National	Aug-21	0.0%	90%	80%	x			\	50%	20%	0%	0%	4%	0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
ts s	assured within the agreed timescales Number of new Never Events	National		0.00	0	0					0	0	1	1	0	0		0		0	1	0	0
Seri	Number of risks with a score greater than 20	Local	Aug-21	31.00	─	12 month ❖	×		 		121	117	130	138	146	148	140	142	40	41	32	30	31
Ĕ	Number of risks with a score greater than 16	Local		52.00		12 month ❖	×			_	210	206	224	224	238	242	233	230	54	58	50	50	52
<u>e</u>	Number of pressure ulcers acquired in hospital Number of pressure ulcers developed in the community		Jul-21	58.00 33.00		12 month	- X			\sim	37 25	21	59 34	42 29	61 26	51 25	48 24	36 26	59 31	53 20	53 21	33	0
š	Total number of pressure ulcers		Jul-21	91.00		12 month ↓	×		1	~~~	62	65	93	71	87	76	72	62	90	73	74	91	0
g	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in hospital	Local		3.00		12 month ₺	×			~~~	4	0	4	4	,7	2	,7	1	4	1	2	3	0
ESS.	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in community		Jul-21	2.00		12 month ₺	4			-^~_	5	5	"	5	7	5	4	2	10	2	4	2	0
- E	Total number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers		Jul-21	5.00		12 month ♣	×			~~~	9	5	15	9	10	7	7	3	14	3	6	5	0
Inpatient Falls	Number of Inpatient Falls	Local	Aug-21	198		12 month ❖	4			\sim	227	219	187	247	247	203	177	171	176	228	174	193	198
	% of universal mortality reviews (UMRs) undertaken within 28 days of a death	Local	Jul-21	99%	95%	95%	4			///w	96.6%	99.2%	100.0%	98.1%	99.0%	100.0%	100.0%	97.6%	99.3%	98.0%	98.6%	97.6%	
	Stage 2 mortality reviews required	Local	Aug-21	17						~~~	10	11	9	17	12	19	6	11	5	18	12	7	17
Mortality	% stage 2 mortality reviews completed	Local	Jul-21	0.00%		100%	×			~ _	50.0%	54.5%	33.3%	35.7%	75.0%	36.8%			ĺ		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Crude hospital mortality rate (74 years of age or less)	National	Jul-21	1.03%	12 month ❖			1.56% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21)	7	0.90%	0.93%	0.97%	1.01%	1.08%	1.14%	1.17%	1.17%	1.04%		1.01%	1.03%	0.00%
	% of deaths scrutinised by a medical examiner	National			Qtr on qtr ↑			(1-101-21)	(I-Idi El)	,				New me	asure for 20	1 20721- awaitii	ng data		•				
NEVS	% patients with completed NEWS scores & appropriate responses actioned	Local	Aug-21	92%		98%	4			\ \	92.4%	93.6%	93.9%	94.6%	98.5%	95.0%	96.3%	93.5%	97.4%	98.9%	95.0%	89.7%	91.7%
Coding	% of episodes clinically coded within 1 month of discharge	Local	Jul-21	90%	95%	95%	4				96%	96%	95%	93%	93%	95%	96%	96%	96%	96%	89%	90%	0%
E-TOC	% of completed discharge summaries (total signed and	Local	Aug-21	62%		100%	×			~~~	66%	70%	68%	66%	59%	67%	63%	64%	63%	67%	69%	62%	62%
g.	% of headcount by organisation who have had a PADR/medical appraisal in the previous 12 months (excluding doctors and dentists in training)	National	Aug-21	85%	85%	85%	×	61.0% (Oct-20)	7th out of 10 organisations (Aug-20)	-	58%	58%	58%	56%	54%	52%	51%	53%	57%	60%	65%	60%	85%
Workford	% compliance for all completed Level 1 competency with the Core Skills and Training Framework	National	Aug-21	81%	85%	85%	×	79.4% (Oct-20)	5th out of 10 organisations (Aug-20)	$\sqrt{}$	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	81%	81%	81%
	% workforce sickness absence (12 month rolling)	National	Jul-21	6.99%	12 month ❖			5.87% (Oct-20)	10th out of 10 organisations (Oct-20)	\mathcal{N}	7.03%	7.03%	7.07%	7.23%	7.48%	7.57%	7.56%	7.44%	7.12%	6.93%	6.91%	6.99%	

							reducti		ovid activit	у													
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Velsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Vales rank	Performance Trend	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21
Cancer	% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (without adjustments)	National	August-21 (draft)	55.0%	12 month ↑			67.1% (Mar-21)	2nd out of 6 organisations (Mar-21)	WM	67.4%	62.4%	65.9%	55.4%	61.0%	67.9%	56.4%	71.6%	65.7%	65.4%	65.4%	66.8%	55.0%
Sez	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	Local	Aug-21	57%	80%		×		, , , , , ,	~~~	63%	60%	75%	58%	71%	45%	35%	42%	37%	40%	31%	60%	57%
iting tin	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	Local	Aug-21	91%	100%		×			~~~~	92%	86%	90%	85%	88%	82%	80%	85%	77%	87%	70%	84%	91%
	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	Local	Aug-21	55%	80%		×			~~	57%	54%	43%	31%	50%	50%	23%	41%	38%	50%	45%	46%	55%
8	Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	Local	Aug-21	95%	100%		×			~	91%	92%	86%	100%	85%	94%	91%	90%	83%	86%	87%	77%	95%
de Ade	Emergency (within 1 day)	Local	Aug-21	100%	80%		4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	91%	100%	100%	100%	100%
ţ.	Emergency (within 2 days)	Local	Aug-21	100%	100%		4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
흝	Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	Local	Aug-21	94%	80%		4			~~	46%	58%	58%	56%	71%	69%	61%	86%	82%	81%	91%	90%	94%
œ	Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	Local	Aug-21	97%	100%		×			~~~~	75%	60%	75%	73%	88%	89%	75%	93%	92%	84%	95%	97%	97%
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified diagnostics	National	Aug-21	5523	0			41,693 (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)		8,070	7,666	6,645	6,610	6,579	6,239	5,087	4,554	4,804	4,842	5,230	5,425	5,523
	Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified therapy	National	Aug-21	186	0			4,066 (Mar-21) 52,5%	2nd (Mar-21)		1,518	1,350	1,135	817	708	584	491	369	201	166	171	151	186
ø	% of patients waiting < 26 weeks for treatment	National	Aug-21	48%	95%			92.9% (Mar-21)	6th (Mar-21)	~~~	43.7%	41.0%	44.8%	47.6%	48.0%	47.0%	47.9%	48.8%	49.1%	49.1%	50.7%	47.8%	48.3%
Can	Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient appointment	Local	Aug-21	23444	0			216,418	3rd	~	20,497	23,069	22,050	21,005	21,179	21,208	21,225	21,750	22,752	23,700	23,279	23,225	23,444
Janne	Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient	National	Aug-21	35999	0			(Mar-21) 747,782	(Mar-21) 5th	/	22,494	26,046	31,508	35,387	35,126	33,991	32,719	32,874	33,395	34,447	35,040	35,583	35,999
	appointment The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients	National	Aug-21	127391	HB target TBC			(Mar-21) 194,689	(Mar-21) 5th	^	120,969	120,962	120,968	120,874	119,963	119,999	120,882	121,403	122,303	123,088	127,444	133,903	127,391
	appointment who are delayed over 100% % of R1 ophthalmology patient pathways waiting within target	National	Aug-21	29770	100			(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	^	23,209	24,472	26,217	27,156	27,641	28,419	28,862	29,316	29,334	30,062	30,550	34,816	29,770
	date or within 25% beyond target date for an outpatient appointment	National	Aug-21	46%	95%			44.8% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	\\\	50.9%	47.7%	45.2%	48.4%	47.3%	46.7%	47.4%	47.7%	47.2%		46.7%	46.3%	46.1%
Hepatitis C	Number of patients with Hepatitis C who have successfully completed their course of treatment in the reporting year	National			HB target TBC									New me	asure for 20	20/21- awaitii	ng data						
DNAs	% of patients who did not attend a new outpatient appointment	Local	Aug-21	6.4%	12 month ❖					\sim	4.7%	6.4%	6.0%	6.6%	7.7%	7.1%	6.2%	5.6%	5.3%	5.7%	6.5%	6.5%	6.4%
ā	% of patients who did not attend a follow-up outpatient appointment	Local	Aug-21	7.5%	12 month ❖					~^~~	6.0%	6.9%	6.5%	7.2%	8.2%	7.1%	6.2%	6.7%	6.1%	6.9%	5.5%	7.5%	7.5%
Theatre	Theatre Utilisation rates	Local	Aug-21	69.0%		90%	×			\sim	90%	75%	75%	74%	59%	65%	73%	75%	80%	78%	77%	72%	69%
Efficiencies	% of theatre sessions starting late	Local	Aug-21	44.0%		<25%	×			~~~	46%	49%	44%	39%	45%	40%	42%	40%	38%	43%	43%	44%	44%
	% of theatre sessions finishing early	Local	Aug-21	46.0%		<20%	×			~~~~	28%	39%	38%	50%	47%	44%	44%	48%	41%	45%	43%	48%	46%
Postponed operations	Number of procedures postponed either on the day or the day before for specified non-clinical reasons	National	Jan-21	1,200	> 5% annual ❖			5,398 (Jan-21)	6th (Jan-21)	*****	2,281	2,090	1,888	1,677	1,509	1,200			<u> </u>				
Treatment Fund	All new medicines must be made available no later than 2 months after NICE and AWMSG appraisals	National	Q2 20/21	98.8%	100%	100%	*	98.3% (Q2 20/21)	3rd out of 6 organisations (Q2 20/21)			98.8%							ļ !				
	Total antibacterial items per 1,000 STAR-PUs	National	Q3 20/21	258.8	4 quarter ❖			241.96 (Q3 20/21)	6th (Q3 20/21)			249.9			258.8				<u> </u>				
guin	Patients aged 65 years or over prescribed an antipsychotic	National	Q2 20/21	1,511	Quarter on quarter 🕹			10,205 (Q2 20/21)	5th (Q2 20/21)			1,511							<u>i</u>				
rescrit	Number of women of child bearing age prescribed valproate as a % of all women of child bearing age	National	Q2 20/21	0.23%	Quarter on quarter 🕹			0.16% (Q2 20/21)	7th (Q2 20/21)			0.23%							<u> </u>				
Ē	Opioid average daily quantities per 1,000 patients	National	Q2 20/21	4,369	4 quarter 🕹			4,390.4 (Q2 20/21)	3rd (Q2 20/21)			4,369							<u> </u>				
	Biosimilar medicines prescribed as % of total 'reference' product plus biosimilar	National	Q2 20/21	78.6%	Quarter on quarter 1	40		82.6% (Q2 20/21)	4th (Q2 20/21)		0.5	78.6%	4017	7.5	FA.	070	700	4050		4500	0.000	1000	0.07-
율물	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	Aug-21	2,075		12 month ↑	<₽			~_ ~	625	2,804	1,047	787	584	678	798	1,050	<u>i </u>	4,590	3,297	1,912	2,075
Patient xperienc	% of who would recommend and highly recommend	Local	Aug-21	92%		90%	×			~	83%	93%	82%	84%	77%	79%	85%	87%	<u> </u>	96%	97%	92%	92%
ex dx	% of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 out 10 on overall satisfaction	Local	Aug-21	1		90%	4			~ ~	83%	84%	79%	85%	65%	81%	94%	93%		92%	96%	95%	92%
in still	Number of new formal complaints received % concerns that had final reply (Reg 24)/interim reply (Reg	Local	Jul-21	13900%		12 month ↓ trend	×	71.9%	2nd	~~\	74	107	121	103	83	78	94	117	100	115	159	139	0
Compla	26) within 30 working days of concern received	National	Jun-21	0	75%	80%	4	(Q3 20/21)	(Q3 20/21)	\sim	72%	82%	75%	82%	80%	71%	80%	81%					
9	% of acknowledgements sent within 2 working days	Local	Aug-21	100%		100%	4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

					Har	m from wide	r societa	al actions/I	ockdown														
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Velsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Vales rank	Performance Trend	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21
	% of babies who are exclusively breastfed at 10 days old	National	2019/20	34.2%	Annual ↑	Fione		35.3% (2019/20)	5th (2019/20)														
Early years measures	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent 6 in 19 vaccine by age 1	National	Q4 20/21	95.4%	95%			95.3% (Q3 20/21)	1st (Q3 20/21)	· · .		96.5%			96.7% 95.4%			95.4%					
	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	Q4 20/21	92.4%	95%			92.1% (Q3 20/21)	3rdh (Q3 20/21)			91.7%			92.0%			92.4%					
Smoking cessation	% of adult smokers who make a quit attempt via smoking cessation services	National	Q1-Q3 20/21	2.25%	5% annual target			2.39% (Q1-3 20/21)	4th (Q1-3 20/21)			1.66%			2.25%) 				
Alcohol	European age standardised rate of alcohol attributed hospital admissions for individuals resident in Wales	National	Q3 20/21	308.8	4 quarter↓			349.6 (Q3 20/21)	2nd (Q3 20/21)	·		331.7			308.8				<u> </u>				
	% of people who have been referred to health board services who have completed treatment for alcohol abuse	National	Q4 20/21	45.5%	4 quarter 🛧			67.2% (Q4 20/21)	6th (Q4 20/21)			23.2%			39.5%			45.5%	<u> </u>				
	% uptake of influenza among 65 year olds and over	National	Mar-21	75.5%	75%			76.5% (Mar-21) 51.07%	4th (Mar-21) 5th				65.6%	72.4%	74.8%	75.2%	75.4%	75.5%	ļ				
· ·	% uptake of influenza among under 65s in risk groups	National	Mar-21	49.4%	55%			(Mar-21)	(Mar-21) 5th out of 10				34.4%	42.8%	47.2%	48.7%	49.4%	49.4%	į				
Influenza	% uptake of influenza among pregnant women	National	2019/20	78.2%	75%			78.5% (2019/20)	organisations (2019/20)		Data collec Octob	tion restarts er 2020			Data not			ection restarts ober 2021					
=	% uptake of influenza among children 2 to 3 years old	Local	Mar-21	53.4%	50%			56.3% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)				35.7%	48.8%	52.5%	53.2%	53.4%	53.4%	ĺ				
	% uptake of influenza among healthcare workers	National	Mar-21	63.4%	60%			58.7% (2019/20)	7th out of 10 organisations (2019/20)				56.2%	62.9%	63.0%	63.4%	63.4%	63.4%					
	Uptake of screening for bowel cancer	National	2018/19	57.0%	60%			57.3% (2018/19)	4th (2018/19)				<u> </u>	•		'		'	î I				
Screening services	Uptake of screening for breast cancer	National	2018/19	73.6%	70%			72.8% (2018/19)	2nd (2018/19)									 					
	Uptake of screening for cervical cancer	National	2018/19	72.1%	80%			73.2% (2018/19)	5th (2018/19)										<u> </u>				
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral (Crisis)	Local	Jul-21	79%		100%	4	20.00	File	_ \	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		94%	79%	
	% Patients with Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks % Patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient	National	Jul-21	34%	80%	80%	×	32.2% (Mar-21) 75.8%	5th (Mar-21) 3rd	<u></u>	24%	21%	22%	24%	26%	24%	28%	30%	30%		32%	34%	
	appointment for CAMHS P-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by CAMHS	National	Jul-21	41%	80%	80%	*	(Mar-21) 62.3%	(Mar-21) 4th	\	100%	98%	90%	88%	61%	53%	66%	63%	60%		58%	41%	
CAMHS	undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral P-CAMHS - % of therapeutic interventions started within 28	National	Jul-21	29%		80%	*	(Mar-21) 80.5%	(Mar-21) 3rd	<u>~</u>	100%	62%	29%	41%	73%	29%	97%	46%	0%		0%	29%	
	days following assessment by LPMHSS S-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by SCAMHS	National Local	Jul-21 Jul-21	100%		80%	×	(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	` ' /	86%	98%	100% 79%	100% 62%	100%	93%	97%	91%	49%		1%	100%	
	undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral % residents in receipt of CAMHS to have a valid Care and	National	Jul-21	81%		90%	×	84.6%	5th	1	98%	81%	82%	81%	82%	83%	84%	82%	82%		81%	81%	
	Treatment Plan (CTP) % of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (over 18 years of age)	National	Jul-21	98%	80%	80%	4	(Mar-21) 73.9% (Mar-21)	(Mar-21) 1st (Mar-21)	M/ ,	99%	97%	99.5%	98%	99%	96%	98%	97%	97%		99%	98%	
Mental Health	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (over 18 years of age)	National	Jul-21	97%	80%	80%	4	81.0% (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	Μ,	88%	94%	93%	98%	95%	95%	98%	97%	92%		99%	97%	
	% patients waiting < 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	National	Jul-21	100%	95%	95%	*	61.3% (Mar-21)	1st (Mar-21)	<u> </u>	91%	99%	99.7%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	
	% residents in receipt of secondary MH services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)	National	Jul-21	88%	90%	90%	*	85.3% (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	~~~ <u> </u>	92%	90%	91%	91%	89%	91%	91%	91%	91%		88%	88%	
Self harm	Rate of hospital admissions with any mention of intentional self-harm of children and young people (aged 10-24 years)	National	2019/20	3.29	Annual♣			3.97 (2019/20)	4th (2019/20)										! !				
Dementia	% of people with dementia in Wales age 65 years or over who are diagnosed (registered on a GP QOF register)	National	2019/20	56.3%	Annual ↑			53.1% (2019/20)	2nd (2019/20)														