





Meeting Date	29 th July 2021	Agenda Item 4.1					
Report Title	Integrated Performance Rep						
Report Author	Meghann Reynolds, Head of F						
Report Sponsor	Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance and Performance (interim)						
Presented by	·	Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance and Performance (interim)					
Freedom of	Open	(- /				
Information							
Purpose of the	The purpose of this report is to	provide an update on the	current				
Report	performance of the Health Bo	•					
	reporting window in delivering	key local performance me	easures				
	as well as the national meas	sures outlined in the NHS	Wales				
	Delivery Framework.						
Key Issues	The Integrated Performance provides an overview of how against the National Delivery in safety measures. The traditional identifying actions where per national or local targets as well long terms risks to delivery. Operational pressures within COVID-19 pandemic, it was would be omitted from this iterational belivery Framework on an announce of the COVID19 pandemic framework measures have be 2021-22, the Delivery Framework measures, integrated framework measures, integrated framework measures and populations are better off and allowing a different balance. The Health Board continues the plan and develop recovery trajectories are agreed, they we absence of local profiles, in-measures.	the Health Board is perineasures and key local quantiformat for the report in formance is not compliated as highlighting both short to However, due to the Counties the Health Board relating agreed that the narrative ation of the performance result and Social Care was duent of the framework was controlled over for 2021/22. Ork will be redeveloped to deflecting the current work mework. The intention of the sis to demonstrate how put through the delivery of see across our traditional service or refine the organisation's trajectories. As soon all be included in this report onth movement will continued.	forming lity and neludes nt with erm and ongoing to the update port. Wales v Single le to be delayed Delivery During create a on the he new patients ervices, vices. annual as the le to be le to be le to be				

Key high level issues to highlight this month are as follows:

2021/22 Delivery Framework

COVID19- The number of new cases of COVID19 has seen an increase in June 2021, with 708 new cases being reported inmonth. However, the occupancy rate of confirmed COVID patients in general medical and critical care beds remains at its lowest rate recorded since the start of the pandemic in March 2020.

Unscheduled Care- Demand for emergency department care within Swansea Bay University (SBU) Health Board significantly increased in June 2021 with A&E attendances now higher than at pre-Covid levels. This increase in demand was reflected in a deterioration in the 4 and 12 hour A&E targets as well as ambulance handovers.

Planned Care- June 2021 saw a slight in-month reduction in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment, however the number waiting over 36 weeks for treatment has seen a slight increase. The waiting list for stage 1 patients continues to increase, however June 2021 saw a reduction in the number of referrals received by secondary care. Therapy waiting times have significantly reduced since June 2020 and the number of patients waiting over target slightly increased in June 2021 with some therapy services maintaining a nil breach position (i.e. Occupational Therapy and Physiotherapy).

Cancer- June 2021 (draft data) saw a deterioration in performance against the Single Cancer Pathway measure of patients receiving definitive treatment within 62 days. The backlog of patients waiting over 63 days increased in June 2021 and is now similar to the monthly position that was seen in quarters 2 and 3 for 2020/21. June's figures are in the process of being validated at the time of writing this report.

Mental Health- performance against the Mental Health Measures continues to be maintained. All targets were achieved in May 2021. Psychological therapies within 26 weeks continue to be maintained at 100%.

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)-Access times for routine CAMHS still continue to not meet the required targets, with crisis performance deteriorating to 93% against the 100% target. Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) access times within 26 weeks continues to be a challenge, however performance continues to increase steadily, achieving 33% in May 2021 against a target of 80%.

Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval	
Required	✓		\checkmark		
Recommendations	Members are asked to:				
	NOTE the Health Board performance against key mea and targets.				

INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window in delivering key performance measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework and local quality & safety measures.

2. BACKGROUND

In 2021/22, a Single Outcomes Framework for Health and Social Care was due to be published but was delayed due to the COVID19 pandemic. Welsh Government has confirmed that during 2021/22 the Single Outcomes Framework will be developed for adoption in 2022/23 and that the 2020/21 measures will be rolled over into 2021/22.

The NHS Wales Delivery Framework sets out measures under the quadruple aims which the performance of the Health Board is measured. The aims within the NHS Delivery Framework are:

- Quadruple Aim 1: People in Wales have improved health and well-being with better prevention and self-management
- Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement
- Quadruple Aim 3: The health and social care workforce in Wales is motivated and sustainable
- Quadruple Aim 4: Wales has a higher value health and social care system that has demonstrated rapid improvement and innovation, enabled by data and focused on outcomes

The Health Board's performance reports have traditionally been structured according to the aims within the NHS Delivery Framework however, the focus for NHS Wales reporting has shifted to harm management as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. In order to improve the Health Board's visibility of measuring and managing harm, the structure of this report has been aligned with the four quadrants of harm as set out in the NHS Wales COVID-19 Operating Framework. The harm quadrants are illustrated in the following diagram.

Harm from Covid itself	Harm from overwhelmed NHS and social care system		
Harm from reduction in non- Covid activity	Harm from wider societal actions/lockdown		

Appendix 1 provides an overview of the Health Board's latest performance against the Delivery Framework measures along with key local quality and safety

measures. A number of local COVID-19 specific measures have been included in this iteration of the performance report.

The traditional format for the report includes identifying actions where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this performance report until operational pressures significantly ease. Despite a reduction in the narrative contained within this report, considerable work has been undertaken to include additional measures that aid in describing how the healthcare systems has changed as a result of the pandemic.

3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

Appendix 1 of this report provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local measures. Mitigating actions are listed where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

5. RECOMMENDATION

Members are asked to:

 NOTE- current Health Board performance against key measures and targets

Governance and Assurance						
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting and					
Enabling	empowering people to live well in resilient communities					
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing					
(please	Co-Production and Health Literacy	\boxtimes				
choose)	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	\boxtimes				
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services	S				
	achieving the outcomes that matter most to people					
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	\boxtimes				
	Partnerships for Care	\boxtimes				
	Excellent Staff	\boxtimes				
	Digitally Enabled Care	\boxtimes				
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	\boxtimes				
Health and Car	re Standards					
(please	Staying Healthy	\boxtimes				
choose)	Safe Care	\boxtimes				
	Effective Care	\boxtimes				
	Dignified Care	\boxtimes				
	Timely Care	\boxtimes				
	Individual Care	\boxtimes				
	Staff and Resources	\boxtimes				

Quality, Safety and Patient Experience

The performance report outlines performance over the domains of quality and safety and patient experience, and outlines areas and actions for improvement. Quality, safety and patient experience are central principles underpinning the National Delivery Framework and this report is aligned to the domains within that framework.

There are no directly related Equality and Diversity implications as a result of this report.

Financial Implications

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the Mental Health Measure.

Staffing Implications

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to Workforce, such as Sickness and Personal Development Review rates. Specific issues relating to staffing are also addressed individually in this report.

Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)

The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:

- Long term Actions within this report are both long and short term in order to balance the immediate service issues with long term objectives.
- Prevention the NHS Wales Delivery framework provides a measureable mechanism to evidence how the NHS is positively influencing the health and wellbeing of the citizens of Wales with a particular focus upon maximising people's physical and mental well-being.
- Integration this integrated performance report brings together key performance measures across the seven domains of the NHS Wales Delivery Framework, which identify the priority areas that patients, clinicians and stakeholders wanted the NHS to be measured against. The framework covers a wide spectrum of measures that are aligned with the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- **Collaboration** in order to manage performance, the Corporate Functions within the Health Board liaise with leads from the Service Groups as well as key individuals from partner organisations including the Local Authorities, Welsh Ambulance Services Trust, Public Health Wales and external Health Boards.
- **Involvement** Corporate and Service Group leads are key in identifying performance issues and identifying actions to take forward.

Report History	The last iteration of the Integrated Performance Report was presented to Performance & Finance Committee in June 2021. This is a routine monthly report.
Appendices	Appendix 1: Integrated Performance Report







Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report July 2021



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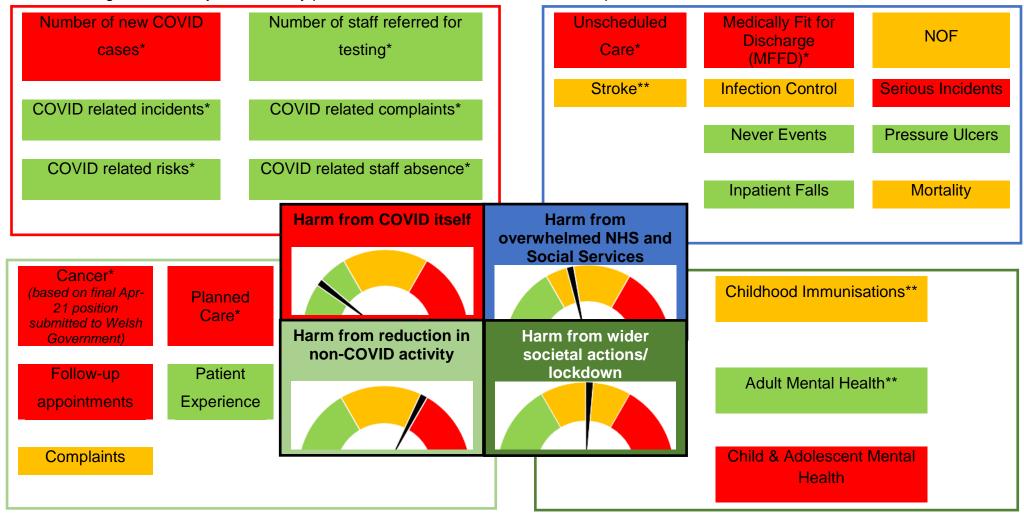
1. OVERVIEW

The following summarises the key successes, along with the priorities, risks and threats to achievement of the quality, access and workforce standards.

Successes	Successes Priorities							
 276,760 first doses and 234,654 second doses of the COVID-19 vaccination administered by Swansea Bay UHB as at 18th July 2021, taking the total number of vaccine's administered over 500,000 in total. Emergency care requiring hospital treatment continues to be delivered as well as aspects of urgent elective care. Sustained achievement of the mental health measures access targets throughout the COVID pandemic. Psychological therapy waiting times within 26 weeks have been maintained at 100% since November 2020. The number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an appointment has seen a decrease in June 2021. The number of critical care beds required for Covid cases remains at an all-time low since March 2020. The number of referrals received by Secondary care saw a reduction in June 2021 	 Delivery priorities for quarter one to be developed which includes plans for elective care recovery (i.e. maximising elective capacity in Singleton and Neath Port Talbot hospitals, progressing virtual wards and hospital to home programmes). Accelerate initiatives to provide alternative service models to reduce attendance numbers at the Emergency Department and Minor Injury Unit and monitor under new performance framework. Develop further solutions to reduce the backlog of patients waiting under the Single Cancer Pathway (SCP) and maintain focus on improvements in the overall pathways within the SCP. Cancer performance and UEC (Morriston) are now subject to increased monitoring and will provide weekly updates on their performance trajectory as part of the SBU performance framework. Maximise and grow elective care capacity to ensure that clinically urgent patients are treated within recommended timescales. 							
Opportunities	Risks & Threats							
 Utilise Welsh Government Transformation monies to support the reduction in Outpatient waiting times. Funding has been awarded to the top 10 specialties with the highest waiting times to date. Increasing use of technology to support outpatients, including ereferrals (demand management), DrDr (referral avoidance), and the use of solutions to support virtual appointments such as telephone and Attend Anywhere (increasing non face-to-face activity). Spread of these solutions to be accelerated. 	 The new strain of Covid has seen a significant increase in the number of positive cases reported in June 2021, and the numbers continue to rise in the community. The ongoing response to COVID continues to have a significant impact on the Health Board's ability to meet increasing demands. Extensive work continues to be undertaken in managing the outbreak. Key pressures include: Social distancing is limiting the rate at which staff can return to work and rota systems need to be considered alongside a continuation of remote working Reduction in capacity for elective treatments is increasing waiting times The health board's ability and pace to reintroduce and maintain essential services in the safest way for staff and patients 							

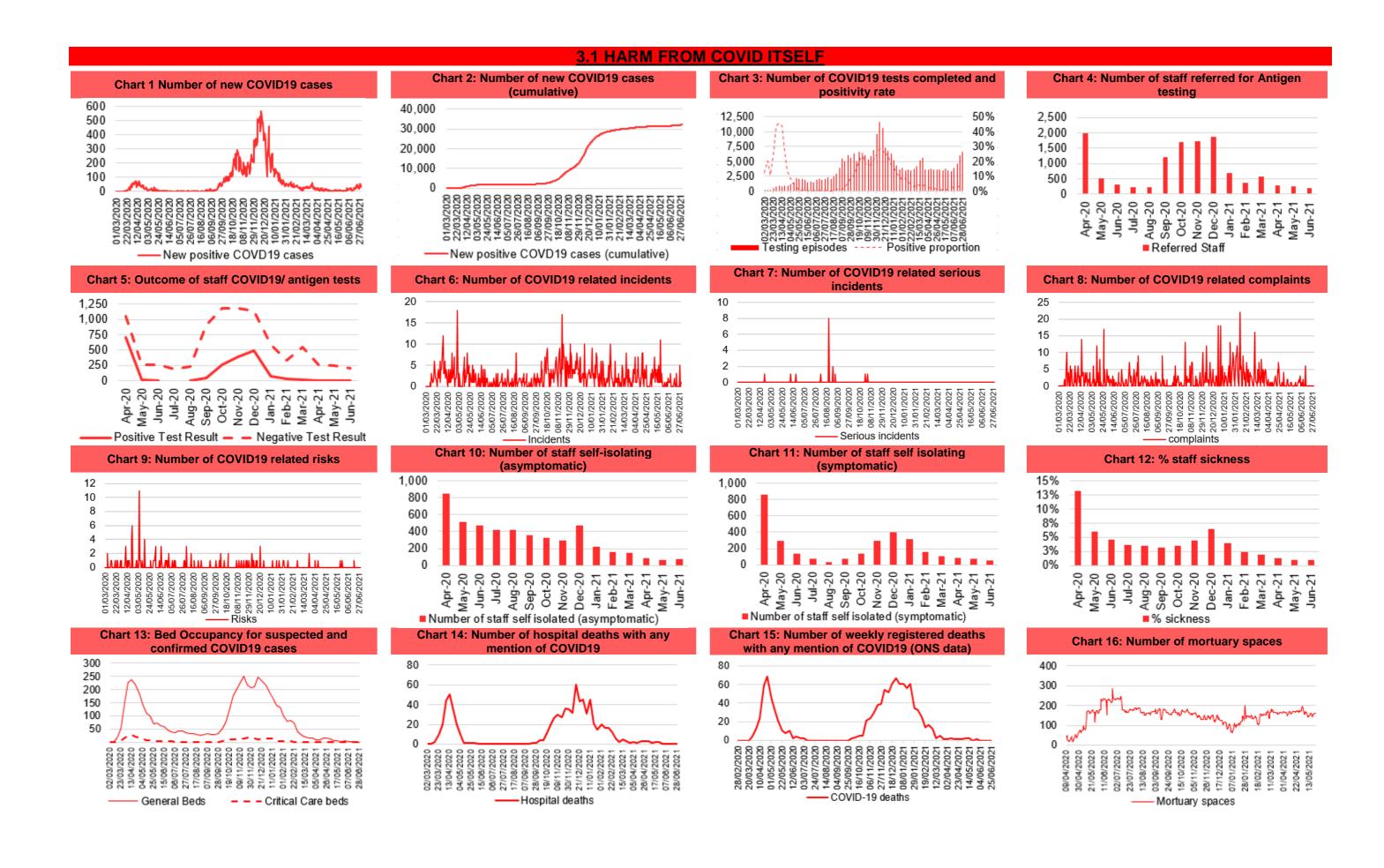
2. QUADRANTS OF HARM SUMMARY

The following is a summary of all the key performance indicators included in this report.

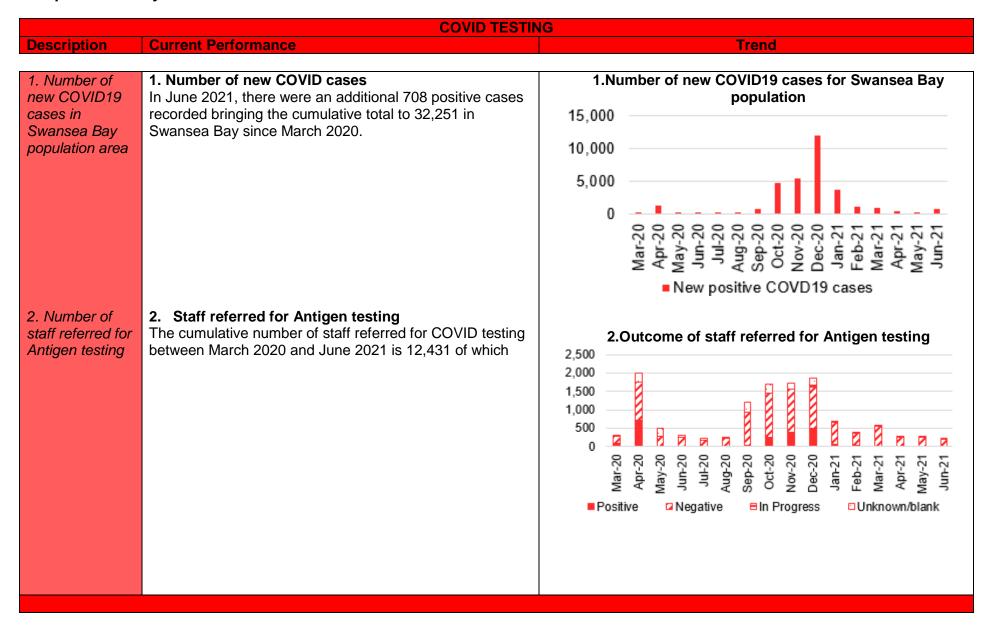


NB- RAG status is against national or local target
** Data not available

*RAG status based on in-month movement in the absence of local profiles



3.1 Updates on key measures



Staff absence due to COVID19

- 1.Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic)
- 2.Number of staff self isolating (symptomatic)

3.% staff sickness

The following data is based on the mid-month position and broken down into the categories requested by Welsh Government.

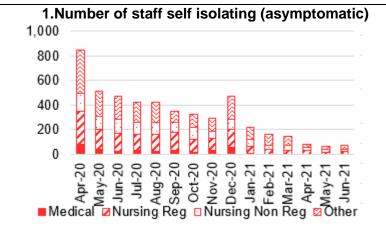
1. & 2. Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic and symptomatic)

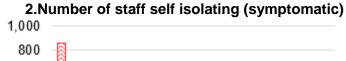
Between April and June 2021, the number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic) slightly increased from 61 to 70 and the number of staff self-isolating (symptomatic) reduced from 71 to 50. In June 2021, "other" staff had the largest number of self-isolating staff who are asymptomatic and Registered Nursing had the largest number of self-isolating staff who are symptomatic.

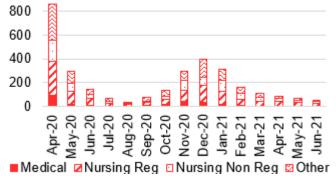
3. % Staff sickness

The percentage of staff sickness absence due to COVID19 has significantly reduced from 13.2% in April 2020 to 0.9% in June 2021.

June 2021 saw the lowest level of COVID19 related sickness since the pandemic began in March 2020.





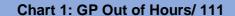


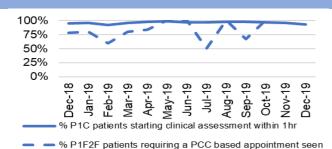
3.% staff sickness

	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21
Medical	14.9%	4.0%	3.0%	2.8%	2.5%	4.0%	3.2%	7.3%	8.3%	2.2%	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.5%
Nursing Reg	14.2%	7.0%	5.1%	4.0%	4.0%	4.4%	3.8%	4.7%	7.4%	4.3%	2.3%	1.9%	1.6%	1.2%	1.1%
Nursing Non Reg	16.6%	8.0%	7.2%	5.5%	5.2%	4.2%	6.0%	6.5%	7.3%	7.0%	3.9%	3.1%	2.4%	1.9%	1.8%
Other	11.0%	5.0%	3.6%	2.9%	2.7%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%	5.4%	3.1%	2.2%	1.7%	0.8%	0.6%	0.6%
All	13.2%	6.0%	4.5%	3.6%	3.5%	3.2%	3.5%	4.4%	6.5%	4.0%	2.4%	1.9%	1.3%	1.0%	0.9%

HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM

4.1 Unscheduled Care- Overview





Service continues to experience issues with data reporting. It is anticipated that up to date accurate data will be available shortly.

Chart 5: A&E Attendances

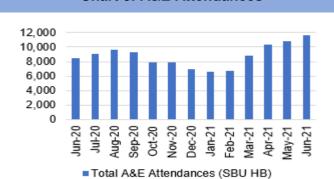


Chart 9: Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds

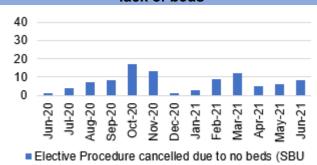


Chart 12: % of patients (> 60 years) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours

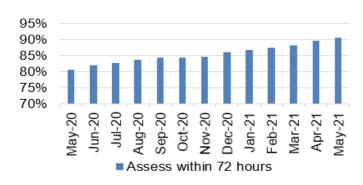


Chart 2: % red calls responded to within 8 minutes

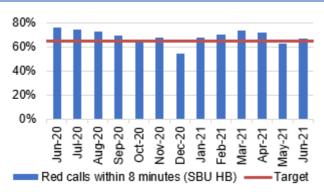


Chart 6: % patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E

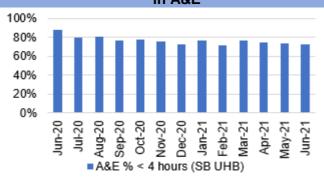


Chart 10: Number of Medically Fit For Discharge (MFFD) patients

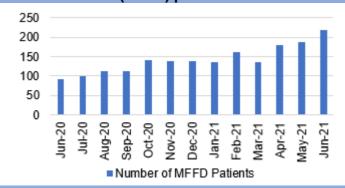


Chart 13: Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit within 4 hours

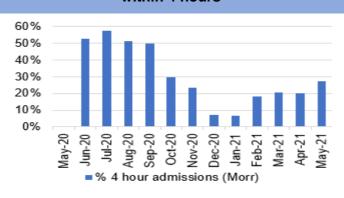


Chart 3: Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour

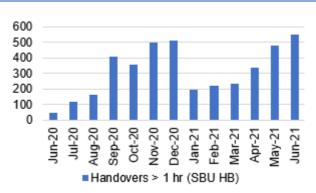


Chart 7: Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E

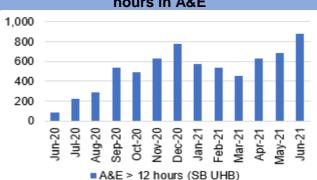
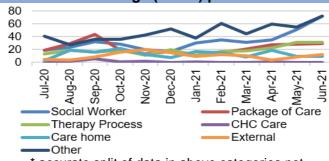


Chart 11: Delay reason for Medically Fit For Discharge (MFFD) patients



* accurate split of data in above categories not available before July 2020

Chart 14: % of stroke patients receiving CT scan with 1 hour

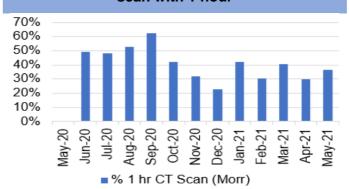
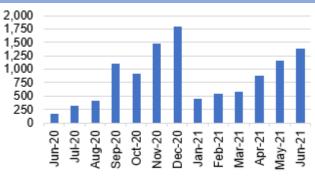


Chart 4: Lost hours- notification to ambulance handover over 15 minutes



Lost Handover Hours > 15 minutes (SBU HB)

Chart 8: Number of emergency admissions

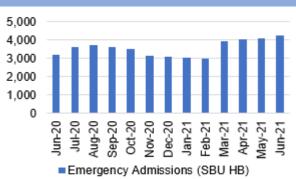
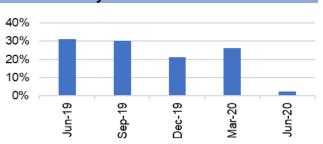


Chart 12: % of critical care bed days lost to delayed transfers of care



% critical care bed days lost to delayed transfer of care

Chart 15: % stroke patients receiving consultant assessment within 24 hours



% assess within 24 hrs (Morr)

Unscheduled Care Overview (June 2021)

Primary Care Access

97% (→)

GP practices open during daily core hours

93% (3%1)

% of Out of Hours (OoH)/111 patients prioritised as P1CH that started their definitive clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being answered (July-19)

88% (→)

GP practices offering appointments between 5pm-6:30pm

100% (33%1)

% of Out of Hours (OOH)/111
patients prioritised as P1F2F
requiring a Primary Care
Centre (PCC) based
appointment seen within 1
hour following completion of
their definitive clinical
assessment (Oct-19)

Ambulance

67 (5%1)

Red calls responded to with 8 minutes

547 (15%1)

Ambulance handovers over 1 hour

3,559 (4%↓) Amber calls

468 (20%1) Red calls

Emergency Department

11,588 (7%1) A&E attendances

72.39% (1%↓)Waits in A&E under
4 hours

880 (29%1)Waits in A&E over 12 hours

1,938 (3%↓)
Patients admitted from A&E

Emergency Activity

4,238 (4%1)

Emergency Inpatient Admissions

368 (15%1)

Trauma theatre cases

309 (-14%)

Emergency Theatre Cases

8 (33%1)

Elective procedures cancelled due to no beds

Patient Flow

13 (19%↓) (Mar-20) Mental Health DTOCs

* Data collection temporarily suspended

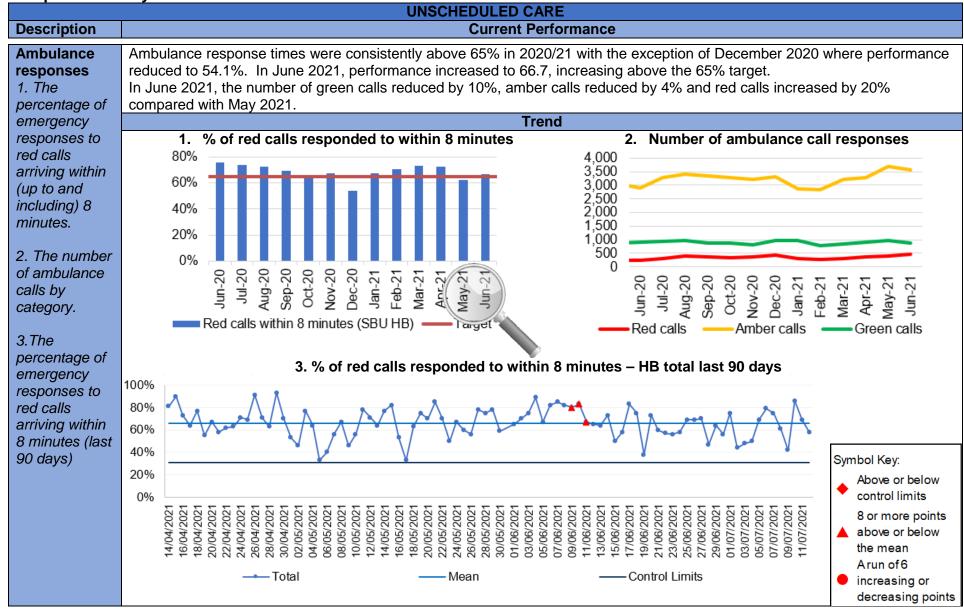
60 (13%↓) (Mar-20)
Non-Mental Health DTOCs
* Data collection temporarily
suspended

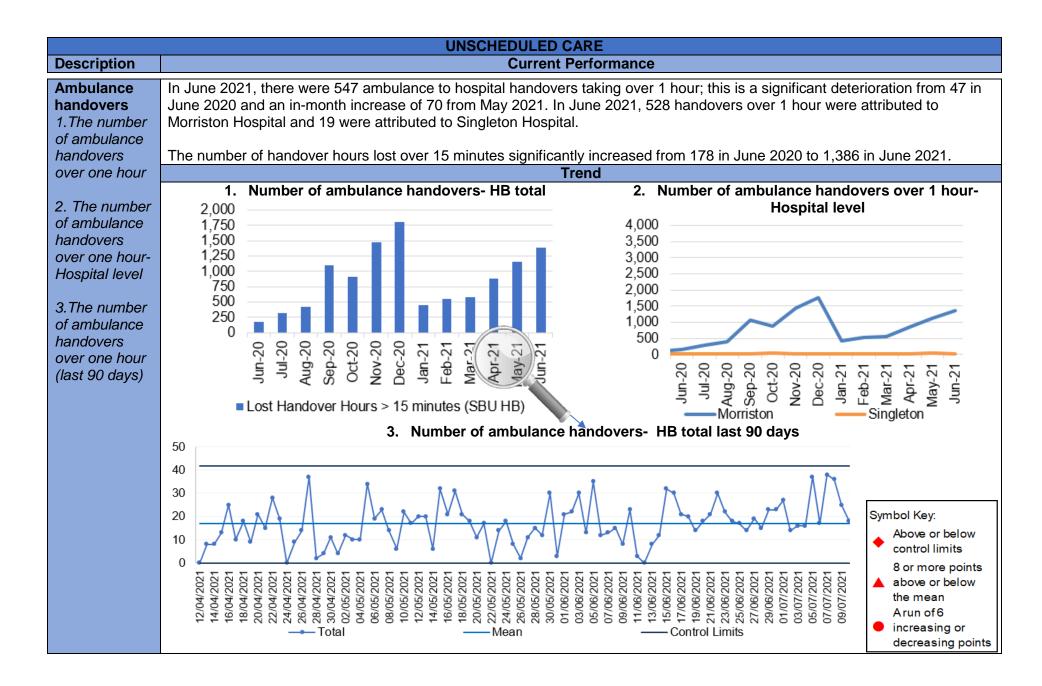
218 (15%1)

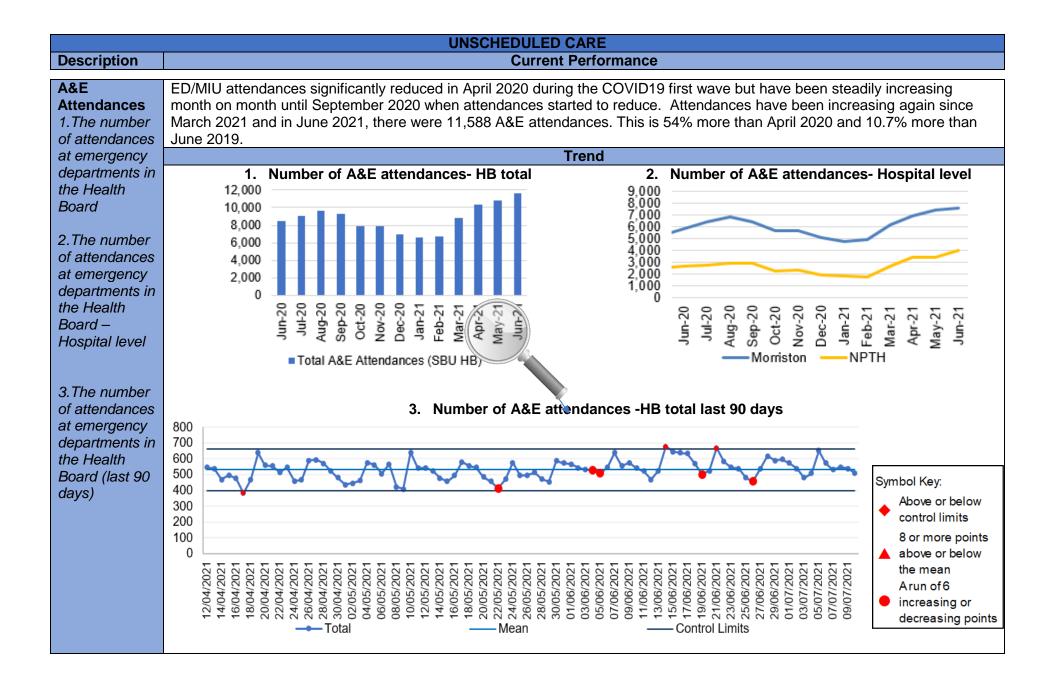
Medically fit patients

*RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

4.2 Updates on key measures

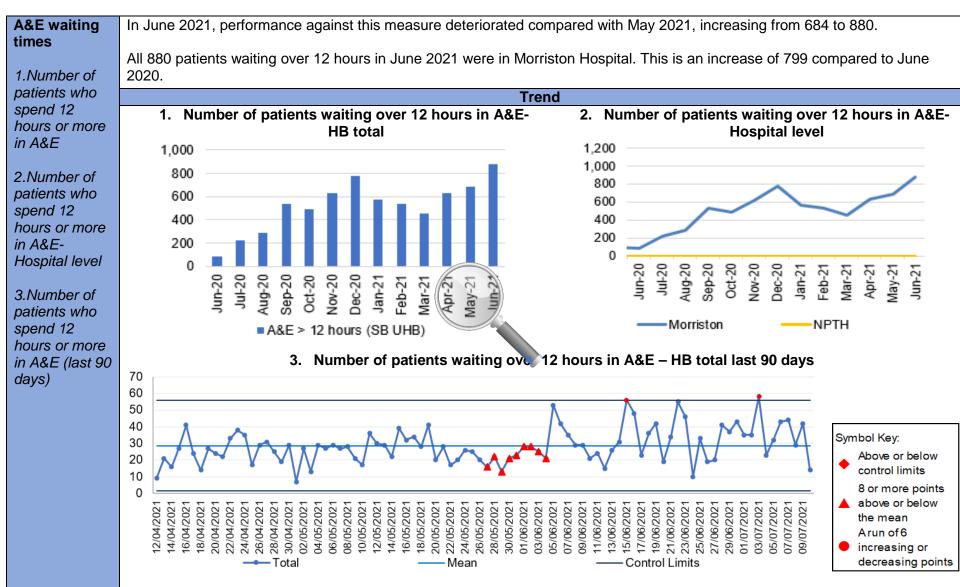






Description	UNSCHEDULED CARE Current Performance
Description	Current Performance
A&E waiting times 1.% of patients	The Health Board's performance against the 4-hour measure deteriorated from 73.39% in May 2021to 72.39% in June 2021. Neath Port Talbot Hospital Minor Injuries Unit (MIU) continues to achieve (and exceed) the national target of 95% achieving 97.7% in June 2021. Morriston Hospital's performance deteriorated from 61.70% in May 2021 to 58.99% in June 2021.
who spend	Trend
who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge 2. % of patients who	1. % patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total 1. % patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- Hospital level 2. % patient
spend less than 4 hours in	3. % patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total last 90 days
A&E- Hospital level 3. % of patients who	65% 60% 55% 50% 45% Symbol Key: Above or below
spend less than 4 hours in A&E (last 90 days)	40% 35% 30% —————————————————————————————————

UNSCHEDULED CARE			
Description	Current Performance		



	UNSCHEDULED CARE
Description	Current Performance
Emergency admissions	In June 2021, there were 4,238 emergency admissions across the Health Board, which is 3.8% more admissions than in May 2021 and 26% more than June 2020.
1. The number of emergency	Morriston Hospital saw the largest in-month increase with 182 more admissions (from 3,060 in May 2021 to 3,242).
inpatient	Trend
admissions	 Number of emergency admissions- HB total Number of emergency admissions- Hospital level 4,000
2. The number	4,000
of emergency inpatient	3,000
admissions-	2,000
Hospital level	
3. The number	
of emergency	Jun-20 Jul-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Jun-21 May-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21
inpatient admissions	■Emergency Admissions (SBU HB) — Morriston — Singleton — NPTH
(last 90 days)	
	3. Number of emergency admissions- HB total last 90 days
	200
	150
	100 Symbol Key:
	50 Above or below control limits
	0 8 or more points
	above or below A
	0.04
	→ Total — Mean — Control Limits — increasing or decreasing points — decreasing points

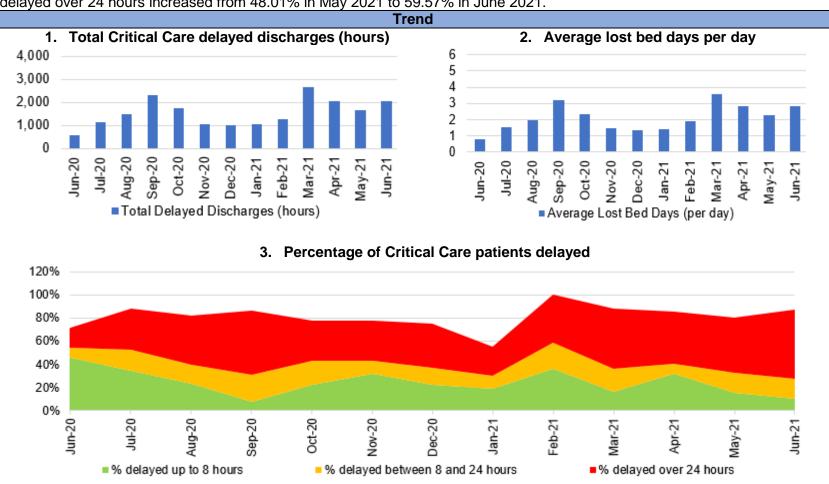
	UNSCHEDULED CARE
Description	Current Performance

Critical Care-Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOC)-Morriston Hospital 1. Total Critical

Hospital 1.Total Critica Care delayed discharges (hours)

- 2. Average lost bed days per day
- 3.Percentage of patients delayed:
- Up to 8 hours
- Between 8 and 24 hours
- Over 24 hours

In June 2021, there were a total of 64 admissions into the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) in Morriston Hospital. During the COVID19 first wave in April and May 2020, the amount of delayed discharges and average lost bed days significantly reduced and this downward trend was also evident in the second wave starting in November 2020 but not to the extent of the first wave. In June 2021, delayed discharges totalled 2045 hours and the average lost bed days was 2.8 per day. The percentage of patients delayed over 24 hours increased from 48.01% in May 2021 to 59.57% in June 2021.



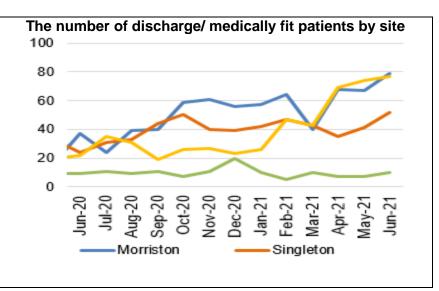
	UNSCHEDULED (CARE
Description	Current Performance	Trend

Medically Fit The number of patients waiting at each site in the Health Board that are deemed discharge/ medically fit

In June 2021, there were on average 218 patients who were deemed medically/ discharge fit but were still occupying a bed in one of the Health Board's Hospitals.

The number of medically/ discharge fit patients returned to the average that was seen in quarter 3 for 2021/21 in March 2021, after a significant increase in February 2021. It increased again in both May and June 2021, with June 2021 (218) seeing the highest number of medically/ discharge fit patients since January 2020.

In June 2021, Morriston Hospital had the largest proportion of medically/ discharge fit patients with 79, followed by Neath Port Talbot Hospital with 77.

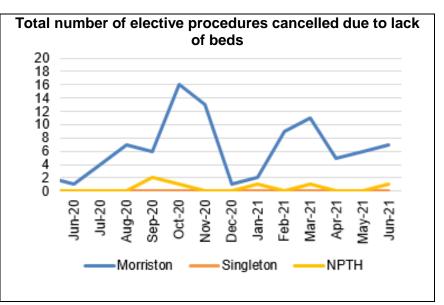


Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds

The number of elective procedure cancelled across the hospital where the main cancellation reasons was lack of beds

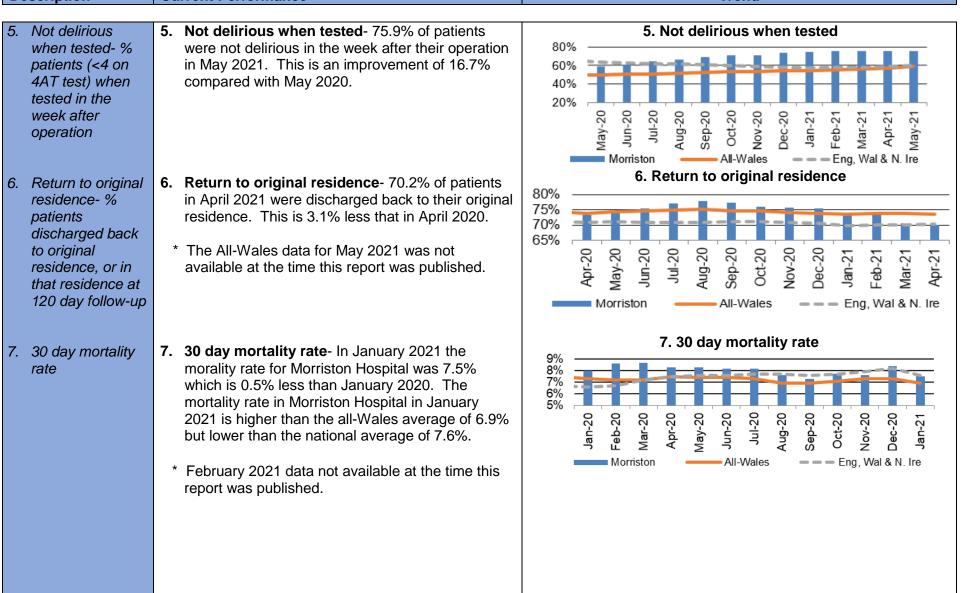
In June 2021, there were 8 elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds on the day of surgery. This is 7 more cancellations than in June 2020 and 2 more than May 2021.

7 of the cancelled procedures were attributed to Morriston Hospital and 1 attributed to Neath Port Talbot hospital

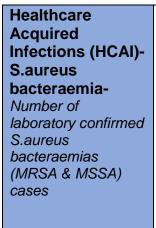


	FRACTURED NECK OF F	EMUR (#NOF)
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Fractured Neck of Femur (#NOF)		1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment
1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- % patients receiving an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours of presentation	1. Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- In March 2021, 90.7% of patients in Morriston hospital received an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours. This is 10.1% more than in April 2020.	100% 90% 70% 60% 70m 70m 70m 70m 70m 70m 70m 70m
2. Prompt surgery - % patients undergoing surgery the day following presentation with hip fracture	2. Prompt surgery- In May 2021, 57.2% of patients had surgery the day following presentation with a hip fracture. This is a slight reduction from May 2020 which was 57.6%	Morriston All-Males — Eng, Wal & N. Ire
3. NICE compliant surgery - % of operations consistent with the recommendations of NICE CG124	3. NICE compliant surgery- 70.1% of operations were consistent with the NICE recommendations in May 2021. This is 0.1% more than in May 2020. In March 2021, Morriston was below the all-Wales average of 72.8%.	3. NICE compliant Surgery 80% 70% 60% 50% Mar-52 Morriston All-Wales Sep-50 All-Wales All-Wales Sep-50 All-Wales All-Wales All-Wales All-Wales
4. Prompt mobilisation after surgery - % patients out of bed (standing or hoisted) by the day after operation	4. Prompt mobilisation- In May 2021, 75.9% of patients were out of bed the day after surgery. This is 1.3% more than in May 2020.	4. Prompt mobilisation 90% 70% 70% 80% 80% 70% 80% 70% 80% 80% 70% 80% 80% 70% 80% 80% 70% 80% 80% 80% 70% 80% 80% 80% 80% 80% 80% 80% 80% 80% 8

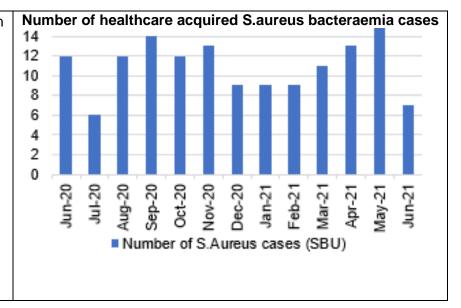
FRACTURED NECK OF FEMUR (#NOF)								
Description	Current Performance		Trend					



	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRED	DINFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI) - E.coli bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases	 28 cases of <i>E. coli</i> bacteraemia were identified in June 2021, of which 5 were hospital acquired and 23 were community acquired. Cumulative cases from May 2021 to June 2021 are 23% lower than the equivalent period in 2020/21. (61 in 2021/22 compared with 75 in 2020/21). 	Number of healthcare acquired E.coli bacteraemia cases 40 30 20 10 0ct-20 0ct-20 Now-20 Per-21 Way-21 Number E.Coli cases (SBU)



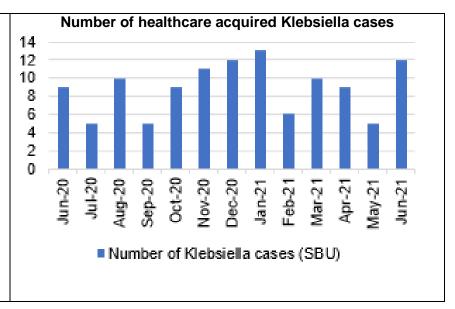
- There were 7 cases of Staph. aureus bacteraemia in June 2021, of which 5 were hospital acquired and 2 were community acquired.
- Cumulative cases from May 2021 to June 2021 are 6% more than the equivalent period in 2020/21 (35 in 2021/22 compared with 33 in 2020/21).



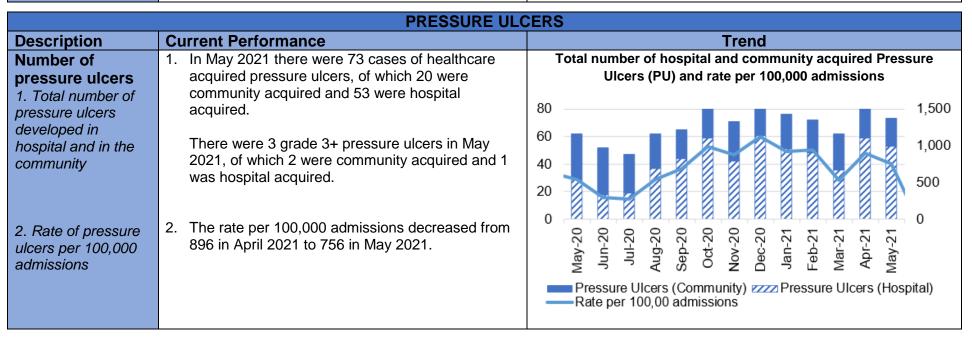
Description	D INFECTIONS Trend													
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- C.difficile- Number of laboratory confirmed C.difficile cases	 There were 12 Clostridium difficile toxin positive cases in June 2021, of which 6 were hospital acquired and 6 were community acquired. Cumulative cases from May 2021 to June 2021 are 87.5% more than the equivalent period of 2020/21 (45 in 2021/22 compared with 24 in 2020/21). 	25 20 15 10 5 0	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20		Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	May-21	Jun-21



- There were 12 cases of Klebsiella sp in June 2021, of which 5 was hospital acquired and 7 were community acquired.
- Cumulative cases from May 2021 to June 2021 are 10% more than the equivalent period in 2020/21 (22 in 2021/22 compared with 20 in 2020/21).

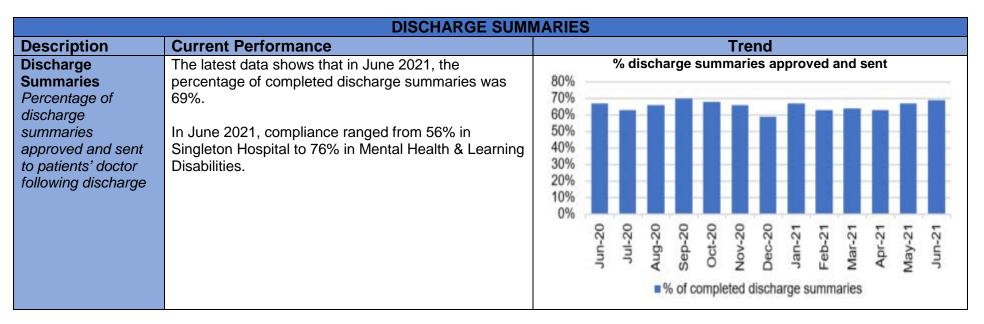


	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRED INFECTIONS							
Description	Current Performance	Trend						
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Aeruginosa- Number of laboratory confirmed Aeruginosa cases	 There was 1 community and 1 hospital acquired case of <i>P.Aerginosa</i> bacteraemia in June 2021. Cumulative cases from May 2021 to June are 71% less than the equivalent period in 2020/21. 	Number of healthcare acquired Pseudomonas cases 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0ct-20 Nov-20 Nov-20 Neg-21 1 0 Number of Pseudomonas cases (SBU)						



	SERIOUS INCID	ENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Serious Incidents- 1. The number of serious incidents 2. The number of Never Events	 The Health Board reported 4 Serious Incidents for the month of June 2021 to Welsh Government. The breakdown of incidents in June 2021 are set out below: 1 in Primary, Community and Therapy Services 1 in Morriston Hospital 2 in Singleton Hospital There was one new Never Event reported in June 2021 for Morriston Hospital which relates to a retained guidewire in a fistula. 	1. and 2. Number of serious incidents and never events 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 Vor-solution Number of Serious Incidents Number of never events Number of Serious Incidents Number of never events Number of serious incidents and never events
3. Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the percentage which were assured within the agreed timescales	 3. In June 2021, performance against the 80% target of submitting closure forms within 60 working days was 0% as none of the three closure forms due to be submitted to Welsh Government in June 2021 were submitted on time. Below is a breakdown of the eleven outstanding forms: 1 in Mental Health and Learning Disabilities 2 in Morriston Hospital 	3. % of serious incidents closed within 60 days 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% SI's assured * 0% compliance in June, July, October and November 2020 and January, March, April, May and June 2021

	INPATIENT FA	LLS													
Description Current Performance				Trend											
Inpatient Falls The total number of inpatient falls	The number of Falls reported via Datix web for Swansea Bay UHB was 174 in June 2021. This is 11% less than June 2020 where 196 falls were recorded. The number of Falls reported via Datix web for Swansea Bay UHB was 174 in June 2021. This is 11% less than June 2020 where 196 falls were recorded.	300 250 200 150 100 50	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	patie 07-090 atien	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21



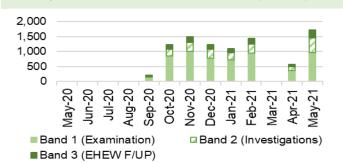
	CRUDE MORTA	LITY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crude Mortality Rate	May 2021 reports the crude mortality rate for the Health Board at 1.04% compared with 1.04% in March 2021. A breakdown by Hospital for May 2021: Morriston – 1.76% Singleton – 0.52% NPT – 0.15%	Crude hospital mortality rate by Hospital (74 years of age or less) 2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.0% 0.5% 0.0% Nov-50 Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital Crude hospital (74 years of age or less) NPT Hospital (74 years of age or less) Singleton Hospital HB Total

		W	ORKFOR	CE
Description	Current Performance			Trend
Staff sickness rates- Percentage of sickness absence rate of staff	 Our in-month performance 5.89% in April 2021 to 6.3 The 12-month rolling performance 5.89% in April 2021 to 6.9 	6% in May 20. ormance impro	21. oved from	% of full time equivalent (FTE) days lost to sickness absence (12 month rolling and in-month) 11% 10%
	The following table provide reasons by full time equival May 2021.			9% 8% 7% 6%
	Absence Reason	FTE Days Lost	%	5% ————————————————————————————————————
	Anxiety/ stress/ depression/ other psychiatric illnesses	8,194.61	35.6%	3% ————————————————————————————————————
	Other musculoskeletal problems	2,273.28	9.9%	% //day-20 Jun-20 Jul-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Jan-21 Mar-21 Apr-21
	Chest & respiratory problems	1,806.30	7.8%	
	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	1,758.34	7.6%	→ % sickness rate (in-month)
	Gastrointestinal problems	1,520.16	6.6%	

HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY

5.1 Primary and Community Care Overview

Chart 1: Number of patients receiving care from Eye Health Examination Wales (EHEW)



No claims submitted between April and August 2020

Chart 5: Number and percentage of adult dental patients re-attending NHS Primary Dental Care between 6-9 months

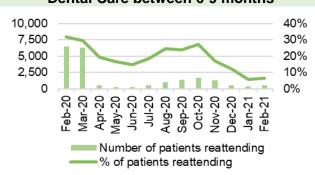


Chart 9: District Nursing- Number of patients on caseload

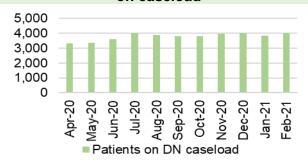
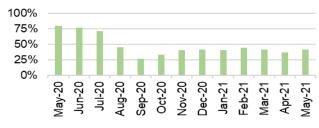


Chart 13: % of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less for Restorative Dentistry



% of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less

Chart 2: Common Ailment Scheme - Number of consultations provided

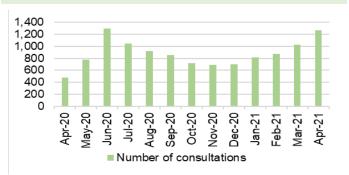
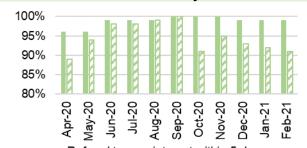


Chart 6: Pregnancy Advisory Service- Referral to appointment within 5 days and treatment within 10 days

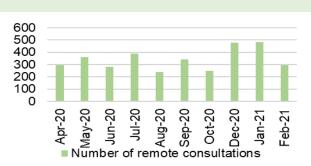


■ Referral to appointment within 5 days
☑ Referral to treatment within 10 days

Chart 10: District Nursing- Total number of contacts



Chart 14: Audiology- Number of remote consultations



Nov-20 data not available

Chart 3: Urgent Dental Centre-Total episodes of patient care

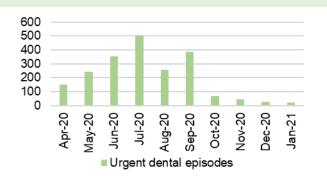


Chart 7: Sexual health services- Attendances at sexual health ambulance



■ Contraception □ GUM □ Pregnancy Advisory Service

Chart 11: Community wound clinic- Number of attendances and number of home visits

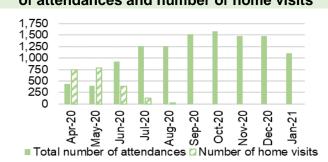


Chart 15: Audiology- Total number of patients on the waiting list

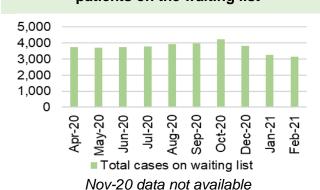


Chart 4: General Dental Practice activity- Total number of telephone calls received

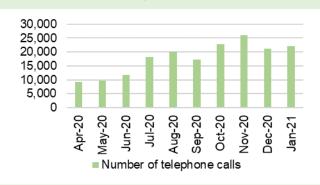


Chart 8: Sexual health services- Patient outcomes

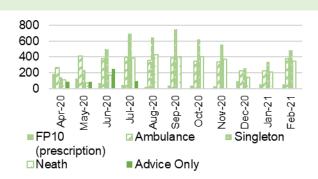


Chart 12: Community wound clinic- Number of assessments by location

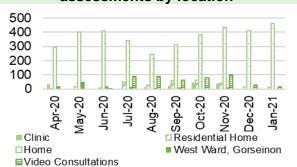
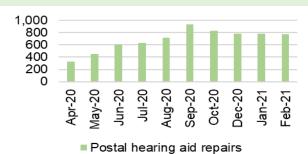


Chart 16: Audiology- Number of postal hearing aid repairs



Nov-20 data not available

Harm from reduction in non-Covid activity **5.2 Planned Care Overview**

Chart 1: Number of GP Referrals into secondary care



Chart 5: Number of patients waiting for reportable diagnostics over 8 weeks

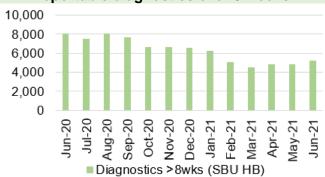


Chart 9: Single Cancer Pathway- % of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion

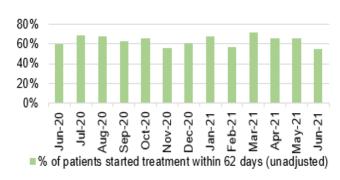


Chart 13: Number of patients without a documented clinical review date

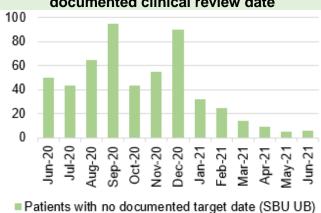


Chart 2: Number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment



Chart 6: Number of patients waiting for reportable Cardiac diagnostics over 8 weeks

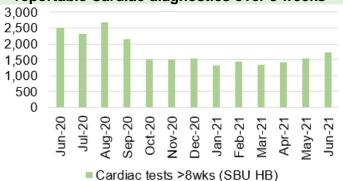


Chart 10: Number of new cancer patients starting definitive treatment

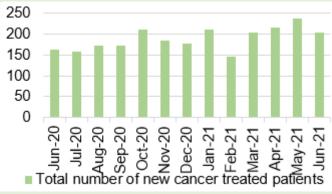


Chart 14: Ophthalmology patients without an allocated health risk factor

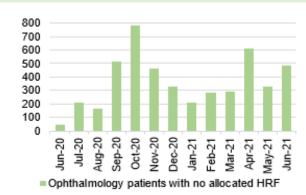


Chart 3: Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment

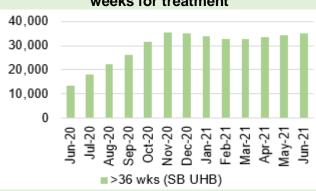


Chart 7: Number of patients waiting less than 14 weeks for Therapies



Chart 11: Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days

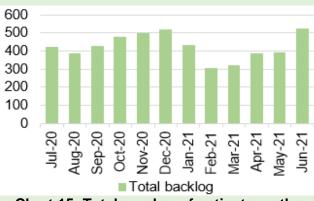


Chart 15: Total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list

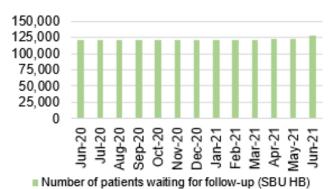


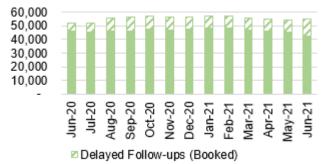
Chart 4: % patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment



Chart 8: Cancer referrals



Chart 12: Number of patients waiting for an outpatient follow-up who are delayed past their target date



Delayed Follow-ups (Not Booked)

Chart 16: Number of patients delayed by over 100%



Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)

Demand		Waiting Times	
8,604 (37%↓) Total GP referrals	23,239 (2%↓) Patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment	34,943 (1.4%↑) Patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment	25,164 (2%↓) Patients waiting over 52 weeks for treatment
5,248 (24%↓) Routine GP referrals	50.6% (1.5%↑) Patients waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment	5,230 (8%↑) Patients waiting over 8 weeks for all reportable diagnostics	1,732 (12%1) Patients waiting over 8 weeks for Cardiac diagnostics only
3,356 (50%↓) Urgent GP referrals	171 (3%1) Patients waiting over 14 weeks for reportable therapies	127,444 (3.5%1) Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment	30,550 (1.6%↑) Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100%
	Cancer	Theatre	e Efficiencies
1,466 (3%↓)	522 (34.5%↑)	77% (1%↓)	43% (2%↓) % of theatres sessions

Number of USC referrals received USC backlog over 63 days

48.3% (17.1%↓**)** draft Patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days

Theatre utilisation rate

43% (→)

% of theatres sessions starting late

% of theatres sessions finishing early

192 (83%1)

Operations cancelled on the day

^{*}RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

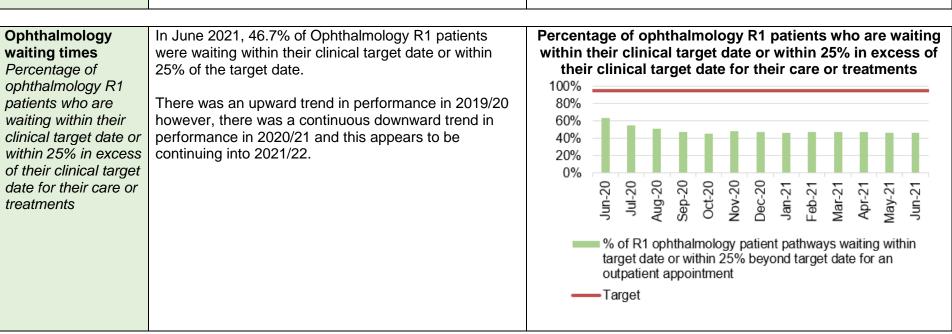
5.3 Updates on key measures

	PLANNED CARE				
Description	Current Performance				
Referrals and shape of the waiting list	The number of GP referrals and additions to the outpatient waiting list has increased each month since May 2020, this is reflected in the reduction in the size of the waiting list in April 2020 and subsequent increase every month since May 2020. Since September 2020 the number of referrals and additions appeared to stabilise but then started to increase again from January 2021. Chart 4 shows the shape of the current waiting list and chart 3 shows the waiting list as at December 2019 as this reflects a typical monthly snapshot of the waiting list prior to the COVID19 pandemic.				
1. GP Referrals	Trend				
The number of Stage 1 additions per week	1. Number of GP referrals received by SBU Health Board 8,000 6,000 2. Number of stage 1 additions per week 2,500 2,500 2,000				
2. Stage 1 additions The number of new patients that have	4,000 2,000 1,000 500				
been added to the outpatient waiting list 3. Size of the	Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Aug-20 Oct-20 Oct-20 Oct-20 Jun-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Apr-21 Jun-21 Ju				
waiting list Total number of patients on the waiting list by stage	 — GP Referrals (urgent) 3. Total size of the waiting list and movement (December 2019) 4. Total size of the waiting list and movement (June 2021) 				
as at December 2019 4. Size of the waiting list Total number of patients on the waiting list by stage as at June 2021	3,000 2,500 1,500 1,000 Soo Breaching 36 weeks 3500 26 36 52 Additions to list continue to rise 2500 2500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 150				
as at vario 2021	■ STAGE 1 ■ STAGE 2 ■ STAGE 4 ■ STAGE 5				

PLANNED CARE Description **Current Performance** The number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a first outpatient appointment is still a challenge. However, June 2021 **Outpatient waiting** saw a slight in-month decrease in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment. The times number of breaches decreased from 23,700 in May 2021 to 23,239 in June 2021. Ophthalmology has the largest 1. Number of proportion of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment closely followed by Orthopaedics and ENT. The number of outpatient attendances has significantly reduced since February 2020 due to COVID19. Chart 4 shows patients waiting more than 26 weeks that the number of attendances started to increase from May 2020 but has plateaued from December 2020 onwards. for an outpatient **Trend** appointment (stage 1. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- HB total 2. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- Hospital level 1)- Health Board 25,000 15,000 Total 12,500 20,000 10,000 15,000 2. Number of 7,500 patients waiting 10.000 5.000 more than 26 weeks 2.500 5.000 for an outpatient appointment (stage Jul-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Nov-20 Jun-20 Oct-20 Dec-20 Mar-21 Apr-21 Jan-21 Feb-21 May-21 Nov-20 Oct-20 Dec-20 1)- Hospital Level Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 Singleton Morriston Outpatients > 26 wks (SB UHB) 3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an 3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient 4. Outpatient activity undertaken outpatient appointment by specialty as at May 2021 30,000 appointment by 25,000 specialty 4,000 3,500 3,000 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 4. Outpatient activity 5,000 undertaken 4ug-20 Oct-20 Sep-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 May-21 New outpatient attendances Follow-up attendances **Please note - reporting measures changed from June 2021 - Using power BI platform

PLANNED CARE Description Current Performance Patients waiting The number of patients waiting longer than 36 weeks from referral to treatment has increased every month since the first wave of COVID19 in March 2020. December 2020 was the first month in 2020 that saw an in-month reduction and this over 36 weeks for treatment trend continued into January and February 2021 however, the number of breaches increased again from March 2021. In June 2021, there was 34,943 patients waiting over 36 weeks which is a 1.4% in-month increase from May 2021. 25,164 of the 34,943 were waiting over 52 weeks in June 2021. Orthopaedics/ Spinal accounted for 23.3% of the 52-week 1. Number of patients waiting breaches, followed by Ophthalmology with 13%. more than 36 weeks The number of patients receiving a procedure (and subsequently removed from the waiting list) has significantly reduced for treatment and the since March 2020 which is resulting in the increase in waiting times. number of elective patients admitted for **Trend** 1. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- HB 2. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- Hospital treatment- Health Board Total total level 40,000 25,000 2. Number of 30,000 20.000 patients waiting 15,000 20,000 more than 36 weeks 10,000 10,000 for treatment and the 5,000 number of elective Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 patients admitted for Feb-21 Oct-20 Sep-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Aug-20 Feb-21 Mar-21 Jan-21 treatment- Hospital level >36 wks (SB UHB) Morriston — Singleton ——PCT 3. Number of 3. Number of elective admissions elective admissions 6.000 5.000 4,000 3.000 2.000 1.000 0 Aug-20 Sep-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Dec-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Admitted elective patients

	PLANNED CARE		
Description	Current Performance		
Total waiting times Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment	Throughout 2019/20 the overall percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment ranged between 80% and 88%. Whereas, throughout the Covid19 pandemic in 2020/21 the percentage ranged between 41% and 72%. In June 2021, 50.6% of patients were waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment, which is an improvement on previous months.	Percentage of patient waiting less than 26 weeks 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Morriston Singleton PCT NPTH	



PLANNED CARE		
Description Current Performance		Trend

waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 8 weeks for specified

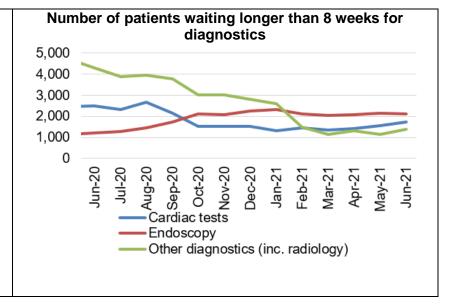
Diagnostics

diagnostics

In June 2021, there was an increase in the number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for specified diagnostics. It increased from 4,842 in May 2021 to 5,230 in June 2021.

The following is a breakdown for the 8 week breaches by diagnostic test for June 2021:

- Endoscopy= 2,100
- Cardiac tests= 1,732
- Cystoscopy= 32



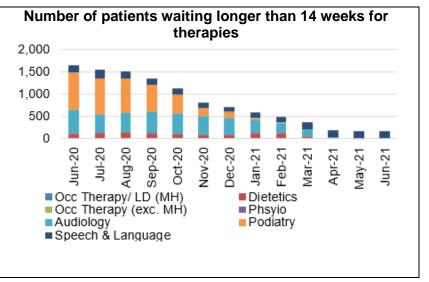
Therapy waiting times

The number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for specified therapies

In June 2021 there were 171 patients waiting over 14 weeks for specified Therapies.

The breakdown for the breaches in June 2021 are:

- Speech & Language Therapy= 156
- Dietetics= 15



CANCER Description **Current Performance** The number of Urgent Suspected Cancer (USC) referrals significantly reduced between March and April 2020, however Cancer demand there has been an upward trend since May 2020. The shape of the waiting list shows that there is a significant "wave" of and shape of the patients that are likely to breach in the near future and there are more patients waiting at the tail end of the waiting list waiting list when compared with March 2020. Trend 1. Number of Urgent Suspected Cancer 1. Number of USC referrals 2. Source of suspicion for patients starting cancer (USC) referrals treatment 1.750 1,500 received 2,000 1,250 1.500 1,000 2. Source of 1.000 750 500 suspicion for 500 250 patients on Single Other healthcare blodes Dec-20 Nov-20 Apr-20 Jan-21 Feb-21 Cancer Pathway Jun-20 Jul-20 Aug-20 Oct-20 **Dec-20** Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 May-(SCP) Consultant External Breast Gynaecological Consultant Internal Ward 3. Volume of Haematological Héad and Neck Other screening Screening - Cervical Screening Service Lower Gastrointestinal Luna patients by stage ■ Screening - Bowel Screening Wales ■ Screening - Breast Test Wales Other ■ Skin ■ A&E/Med Assess/ Emerg Admission and adjusted wait-■ Saroma ■ Upper Gastrointestinal Eve care services Ref. after diagnostic - Other Urological SCP (June 2020) Ref. after diagnostic - Imaging Ref. after diagnostic - Endoscopy Out patient upgrade GP referral 4. Volume of Volume of patients by stage and adjusted 4. Volume of patients by stage and adjusted wait patients by stage (May 2021)- SCP wait (May 2020)-SCP and adjusted wait-Additions to list continue to 300 SCP (June 2021) Active Patients on the Tracking List "wave" of patients moving increase at front end. 500 200 through time gates Active Patients on the 400 300 Likely future breaching 100 Tracking List 0 00 0000 0 0000 patients "wave". 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 Weeks Wait Weeks Wait New OP Diagnostics Follow-up New OP Diagnostics ■ Follow-up MDT New OP TCI? ■ Treatment New OP TCI? Diagnostics TCI? Follow-up TCI? MDT TCI? ▼ Follow-up TCI? MDT TCI? Treatment TCI? 21 davs Treatment TCI? — — 21 davs — 14 Davs — — 28 days - - 32 days — — 63 days — — 28 days - - 32 days — — 63 days

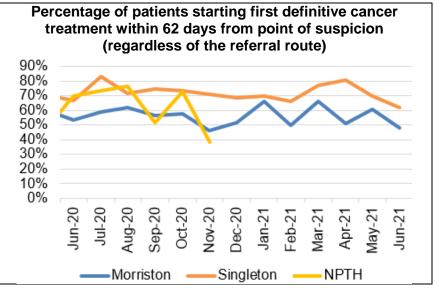
CANCER		
Description	Current Performance	Trend

Single Cancer Pathway

Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route) June 2021 figures will be finalised on the 30th July 2021.

Draft figures indicate a possible achievement of 54.4% of patients starting treatment within 62 days of the suspicion of cancer first being raised (unadjusted pathway). The number of patients treated in June 2021 is outlined below by tumour site (draft figures).

Tumour Site	Breaches	Tumour Site	Breaches
Urological	31	Upper GI	9
Head and Neck	20	Gynaecological	6
Lower GI	21	Haematological	11
Lung	20	Sarcoma	5
Breast	26	Brain/CNS	1
Skin	54		

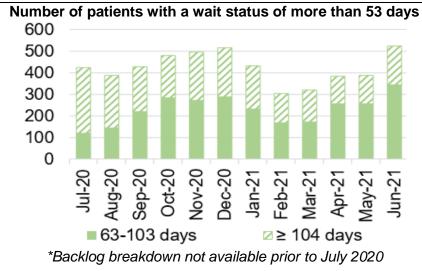


Single Cancer Pathway backlog

The number of patients with an active wait status of more than 63 days

End of June 2021 backlog by tumour site:

Tumour Site	63 - 103 days	≥104 days
Acute Leukaemia	0	0
Brain/CNS	0	0
Breast	20	14
Children's cancer	1	0
Gynaecological	30	14
Haematological	4	6
Head and neck	21	14
Lower Gastrointestinal	170	65
Lung	15	5
Other	3	4
Sarcoma	4	2
Skin(c)	8	3
Upper Gastrointestinal	27	20
Urological	39	33
Grand Total	342	180



CANCER		
Description	Current Performance	Trend

USC First Outpatient Appointments

The number of patients at first outpatient appointment stage by days waiting

Week to week through June 2021 the percentage of patients seen within 14 days to first appointment ranged between 8% and 15%.

The number of patients waiting for a first outpatient appointment (by total days waiting) - End of June 2021

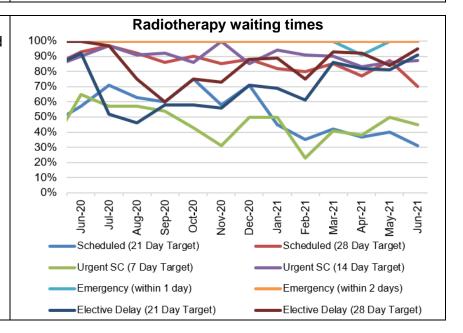
	≤10	11-20	21-30	>31	Total
Brain	0	0	0	0	0
Breast	0	5	9	93	107
Children Cancer	0	0	0	0	0
Gynaecological	5	11	21	79	126
Haematological	0	0	0	0	0
Head&Neck	8	27	19	8	62
LGI	1	1	1	31	34
Lung	1	1	0	0	2
Other	4	2	1	1	8
Sarcoma	0	1	0	0	1
Skin	7	60	76	22	165
UGI	1	2	1	3	7
Urological	2	9	11	4	26
Total	29	119	149	241	538

Radiotherapy waiting times

The percentage of patients receiving radiotherapy treatment

Radiotherapy waiting times are challenging however the provision of emergency radiotherapy within 1 and 2 days has been maintained at 100% throughout the COVID19 outbreak.

Measure	Target	June-21
Scheduled (21 Day Target)	80%	31%
Scheduled (28 Day Target)	100%	70%
Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	80%	45%
Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	100%	87%
Emergency (within 1 day)	80%	100%
Emergency (within 2 days)	100%	100%
Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	80%	91%
Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	100%	95%



FOLLOW-UP APPOINTMENTS			
Description	Description Current Performance Trend		

Follow-up appointments

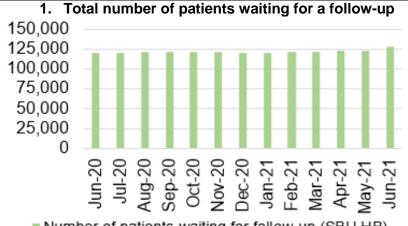
- 1. The total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list
- 2. The number of patients waiting 100% over target for a follow-up appointment

In June 2021, the overall size of the follow-up waiting list increased by 4,356 patients compared with May 2021 (from 123,088 to 127,444).

In June 2021, there was a total of 55,254 patients waiting for a follow-up past their target date. This is an in-month increase of 1.1% (from 54,664 in May 2021 to 55,254).

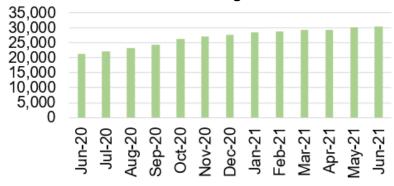
Of the 55,254 delayed follow-ups in June 2021, 12,745 had appointment dates and 42,509 were still waiting for an appointment.

In addition, 30,550 patients were waiting 100%+ over target date in June 2021. This is a 1.6% increase when compared with May 2021.



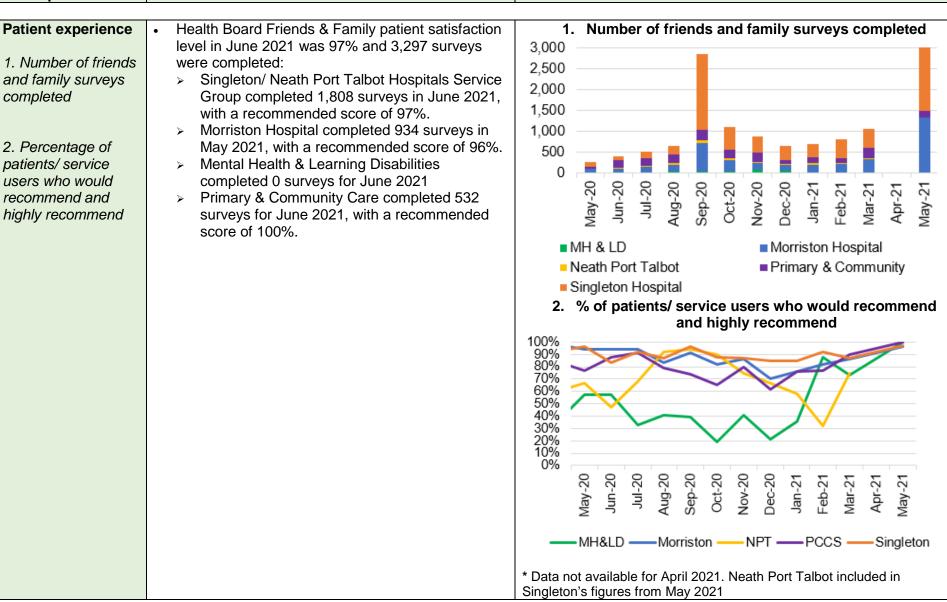
Number of patients waiting for follow-up (SBU HB)

2. Delayed follow-ups: Number of patients waiting 100% over target



Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)

PATIENT EXPERIENCE			
Description	Description Current Performance Trend		



	COMPLAINTS	3
Description	Current Performance	Trend

1. Number of formal complaints received **Patient concerns** 80 1. Number of formal 1. In June 2021, the Health Board received 159 formal 60 complaints; this is a 38% increase when compared complaints received with May 2021 (from 115 to 159). 40 Since the COVID19 outbreak began in March 2020, 20 the monthly number of complaints received has been significantly low. The numbers have gradually increased each month and June 2021 was higher than Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jun-21 Dec-20 Jan-21 pre-COVID levels. ■MH & LD Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital PCCS ■ Singleton Hospital 2. Percentage of 2. The overall Health Board rate for responding to 2. Response rate for concerns within 30 days concerns within 30 working days was 78% in April concerns that have 100% received a final reply 2021, against the Welsh Government target of 75% 90% or an interim reply and Health Board target of 80%. 80% up to and including 70% 30 working days Below is a breakdown of performance against the 30-60% from the date the day response target: 50% concern was first 30 day response rate 40% received by the **Neath Port Talbot** 100% organisation Hospital 30% Morriston Hospital 20% 100% 10% Mental Health & 69% 0% Learning Disabilities Jun-20 Oct-20 May-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Dec-20 Jul-20 Nov-20 Primary, Community and 88% Jan-21 Feb-21 Therapies Singleton Hospital 61% Health Board Total HB Profile

HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

6.1 Vaccinations and Immunisations

Chart 1: % children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine and MenB2 vaccine by age 1



Chart 2: % children who received PCV2 vaccine and Rotavirus vaccine by age 1

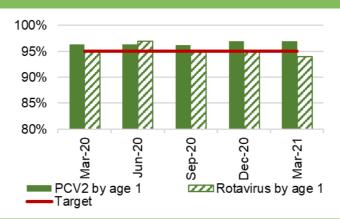


Chart 3: % children who received MMR1 Chart vaccine and PCVf3 vaccine by age 2 vaccine

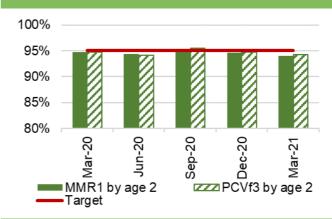


Chart 4: % children who received MenB4 vaccine and Hib/MenC vaccine by age 2

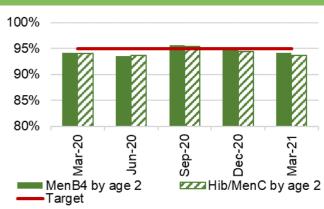


Chart 5: % children who are up to date in schedule by age 4



Chart 6: % children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine and 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5

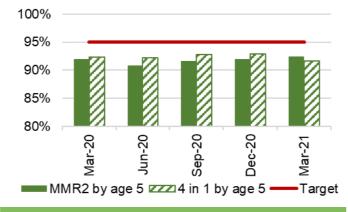
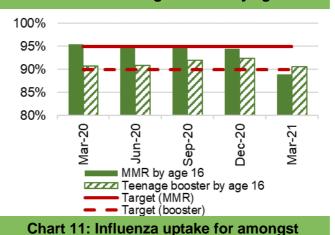


Chart 7: % children who received MMR vaccine and teenage booster by age 16



pregnant women

100%

80%

60%

40%

20%

0%

Chart 8: % children who received MenACWY vaccine by age 16

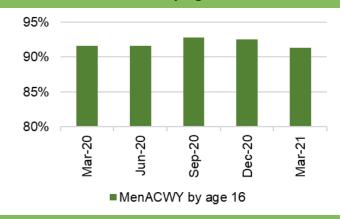


Chart 9: Influenza uptake for amongst 65 year olds and over

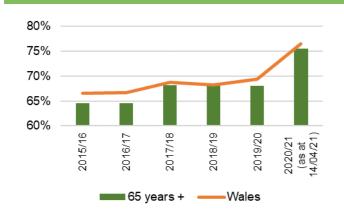


Chart 10: Influenza uptake for amongst under 65s in risk groups

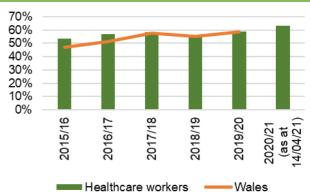


Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2020/21 data not available

2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 2019/20 2020/21

SBU (ABMU up to 2018/19) ——Wales

Chart 12: Influenza uptake for amongst healthcare workers

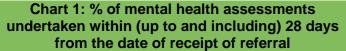


Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2020/21 all-Wales data not yet available

Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board

HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

6.2 Mental Health Overview



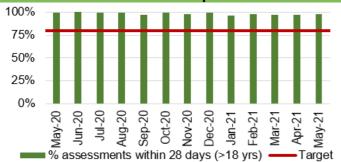


Chart 5: 95% of those admitted 0900-2100 will receive a gate-keeping assessment by the **CRHTS** prior to admission

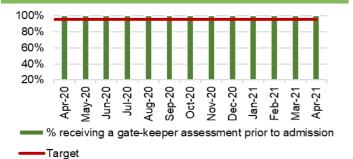


Chart 9: Number of patients detained under the Mental Health Act as a percentage of all admissions



Chart 13: Urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral

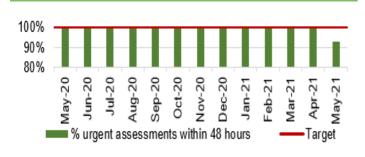
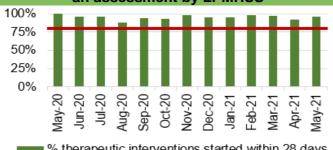


Chart 2: % of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS



% therapeutic interventions started within 28 days (>18 yrs)

Chart 6: 100% of those admitted without a gate keeping assessment will receive a follow up assessment by CRHTS within 24hrs of admission

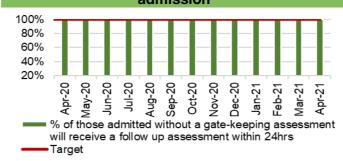


Chart 10: Number of patients subject to **Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DOLS)**

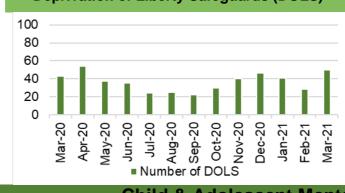


Chart 14:Neuro-developmental disorder assessment and intervention received within 26 weeks



Chart 3: % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan

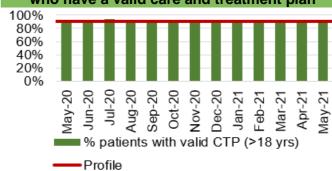


Chart 7: % of patients waiting under 14 weeks for Therapies



Chart 11: Number of Serious Incidents

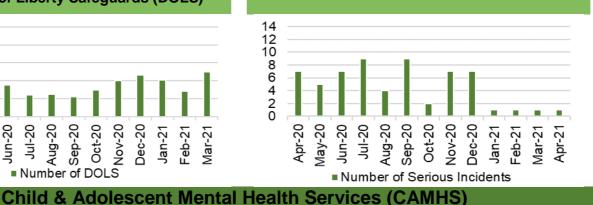


Chart 15: Assessment and intervention within

100% % routine assessments within 28 days

28 days

% therapeutic interventions within 28 days Local Target (both measures)

Chart 4: % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in **Specialist Adult Mental Health**



Chart 8: Number of Mental Health Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOCs)

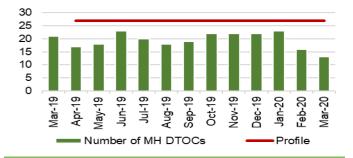


Chart 12: Number of ligature incidents

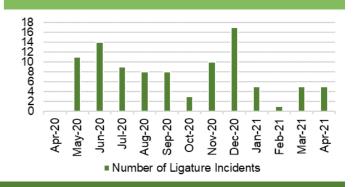


Chart 16: % of residents with a Care and **Treatment Plan**



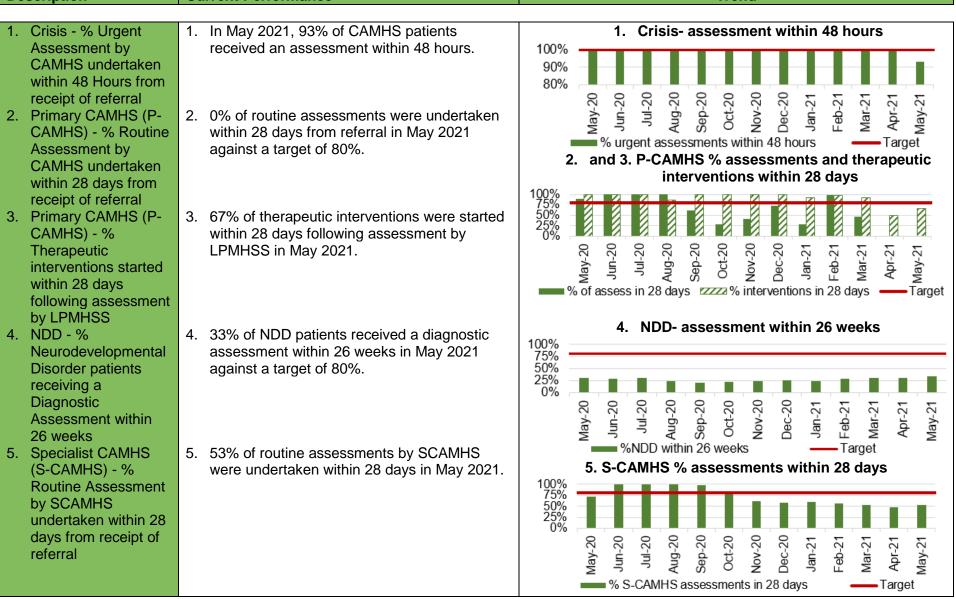
% of Health Board residents in receipt of CAMHS who have a Care and Treatment Plan

----Target

6.3 Updates on key measures

	ADULT MENTAL H	IEALTH
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Adult Mental Health Measures:		Mental Health assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral
1. % of MH assessments undertaken within 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (18 years and over)	In May 2021, 98% of assessments were undertaken within 28 days of referral for patients 18 years and over.	07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-0
2. % of therapeutic	2. In May 2021, the percentage of therapeutic	2. % Mental Health therapeutic interventions started within
interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (18 years and over)	interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by the Local Primary Mental Health Support Service (LPMHSS) was 96%.	28 days following LPMHSS assessment 100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 07-United Service of the properties of the pr
3. % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services who have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP) (18 years and over)	3. 92% of residents in receipt of secondary care mental health services had a valid Care and Treatment Plan in May 2021.	3. % residents with a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP) 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 10
4. % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	4. In May 2021, 100% of patients waited less than 26 weeks for psychological therapy. This was above the national target of 95%.	4. % waiting less than 26 weeks for Psychology Therapy 100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 0% 07-Inn September 26 wks for psychological therapy Target

	CHILD & ADOLESCENT MENTA	L HEALTH (CAMHS)
Description	Current Performance	Trend



7.FINANCE UPDATESThis section of the report provides further detail on key finance measures.

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Revenue Financial Position – expenditure incurred against revenue resource limit	 The Health Board's annual plan produces a forecast deficit for 2021/22 of £42.077m. This includes £17.672m impact on savings delivery from 2020/21. The £42.077m forecast deficit equates to an expected monthly overspend of £3.506m. The Health Board was advised by WG to anticipate non-recurrent funding to support the 2020/21 savings impact and this reduces the HB forecast to £24.405m, which equates to an expected monthly overspend of £2.034m. This was reflected in the May position. The Health Board has reported a cumulative overspend of £6.081m against a forecast position of £6.101m. 	HEALTH BOARD FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2021/22 M. M

Description Current Performance Trend Capital The forecast outturn capital position for 2021/22 is **Capital - Cumulative Performance to Plan Financial** an overspend of £1.659m. Allocations are Position anticipated from WG which will balance this 45,000 expenditure position. 40,000 incurred against 35,000 capital resource The reported forecast outturn position assumes that 30,000 limit £0.552m of disposal income will be received. 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 Actual/Revised Forecast Workforce The pay budgets are underspent by £0.713m at the end Variable Pay Expenditure of Quarter 1. This is after funding has been allocated to Spend -8,000,000 workforce support additional costs associated with COVID. Agency - Non Medical expenditure Variable pay has reduced in June, this is linked to the profile reduction in overtime costs and enhanced rates and the implementation of more robust controls and scrutiny on 5 000 000 rosters. The Health Board is incurring around £2.5m of additional pay costs related to COVID response and recovery, in addition to the TTP and vaccination costs. 2 000 000 1.000.000

Description **Current Performance Trend PSPP** – pay 95% Percentage of non-NHS invoices paid within 30 days of The Health Board failed to deliver this target in 2020/21, of Non-NHS with the target only being met on three of the twelve receipt of goods or valid invoicce invoices within 30 months. days of receipt of It is positive to note that the target has been met in each goods or valid **PSPP Target** invoice month, during Quarter1, with a cumulative achievement 97.50% of 95.85% for the Quarter. 97.00% The main reason for the failure to meet this target is 96.50% delay in the receipting of goods and services, which 96.00% prevent invoices being processed for payment and non-95.50% compliance with no PO no Pay policy. 95.00% 94.50% 94.00% M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10 M11 M12 → PSPP In Month → PSPP Cumulative

APPENDIX 2: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

							<u>Harm</u>	from Cov	rid itself														
Sub	Measure	National or	Report	Current	Mational	Assest	Profile	Velsk	SBU's all-	Performance	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	0 00	Oct-20	W 00	D 00	Jan-21	Feb-21		l Apr-21		
Domain	measure	Local Target	Period	Performance	Target	Plan/ Local Profile	Status	Average/ Total	Wales rank	Trend	J48-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Uct-20	MOT-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21 	May-21	J46-21
	Number of new COVID19 cases	Local	Jun-21	708		Reduce		1000			57	53	66	787	4,664	5,525	11,976	3,759	1,208	907	406	189	708
8	Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing	Local	Jun-21	12,431		Reduce					3,102	3,329	3,564	4,765	6,460	8,201	10,065	10,749	11,115	11,683	11,957	12,224	12,431
38	Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test	Local	Jun-21	0		Reduce				\	16	1	0	38 (as at 10/10/20)	21 (as at 06/11/20)	41 (as at 06/12/20	99 (as at 05/01/21)	78 (as at 07/02/21	69 (as at 06/03/21	2 (as at 11/04/21)	! o	0	0
Ě	Number of COVID19 related incidents	Local	Jun-21	23		Reduce	1				40	26	39	30	87	141	127	84	63	53	74	67	23
ğ	Number of COVID19 related serious incidents	Local	Jun-21	0		Reduce				~	2	0	11	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Number of COVID19 related complaints	Local	Jun-21	16		Reduce				~	39	58	27	30	37	50	83	106	131	98	38	13	16
ē	Number of COVID19 related risks Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)	Local Local	Jun-21 Jun-21	1 0		Reduce Reduce				$\simeq \sim$	19 474	5 422	8 420	2 353	6 329	7 291	10 475	3 218	3 160	3 145	84	2 61	1
ģ	Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic) Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)	Local	Jun-21	0		Reduce	1	 		_ ~	141	70	36	72	132	294	394	316	156	108	87	71	
Ŭ	% sickness	Local	May-21	0		Reduce					4.5%	3.6%	3.5%	3.2%	3.5%	4.4%	6.5%	4.0%	2.4%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	
					Harı	m from ov	erwheli	med NHS	and soci	al care syst													
Sub		National or	Report	Current	National	Assest	Profile	Welsh	SBU's all-												!		
Domain	Measure	Local	Period	Performance	Target	Plan/ Local	Status	Averagel	Wales rank	Trend	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21
	% 111 patients prioritised as P1CH that started their definitive	Target				Profile		Total													!		
	clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being	National	Jun-19	97%	90%																!		
	answered																						
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to	National	Jun-21	67%	65%	65%	30	61%	1st	\sim	76%	74%	72%	69%	66%	67%	54%	67%	70%	73%	72%	62%	67%
ě	and including) 8 minutes							(Apr-21) 3,124	(Apr-21) 4th	. 0 /						$\overline{}$					i 		
3	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	Jun-21	547	0			(Apr-21)	(Apr-21)	~~~	47	120	163	410	355	500	510	195	219	231	337	477	547
7	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	Jun-21	138569%						_~_	178	315	418	1,100	916	1,474	1,804	455	550	583	877	1,154	1,386
Ş.	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and							75.7%	4th	\											1		
Š	minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until	National	Jun-21	1	95%			(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	~~~	87.7%	80.1%	80.6%	76.4%	77.2%	75.4%	72.6%	77%	71%	77%	75%	73%	72%
	admission, transfer or discharge Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all					 	1	 		. /											!		
	hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until	National	Jun-21	88000%	0			4,317	3rd	~~~	81	223	286	537	494	626	776	570	534	457	631	684	880
	admission, transfer or discharge							(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	/											<u> </u>		igsquare
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a	National	Feb-21	70.7%	12 month 🛧			82.0%	5th	\sim	95.5%	93.5%	93.9%	89.4%	90.0%	67.9%	68.0%	65.3%	70.7%		i		
NOF	hip fracture % of patients (age 60 years and over) who presented with a						_	(Feb-21)	(Feb-21)	\sim											i 		
	hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment	National	Feb-21	88.0%	12 month 🛧			60%	2nd		82.0%	83.0%	83.0%	84.0%	84.0%	85.0%	86.0%	87.0%	88.0%		i		
	within 72 hours							(Feb-21)	(Feb-21)												i		
								22.6%	4th out of 6	$\overline{}$											I		
	Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit (<4 hrs)	National	May-21	28%	54.0%			(Mar-21	organisations (Mar-21)	\sim	52.7%	57.4%	51.4%	50.0%	29.8%	23.7%	7.1%	6.8%	18.2%	20.4%	20.3%	27.5%	0.0%
	CT Scan (<1 hrs) (local	Local	May-21	37%			 		[IVIST-21]		49.1%	48.2%	52.8%	62.5%	42.1%	31.7%	22.7%	42.2%	30.6%	40.8%	29.7%	36.5%	0.0%
	Assessed by a Stroke Specialist Consultant Physician (< 24		<u> </u>			 	+	87.6%	1st	<u> </u>										$\overline{}$			$\overline{}$
9	hrs)	National	May-21	98%	85.3%			(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	\	100.0%	94.6%	97.2%	97.5%	98.2%	96.7%	95.5%	95.6%	97.2%	100.0%	96.9%	98.1%	0.0%
0.76	Thrombolysis door to needle <= 45 mins	Local	May-21	0%	12 month 🛧					~~~	30.0%	25.0%	0.0%	12.5%	11.1%	28.6%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	55.6%	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
"	% compliance against the therapy target of an average of 16.1		١ ؞.	400				46.8%	3rd	\sim	00.75										! 43.46		0.00
	minutes if speech and language therapist input per stroke patient	National	May-21	40%	12 month 🛧			(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)	/ \	30.7%	44.3%	61.7%	80.1%	86.5%	65.1%	63.4%	65.7%	61.2%	55.9%	47.1%	39.7%	0.0%
							 		5th out of 6	,											i –		
	% of stroke patients who receive a 6 month follow-up	National	Q3 19/20	49.6%	Qtron qtr ↑			62.2% (Q3 19./20)	organisations											l	İ		
	assessment						_	(00 10.720)	(03 19/20)									<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
	Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	13	12 month ♣	27	4									<u> </u>	mporarily susp						
DTOCs	Number of non-mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	60	12 month ♣	50	×	F.08.							DIOC	reporting te	mporarily susp	ended T					
	% critical care bed days lost to delayed transfer of care	National	Q1 20/21	26.2%	Quarter on quarter 🕹			5.3% (Q1 20/21)	2nd (@120/21)		2.5%										!		
	Considering and a SE and have been also as a 100h and		M 01		<67		×	77.95	5th	~	46.4	53.8	62.5	640	65.7	63.8	60.7	600	F0.0	61.9	99.8	88.9	
	Cumulative cases of E.coli bacteraemias per 100k pop		May-21	88.9	(6)		~	(Apr-21)	(Apr-21)		46.4	33.0	02.5	64.0				60.0	59.8		<u> </u>	00.3	89.4
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Hospital)			#						~~	S	ε	ε	7	14	5	5	6	6	9	12	"	5
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Community)		May-21	15						~~~	14	17	24	16	"	"	7	12	"	19	20	15	23
	Total number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases			26						~~~	17	25	32	23	25	16	12	18	17	28	32	26	28
	Cumulative cases of S.aureus bacteraemias per 100k pop		May-21	44.5	<20		30	27.01 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)		28.8	26.1	28.2	30.7	31.5	32.7	31.7	31.6	31.4	31.6	40.5	44.5	37.0
	Number of Saureus bacteraemias cases (Hospital)			5				Inbigail	Inbi-Eil	<u></u>	4	5	5	7	6	7	6	5	7	4	-	5	5
	Number of Saureus bacteraemias cases (Community)		May-21	10						<u> </u>	8	5	7	7	6	6	5	4	2	7	9	10	2
	Total number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases			15						~~~	12	6	12	14	12	13	9	9	9	11	13	15	7
	Cumulative cases of C.difficile per 100k pop		May-21	49.1	<26		×	28.94	6th	_ ^	49.5	45.3	50.2	51.2	50.4	48.4	45.7	42.0	41.5	41.1	62.3	49.1	46.2
D.Q	' ' '		IVIQU-21		120		~	(Apr-21)	(Apr-21)	\sim											<u> </u>		
8	Number of C.difficile cases (Hospital)	National	l	7						~~~	14	7	9	12	12	8	6	3	9	7	15	7	6
gan	Number of C.difficile cases (Community)		May-21	5							6	4	14	6	S	2	5	0	2	5	5	5	6
ujec	Total number of C.difficile cases			12							20	11	23	18	15	10	9	3	11	12	20	12	12
-	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop		May-21	21.5						~_~	21.6	20.0	22.1	21.0	21.9	23.4	24.9	26.4	25.8	26.2	28.1	21.5	26.7
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)			\$			1			~~~	4	5	6	S	7	7		8	4	/	<u> </u>	5	5
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Community)		May-21	2			-	- 00	C.L	~~~	5	2	4	2	2	4	4	5	2	9	<u> </u>	2	7
	Total number of Klebsiella cases			5				38 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)	$\sim\sim$	9	5	10	5	9	11	12	13	6	10	9	5	12
	Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop		May-21	6.1			1	1.10. 21		~	7.2	6.2	6.7	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.9	9.4	6.1	6.2
	× 1	1					•																

						Harm from	overwhe	Imed NHS	and social	care system													
Sub		National or	Panart	Current	National	Annual	Profile	Velsh	SBU's all-	Performance													
Domain	Measure	Local Target	Report Period	Performance	Target	Plant Local Profile	Status	Average/ Total	₩ales rank	Trend	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21
	Cumulative cases of C.difficile per 100k pop		May-21	49.1	<26		×	28.94 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)	\sim	49.5	45.3	50.2	51.2	50.4	48.4	45.7	42.0	41.5	41.1	62.3	49.1	46.2
	Number of C. difficile cases (Hospital)			7				1	1	~~	14	7	.9	122	122	8	б	.?	9	7	15	7	6
	Number of C. difficile cases (Community)		May-21	5							6	4	14	6	3	2	,?	a	2	5	5	5	6
	Total number of C.difficile cases			12							20	11	23	18	15	10	9	3	11	12	20	12	12
_	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop		May-21	21.5						~~	21.6	20.0	22.1	21.0	21.9	23.4	24.9	26.4	25.8	26.2	28.1	21.5	26.7
튙	Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)			.7						~~~	4	.7	6	3	7	7	8	8	4	/	4	.3	5
8	Number of Klebsiella cases (Community)	National	May-21	2						~~~	5	2	4	2	2	4	4	5	2	9	5	2	7
ection	Total number of Klebsiella cases		1-109-21	5				38 (Apr-21)	6th (Apr-21)		9	5	10	5	9	11	12	13	6	10	Î 9	5	12
Ĕ	Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop		May-21	6.1				[Pipi-Ei]	[Pipi El]	~~~	7.2	6.2	6.7	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.9	9.4	6.1	6.2
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital)			0						_~~	0	0	0	0	,	1	/	0	0	0	2	0	1
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Community)		May-21	,						^~~	0	1	,7	0	1	1	0	1	/	/	,	1	1
	Total number of Aeruginosa cases		1-109-21	1				21	Joint 3rd	$\Lambda \cap \Lambda$	0	1	3	0	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	1	2
	Hand Hygiene Audits- compliance with VHO 5 moments	Local	May-21	98%		95%	4	(Apr-21)	(Apr-21)	7 \	98%	98%	94%	96%	97%	97%	96%	95%	93%	97%	96%	98%	96%
	Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the % which						-			^													
목 원 용	were assured within the agreed timescales	National	Jun-21	0%	90%	80%	×			/\	0%	0%	50%	20%	0%	0%	4%	0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Seriol Incide and ris	Number of new Never Events	National	Jun-21	1	0	0	4			}	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
. SEE	Number of risks with a score greater than 20	Local	Jun-21	113		12 month ❖	×			$\overline{}$	110	115	121	117	130	138	146	148	140	142	132	127	113
	Number of risks with a score greater than 16 Number of pressure wicers acquired in hospital	Local	Jun-21 May-21	219 59		12 month ↓	×			====	204 88	204	210 .37	206 44	224 59	224 42	238 61	242 5/	233 48	230 .36	217 59	224 53	219
- E	Number of pressure vicers acquired in the community		May-21	31		12 month &				~~~	34	28	25	21	34	29	26	25	24	26	3/	20	
≗	Total number of pressure ulcers		May-21	90		12 month ❖	×				52	47	62	65	93	71	87	76	72	62	90	73	
목	Number of grade 34 pressure ulcers acquired in hospital	Local	May-21	4		12 month ₺	×			>	1	0	4	0	4	4	7,	2	3	1	4	/	
Presst	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in community		May-21	10		12 month ₺	*			\ \	9	4	5	5	"	5	7	5	4	2	10	2	
	Total number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers		May-21	14		12 month ❖	×			~~~	10	4	9	5	15	9	10	7	7	3	14	3	
Inpatient Falls	Number of Inpatient Falls	Local	Jun-21	174		12 month ❖	4			$\sim \sim$	196	208	227	219	187	247	247	203	177	171	176	228	174
	% of universal mortality reviews (UMRs) undertaken within 28 days of a death	Local	May-21	99%	95%	95%	4				100.0%	95.5%	96.6%	99.2%	100.0%	98.1%	99.0%	100.0%	100.0%	97.6%	99.3%	98.0%	0.0%
	Stage 2 mortality reviews required	Local	May-21	5						_~~~	10	10	10	11	9	17	12	19	6	11	5	18	0
Mortality	% stage 2 mortality reviews completed	Local	Jan-21	36.80%		100%	×			~~~	50.0%	90.0%	50.0%	54.5%	33.3%	35.7%	75.0%	36.8%			i		0.0%
	Crude hospital mortality rate (74 years of age or less)	National	May-21	1.04%	12 month ♣			1.56% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21)	~	0.89%	0.92%	0.90%	0.93%	0.97%	1.01%	1.08%	1.14%	1.17%	1.17%	1.04%		0.00%
	% of deaths scrutinised by a medical examiner	National			Qtr on qtr ↑									•	Newm	easure for 2	020/21- awaitin	g data	•	•			
NEWS	% patients with completed NEWS scores & appropriate responses actioned	Local	Jun-21	95%		98%	4			~~~	91.6%	96.6%	92.4%	93.6%	93.9%	94.6%	98.5%	95.0%	96.3%	93.5%	97.4%	98.9%	95.0%
HAT	Number of potentially preventable hospital acquired thromboses (HAT)	National	Q2 20/21	3	4 quarter ♣			6			3			3							1		
	% of episodes clinically coded within 1 month of discharge	Local	May-21	96%	95%	95%	4				97%	96%	96%	96%	95%	93%	93%	95%	96%	96%	96%	96%	0%
Coding	% of clinical coding accuracy attained in the NWIS national clinical coding accuracy audit programme	National	2019/20	91%	Annual ↑			93.9% (2019/20	7th (2019/20)												<u> </u>		
E-TOC	% of completed discharge summaries (total signed and	Local	Jun-21	69%		100%	×	12010120	[2010120]	~~~	67%	63%	66%	70%	68%	66%	59%	67%	63%	64%	63%	67%	69%
	Agency spend as a % of the total pay bill	National	Oct-20	3.76%	12 month 🕹			4.4% (Oct-20)	5th out of 10 organisations		4.32%	2.81%	3.62%	3.99%	3.76%						!		
	Overall staff engagement score – scale score method	National	2020	75%	Improvement			75% (2020)	(Oct-20) 6th out of 10 organisations (2020)						202	0 = 75%							
8	% of headcount by organisation who have had a PADR/medical appraisal in the previous 12 months (excluding doctors and dentists in training)	National	Jun-21	85%	85%	85%	×	61.0% (Oct-20)	7th out of 10 organisations (Aug-20)		60%	59%	58%	58%	58%	56%	54%	52%	51%	53%	57%	60%	85%
Workfor	% staff who undertook a performance appraisal who agreed it helped them improve how they do their job	National	2018	55%	Improvement			54% (2018)	2nd (2018)												i I		
	% compliance for all completed Level 1 competency with the Core Skills and Training Framework	National	Jun-21	80%	85%	85%	×	79.4% (Oct-20)	5th out of 10 organisations (Aug-20)	~~~	79%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
	% workforce sickness absence (12 month rolling)	National	Apr-21	7.12%	12 month ❖			5.87% (Oct-20)	10th out of 10 organisations (Oct-20)	\bigcirc	6.98%	7.03%	7.03%	7.03%	7.07%	7.23%	7.48%	7.57%	7.56%	7.44%	7.12%		
	% staff who would be happy with the standards of care provided by their organisation if a friend or relative needed treatment	National	2020	67.1%	Improvement			67.8% (2020)	7th out of 10 organisations (2020)						202	0 = 67.1%					!		

						Harm fro	m redu	ction in	non-Covic	activitu													
Sub	Measure	National or Local	Report	Current	National	Annual Plan/ Local	Profile	Welsh	\$BU's all-	Performance	Jun-20	J=I-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	Man-21	Jun-21
Domain		Tarnet	Period	Performance	Target	Profile	States	Average/ Total	Wales rank	Trend	248-20	741-20	neg-20	0CP-20	000-20	1101-20	Dec-20		1.65-21				742-21
	2 of GP practices that have achieved all standards set out in the National Access Standards for in-hours GMS	National	2019/20	38.80%	100%			59.7% (2019/20)	7th (2019,20)														
Primaru Care	% of children regularly accessing NHS primary dental care within 24 months	National	Q2 20/21	72.6%	4 quarter 🛧			63.8% (Q2 20/21)	1st (Q2 20/21)		75.9%			72.6%									
Primary Care	% adult dental patients in the health board population re-	National	Mar-21	6.6%	4 quarter 🕹			21.8%	1st	\sim	14.7%	18.6%	24.7%	23.8%	27.2%	17.2%	12.0%	5.9%	5.3%	6.6%			
	attending NHS primary dental care between 6 and 9 months			****	7 42			(03 20/21)	(Q3 20/21) 2nd out of 6	_		10.0-1					12.5-2	1					
Cancer	% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (without adjustments)	National	June-21 (draft)	65.4%	12 month 🛧			67.1% (Mar-21)	organisations (Mar-21)	$\sim \sim$	59.9%	68.2%	67.4%	62.4%	65.9%	55.4%	61.0%	67.9%	56.4%	71.6%	65.7%	65.4%	65.4%
×.	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	Local	Jun-21	31%	80%		×		1	~~~	57%	71%	63%	60%	75%	58%	71%	45%	35%	42%	37%	40%	31%
Ě	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	Local	Jun-21	70%	100%		×			~~~	93%	97%	92%	86%	90%	85%	88%	82%	80%	85%	77%	87%	70%
g.	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	Local	Jun-21	45%	80%		×			~~~	65%	57%	57%	54%	43%	31%	50%	50%	23%	41%	38%	50%	45%
8	Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	Local	Jun-21	87%	100%		×				90%	97%	91%	92%	86%	100%	85%	34%	91%	90%	83%	86%	87%
퉏	Emergency (within 1 day)	Local	Jun-21	100%	80% 100%		4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	91% 100%	100%	100%
- 6	Emergency (within 2 days) Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	Local Local	Jun-21 Jun-21	91%	80%		4				92%	52%	46%	100% 58%	58%	56%	71%	100%	61%	86%	82%	100% 81%	91%
gag.	Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	Local	Jun-21	95%	100%		×			\approx	100%	97%	75%	60%	75%	73%	88%	89%	75%	93%	92%	84%	35%
· ·	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified						**	41,693	2nd	~~~													
	diagnostics Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified	National	Jun-21	5,230	0			(Mar-21) 4,066	(Mar-21) 2nd	$\overline{}$	8,033	7,510	8,070	7,666	6,645	6,610	6,579	6,239	5,087	4,554	4,804	4,842	5,230
	therapy	National	Jun-21	171	0			(Mar-21)	(Mar-21)		1,646	1,554	1,518	1,350	1,135	817	708	584	491	369	201	166	171
	% of patients waiting < 26 weeks for treatment	National	Jun-21	1	95%			52.5% (Mar-21)	6th (Mar-21)	\	59.4%	52.5%	43.7%	41.0%	44.8%	47.6%	48.0%	47.0%	47.9%	48.8%	49.1%	49.1%	50.6%
Care	Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient appointment	Local	Jun-21	23,239	0					$\overline{}$	11,964	15,721	20,497	23,069	22,050	21,005	21,179	21,208	21,225	21,750	22,752	23,700	23,239
armed	Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment	National	Jun-21	34,943	0			216,418 (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)		13,419	18,078	22,494	26,046	31,508	35,387	35,126	33,991	32,719	32,874	33,395	34,447	34,943
6.	The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment	National	Jun-21	127,444	HB target			747,782 (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)	/	120,468	120,062	120,969	120,962	120,968	120,874	119,963	119,999	120,882	121,403	122,303	123,088	127,444
	The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100%	National	Jun-21	30,550	TBC			194,689 (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)	_	21,448	22,101	23,209	24,472	26,217	27,156	27,641	28,419	28,862	29,316	29,334	30,062	30,550
	7 of R1 ophthalmology patient pathways waiting within target date or within 25% beyond target date for an outpatient appointment	National	Jun-21	46.7%	95%			44.8% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	\	63.4%	55.5%	50.9%	47.7%	45.2%	48.4%	47.3%	46.7%	47.4%	47.7%	47.2%		46.7%
Hepatitis C	Number of patients with Hepatitis C who have successfully	National			HB target										New m	easure for 2	:020/21- awaitin	ia data					
пераппо	completed their course of treatment in the reporting year 2 of patients who did not attend a new outpatient	radional			TBC										1.00.11.11.11	1		T					-
NAs	appointment	Local	Jun-21	6.5%	12 month 🕹					$\mathcal{I} \mathcal{I}$	4.4%	3.9%	4.7%	6.4%	6.0%	6.6%	7.7%	7.1%	6.2%	5.6%	5.3%	5.7%	6.5%
ő	% of patients who did not attend a follow-up outpatient appointment	Local	Jun-21	5.5%	12 month 🕹		-			<u></u>	4.7%	5.2%	6.0%	6.9%	6.5%	7.2%	8.2%	7.1%	6.2%	6.7%	6.1%	6.9%	5.5%
Theatre	Theatre Utilisation rates	Local	Jun-21	77.0%		90%	×				16%	42%	90%	75%	75%	74%	59%	65%	73%	75%	80%	78%	77%
Efficiencies	% of theatre sessions starting late	Local	Jun-21	43.0%		<25%	×			~~~~	46%	51%	46%	49%	44%	39%	45%	40%	42%	40%	38%	43%	43%
Destroyed	% of theatre sessions finishing early Number of procedures postponed either on the day or the	Local	Jun-21	43.0%		<20%	×	5,398	6th	~	36%	37%	28%	39%	38%	50%	47%	44%	44%	48%	41%	45%	43%
operations		National	Jan-21	1,200	>5% annual↓			(Jan-21)	(Jan-21)	····	2,659	2,391	2,281	2,090	1,888	1,677	1,509	1,200					
Treatment Fund	All new medicines must be made available no later than 2 months after NICE and AWMSG appraisals	National	Q2 20/21	98.8%	100%	100%	×	98.3% (Q2 20/21)	3rd out of 6 organisations		98.7%			98.8%									
	Total antibacterial items per 1,000 STAR-PUs	National	Q3 20/21	258.8	4 quarter ♣			241.96 (Q3 20/21)	(Q2 20/21) 6th (Q3 20/21)		243.8			249.9			258.8						
	Patients aged 65 years or over prescribed an antipsychotic	National	Q2 20/21	1,511	Quarter on			10,205	5th	• •	1,464			1,511									$\overline{}$
g.		ivacional	0/2 20121	1,511	quarter 🕹			(02 20/21)	(02/20/21)		1,404			1,511							L		$\overline{}$
ğ	Number of women of child bearing age prescribed valproate as a % of all women of child bearing age	National	Q2 20/21	0.23%	Quarter on quarter 🕹			0.16% (Q2 20/21)	7th (Q2 20/21)		0.23%			0.23%							!		
P.	Opioid average daily quantities per 1,000 patients	National	Q2 20/21	4,369	4 quarter ♣			4,390.4 (Q2 20/21)	3rd (02 20/21)		4,308			4,369									
	Biosimilar medicines prescribed as % of total 'reference' product plus biosimilar	National	Q2 20/21	78.6%	Quarter on quarter 1			82.6% (Q2 20/21)	4th (Q2 20/21)	:	80.2%			78.6%									
25	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	Jun-21	3,297	quarter	12 month 🛧	4	1002 201211	Total Soliciti		393	502	625	2,804	1,047	787	584	678	798	1,050		4,590	3,297
ient	% of who would recommend and highly recommend	Local	Jun-21	97%		90%	×			~~~ -	87%	91%	83%	93%	82%	84%	77%	79%	85%	87%	i d	96%	97%
F 80	% of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 out 10 on overall	Local	Jun-21	1		90%	9			~~/ ·	79%	91%	83%	84%	79%	85%	65%	81%	94%	93%		92%	96%
9	satisfaction					12 month ↓	-			V /													
£	Number of new formal complaints received	Local	Jun-21	15900%		trend	×	74 08	0.4		73	77	74	107	121	103	83	78	94	117	100	115	159
ampia	2 concerns that had final reply (Reg 24)/interim reply (Reg 26) within 30 working days of concern received	National	Jun-21	0	75%	80%	4	71.9% (Q3 20/21)	2nd (Q3 20/21)	\sim	75%	79%	72%	82%	75%	82%	80%	71%	80%	81%			
ő	% of acknowledgements sent within 2 working days	Local	Jun-21	100%		100%	9		Fall 100		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
earch	Number of patients recruited in Health and Care Research Wales clinical research portfolio studies	National	Q1-Q3 20/21	1,328	10% annual 🛧	1,651	*	6,378 (Q1-2 20/21)	5th out of 10 organisations (Q1-2 20/21)		210			376			1328						
Res	Number of patients recruited in Health and Care Research Wales commercially sponsored studies		Q1-Q3 20/21	36	5% annual 🛧	215	*	73 (Q1-2 20/21)	2nd out of 10 organisations (O1-2 20/21)	. • •	2			21			36						

						Harm from	wider so	ocietal act	tions/lockdo	own												
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Averagel Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	l Apr-21 May 	-21 Jun-21
	% of babies who are exclusively breastfed at 10 days old	National	2019/20	34.2%	Annual ↑	- Tollic		35.3% (2019/20)	5th (2019/20)													
Early years measures	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine by age 1	National	Q4 20/21	95.4%	95%			95.3% (Q3 20/21)	1st (Q3 20/21)		96.5%			96.5%			96.7%			95.4%		İ
	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	Q4 20/21	92.4%	95%			92.1% (Q3 20/21)	3rdh (Q3 20/21)		90.8%			91.7%			92.0%			92.4%		
Smoking cessation	% of adult smokers who make a quit attempt via smoking cessation services	National	Q1-Q3 20/21	2.25%	5% annual target			2.39% (Q1-3.20/21)	4th (Q1-3 20/21)					1.66%			2.25%				<u> </u>	
Alcohol	European age standardised rate of alcohol attributed hospital admissions for individuals resident in Wales	National	Q3 20/21	308.8	4 quarter↓			349.6 (Q3 20/21)	2nd (Q3 20/21)		279.6			331.7			308.8					
	% of people who have been referred to health board services who have completed treatment for alcohol abuse	National	Q4 20/21	45.5%	4 quarter ↑			67.2% (Q4 20/21)	6th (Q4 20/21)		32.8%			23.2%			39.5%			45.5%		i
	% uptake of influenza among 65 year olds and over	National	Mar-21	75.5%	75%			76.5% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21) 5th						65.6%	72.4%	74.8%	75.2%	75.4%	75.5%	i 1	
	% uptake of influenza among under 65s in risk groups	National	Mar-21	49.4%	55%			51.07% (Mar-21)	(Mar-21)						34.4%	42.8%	47.2%	48.7%	49.4%	49.4%	!	
Influenza	% uptake of influenza among pregnant women	National	2019/20	78.2%	75%			78.5% (2019/20)	5th out of 10 organisations (2019/20)		Data col	lection re	starts Octob	oer 2020			Data not a	vailable			Data collection restarts Octob 2021	
드	% uptake of influenza among children 2 to 3 years old	Local	Mar-21	53.4%	50%			56.3% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)						35.7%	48.8%	52.5%	53.2%	53.4%	53.4%	i 2021 J	
	% uptake of influenza among healthcare workers	National	Mar-21	63.4%	60%			58.7% (2019/20)	7th out of 10 organisations (2019/20)						56.2%	62.9%	63.0%	63.4%	63.4%	63.4%	! !	
	Uptake of screening for bowel cancer	National	2018/19	57.0%	60%			57.3% (2018/19)	4th (2018/19)											•		
Screening services	Uptake of screening for breast cancer	National	2018/19	73.6%	70%			72.8% (2018/19)	2nd (2018/19)													
	Uptake of screening for cervical cancer	National	2018/19	72.1%	80%			73.2% (2018/19)	5th (2018/19)													
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral (Crisis)	Local	Apr-21	100%		100%	4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% Patients with Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	National	Apr-21	30%	80%	80%	×	32.2% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)	\\\	28%	30%	24%	21%	22%	24%	26%	24%	28%	30%	30%	
	% Patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient appointment for CAMHS	National	Apr-21	60%	80%	80%	*	75.8% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	\sim	100%	100%	100%	98%	90%	88%	61%	53%	66%	63%	60%	
CAMHS	P-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	National	Apr-21	0%		80%	×	62.3% (Mar-21)	4th (Mar-21)	\sim	100%	100%	100%	62%	29%	41%	73%	29%	97%	46%	0%	
	P-CAMHS - % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	National	Apr-21	49%		80%	*	80.5% (Mar-21)	3rd (Mar-21)	\sim	100%	100%	86%	100%	100%	100%	100%	93%	97%	91%	49%	
	S-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	Local	Apr-21	48%		80%	*	04.6*/	Est		100%	100%	100%	98%	79%	62%	58%	60%	56%	53%	48%	
	% residents in receipt of CAMHS to have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)	National	Apr-21	82%		90%	×	84.6% (Mar-21)	5th (Mar-21)	1	91%	98%	98%	81%	82%	81%	82%	83%	84%	82%	82%	
	% of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (over 18 years of age)	National	Apr-21	97%	80%	80%	<	73.9% (Mar-21)	1st (Mar-21)	W-	100%	99%	99%	97%	99.5%	98%	99%	96%	98%	97%	97%	
Mental Health	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (over 18 years of age)	National	Apr-21	92%	80%	80%	4	81.0% (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	$\mathcal{V}_{\mathcal{N}}$	96%	96%	88%	94%	93%	98%	95%	95%	98%	97%	92%	
	% patients waiting < 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	National	Apr-21	100%	95%	95%	4	61.3% (Mar-21)	1st (Mar-21)	5	84%	89%	91%	99%	99.7%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% residents in receipt of secondary MH services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)	National	Apr-21	91%	90%	90%	4	85.3% (Mar-21)	2nd (Mar-21)	^~~	92%	94%	92%	90%	91%	91%	89%	91%	91%	91%	91%	
	Rate of hospital admissions with any mention of intentional self-harm of children and young people (aged 10-24 years)	National	2019/20	3.29	Annual ↓			3.97 (2019/20)	4th (2019/20)												 	
Dementia	% of people with dementia in Wales age 65 years or over who are diagnosed (registered on a GP QOF register)	National	2019/20	56.3%	Annual↑			53.1% (2019/20)	2nd (2019/20)												!	