





Meeting Date	26 th May 2022	Agenda Item	5.1
Report Title	Integrated Performance Report		
Report Author	Meghann Protheroe, Head of Performance		
Report Sponsor	Darren Griffiths, Director of Fin	ance and Performar	nce
Presented by	Darren Griffiths, Director of Fin		
Freedom of	Open		
Information			
Purpose of the Report	The purpose of this report is to provide an update on the current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting period (April 2022) in delivering key local performance measures as well as the national measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework.		
Key Issues	The Integrated Performance Report is a routine report that provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local quality and safety measures. The updated National Delivery Framework 2021/22 was published in October 2021, with the updated framework measures being presented at the November 2021 Management Board meeting. The updated Delivery Framework measures are reported in the Integrated Performance Report. The intention of the updated integrated framework measures is to demonstrate how patients and populations are better off through the delivery of services and allowing a different balance across our traditional services.		
	The report format has been altered to align with key areas of focus within the Performance and Finance Committee and are structured as follows; 1. Quadrants of Harm single page – overview visual of HB performance 2. Areas under escalation 3. PFC Priorities		

Key high level issues to highlight this month are as follows:

COVID19

- The number of new cases of COVID19 has reduced in April 2022, with 835 new cases being reported in-month.
- The occupancy rate of confirmed COVID patients in critical care beds remains at a low rate with two Covid positive.
 General bed occupancy for Covid positive patients has seen a significant reduction in occupancy in recent weeks.

Unscheduled Care

- ED attendances have decreased in April 2022 to 10,733 from 11,084 in March 2022.
- The Health Board's performance against the 4-hour measure improved slightly from 71.39% in March 2022 to 72.87% in April 2022.
- The number of patients waiting over 12 hours in Accident and Emergency (A&E) slightly increased from 1,282 in March 2022 to 1,294 in April 2022.
- The number of emergency admissions between November 2021 and February 2022 had seen a consistent reduction, with admissions slightly decreasing in April 2022 (3,847) following a previous increase in figures.

Planned Care

- April 2022 saw a 4% in-month increase in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment.
- Additionally, the number of patients waiting over 36 weeks increased by 2.6% to 38,799.
- It is important to note that Referral data has recently been reviewed and updated following the introduction of the new digital dashboard in June 2021. Referral figures for April 2022 saw a reduction (11,544) on those seen in March 2022
- Therapy waiting times continue to improve, there are 679 patients waiting over 14 weeks in April 2022, compared with 820 in March 2022.

Cancer

- March 2022 saw 54% performance against the Single Cancer Pathway measure of patients receiving definitive treatment within 62 days (measure reported a month in arrears).
- The backlog of patients waiting over 63 days has increased slightly in April 2022 to 465 from 435 in March 2022.

Mental Health

- Performance against the Mental Health Measures continues to be maintained. All Welsh Government targets were achieved in March 2022.
- Psychological therapies within 26 weeks continue to be maintained at 100%.

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)

- Access times for crisis performance has been maintained at 100% March 2022.
- Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) access times within 26 weeks continues to be a challenge, the performance improved to 35% in February 2022 against a target of 80%.

Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval
Required	✓		✓	

Recommendations

Members are asked to:

- NOTE the Health Board performance against key measures and targets.
- NOTE the request for updated recovery trajectories from both Emergency Unscheduled care and Cancer Services in line with the Escalation framework.
- NOTE the inclusion of the submitted recovery trajectories as part of the Welsh Government MDS
- NOTE the actions being taken to improve performance: -
 - ACTION a recovery plan for Unscheduled Care for implementation in the new financial year (end of May 2022)
 - ACTION revised trajectories for UEC for both Morriston ED and NPTH MIU (end of May 2022)
 - ACTION Performance Team to produce Health Board level UEC trajectories (end of May 2022)
 - ACTION Deputy Chief Operating Officer to use demand and Capacity Modelling to develop recovery trajectories for 2022/23 for planned care (end of May 2022)
 - ACTION Deputy Chief Operating Officer to agree prioritised deployment of the £21.6m recovery fund to reduce lengths of wait and waiting list size (end of May 2022)
 - ACTION: All providers of activity to WHSSC contracts to ensure plans are in place to deliver contracted levels of activity for 2022/23 (end of May 2022)
 - ACTION: Develop recovery plans for individual tumour sites to aggregate into an overall recovery trajectory for the Health Board (end of May 2022)
 - ACTION: develop revised trajectories which reflect start of year actual position and demonstrable improvements from this position (end of May 2022 – links to trajectory work above)

	A revised version of the current Performance Management Framework has been developed for Board approval – May 2022
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INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window in delivering key performance measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework and local quality & safety measures.

2. BACKGROUND

In 2021/22, a Single Outcomes Framework for Health and Social Care was due to be published but was delayed due to the COVID19 pandemic. Welsh Government has confirmed that during 2021/22 the Single Outcomes Framework will be developed for adoption in 2022/23.

The NHS Wales Delivery Framework sets out measures under the quadruple aims which the performance of the Health Board is measured. The aims within the NHS Delivery Framework are:

- Quadruple Aim 1: People in Wales have improved health and well-being with better prevention and self-management
- Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement
- Quadruple Aim 3: The health and social care workforce in Wales is motivated and sustainable
- Quadruple Aim 4: Wales has a higher value health and social care system that has demonstrated rapid improvement and innovation, enabled by data and focused on outcomes

The Health Board's performance reports have traditionally been structured according to the aims within the NHS Delivery Framework however, the focus for NHS Wales reporting has shifted to harm management as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. In order to improve the Health Board's visibility of measuring and managing harm, the structure of this report has been aligned with the four quadrants of harm as set out in the NHS Wales COVID-19 Operating Framework. The harm quadrants are illustrated in the following diagram.

Harm from Covid itself	Harm from overwhelmed NHS and social care system
Harm from reduction in non- Covid activity	Harm from wider societal actions/lockdown

Appendix 1 provides an overview of the Health Board's latest performance against the Delivery Framework measures along with key local quality and safety

measures. A number of local COVID-19 specific measures have been included in this iteration of the performance report.

The traditional format for the report includes identifying actions where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this performance report until operational pressures significantly ease. Despite a reduction in the narrative contained within this report, considerable work has been undertaken to include additional measures that aid in describing how the healthcare systems has changed as a result of the pandemic.

3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

Appendix 1 of this report provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local measures. Mitigating actions are listed where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

5. RECOMMENDATION:

Members are asked to:

- **NOTE** the Health Board performance against key measures and targets.
- **NOTE** the request for updated recovery trajectories from both Emergency Unscheduled care and Cancer Services in line with the Escalation framework.
- NOTE the inclusion of the submitted recovery trajectories as part of the Welsh Government MDS
- NOTE the actions being taken to improve performance: -
 - **ACTION** a recovery plan for Unscheduled Care for implementation in the new financial year (end of May 2022)
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 - **ACTION:** All providers of activity to WHSSC contracts to ensure plans are in place to deliver contracted levels of activity for 2022/23 (end of May 2022)

- **ACTION:** Develop recovery plans for individual tumour sites to aggregate into an overall recovery trajectory for the Health Board (end of May 2022)
- **ACTION:** develop revised trajectories which reflect start of year actual positon and demonstrable improvements from this position (end of May 2022 links to trajectory work above)
- A revised version of the current Performance Management Framework has been developed for Board approval – May 2022

Governance and Assurance			
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting and		
Enabling	empowering people to live well in resilient communities		
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	\boxtimes	
(please	Co-Production and Health Literacy	\boxtimes	
choose)	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	\boxtimes	
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services	S	
	achieving the outcomes that matter most to people		
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	\boxtimes	
	Partnerships for Care	\boxtimes	
Excellent Staff		\boxtimes	
	Digitally Enabled Care		
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	\boxtimes	
Health and Care Standards			
(please	Staying Healthy	\boxtimes	
choose)	Safe Care	\boxtimes	
	Effective Care	\boxtimes	
	Dignified Care	\boxtimes	
	Timely Care	\boxtimes	
	Individual Care	\boxtimes	
Staff and Resources		\boxtimes	
Quality Safety and Datient Experience			

Quality, Safety and Patient Experience

The performance report outlines performance over the domains of quality and safety and patient experience, and outlines areas and actions for improvement. Quality, safety and patient experience are central principles underpinning the National Delivery Framework and this report is aligned to the domains within that framework.

There are no directly related Equality and Diversity implications as a result of this report.

Financial Implications

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the Mental Health Measure.

Staffing Implications

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to Workforce, such as Sickness and Personal Development Review rates. Specific issues relating to staffing are also addressed individually in this report.

Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)

The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:

- Long term Actions within this report are both long and short term in order to balance the immediate service issues with long term objectives.
- Prevention the NHS Wales Delivery framework provides a measureable mechanism to evidence how the NHS is positively influencing the health and wellbeing of the citizens of Wales with a particular focus upon maximising people's physical and mental well-being.
- Integration this integrated performance report brings together key performance measures across the seven domains of the NHS Wales Delivery Framework, which identify the priority areas that patients, clinicians and stakeholders wanted the NHS to be measured against. The framework covers a wide spectrum of measures that are aligned with the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- **Collaboration** in order to manage performance, the Corporate Functions within the Health Board liaise with leads from the Service Groups as well as key individuals from partner organisations including the Local Authorities, Welsh Ambulance Services Trust, Public Health Wales and external Health Boards.
- **Involvement** Corporate and Service Group leads are key in identifying performance issues and identifying actions to take forward.

Report History	The last iteration of the Integrated Performance Report was presented to Performance & Finance Committee in April 2022. This is a routine monthly report.	
Appendices	Appendix 1: Integrated Performance Report	







Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report May 2022



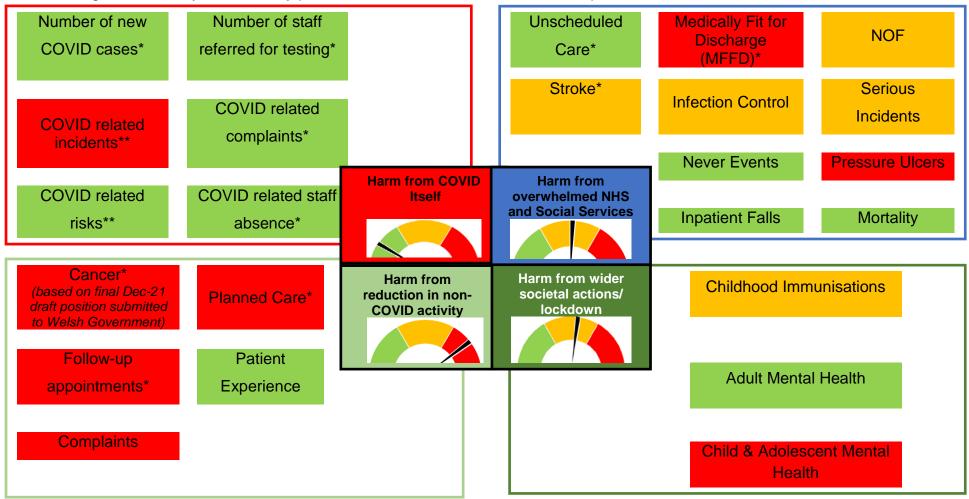
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1. QUADRANTS OF HARM SUMMARY

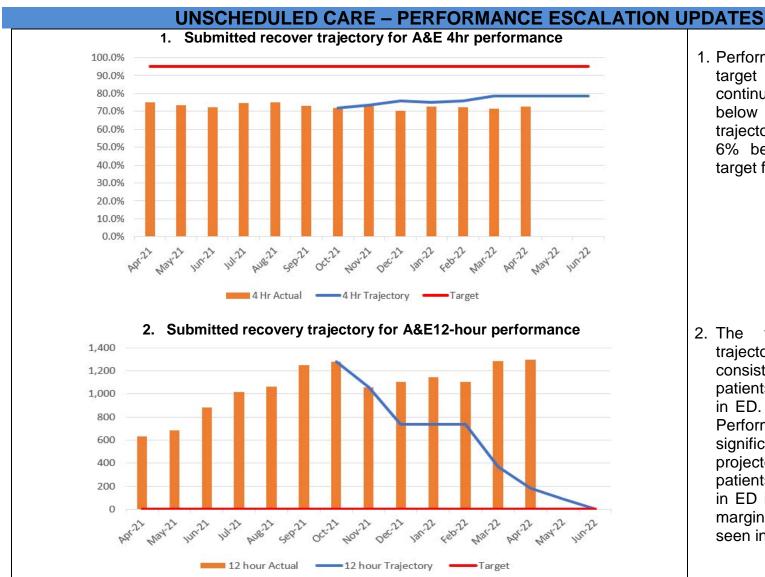
The following is a summary of all the key performance indicators included in this report.



NB- RAG status is against national or local target
** Data not available

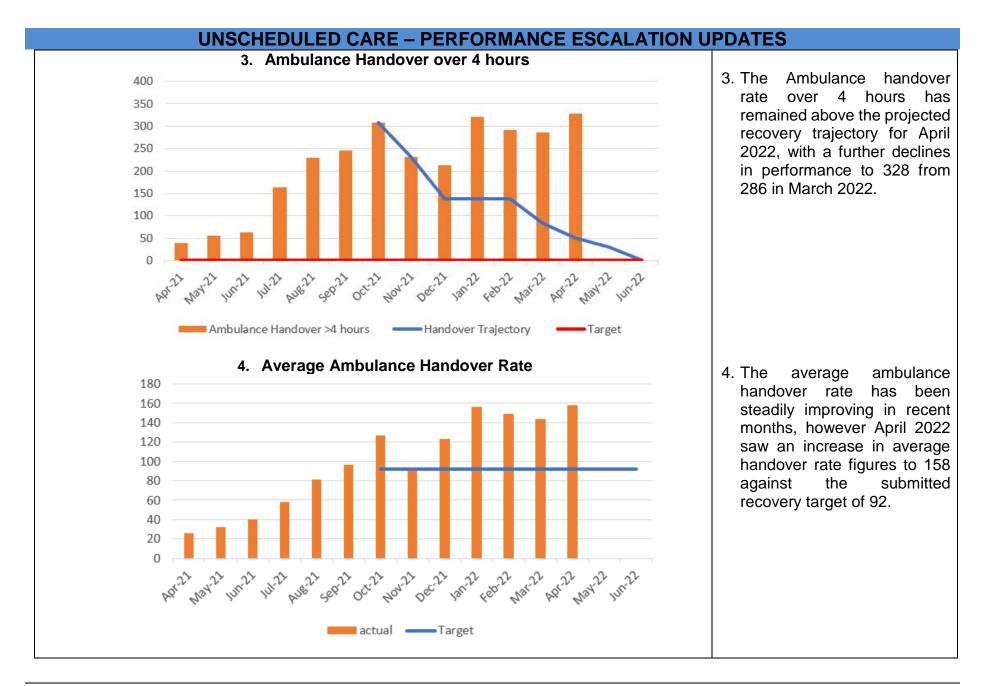
*RAG status based on in-month movement in the absence of local profiles

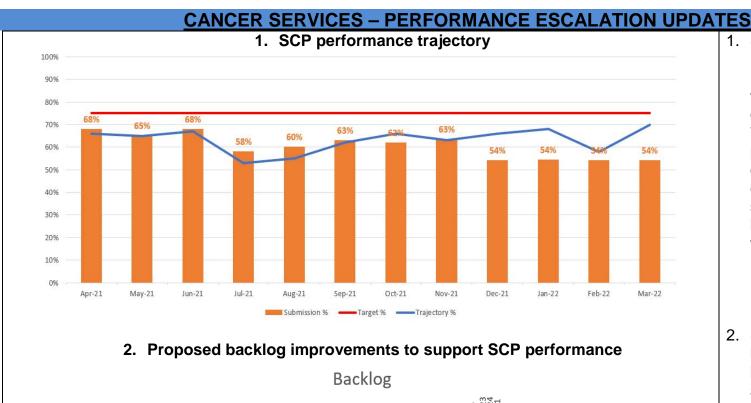
2. ESCALATED SERVICE UPDATE TRAJECTORIES



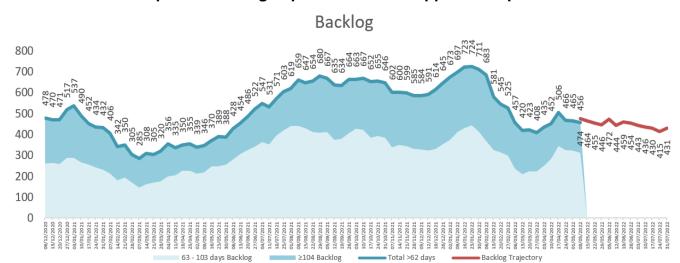
1. Performance against the 4hr target in April 2022 has continued to remain slightly below the outlined recovery trajectories at 73%, which is 6% below the performance target for April 2022 is 79%.

12-hour performance outlines trajectory а reduction consistent in patients waiting over 12 hours in ED. However the reported Performance continues to be significantly above the figures projected. There were 1,294 patients waiting over 12 hours in ED in April 2022, which is marginally higher than figures seen in March 2022 (1,282).





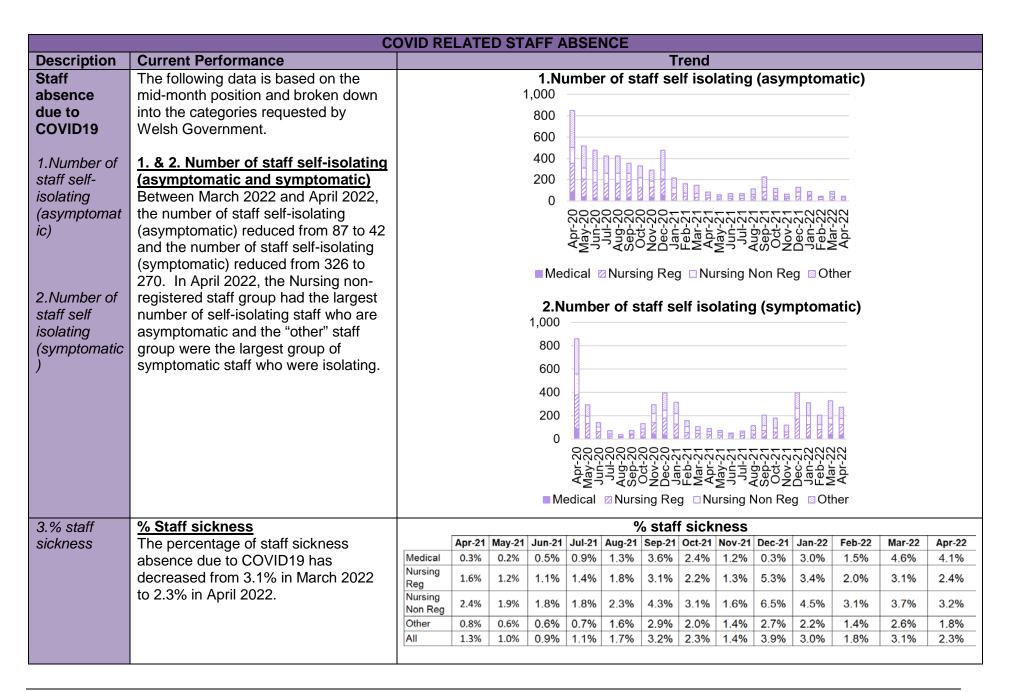
1. SCP performance in March 2022 was reported as 54% which is tracking below the trajectory outlined 70%. April 2022 performance is still in draft format, however projections current suggest performance will be below the recovery trajectory.

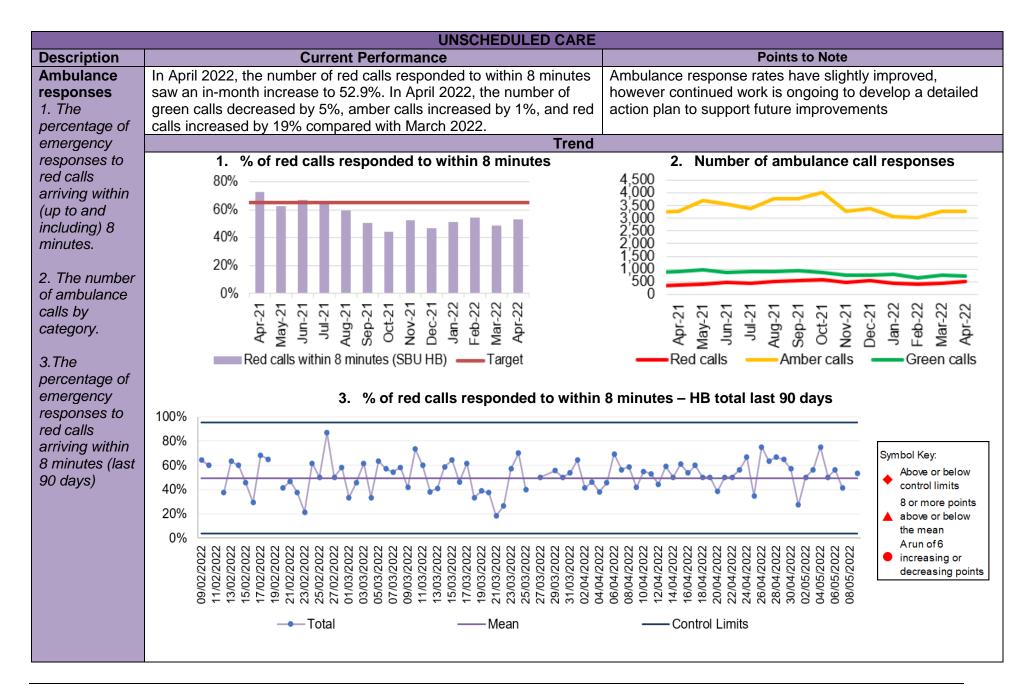


2. Shows the weekly breakdown of the backlog reduction against the proposed trajectories. The backlog figure as at 11/05/22 was 456. Updated backlog trajectories are currently in the approval process.

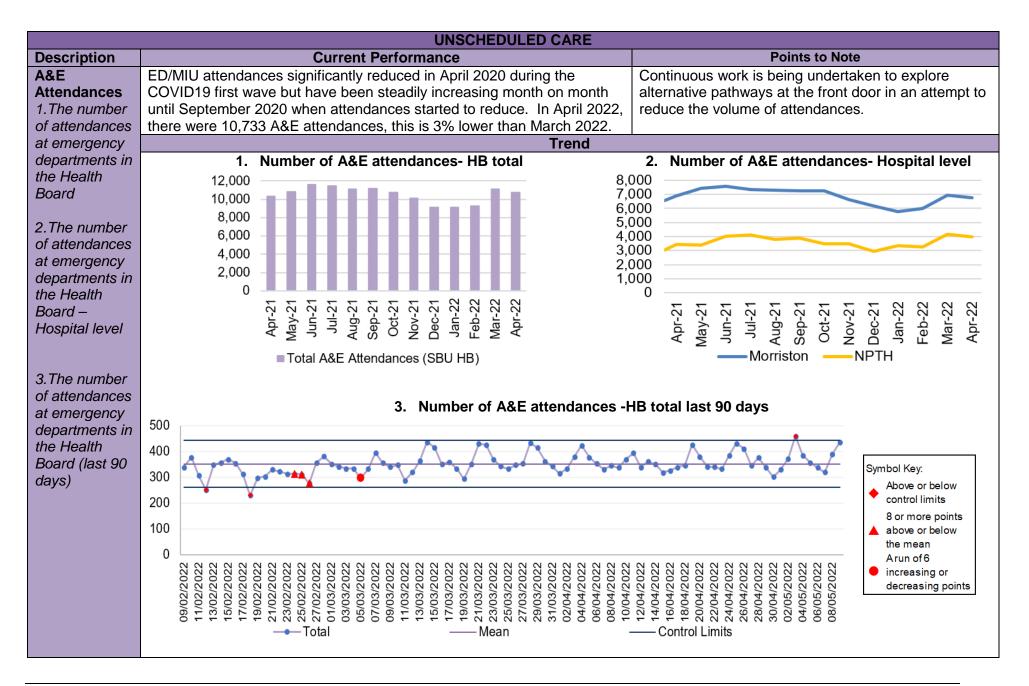
3. UPDATES ON KEY SERVICE AREAS	

	COVID Data			
Description	Current Performance	Trend		
1. Number of new COVID19 cases in Swansea Bay population area	Number of new COVID cases In April 2022, there were an additional 835 positive cases recorded bringing the cumulative total to 116,747 in Swansea Bay since March 2020. A significant reduction has been seen in the number of positive cases reported since December 2021.	Number of new COVID19 cases for Swansea Bay population 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 New 201 New 202 New 202 New 202 New 202 New 202 New positive COVD19 cases		
2. Number of staff referred for Antigen testing	Staff referred for Antigen testing The cumulative number of staff referred for COVID testing between March 2020 and April 2022 is 17,158 of which 18% have been positive (Cumulative total).	Outcome of staff referred for Antigen testing 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		



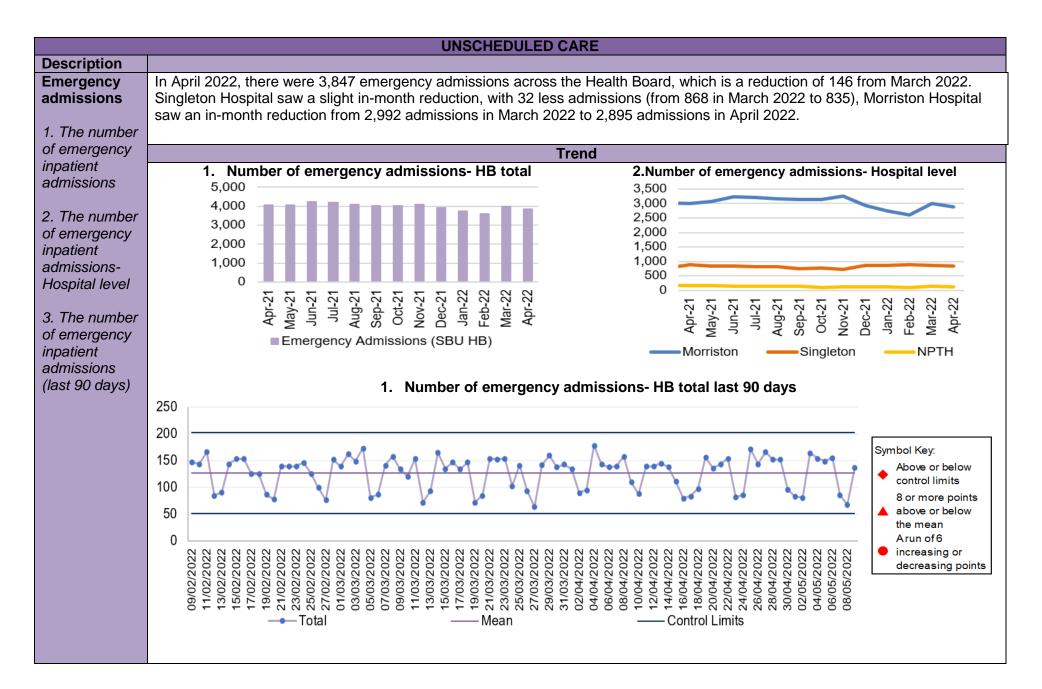


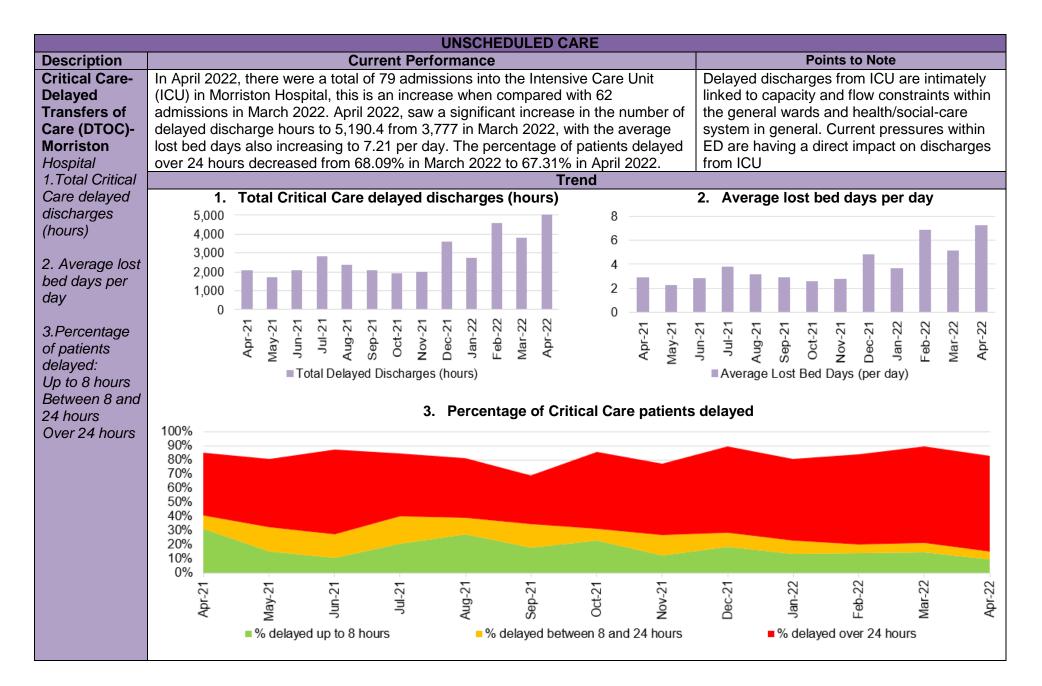
	UNSCHEDULED CARE			
Description	Current Performance	Points to Note		
Ambulance handovers 1.The number of ambulance handovers over one hour	In April 2022, there were 671 ambulance to hospital handovers taking over 1 hour; this is a slight reduction in figures compared with 687 in March 2022. In April 2022, 645 handovers over 1 hour were attributed to Morriston Hospital and 26 were attributed to Singleton Hospital. The number of handover hours lost over 15 minutes have increased from 3,023 in March 2022 to 3,286 in April 2022.	Focussed trajectory work is currently underway to improve pathways at the front door to support ambulance handover performance under the UEC escalation process.		
2. The number	Trend			
of ambulance handovers over one hour- Hospital level 3.The number of ambulance handovers over one hour (last 90 days)	1. Number of ambulance handovers- HB total 800 700 600 500 400 300 200 100 0 Handovers > 1 hr (SBU HB)	2. Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour-Hospital level 800 400 400 200 Out-51 Leb-52 Morriston handovers > 1 hour-Singleton handovers > 1 hour		
	3. Number of ambulance hand	lovers- HB total last 90 days		
	35 30 25 20 15 10 5	Symbol Key: Above or below control limits 8 or more points above or below the mean Arun of 6		
	09/02/2022 13/02/2022 13/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 05/03/2022 05/03/2022 05/03/2022 15/03/2022 15/03/2022 15/03/2022 15/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022 05/03/2022 25/03/2022 25/03/2022			



	UNSCHEDULED CARE	
Description	Current Performance	Points to Note
A&E waiting times 1.% of patients who spend less than 4	The Health Board's performance against the 4-hour measure improved slightly from 71.39% in March 2022 to 72.87% in April 2022. Neath Port Talbot Hospital Minor Injuries Unit (MIU) has moved back above the national target of 95% achieving 96.66% in April 2022. Morriston Hospital's performance improved between March 2022 and April 2022	Focussed trajectory work is currently underway to improve pathways at the front door to support compliance with the 4-hour target under the UEC escalation process.
hours in all	achieving 58.87% against the target.	
major and	Trend	
minor emergency care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge 2. % of patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E- Hospital	1. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E-Hospital level Oo% Ood-17-Inl
level 3. % of patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E (last 90 days)	09/08/2022 11/02/2022 13/02/2022 13/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/02/2022 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15/03/202 15	Symbol Key: Above or below control limits 8 or more points above or below the mean Arun of 6 increasing or decreasing points Control Limits

	UNSCHEDULED CARE			
Description	Current Performance	Points to Note		
A&E waiting times 1.Number of	In April 2022, performance against the 12-hour measure deteriorated compared with March 2022, increasing from 1,282 to 1,294. This is an increase of 663 compared to April 2021.	Focussed trajectory work is currently underway to improve pathways at the front door to support compliance with the 12-hour target under the UEC escalation process.		
patients who spend 12	1,292 patients waiting over 12 hours in April 2022 were in Morriston Hospital, with 2 patients waiting over 12 hours in Neath Port Talbot Hospital.	target and and and a second		
hours or more in A&E	total	umber of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E- Hospital level		
2.Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in A&E-Hospital level 3.Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in A&E (last 90 days)	1,400 1,200 1,000 800 600 400 200 0 Aug-7-1 Aug-7-2 A	Apr-21 May-21 Jun-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Nov-21 T Jan-22 Feb-22 Apr-22		
days)	3. Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E	– HB total last 90 days		
	80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10	Symbol Key: Above or below control limits 8 or more points above or below the mean Arun of 6 increasing or decreasing points		





	UNSCHEDULED CARE	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Clinically Optimised The number of patients waiting at each site in the Health Board that are clinically optimised	In April 2022, there were on average 274 patients who were deemed clinically optimised but were still occupying a bed in one of the Health Board's Hospitals. In April 2022, Morriston Hospital had the largest proportion of clinically optimised patients with 100, followed by Neath Port Talbot Hospital with 85. The number of Clinically optimised patients remains high within the Health Board and specific focus is being placed on plans to support the improvement of this position within each Service Group.	The number of clinically optimised patients by site 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 Oct-21 Pec-21 Jan-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-25 Morriston Singleton NPTH Gorseinon
Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds The number of elective procedure cancelled across the hospital where the main cancellation reasons was lack of beds	In April 2022, there were 33 elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds on the day of surgery. This is 28 more cancellations than in April 2021. All of the cancelled procedures were attributed to Morriston Hospital.	Total number of elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 Ver-51 Apr-52 Apr-52 Apr-52 Apr-52 Apr-52 Singleton NPTH

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	D INFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI) - E.coli bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases	 31 cases of <i>E. coli</i> bacteraemia were identified in April 2022, of which 13 were hospital acquired and 18 were community acquired. The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 22 cases for April 2022. Detailed work at Service Group level is being undertaken to target the future reduction in Infection Prevention Control rates. 	Number of healthcare acquired E.coli bacteraemia cases 40 30 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- S.aureus bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed S.aureus bacteraemias (MRSA & MSSA) cases	 There were 13 cases of Staph. aureus bacteraemia in April 2022, of which 6 were hospital acquired and 7 were community acquired. The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 8 cases for April 2022. Detailed work at Service Group level is being undertaken to target the future reduction in Infection Prevention Control rates. 	Number of healthcare acquired S.aureus bacteraemia cases 20 15 10 5 0 15 10 5 0 15 0 15 0 15 0 1

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	D INFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- C.difficile- Number of laboratory confirmed C.difficile cases	 There were 13 Clostridium difficile toxin positive cases in April 2022, of which 11 were hospital acquired and 2 were community acquired. The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 7 cases for April 2022. Detailed work at Service Group level is being undertaken to target the future reduction in Infection Prevention Control rates. 	Number of healthcare acquired C.difficile cases 25 20 15 10 5 0 17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-1
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Klebsiella sp- Number of laboratory confirmed Klebsiella sp cases	 There were 6 cases of Klebsiella sp in April 2022, 4 of which were hospital acquired and 2 were community acquired. The Health Board total is currently below the Welsh Government Profile target of 7 cases for April 2022. Detailed work at Service Group level is being undertaken to target the future reduction in Infection Prevention Control rates. 	Number of healthcare acquired Klebsiella cases 14 12 10 8 6 4 22 10 8 64 22 10 8 64 22 10 8 65 11 11 12 10 8 66 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRED INFECTIONS			
Description	Current Performance	Trend		
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Aeruginosa- Number of laboratory confirmed Aeruginosa cases	 There were 2 cases of <i>P.Aerginosa</i> in April 2022, one of which was hospital acquired, with the other being community acquired. The Health Board total is currently on target with the Welsh Government Profile target of 2 cases for April 2022. Detailed work at Service Group level is being undertaken to target the future reduction in Infection Prevention Control rates. 	Number of healthcare acquired Pseudomonas cases 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 12-14 Number of Pseudomonas cases Sed-52 10 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		

PLANNED CARE			
Description	Current Performance		Points to Note
Referrals and shape of the waiting list 1. GP Referrals The number of	April 2022 has seen a reduction in referral figures. Referral of been reviewed and updated following the introduction of the dashboard in June 2021, data selection was updated as apparates have continued to rise slowly since December 2021, rise March 2022. Chart 4 shows the shape of the current waiting the waiting list as at December 2019 as this reflects a typical of the waiting list prior to the COVID19 pandemic.	new digital ropriate. Referral sing to 11,544 in list. Chart 3 shows	The number of referrals received has seen a reduction this month, however a detailed analysis exercise is being undertaken to understand the drivers behind increased rates
Stage 1 additions		Trend	
per week	Number of GP referrals received by SBU Health		umber of stage 1 additions per week
	Board	2500	. 1
 2. Stage 1 additions The number of new patients that have been added to the outpatient waiting list 3. Size of the waiting list Total number of patients on the waiting list by stage as at December 2019 	17,500 15,000 12,500 10,000 7,500 5,000 2,500 0 17-10	2000 1500 1000 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	## Occasion of the waiting list and movement (April 2022)
4. Size of the waiting list Total number of patients on the waiting list by stage as at March 2022	2500 2500 1500 1500 0	2500 2000 1500 1000 500	R 7 8 8 9 7 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

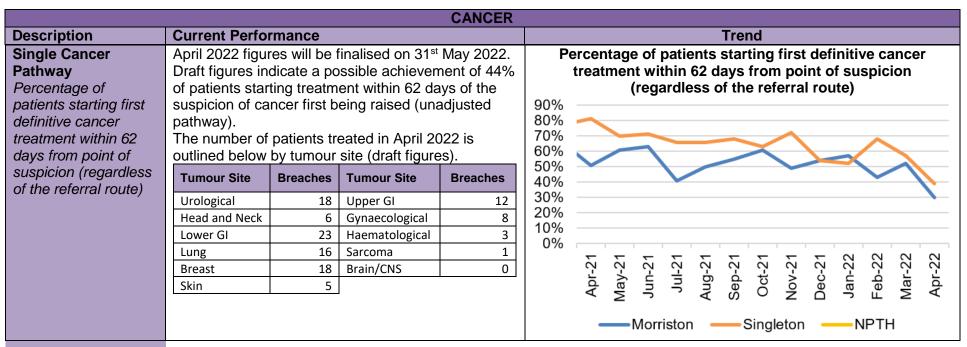
	PLANNED C	ARE	
Description	Current Performance		Points to Note
Outpatient waiting times 1. Number of patients waiting more than 26 weeks for an outpatient	The number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a first of a challenge. April 2022 saw an in-month increase of 4% in waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment. The increased from 24,728 in March 2022 to 25,601 in April 20 the largest proportion of patients waiting over 26 weeks for appointment, closely followed by Orthopaedics and ENT. On number of attendances has remained steady in recent months recent Covid wave.	the number of patients number of breaches 122. Ophthalmology has or an outpatient Chart 4 shows that the	Detailed demand and capacity work is currently underway to support the reduction of Stage 1 patients waiting for an outpatient appointment.
appointment		Trend	
(stage 1)- Health Board Total 2. Number of patients waiting more than 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment (stage 1)- Hospital Level	1. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- HB total 30,000 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 0 UZ-INF VAID-72-VA VAID	2. Number of sta 20,000 17,500 15,000 12,500 10,000 7,500 5,000 2,500 0 Morriston	Aug-21 Sep-21 Sep-21 Sep-21 Sep-21 Sep-21 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-23 Se
3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment by specialty 4. Outpatient activity undertaken	3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment by specialty as at April 2022 General Surgery (Breast) Cardiology Paediarics Neurology Rematology Rematology Rematology Rematology Rematology Rematology Nederine for the Elderh Pain Management	Apr-21 Ap	ient activity undertaken Aug-21 Seb-21 Seb-21 Aug-21 Mar-22 Apr-22

PLANNED CARE Current Performance Description Patients waiting The number of patients waiting longer than 36 weeks from referral to treatment has increased every month since the first wave of COVID19 in March 2020. In April 2022, there were 38,799 patients waiting over 36 weeks which is a 2.6% inover 36 weeks for treatment month increase from March 2022. 27,592 of the 38,799 were waiting over 52 weeks in April 2022. In April 2022, there were 13,083 patients waiting over 104 weeks for treatment, which is a 4% reduction from March 2022. Targeted validation work is currently taking place to reduce the number of patients waiting over 52 and 104 weeks with the view to 1. Number of patients waiting meet the Welsh Government target – submitted recovery trajectories can be seen in **Appendix 2**. more than 36 weeks **Trend** for treatment and the 1. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- HB 2. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- Hospital number of elective level total patients admitted for 50.000 30,000 treatment- Health 40,000 25.000 Board Total 20,000 30.000 15.000 20,000 2. Number of 10,000 10,000 patients waiting 5,000 more than 36 weeks for treatment Jul-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Oct-21 Nov-21 3. Number of >36 wks (SB UHB) Trajectory elective admissions -Morriston ——Singleton ——PCT 3. Number of patients waiting over 104 weeks-3. Number of elective admissions 4. Number of **Hospital level** 6,000 patients waiting 15000 5.000 more than 104 4,000 weeks for treatment 10000 3,000 2,000 5000 1,000 Jan-22 Feb-22 Jun-2 Jul-2 Sep-2' Oct-2 Nov-2' Dec-2 Aug-2 Admitted elective patients < 104 wks (SBU HB) — Trajectory</p>

	PLANNED CAR	≀E
Description	Current Performance	
Total waiting times Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment	Throughout 2019/20 the overall percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment ranged between 80% and 88%. Whereas, throughout the Covid19 pandemic in 2020/21 the percentage ranged between 41% and 72%. In April 2022, 50.4% of patients were waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment, which is a 0.3% deterioration from March 2022.	Percentage of patient waiting less than 26 weeks 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 10% 0% 10% 2c-c2 Pep-22 Rep-25 War-25 Pep-26 War-25 War-25 Apr-27
Ophthalmology waiting times Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments	In March 2022, 50.2% of Ophthalmology R1 patients were waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% of the target date. There was an upward trend in performance in 2019/20 however, there was a continuous downward trend in performance in 2020/21, however performance seems to be improving slightly in 2021/22. *April data was not available for this report*	Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 0f R1 ophthalmology patient pathways waiting within target date or within 25% beyond target date for an outpatient appointment — Target

	PLANNED CARI	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Diagnostics waiting times The number of patients waiting	In April 2022, there was an increase in the number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for specified diagnostics. It increased from 5,863 in March 2022 to 6,308 in April 2022.	Number of patients waiting longer than 8 weeks for diagnostics 9,000 8,000 7,000 6,000 5,000
more than 8 weeks for specified diagnostics	The following is a breakdown for the 8-week breaches by diagnostic test for April 2022: • Endoscopy= 4,407 • Cardiac tests= 1,317 • Other Diagnostics = 584 Endoscopy waits continue to rise, recovery work into	Apr-21 Aug-21 Aug-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Sep-21 Dec-21 Dec-22 Feb-22 Mar-22 Apr-22
	2022-23 will focus on outsourcing 5 lists a week, continuation of insourcing activity, the launch of a pilot clinical validation project and a change in practise which will be piloted as part of the National Endoscopy funded project.	Other diagnostics (inc. radiology)EndoscopyCardiac tests
Therapy waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks	In April 2022 there were 679 patients waiting over 14 weeks for specified Therapies. The breakdown for the breaches in April 2022 are: • Podiatry = 598	Number of patients waiting longer than 14 weeks for therapies 2,000 1,500
for specified therapies	 Speech & Language Therapy= 45 Dietetics = 35 	500
	Podiatry and SALT recovery plans continue to support performance improvement. Specifically within Nutrition & Dietetics, vacancies within paediatric service have impacted waiting times and a lack of available locum staff. Performance recovery is expected to begin in July 2022.	Occ Therapy (exc. MH) Occ Therapy (exc. MH) Augiology And Speech & Language Pep-22 Apr-21 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22

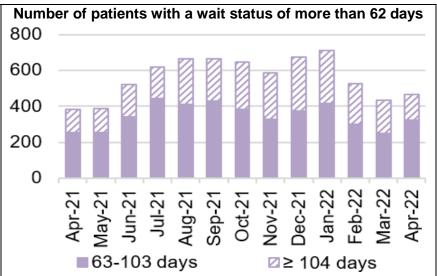
	CANCER	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Cancer demand and shape of the waiting list 1. Number of Urgent Suspected Cancer (USC) referrals received	The number of Urgent Suspected Cancer (USC) referrals significantly reduced between March and April 2020, however there has been an upward trend since May 2020. Referral figures reported in April 2022 (1535) are the lowest figure reported since December 2021	1. Number of USC referrals 2500 2000 1000 1000 500 1000 1000 500 1000 500 1000 1000 500 1000 1000 500 1000 500 1000 1000 500 1000 500 1000 1000 1000 1000 500 1000
2. Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days	April 2022 has seen a slight increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; - Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast - Updated backlog recovery trajectories have been developed and are currently in the approval process for circulation in June 2022 - Targeted work is being undertaken to focus on reducing the number of patients waiting >104 days as a priority	2. Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 12-Jahr 1



Single Cancer Pathway backlog The number of patients with an active wait status of more than 63 days

Tumour Site	63 - 103 days	≥104 days
Acute Leukaemia	0	0
Brain/CNS	0	1
Breast	114	19
Children's cancer	0	0
Gynaecological	23	17
Haematological	7	8
Head and neck	12	4
Lower Gastrointestinal	46	26
Lung	18	12
Other	5	2
Sarcoma	4	2
Skin(c)	19	2
Upper Gastrointestinal	36	18
Urological	38	35
Grand Total	322	142

April 2022 backlog by tumour site.



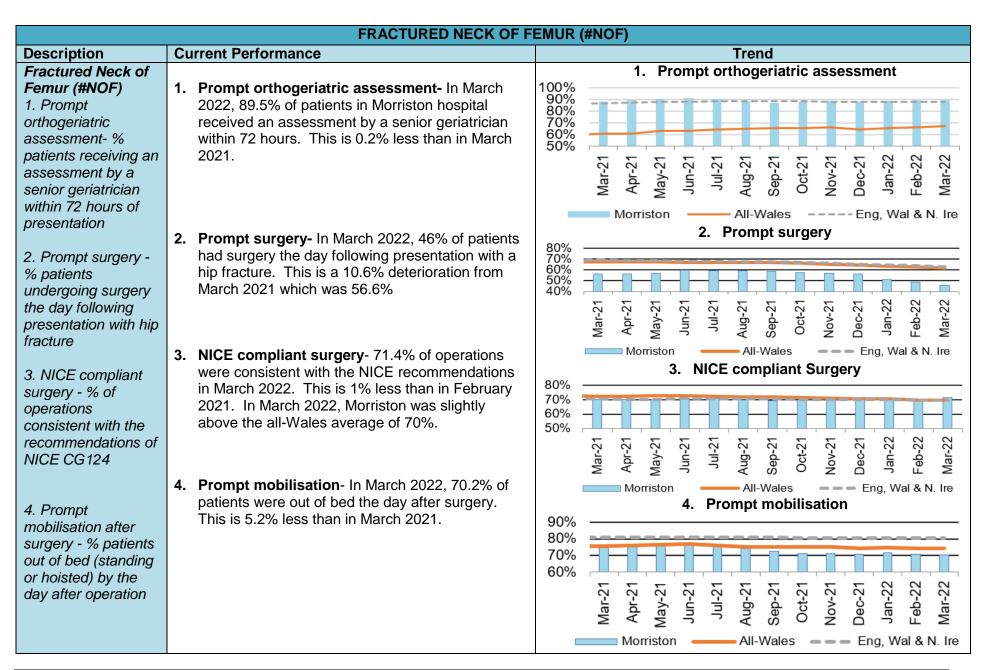
			CANCER										
Description	Current Performance			Trend									
USC First Outpatient Appointments	To date, early April 2022 figures show total wait volumes have decreased by 1%. Of the total number						of patien (by total		_			•	
The number of	of patients awaiting a first out					_	FIRST OPA		08-May	15-May			
patients at first	62% have been booked.	•				A	Acute Leukaer	nia	0		0		
outpatient							Brain/CNS		1		0		
appointment stage by							Breast		0		2		
days waiting							Children's Can Gynaecologica		3 56	4	2		
,							Haematologica		2		2		
							Head and Nec		142	9	_		
						L	ower GI		133	15	5		
							ung		11	1	_		
							Other Sarcoma		149 11	7	1		
							Skin		127	11	_		
							Jpper Gl		66	5	_		
						Ų	Jrological		69	6			
									770	61	- 1		
Radiotherapy	Radiotherapy waiting times a					I	Radiothe	rapy	waitir	g time	S		
waiting times	the provision of emergency ra			100%							>		\succ
	2 days has been maintained	at 100% t	throughout the	90%		1				1/0			
The percentage of	COVID19 outbreak.			80% 70%									
patients receiving	Measure	Target	Dec-21	60%						/			
radiotherapy	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	80%	63%	50%						Δ			
treatment	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	100%	94%	40%									
	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	80%	62%	30%				+					
	Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	100%	96%	20%									
	Emergency (within 1 day)	80%	100%	10%									
	Emergency (within 2 days)	100%	100%	0%	<u> </u>		τ Σ	ν.		Σ. Σ.	2	2 2	2 2
	Elective Delay (21 Day		/		Apr-21	May-21 Jun-21	Jul-21 Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21 Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Apr-22
	Target)	80%	93%		₹ :	Ma Ju	J. J.	Se	ŏ	Š Š	Ja	P E	₹
	Elective Delay (28 Day	100%	96%	_	Sched	uled (21	Day Target)			-Schedu	led (28	B Day Targ	jet)
	Target)	100 /0	90 /0	_	— Urgent	t SC (7 [Day Target)		_	-Urgent	SC (14	1 Day Targ	et)
				_			ithin 1 day)		_			vithin 2 day	
				_	- Electiv	e Delay	(21 Day Targ	get)		Elective	Delay	/ (28 Day ⁻	arget)

	FOLLOW-UP APPOIN	TMENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Follow-up appointments 1. The total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list 2. The number of patients waiting 100% over target for a follow-up appointment	In April 2022, the overall size of the follow-up waiting list increased by 1,699 patients compared with March 2022 (from 133,772 to 135,471). In April 2022, there was a total of 60,348 patients waiting for a follow-up past their target date. This is an in-month increase of 3.1% (from 58,514 in March 2022 to 60,348 in April 2022). Of the 60,348 delayed follow-ups in April 2022, 12,052 had appointment dates and 48,296 were still waiting for an appointment. In addition, 34,003 patients were waiting 100%+ over target date in April 2022. This is a 3.2% increase when compared with March 2022. Focussed validation work is currently taking place looking at the number of clinics which have not been 'cashed up' within the system, along with reviewing the capacity for increased digital working.	1. Total number of patients waiting for a follow-up 150,000 125,000 100,000 75,000 50,000 25,000 17-Jdy May 25-John Solution of patients waiting for follow-up (SBU HB) 2. Delayed follow-ups: Number of patients waiting 100% over target 40,000 35,000 25,000 20,000 10,000 5,000 25,000 20,000 10,000 5,000 10,000 5,000 10,00

	ADULT MENTAL HEALTH				
Description	Current Performance	Trend			
Adult Mental Health Measures: 1. % of MH assessments undertaken within 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (18 years and over)	In March 2022, 96% of assessments were undertaken within 28 days of referral for patients 18 years and over.	1. % Mental Health assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral 100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 25% 0% 25% assessments within 28 days (>18 yrs) Target			
,	 In March 2022, the percentage of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by the Local Primary Mental Health Support Service (LPMHSS) was 98%. 	2. % Mental Health therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following LPMHSS assessment 100% 75% 50% 25% 0%			
and over)	 89% of residents in receipt of secondary care mental health services had a valid Care and Treatment Plan in March 2022. 	** therapeutic interventions started within 28 days (>18 yrs) — Target 3. % residents with a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP) **O%** **O** **O			
 (18 years and over) 4. % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health 	4. In March 2022, 100% of patients waited less than 26 weeks for psychological therapy. This was above the national target of 95%.	Waiting less than 26 wks for psychological therapy Target			

	CHILD & ADOLESCENT MENTA	L HEALTH (CAMHS)
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crisis - % Urgent Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 48 Hours from	In March 2022, 100% of CAMHS patients received an assessment within 48 hours.	1. Crisis- assessment within 48 hours 100% 90% 80% 70%
receipt of referral 2. Primary CAMHS (P-CAMHS) - % Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from	 36% of routine assessments were undertaken within 28 days from referral in March 2022 against a target of 80%. 	% urgent assessments within 48 hours — Target 2. and 3. P-CAMHS % assessments and therapeutic interventions within 28 days
receipt of referral 3. Primary CAMHS (P-CAMHS) - % Therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment	3. 78% of therapeutic interventions were started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS in March 2022.	100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17.
by LPMHSS 4. NDD - % Neurodevelopmental Disorder patients receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	4. 35% of NDD patients received a diagnostic assessment within 26 weeks in March 2022 against a target of 80%.	Mar-21 Aug-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Sep-22 Sep-22 Mar-22 Mar-23 Ma
5. Specialist CAMHS (S-CAMHS) - % Routine Assessment	 30% of routine assessments by SCAMHS were undertaken within 28 days in March 	%NDD within 26 weeks —— Target 5. S-CAMHS % assessments within 28 days
by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	2022.	Mar-22 May-21 Land Apr-21 Land Apr-21 Land Apr-22 Land Apr-22 Land Aug-21 Land Aug-21 Land Aug-22 Land

4. NHS DELIVERY FRAMEWORK MEASURES & MINISTERIAL PRIORITY TRAJECTORIES



			FRACTURED NECK OF F	EMUR	R (#NOF)
Desc	ription	Cı	urrent Performance		Trend
wi pa 44 te wi	ot delirious then tested- % atients (<4 on AT test) when ested in the teek after peration	5.	Not delirious when tested- 76.9% of patients were not delirious in the week after their operation in March 2022. This is an improvement of 1.6% compared with March 2021.	80% 60% 40% 20%	Mar-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 All-Wales Beb-22 Bug, Wal W. Ite
re pa di: to re th	eturn to original esidence- % atients ischarged back original esidence, or in that residence at 20 day follow-up	6.	Return to original residence- 67.7% of patients in February 2022 were discharged back to their original residence. This is 6.6% less that in February 2021.	80% 70% 60%	
	0 day mortality ate	*	30 day mortality rate- In January 2021 the morality rate for Morriston Hospital was 7.5% which is 0.5% less than January 2020. The mortality rate in Morriston Hospital in January 2021 is higher than the all-Wales average of 6.9% but lower than the national average of 7.6%. Updated data is currently not available, but is being reviewed.	9% 8% 7% 6% 5%	7. 30 day mortality rate Nov-20 All-Wales Peng, Wal & N. Ire Peng, Wal & N. Ire

	PRESSURE ULC	CERS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Number of pressure ulcers 1. Total number of pressure ulcers	In March 2022 there were 105 cases of healthcare acquired pressure ulcers, 56 of which were community acquired and 49 were hospital acquired.	Total number of hospital and community acquired Pressure Ulcers (PU) and rate per 100,000 admissions 120 1,500
developed in hospital and in the community	There were 16 grade 3+ pressure ulcers in March 2022, of which 11 were community acquired and 5 were hospital acquired.	100 80 60 1,000
2. Rate of pressure ulcers per 100,000 admissions	2. The rate per 100,000 admissions reduced from 823 in February 2022 to 778 in March 2022.	Mar-21 Apr-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Oct-21 Oct-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22
		Pressure Ulcers (Community) Pressure Ulcers (Hospital) Rate per 100,00 admissions

	SERIOUS INCID	ENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Serious Incidents- 1. The number of serious incidents	The Health Board reported 1 Serious Incident for the month of April 2022 to Welsh Government. The Service Group breakdown is as follows; MH&LD - 1	1. and 2. Number of serious incidents and never events 30 25 20 15 10
2. The number of Never Events	There were no new Never Event reported in April 2022	Apr-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-22 Oct-21 Nov-21 Reb-22 Apr-22 Apr-22
3. Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the percentage which were assured within the agreed timescales	 3. In April 2022, performance against the 80% target of submitting closure forms to WG within agreed timescales was 25%. In total, 6 Never Reported Incidents missed their closure date (120 day timescale); 4 x Morriston 1x Maternity 1x Singleton Medicine 	3. % of serious incidents closed within the agreed timescales 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 10% 0%
		Apr-21 May-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Sep-21 Oct-21 Jan-22 Mar-22 Apr-22

	INPATIENT FA	LLS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Inpatient Falls The total number of inpatient falls	The number of Falls reported via Datix web for Swansea Bay UHB was 190 in April 2022. This is 8% more than April 2021 where 176 falls were recorded. The number of Falls reported via Datix web for Swansea Bay UHB was 190 in April 2022. This is 8% more than April 2021 where 176 falls were recorded.	Number of inpatient Falls Number of inpatient Falls Number of inpatient Falls Apr-21 Apr-22 Apr-22

	DISCHARGE SUMI	MARIES
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Discharge Summaries Percentage of discharge summaries approved and sent to patients' doctor following discharge	The latest data shows that in April 2022, the percentage of completed discharge summaries was 60%. In April 2022, compliance ranged from 52% in Singleton Hospital to 86% in Mental Health & Learning Disabilities.	% discharge summaries approved and sent 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Very part of the provided HTML of the
	CRUDE MORTA	LITY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crude Mortality Rate	March 2022 reports the crude mortality rate for the Health Board at 0.88%, which is 0.01% lower than February 2022. A breakdown by Hospital for March 2022: Morriston – 1.48% Singleton – 0.49% NPT – 0.06%	Crude hospital mortality rate by Hospital (74 years of age or less) 2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.0% 1.5% 1.0% 0.0% Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital

		RCE		
Description	Current Performance			Trend
Staff sickness rates- Percentage of sickness absence rate of staff	Our in-month sickness per from 7.93% in February 20 2022.			% of full time equivalent (FTE) days lost to sickness absence (12 month rolling and in-month)
	The 12-month rolling performs slightly from 7.58% in Feb March 2022.			11% 10% 9% 8%
	The following table provide reasons by full time equival March 2022.			7% 6% 5% 4%
	Absence Reason	FTE Days Lost	%	3%
	Anxiety/ stress/ depression/ other psychiatric illnesses	7763.12	25.6%	1% — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
	Infectious diseases	6745.36	22.2%	MAN Sickness rate (12 month rolling)
	Chest & respiratory problems	2914.23	9.6%	→ % sickness rate (in-month) ——Trajectory (12 month rolling)
	Other musculoskeletal problems	2,237.43	7.4%	
	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	1,800.43	5.9%	

	THEATRE EFFICI	ENCY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Theatre Efficiency 1. Theatre Utilisation Rates	In April 2022 the Theatre Utilisation rate was 71%. This is an in-month deterioration of 1% and a 8% reduction compared to April 2021.	1. Theatre Utilisation Rates 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0%
2. % of theatre sessions starting late	39% of theatre sessions started late in April 2022. This is a slight deterioration on performance in April 2021 (38%).	Theatre Utilisation Rate (SBU HB) 2. and 3. % theatre sessions starting late/finishing
3. % of theatre sessions finishing early	In April 2022, 47% of theatre sessions finished early. This is 2% higher than figures seen in March 2022 and 6% higher than figures seen in April 2021.	80% 60% 40% 20%
4. % of theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (<28 days)	7% of theatre sessions were cancelled at short notice in April 2022. This is the same percentage reported in March 2022 and is 3% higher than figures seen in April 2021.	4.% theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (<28 days)
5. % of operations cancelled on the day	Of the operations cancelled in April 2022, 37% of them were cancelled on the day. This is a deterioration from 33% in March 2022.	0% 12-1dA Nor-21 Nor-22 Morriston Mar-25 Morriston Singleton 5. % of operations cancelled on the day 80%
		Apr-22 Sep-21 May-21 May-21 May-22 Sep-21 May-22 Ma

	PATIENT EXPERI	ENCE
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Patient experience 1. Number of friends and family surveys completed 2. Percentage of patients/ service users who would recommend and highly recommend	 Health Board Friends & Family patient satisfaction level in April 2022 was 89% and 3,133 surveys were completed. Singleton/ Neath Port Talbot Hospitals Service Group completed 1,648 surveys in April 2022, with a recommended score of 91%. Morriston Hospital completed 1,245 surveys in April 2022, with a recommended score of 85%. Primary & Community Care completed 106 surveys for April 2022, with a recommended score of 94%. The Mental Health Service Group completed 8 surveys for April 2022, with a recommended score of 100%. 	1. Number of friends and family surveys completed 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 0 1,00

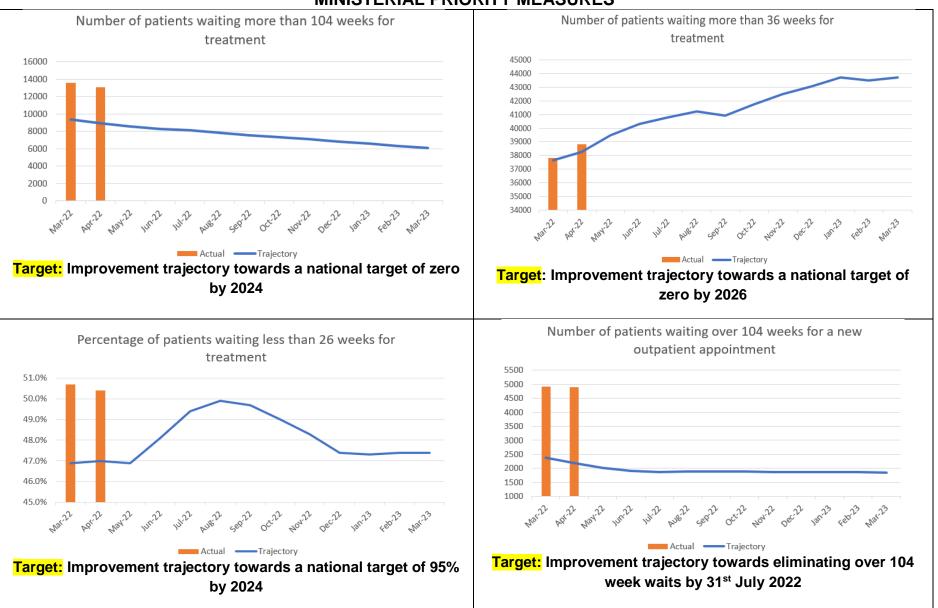
		COMPLAINT	TS .
Description	Current Performance		Trend
Patient concerns 1. Number of formal complaints received	1. In February 2022, the Heat formal complaints; this is a 1 number seen in January 202 Since the COVID19 outbreat the monthly number of comp significantly low. The number increased each month and number consistent with those seen p	0.8% increase on the 21. k began in March 2020, plaints received has been ers have gradually numbers are now	1. Number of formal complaints received 80 60 40 20 Sep-21 Oct-21 Nov-21 Dec-21 Jan-22 Feb-22
2. Percentage of concerns that have received a final reply or an interim reply up to and including 30 working days from the date the concern was first received by the organisation	2. The overall Health Board of concerns within 30 working of February 2022, against the Vof 75% and Health Board tark. Below is a breakdown of perday response target: Neath Port Talbot Hospital Morriston Hospital Mental Health & Learning Disabilities Primary, Community and Therapies	days was 64% in Welsh Government target rget of 80%. formance against the 30- 30 day response rate 62% 78% 38% 68%	2. Response rate for concerns within 30 days 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 10% 0% 10% 0%
	Singleton Hospital	50%	Health Board Total ——HB Profile

FINANCE UPDATESThis section of the report provides further detail on key workforce measures.

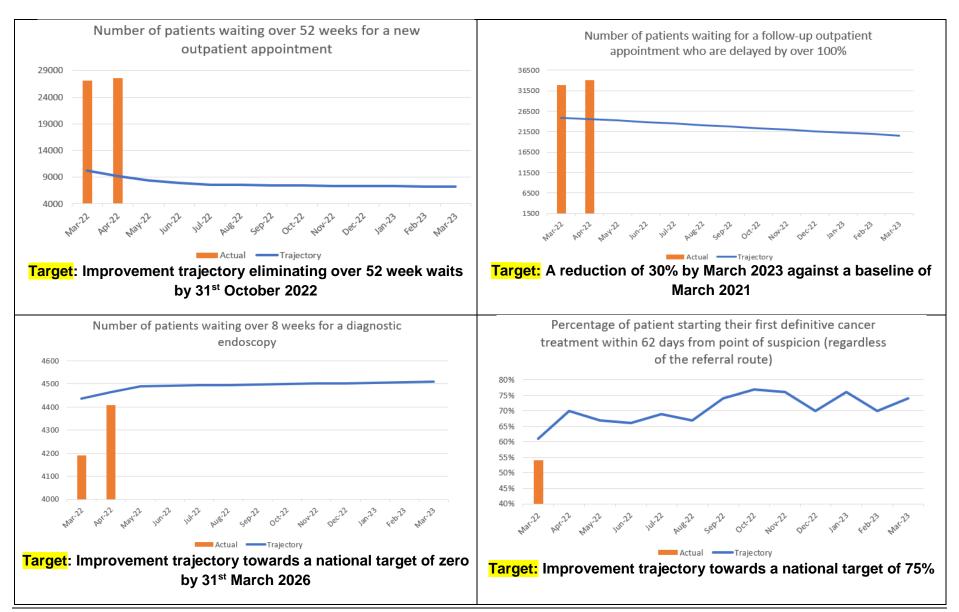
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Revenue Financial Position – expenditure incurred against revenue resource limit	 The Health Board agreed its annual plan with a forecast deficit for 2022/23 of £24.4m on 31st March 2022. This comprised of the following assumptions: Underlying Deficit b/f of £42.1m Increased WG Funding 22/23 of £22.1m Savings Requirement of £27m Recognised growth & investment of £31.4m Covid transition funding and extraordinary pressures (utilities, real living wage & National insurance) will be fully funded by WG. The £24.4m deficit plan has a target each month of £2.034m. The actual month 1 variance was £2.247m and was £0.213m off profile. 	HEALTH BOARD FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2022/23 M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M1 M8 M9 M10 M11 M2 2,500 2,000 1,500 2,247 1,000 — 2,015 2

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Workforce Spend – workforce expenditure profile	 The pay budgets are underspent by £0.281m at the end of April. Funding has been allocated to: support additional transition and recovery costs associated with COVID, Variable pay remains high, this reflects operational pressures, increasing sickness levels and recovery actions and will be monitored as the months progress. 	Variable Pay Expenditure
PSPP – pay 95% of Non-NHS invoices within 30 days of receipt of goods or valid invoice	 The Health Board failed to deliver this target in 2021/22, but significant improvement was made in the latter half of the year. In the first month of the new financial year the Health Board performance was just below target at 94.75% payment of non NHS invoices within 30 days of receipt of goods or valid invoice. . 	Percentage of non-NHS invoices paid within 30 days of receipt of goods or valid invoice PSPP Target 95.05% 95.00% 94.95% 94.90% 94.85% 94.80% 94.75% 94.70% 94.65% 94.60% M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10 M11 M12 PSPP In Month PSPP Cumulative PSPP Target

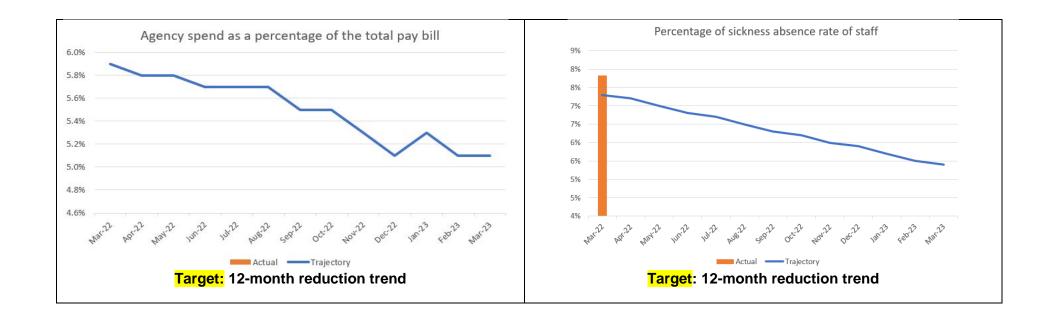
MINISTERIAL PRIORITY MEASURES



Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report



Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report



5. TABLE OF ALL MEASURES

HARM FROM COVID ITSELF

120,000

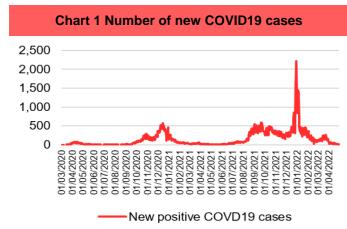
100,000

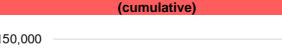
80,000

60,000

40,000

20,000





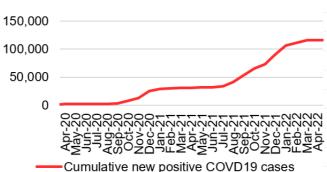
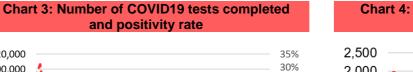
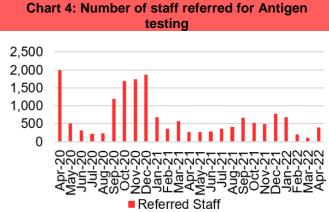


Chart 2: Number of new COVID19 cases



25%

15%





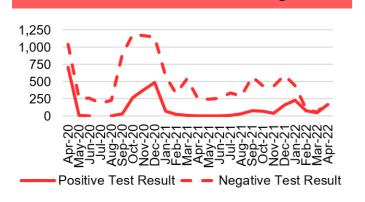


Chart 6: Number of COVID19 related incidents

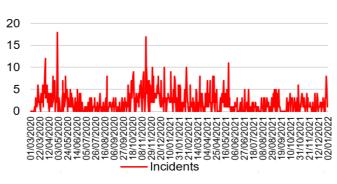


Chart 7: Number of COVID19 related serious incidents

Testing Episodes --- Positivity rate (in-month)

and positivity rate

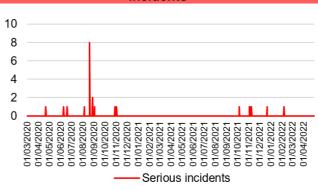
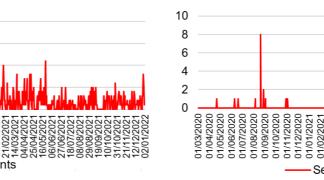


Chart 8: Number of COVID19 related complaints



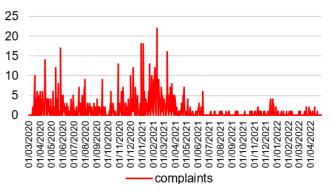


Chart 9: Number of COVID19 related risks

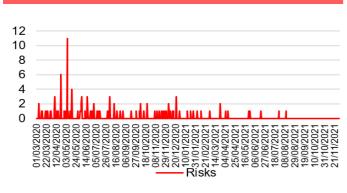


Chart 10: Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic)

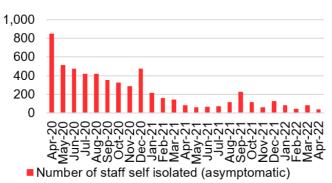
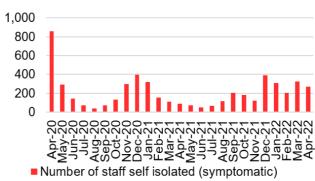


Chart 11: Number of staff self isolating (symptomatic)



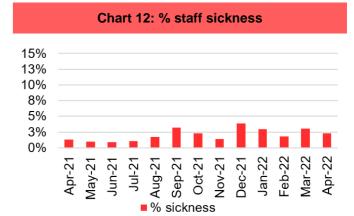


Chart 13: Bed Occupancy for suspected and confirmed COVID19 cases

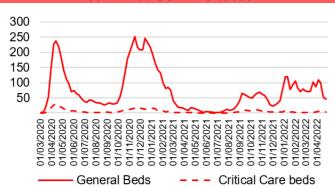


Chart 14: Number of hospital deaths with any mention of COVID19



Chart 15: Number of weekly registered deaths with any mention of COVID19 (ONS data)

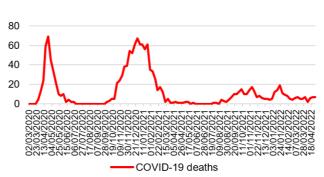
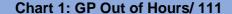


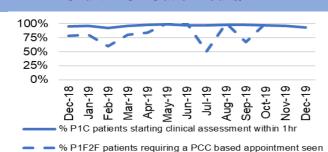
Chart 16: Number of mortuary spaces



HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM

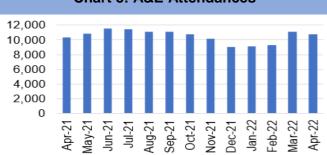
Unscheduled Care- Overview





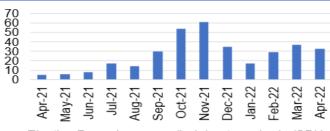
Service continues to experience issues with data reporting. It is anticipated that up to date accurate data will be available shortly.

Chart 5: A&E Attendances



■ Total A&E Attendances (SBU HB)

Chart 9: Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds



Elective Procedure cancelled due to no beds (SBU HB)

Chart 13; % of thrombolysed stroke patients with a door to door needle time of less than or equal to 45 minutes

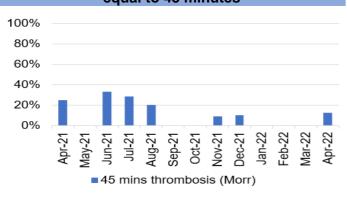


Chart 2: % red calls responded to within 8 minutes

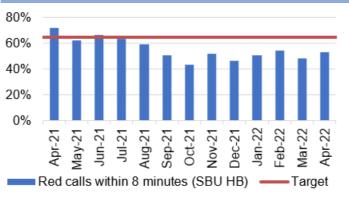


Chart 6: % patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E



Chart 10: Number of clinically optimised patients



Chart 14: Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit within 4 hours

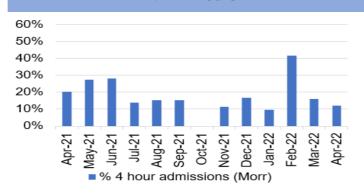


Chart 3: Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour

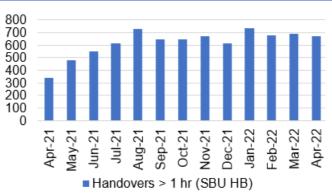


Chart 7: Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in A&E



Chart 11: Delay reason for clinically optimised patients

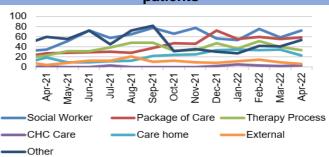


Chart 15: % of stroke patients receiving CT scan with 1 hour

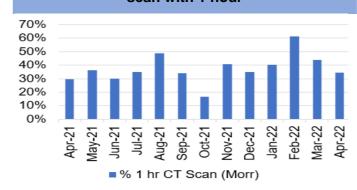


Chart 4: Lost hours- notification to ambulance handover over 15 minutes



Chart 8: Number of emergency admissions

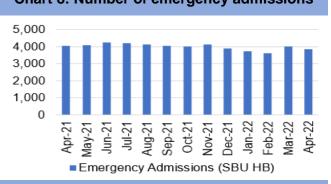


Chart 12: Average lost bed days (per day)



Chart 16: % stroke patients receiving consultant assessment within 24 hours



■ % assess within 24 hrs (Morr)

HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY Primary and Community Care Overview

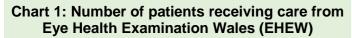




Chart 5: General Dental Services - Activity

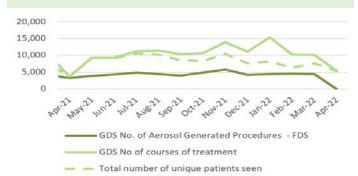


Chart 9: Optometry Activity - low vision care

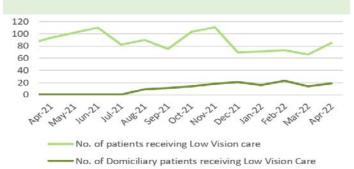


Chart 13: Podiatry - Total number of patients waiting > 14 weeks

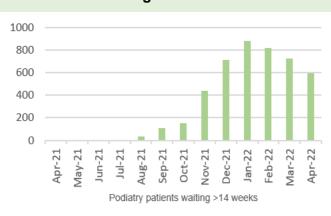


Chart 2: GMS - Escalation Levels



No. of practices reporting escalation Level 3 or above

Chart 6: General Dental Services - New Patients

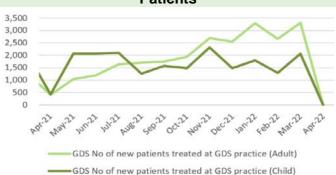


Chart 10: Community Pharmacy – Escalation



Chart 14: Dietetics - Total number of patients waiting > 14 weeks

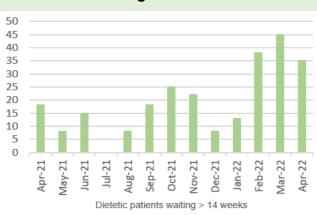


Chart 3: GMS - Sustainability



Chart 7: General Dental Services - ACORNS/FV



Chart 11: Community Pharmacy – Common Ailment Scheme



Chart 15: Audiology- Total number of patients waiting > 14 weeks

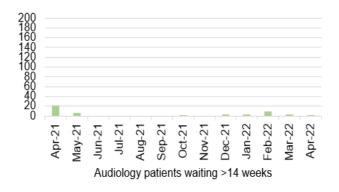


Chart 4: Number and percentage of adult dental patients re-attending NHS Primary Dental Care between 6-9 months

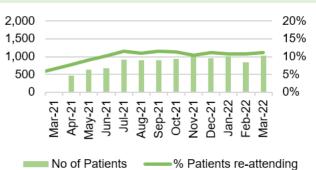


Chart 8: Optometry Activity - sight tests

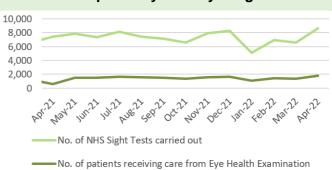
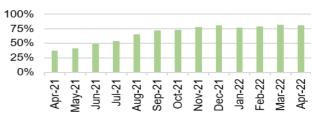


Chart 12: % of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less for Restorative Dentistry

Wales (EHEW)



% of patients with a RTT (referral to stage 1) of 26 weeks or less

Chart 16: Speech & Language Therapy– Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks



Harm from reduction in non-Covid activity Planned Care Overview

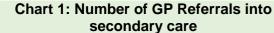




Chart 5: Number of patients waiting for reportable diagnostics over 8 weeks

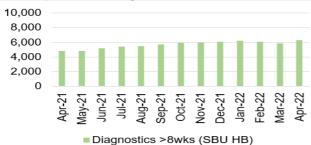
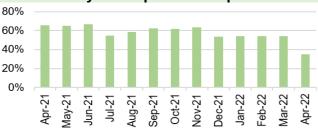


Chart 9: Single Cancer Pathway- % of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion



 \blacksquare % of patients started treatment within 62 days (unadjusted)

Chart 13: Number of patients without a documented clinical review date



Chart 2: Number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment

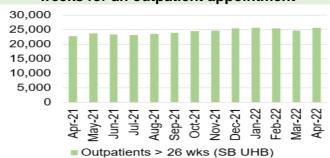


Chart 6: Number of patients waiting for reportable Cardiac diagnostics over 8 weeks

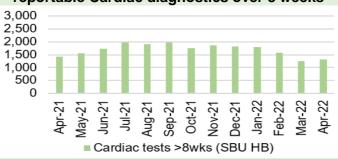


Chart 10: Number of new cancer patients starting definitive treatment

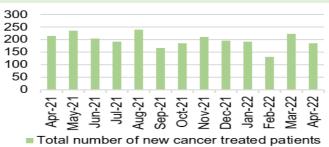


Chart 14: Ophthalmology patients without an allocated health risk factor

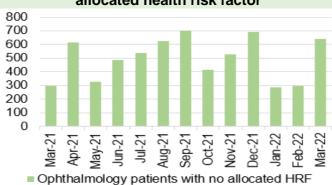


Chart 3: Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment



Chart 7: Number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for Therapies



Chart 11: Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days

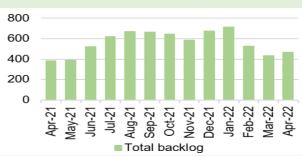


Chart 15: Total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list



Chart 4: % patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment



Chart 8: Cancer referrals



Chart 12: Number of patients waiting for an outpatient follow-up who are delayed past their target date



☑ Delayed Follow-ups (Booked)■ Delayed Follow-ups (Not Booked)

Chart 16: Number of patients delayed by over 100%



Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)

HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

Vaccinations and Immunisations

Chart 1: % children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine and MenB2 vaccine by age 1

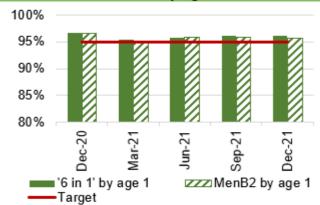


Chart 2: % children who received PCV2 vaccine and Rotavirus vaccine by age 1

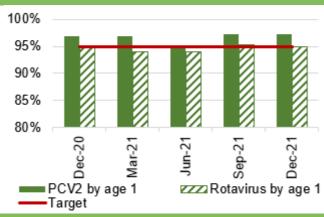


Chart 3: % children who received MMR1 vaccine and PCVf3 vaccine by age 2

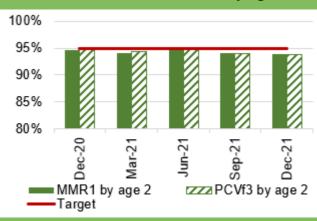


Chart 4: % children who received MenB4 vaccine and Hib/MenC vaccine by age 2



Chart 5: % children who are up to date in schedule by age 4

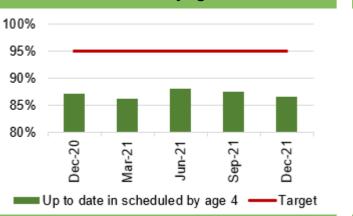


Chart 6: % children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine and 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5



Chart 7: % children who received MMR vaccine and teenage booster by age 16

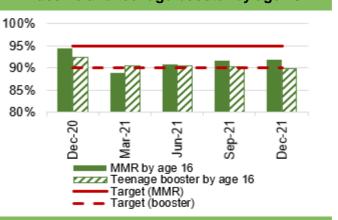


Chart 8: % children who received MenACWY vaccine by age 16

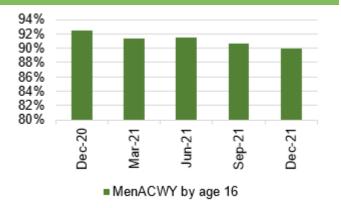


Chart 9: Influenza uptake for amongst 65 year olds and over

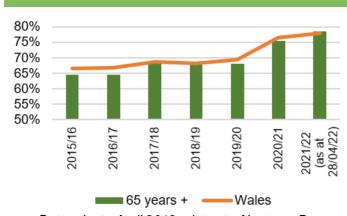
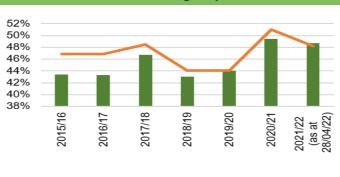


Chart 10: Influenza uptake for amongst under 65s in risk groups



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro

Morgannwg University Health Board

Under 65s in at risk groups

Chart 11: Influenza uptake for amongst pregnant women

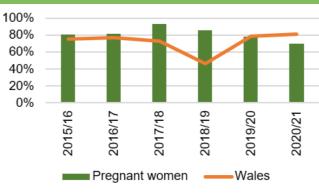
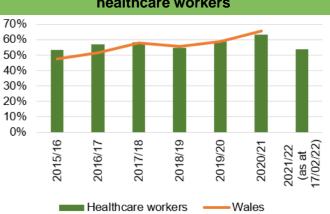


Chart 12: Influenza uptake for amongst healthcare workers



Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2020/21 data not available

Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board. 2020/21 all-Wales data not yet available

Data prior to April 2019 relates to Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board

Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report

HARM FROM WIDER SOCIETAL ACTIONS/LOCKDOWN

Mental Health Overview

Chart 1: % of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral

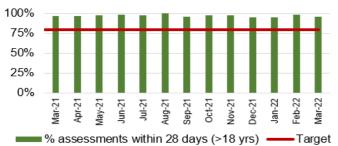
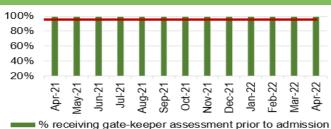
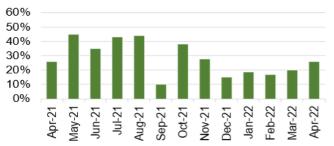


Chart 5: 95% of those admitted 0900-2100 will receive a gate-keeping assessment by the **CRHTS** prior to admission



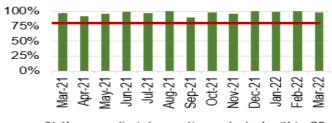
Target

Chart 9: Number of patients detained under the Mental Health Act as a percentage of all admissions



■ Patients detained under the MHA as a % of all admissions

Chart 2: % of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS



% therapeutic interventions started within 28

Chart 6: 100% of those admitted without a gate keeping assessment will receive a follow up assessment by CRHTS within 24hrs of admission



% of those admitted without a gate keeping assessment will receive a follow up assessment within 24hrs of admission

Chart 10: Number of patients subject to **Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DOLS)**

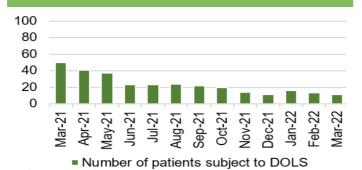


Chart 3: % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan

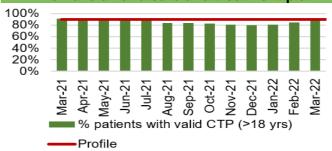


Chart 7: % of patients waiting under 14 weeks for Therapies



Chart 11: Number of Serious Incidents



Chart 4: % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in **Specialist Adult Mental Health**

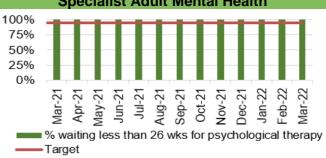


Chart 8: Number of Mental Health Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOCs)

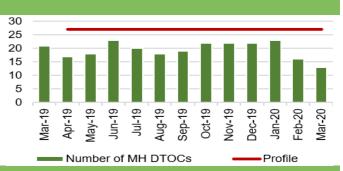
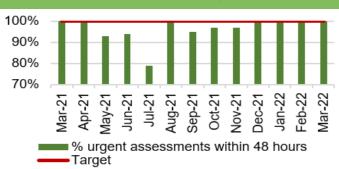


Chart 12: Number of ligature incidents



Chart 13: Urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral



Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) Chart 14: Neuro-developmental disorder assessment and intervention received within

26 weeks 100% 75% 50% 25% 0% %NDD within 26 weeks Target

Chart 15: Assessment and intervention within

28 days 100% 75% 50% 25% 0% Jan-22 Feb-22 May-21 Jul-21 Sep-21 Nov-21 Dec-21 Aug-21 Oct-21 % of assess in 28 days % interventions in 28 days Target

Chart 16: % of residents with a Care and **Treatment Plan**



APPENDIX 1: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

			Harm fro	m Covid itself																			
Sub Domair	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22
Ø	Number of new COVID19 cases	Local	Apr-22	835		Reduce				}	406	189	708	1,946	7,177	12,839	10,918	8,247	18,167	15,433	4,209	4,749	835
Ē	Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing	Local	Apr-22	17,158		Reduce					11,957	12,224	12,505	12,872	13,278	13,951	14,475	14,969	15,756	16,447	16,647	16,756	17,158
neas	Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test	Local	Apr-22	0		Reduce					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
듛	Number of COVID19 related incidents	Local	Mar-22	57		Reduce				/	74	67	23	24	36	36	47	53	54	59	55	57	
<u>#</u>	Number of COVID19 related serious incidents	Local	Apr-22	0		Reduce				{	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	0
2	Number of COVID19 related complaints	Local	Apr-22	6		Reduce				$\left. \left. \left$	38	13	16	4	6	3	4	14	20	4	4	10	6
COMD19	Number of COVID19 related risks	Local	Oct-21	0		Reduce				}	2	2	1	1	1	0	0						
ੁ	Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)	Local	Apr-22	42		Reduce				$\left. \left. \left\langle \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. $	84	71	70	71	115	227	120	65	126	87	43	87	42
8	Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)	Local	Apr-22	270		Reduce				\	87	71	50	67	114	204	180	120	393	309	204	326	270
	% sickness	Local	Apr-22	2.3%		Reduce				_~~	1.3%	1.0%	0.9%	1.1%	1.7%	3.2%	2.3%	1.4%	3.9%	3.0%	1.8%	3.1%	2.3%
			verwhelme	d NHS and socia	l care syste	m																	
Sub Domair	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	National	Apr-22	53%	65%	65%	×	51.1% (Mar-22)	4th (Mar-22)	\	72%	62%	67%	64%	59%	50%	44%	52%	46%	51%	54%	48%	53%
Care	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	Apr-22	671	0			6,506 (Mar-22)	1st (Mar-22)	\	337	477	547	616	726	642	648	670	612	735	678	687	671
₽	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	Apr-22	3286							877	1,154	1,386	1,937	2,443	2,467	3,093	2,461	2,527	3,390	3,110	3,023	3,286
nschedu	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Apr-22	73%	95%			66.6% (Feb-22)	3rd (Feb-22)	VV	75%	73%	72%	75%	75%	73%	72%	73%	70%	73%	72%	71%	73%
Š	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge		Apr-22	1294	0			9,150 (Feb-22)	3rd (Feb-22)	\{	631	684	880	1,014	1,060	1,250	1,276	1,055	1,101	1,142	1,105	1,282	1,294
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	National	Jan-22	52.9%	12 month ↑			76.0% (Jan-22)	6th (Jan-22)	\ \	71.1%	72.1%	78.3%	84.8%	86.7%	72.2%	77.8%	52.4%	68.8%	52.9%			
NOF	% of patients (age 60 years and over) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours	National	Jan-22	89.0%	12 month ↑			66% (Jan-22)	2nd (Jan-22)	$\sqrt{}$	90.0%	91.0%	91.0%	91.0%	88.0%	87.0%	88.0%	89.0%	88.0%	89.0%			
	Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit (<4 hrs)	National	Apr-22	12%	54.0%			17.6% (Feb-22)	1st out of 6 organisations (Feb-22))	$\sim \sim$	20.3%	27.5%	28.3%	13.5%	15.4%	15.4%	0.0%	11.4%	16.7%	9.5%	41.7%	16.0%	12.1%
o o	CT Scan (<1 hrs) (local	Local	Apr-22	35%						~	29.7%	36.5%	29.6%	34.6%	48.7%	34.1%	16.7%	40.9%	35.1%	40.5%	61.5%	44.0%	34.5%
Stroke	Assessed by a Stroke Specialist Consultant Physician (< 24 hrs)	Local	Apr-22	100%						√	96.9%	98.1%	100.0%	100.0%	92.3%	90.2%	100.0%	95.5%	97.3%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Thrombolysis door to needle <= 45 mins	Local	Apr-22	13%						}	25.0%	0.0%	33.3%	28.6%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%
	% compliance against the therapy target of an average of 16.1 minutes if speech and language therapist input per stroke patient	National	Apr-22	41%	12 month ↑					$\sqrt{\ }$	47.1%	39.7%	41.9%	45.4%	58.9%	58.6%	64.6%	54.4%	45.6%		41.5%		40.9%
DTOCs	Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	13	12 month ↓	27	4								DTOC	reporting	temporari	y suspend	ded				
DIOCS	Number of non-mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	60	12 month ↓	50	×								DTOC	reporting	temporari	y suspend	ded				

		Harm from o	verwhelme	d NHS and socia	l care syste	m																	
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22
	Cumulative cases of E.coli bacteraemias per 100k pop		Mar-22	73.7	<67		×	67.20 (Mar-22)	4th (Mar-22)	\	99.8	88.9	89.4	89.4	90.5	86.4	82.2	80.5	77.1	73.8	74.6	73.7	
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Hospital)			13				(mar 22)	(mar ZZ)	~~~	12	11	5	11	9	9	7	5	5	7	9	4	13
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Community)		Apr-22	18						~~~	20	15	24	16	25	12	12	17	12	8	17	17	18
	Total number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases			31						~~~	32	26	29	27	34	21	19	22	17	15	26	21	31
	Cumulative cases of S.aureus bacteraemias per 100k pop		Mar-22	35.6	<20		*	26.41 (Mar-22)	6th (Mar-22)	1	40.5	44.5	37.0	36.0	35.5	38.3	40.6	37.2	36.0	36.3	35.8	35.6	
	Number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases (Hospital)			6							4	5	5	7	8	13	11	1	5	2	7	7	6
	Number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases		Apr-22	7						~~~	9	10	2	4	4	4	7	3	4	11	3	4	7
	Total number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases			13				04.55		~~~	13	15	7	11	12	17	18	4	9	13	10	11	13
control	Cumulative cases of C.difficile per 100k pop		Mar-22	50.1	<25		×	34.55 (Mar-22)	6th (Mar-22)	\ <u> </u>	62.3	49.1	46.2	52.0	55.0	53.2	52.9	53.3	51.3	50.3	49.8	50.1	
Ö	Number of C.difficile cases (Hospital)	National		11						~~~	15	7	7	16	20	9	10	10	11	11	8	12	11
	Number of C.difficile cases (Community)		Apr-22	2						~~~	5	5	6	7	2	5	5	10	1	3	5	6	2
nfection	Total number of C.difficile cases		Mar-22	13 24.0						~~~	20 28.1	12 21.5	13 26.7	0.0	22 22.6	14 24.5	15 27.1	20 26.5	12 26.5	14 25.3	13 24.3	18 24.0	13
Ē	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)		Mar-22	4						~~~	4	3	26.7 5	2	4	8	8	26.5	26.5 6	25.3 5	3	4	
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Flospital) Number of Klebsiella cases (Community)			2						~~~	5	2	7	1	4	3	5	5	3	0	1	3	2
	Total number of Klebsiella cases		Apr-22	6				54 Total (Mar-22)	Joint 2nd (Mar-22)	W/\~	9	5	12	3	8	11	13	7	9	5	4	7	6
	Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop		Mar-22	6.1				(Mai-22)	(mar-22)	<u> </u>	9.4	6.1	6.2	0.0	5.5	5.6	4.8	5.4	6.1	5.8	6.2	6.1	$\overline{}$
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital)			1						~~	2	0	1	0	1	2	0	3	3	1	2	0	
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Community)		Apr-22	1							1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1
	Total number of Aeruginosa cases		Αμι-22	2				12 Total (Mar-22)	Joint 2nd (Mar-22)	\\\\\	3	1	2	1	2	2	0	3	4	1	3	2	2
	Hand Hygiene Audits- compliance with WHO 5 moments	Local	Apr-22	96.4%		95%	>	, <u></u> ,	,	\sim	96%	98%	96%	95%	95%	96%	97%	92%	96%	95%	96%	93%	96%
Serious Incidents and risks	Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the % which were assured within the agreed timescales	National	Apr-22	25.0%	90%	80%	×			_//	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	25%	0%	33%	25%
d year	Number of new Never Events	National		0	0	0	4				0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
ŭ ĭ ë	Number of risks with a score greater than 20	Local	Apr-22	140		12 month ↓	×				132	127	113	104	105	114	118	121	122	129	127	140	140
	Number of risks with a score greater than 16	Local	M 22	276		12 month ↓	×				217	224	219	221	220	240	235	238	241	249	253	271	276
	Number of pressure ulcers acquired in hospital		Mar-22	49		12 month ✔	×			~~~	59	53	53	58	53	65	42	43	56	65	53	49	
Sers	Number of pressure ulcers developed in the community			56		12 month ✔	×				31	20	21	33	34	39	32	31	55	27	38	56	
ے ا	Total number of pressure ulcers		Mar-22	105		12 month ↓	×			~~~	90	73	74	91	87	104	74	74	111	92	91	105	
unss	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in hospital	Local		5		12 month ✔	×			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	4	1	2	3	2	1	1	2	4	9	6	5	
a a	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in community		Mar-22	11		12 month ✔	×			WV	10	2	4	2	8	6	7	8	14	1	15	11	
	Total number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers		Mar-22	16		12 month ↓	×			~~~	14	3	6	5	10	7	8	10	18	10	21	16	
Inpatient Falls	Number of Inpatient Falls	Local	Apr-22	190		12 month ↓	×			^ ~	176	228	174	193	198	207	240	213	208	196	199	209	190

		Harm from ov	erwhelme	d NHS and socia	l care syste	m																	
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile		Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22
	% of universal mortality reviews (UMRs) undertaken	Local	Feb-22	97%	95%	95%	4			~~	99.3%	98.0%	98.6%	97.6%	93.0%	98.0%	96.8%	98.5%	96.1%	96.1%	97.2%		1
	within 28 days of a death Stage 2 mortality reviews required	Local	Feb-22	7						~~~	5	18	12	7	17	10	16	10	6	7	7	-	
Mortality	% stage 2 mortality reviews required % stage 2 mortality reviews completed	Local	Nov-21	50.00%		100%	×				3	10	25.0%	42.9%	50.0%	81.8%	75.0%	50.0%	Ü	,			
	Crude hospital mortality rate (74 years of age or less)	National	Mar-22	0.88%	12 month ↓	10076	~	1.19%	2nd		1.04%	1.04%	1.01%	1.03%	1.02%	1.03%	1.03%	0.99%	0.95%	0.92%	0.89%	0.88%	
NEWS	% patients with completed NEWS scores &	Local	Apr-22	96%	12 1110111111 🗣	98%	×	(Feb-22)	(Feb-22)	1 , 1	97.4%	98.9%	95.0%	89.7%	91.7%	91.6%	93.8%	92.2%	89.1%	93.4%	92.3%	96.9%	95.7%
	appropriate responses actioned % of episodes clinically coded within 1 month of									V2 V4													
Coding	discharge	Local	Mar-22	81%	95%	95%	×			~~~	96%	96%	89%	90%	94%	90%	92%	76%	84%	86%	95%	81%	
E-TOC	% of completed discharge summaries (total signed and sent)	Local	Apr-22	60%		100%	*			\bigwedge	63%	67%	69%	62%	62%	68%	61%	63%	62%	61%	65%	63%	60%
	Agency spend as a % of the total pay bill	National	Dec-21	5.70%	12 month ↓			6.2% (Dec-21)	5th out of 10 organisations (Dec-21)		4.4%	3.3%	4.4%	5.1%	3.9%	5.1%	5.5%	5.9%	5.7%				
	Overall staff engagement score – scale score method	National	2020	75%	Improvement			75% (2020)	6th out of 10 organisations (2020)														
Work force	% of headcount by organisation who have had a PADR/medical appraisal in the previous 12 months (excluding doctors and dentists in training)	National	Apr-22	56%	85%	85%	*	59.7% (Dec-21)	8th out of 10 organisations (Dec-21)		57%	60%	65%	60%	60%	58%	56%	55%	57%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Worl	% compliance for all completed Level 1 competency with the Core Skills and Training Framework	National	Apr-22	80%	85%	85%	*	80.1% (Dec-21)	7th out of 10 organisations (Dec-21)	\int_{\sim}	80%	80%	81%	81%	81%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
	% workforce sickness absence (12 month rolling)	National	Mar-22	7.82%	12 month ↓			6.48% (Dec-21)	9th out of 10 organisations (Dec-21)	{	7.12%	6.93%	6.91%	6.99%	7.11%	7.29%	7.44%	7.44%	7.33%	7.43%	7.58%	7.82%	
	% staff who would be happy with the standards of care provided by their organisation if a friend or relative needed treatment	National	2020	67.1%	Improvement			67.8% (2020)	7th out of 10 organisations (2020)														
			_																				
			arm from	reduction in	non-Covid																		
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	₩elsh Average <i>l</i> Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22
Primary Care	% adult dental patients in the health board population re- attending NHS primary dental care between 6 and 9 months	National	Mar-22	11.1%	4 quarter ↓			38.2% (Q2 21/22)	3rd (Q2 21/22)	~	7.8%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	11.0%	11.5%	11.4%	10.5%	11.1%	10.8%	10.7%	11.1%	
Cancer	% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (without adjustments)	National	Apr-22 (Draft)	35.0%	12 month ↑			59.5% (Feb-22)	4th out of 6 organisations (Feb-22)	\ \	65.7%	65.4%	66.8%	55.0%	58.4%	62.2%	61.9%	63.4%	53.6%	54.4%	54.2%	54.3%	35.0%
iting	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	Local	Apr-22	63%	80%		*			{	37%	40%	31%	60%	57%	58%	37%	30%	37%	48%	51%	70%	
E E	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	Local	Apr-22	94%	100%		*			\ \ \	77%	87%	70%	84%	91%	89%	84%	61%	78%	82%	91%	95%	94%
3	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	Local	Apr-22	62%	80%		×			~~~	38%	50%	45%	46%	55%	22%	30%	60%	37%	57%	60%	57%	
erapy	Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	Local	Apr-22	96%	100%		4			~~~	83%	86%	87%	77%	95%	76%	90%	100%	87%	97%	100%	100%	
Ē Ē	Emergency (within 1day)	Local	Apr-22	100%	80%		4				91%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	100%
ē	Emergency (within 2 days)	Local	Apr-22	100%	100%		4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Radio	Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	Local	Apr-22	93%	80%		- √			~~~~	82%	81%	91%	90%	94%	81%	89%	79%	92%	90%	94%	90%	93%
II.	Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	Local	Apr-22	96%	100%		*			~~~	92%	84%	95%	97%	97%	97%	94%	86%	100%	94%	100%	100%	96%

			Harm from	reduction in	non-Covid a	activity																	
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified diagnostics	National	Apr-22	6,308	0			43,781 (Feb-22)	4th (Feb-22)	_~~	4,804	4,842	5,230	5,425	5,523	5,732	5,939	6,008	6,071	6,267	6,078	5,863	6,308
	Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified therapy	National	Apr-22	679	0			13,323 (Feb-22)	4th (Feb-22)		201	166	171	151	186	320	414	629	885	1,028	926	820	679
	% of patients waiting < 26 weeks for treatment	National	Apr-22	50%	95%			53.4% (Feb-22)	6th (Feb-22)	<u></u>	49.1%	49.1%	50.7%	51.5%	51.9%	52.0%	51.6%	51.3%	50.5%	50.4%	50.1%	50.7%	50.4%
Care	Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient appointment	Local	Apr-22	25,601	0					~~~	22,752	23,700	23,279	23,225	23,444	23,997	24,483	24,752	25,452	25,588	25,522	24,728	25,601
Planned	Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment	National	Apr-22	38,799	0			251,647 (Feb-22)	4th (Feb-22)		33,395	34,447	35,040	35,583	35,999	35,711	36,420	37,064	37,504	38,117	37,920	37,820	38,799
₫	The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment	National	Apr-22	135,471	- HB target TBC			786,563 (Feb-22)	5th (Feb-22)		122,303	123,088	127,444	130,208	127,391	130,963	131,554	129,255	131,403	131,848	132,036	133,772	135,471
	The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100%	National	Apr-22	34,003	TID target TDC			196,883 (Feb-22)	5th (Feb-22)	~~~	29,334	30,062	30,550	31,316	29,770	32,574	33,121	30,946	31,912	32,521	32,447	32,936	34,003
	% of R1 ophthalmology patient pathways waiting within target date or within 25% beyond target date for an outpatient appointment	National	Mar-22	50%	95%			59.9% (Feb-22)	3rd (Feb-22)	{	47.2%	46.7%	46.7%	46.3%	46.1%	47.9%	48.6%	49.2%	48.7%	48.3%	49.3%	50.2%	
DNAs	% of patients who did not attend a new outpatient appointment	Local	Apr-22	6.8%	12 month ↓					\ \	5.3%	5.7%	6.5%	6.5%	6.4%	7.2%	7.7%	7.0%	6.3%	6.3%	6.0%	6.7%	6.8%
6	% of patients who did not attend a follow-up outpatient appointment	Local	Apr-22	7.0%	12 month ↓					$\sqrt{}$	6.1%	6.9%	5.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.6%	7.8%	7.0%	6.4%	6.6%	6.4%	6.5%	7.0%
Theatre	Theatre Utilisation rates	Local	Apr-22	71.0%		90%	×			~	80%	78%	77%	72%	69%	72%	66%	67%	62%	74%	71%	72%	71%
Efficiencies	% of theatre sessions starting late	Local	Apr-22	39.0%		<25%	×			~~~	38%	43%	43%	44%	44%	42%	46%	43%	40%	43%	43%	39%	39%
Lindendes	% of theatre sessions finishing early	Local	Apr-22	47.0%		<20%	×			~~~	41%	45%	43%	48%	46%	46%	50%	48%	48%	48%	43%	45%	47%
Postponed operations	Number of procedures postponed either on the day or the day before for specified non-clinical reasons	Local	Jan-21	1,200																			
Treatment Fund	All new medicines must be made available no later than 2 months after NICE and AWMSG appraisals	National	Q2 21/22	99.1%	100%	100%	×	98.7% (Q2 21/22)	3rd out of 6 organisations (Q2 21/22)				99.0%			99.1%							
	Total antibacterial items per 1,000 STAR-PUs	National	Q2 21/22	277.6	4 quarter ↓			254.7 (Q2 21/22)	6th (Q2 21/22)				249.7			277.6							
cribing	Patients aged 65 years or over prescribed an antipsychotic	National	Q2 21/22	1,476	Quarter on quarter ↓			10,232 (Q2 21/22)	5th (Q2 21/22)				1,641			1,476							
Preso	Opioid average daily quantities per 1,000 patients	National	Q2 21/22	4,412	4 quarter ↓			4500.4 (Q2 21/22)	3rd (Q2 21/22)				4,378.2			4,412							
	Biosimilar medicines prescribed as % of total 'reference' product plus biosimilar	National	Q2 21/22	80.8%	Quarter on quarter ↑			91.9% (Q2 21/22)	5th (Q2 21/22)				79.9%			80.8%							
± 2	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	Apr-22	3,133		12 month ↑	4			{		4,590	3,297	1,912	2,075	2,025	2,733	3,194	2,776	3,395	3,099	3,353	3,133
ie ie e	% of who would recommend and highly recommend	Local	Apr-22	89%		90%	×			}		96%	97%	92%	92%	92%	92%	94%	93%	92%	90%	90%	89%
Patient experience	% of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 out 10 on overall satisfaction	Local	Apr-22	89%		90%	×			~~~		92%	96%	95%	92%	96%	93%	93%	96%	93%	91%	91%	89%
s E	Number of new formal complaints received	Local	Feb-22	139		12 month ↓ trend	×			$\wedge \wedge$	100	115	159	139	115	115	134	159	115	124	139		
Complaints	% concerns that had final reply (Reg 24)/interim reply (Reg 26) within 30 working days of concern received	National	Feb-22	64%	75%	80%	×	67.2% (Q4 20/21)	3rd (Q4 20/21)	\sim	78%	78%	68%	69%	83%	75%	67%	69%	68%	63%	64%		
ŏ	% of acknowledgements sent within 2 working days	Local	Feb-22	100%		100%					100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		

		Harn	n from wide	er societal acti	ons/lockdov	wn																	
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plant Local Profile		Velsh Average <i>l</i> Total	SBU's all- Vales rank	Performance Trend	Apr-21	Mag-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22
	% of babies who are exclusively breastfed at 10 days old	National	2020/21	35.6%	Annual↑			36.8% (2020/21)	5th (2020/21)														
Early years measures	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine by age 1	National	Q3 21/22	96.1%	95%			95.9% (Q3 21/22)	3rd (Q3 21/22)				95.7%			96.2%			96.1%				
	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	Q3 21/22	91.2%	95%			90.0% (Q3 21/22)	3rd (Q3 21/22)				91.1%			89.8%			91.2%				
Alcohol	European age standardised rate of alcohol attributed hospital admissions for individuals resident in Wales	National	Q3 21/22	313.3	4 quarter↓			378.6 (Q3 21/22)	1st (Q3 21/22)				370.7			362.2			313.3				
Alcohol	% of people who have been referred to health board services who have completed treatment for alcohol abuse	National	Q3 21/22	63.6%	4 quarter 🛧			69.0% (Q3 21/22)	5th (Q3 21/22)				31.8%			73.7%			63.6%				
	% uptake of influenza among 65 year olds and over	National	Mar-22	78.5%	75%			78.0% (Mar-22)	3rd (Mar-22)								58.7%	74.8%	76.9%	78.2%	78.5%	78.5%	
	% uptake of influenza among under 65s in risk groups	National	Mar-22	48.8%	55%			48.2% (Mar-22)	4th (Mar-22)								26.0%	40.8%	44.9%	47.3%	48.6%	48.8%	l Data
fluenza	% uptake of influenza among pregnant women	National	2020/21	69.8%	75%			81.5% (2020/21)	7th out of 10 organisations (2020/21)			Data	collection res	starts Octobe	er 2021				Data no	t available			collection restarts
=	% uptake of influenza among children 2 to 3 years old	Local	Mar-22	44.6%	50%			47.6% (Mar-22)	5th (Mar-22)								22.0%	37.7%	41.5%	43.2%	44.8%	44.6%	October
	% uptake of influenza among healthcare workers	National	Mar-22	53.6%	60%			65.6% (2020/21)	6th out of 10 organisations (2020/21)								48.6%	50.8%	52.7%	52.7%	53.6%	53.6%	
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral (Crisis)	Local	Mar-22	100%		100%	4		Ì	V	100%	93%	94%	79%	100%	95%	97%	97%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% Patients with Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	National	Mar-22	35%	80%	80%	×	36.8 (Feb-22)	5th (Feb-22)	~~~	30%	33%	32%	34%	27%	34%	34%	37%	37%	33%	33%	35%	
	% Patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient appointment for CAMHS	National	Mar-22	29%	80%	80%	×	40.2% (Feb-22)	4th (Feb-22)	~~~	60%	61%	58%	41%	48%	40%	40%	34%	22%	28%	27%	29%	
CAMHS	P-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	National	Mar-22	36%		80%	×	51.9% (Feb-22)	5th (Feb-22)	_^~	0%	0%	0%	29%	37%	89%	65%	36%	43%	28%	24%	36%	
	P-CAMHS - % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	National	Mar-22	78%		80%	ж	53.9% (Feb-22)	2nd (Feb-22)	√ ~	49%	67%	1%	100%	82%	35%	0%	64%	50%	39%	67%	78%	
	S-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	Local	Mar-22	30%		80%	ж			~	48%	53%	44%	29%	32%	41%	3%	3%	2%	27%	26%	30%	
	% residents in receipt of CAMHS to have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)	National	Mar-22	100%		90%	4	82.0% (Feb-22)	4th (Feb-22)	~~~	82%	83%	81%	81%	65%	84%	84%	84%	84%	89%	88%	100%	
	% of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (over 18 years of age)	National	Mar-22	96%	80%	80%	4	75.2% (Feb-22)	2nd (Feb-22)	M	97%	98%	99%	98%	100%	96%	98%	98%	95%	95%	99%	96%	
Mental Health	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (over 18 years of age)	National	Mar-22	98%	80%	80%	4	67.4% (Feb-22)	1st (Feb-22)		92%	96%	99%	97%	100%	90%	98%	96%	100%	99%	100%	98%	
	% patients waiting < 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	National	Mar-22	100%	95%	95%	4	72.8% (Feb-22)	1st (Feb-22)		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% residents in receipt of secondary MH services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)	National	Mar-22	89%	90%	90%	×	80.8% (Feb-22)	3rd (Feb-22)	\sim	91%	92%	88%	88%	84%	84%	83%	81%	80%	81%	85%	89%	
Self harm	Rate of hospital admissions with any mention of intentional self-harm of children and young people (aged 10-24 years) per 1,000 population	National	2020/21	2.96	Annual ↓			3.54 (2020/21)	3rd (2020/21)														
Dementia	% of people with dementia in Wales age 65 years or over who are diagnosed (registered on a GP QOF register)	National	2019/20	56.3%	Annual↑			53.1% (2019/20)	2nd (2019/20)														!